

**SUMMARY OF MAJOR CHANGES TO  
DOD 7000.14-R, VOLUME 11A, CHAPTER 8  
“INTERNATIONAL ACQUISITION AND CROSS-SERVICING AGREEMENTS”**

**All changes are denoted by blue font.**

Substantive revisions are denoted by a ★ preceding the section, paragraph, table, or figure that includes revision

Hyperlinks are denoted by *underlined, bold italic, blue font.*

<b>PARA</b>	<b>EXPLANATION OF CHANGE/REVISION</b>	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE</b>
<a href="#">080202</a>	<a href="#">Updated guidance on billing and payment cycles.</a>	<a href="#">Update</a>

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## CHAPTER 8

INTERNATIONAL ACQUISITION AND CROSS-SERVICING AGREEMENTS0801 OVERVIEW

080101. Purpose. This chapter provides procedures for carrying out reimbursable transactions under the authority of Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code. It provides pricing guidance for those transactions, and provides instructions for disposition of proceeds for such reimbursable transactions.

080102. Overview. Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, authorizes the use of support agreements for certain mutual logistics support between the United States and governments of other North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) countries, NATO subsidiary bodies, other eligible foreign countries, the United Nations Organization, and any regional international organization of which the United States is a member. Section 2341 authorizes the procurement of logistics support, supplies, and services. Section 2342 authorizes cross-servicing agreements for the reciprocal provision of logistics support, supplies, and services. Section 2344, authorizes the acquisition or transfer of logistics support, supplies, and services on a reimbursable basis or by replacement in kind, or by exchange of equal value, and establishes pricing principles and limitations on amounts that may be purchased or sold. Section 2347, establishes limitations on amounts that may be obligated or accrued by the United States. The specific guidance on the use of these authorities is contained in Department of Defense (DoD) Directive 2010.9, "Acquisition and Cross-Servicing Agreements." DoD may not use this authority to procure from any foreign government or international organization any goods or services reasonably available from United States commercial sources.

0802 POLICY AND PROCEDURES

080201. Liquidation of Credits and Liabilities. Compensation for the acquisition or transfer of supplies (materiel) and services shall be obtained through either of the following methods:

A. Reimbursement. Payment for supplies (materiel) or services in the currency of the supplying nation.

B. Exchange. Replacement of supplies (materiel) or services with supplies or services of equal value either through replacement-in-kind or equal-value-exchange. Equal value is the actual or estimated price at the time of transaction approval.

080202. Methods of Liquidation of Accrued Credits and Liabilities

★ A. Reimbursable Transactions. Generally, bills for incurred costs are to be rendered on a 30-day cycle. This is a United States Treasury requirement and must be adhered to by DoD. However, in the negotiation process and at the initiation of other participants, agreement may be reached on up to a 90-day billing cycle. Bills shall be accompanied by the

completed form used to document the issue and receipt of supplies and services and shall be paid within 30 days from the date of the bill. [Payment may be extended from 60 to 90 days from the date of the bill at the initiation of other participants based on their processing capabilities.](#)

B. Exchange Transactions. Exchange transactions shall be settled through the issue or receipt, as applicable, of replacement supplies or services within 12 months of the original transaction. If not settled within this period, the exchange transaction shall be converted to a reimbursable transaction, and the resulting accounts receivable or accounts payable shall be liquidated within 30 days.

080203. Prohibitions

A. Inventories of Supplies. Inventories of supplies for elements of the United States Forces may not be increased for the purpose of transferring supplies under the authority of Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, and DoD Directive 2010.9.

B. Prohibitions on Transfers. DoD Components, in accordance with Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, may not agree to or carry out: (1) transfers in exchange for property whose acquisition by DoD is prohibited by law; (2) transfers of source, byproduct, or 92) special nuclear materials subject to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 United States Code 2011 et seq.); or (3) transfers of chemical munitions.

080204. Obligation and Earned Reimbursement Limitations. The obligations and earned reimbursement limitations set forth below shall be applied without regard to offsetting balances; that is, only the original gross values of sales and purchases are to be considered for purposes of the limitations. These ceilings do not apply during periods of active hostilities involving the United States Forces and are controlled by the Joint Staff. These limitations likewise do not apply to exchange transactions unless converted into a reimbursable transaction due to nonreplacement. However, precautionary measures require that exchange transactions be considered for purposes of ensuring compliance with these limitations.

A. Obligation Limitations

1. Acquisitions From NATO Countries, NATO Subsidiary Bodies, the United Nations (UN) Organization or Any Regional International Organization of Which the United States is a Member. The total amount that may be obligated by DoD for reimbursable transactions (purchases) with NATO countries, NATO subsidiary bodies, the UN Organization, or any regional international organization of which the United States is a member may not exceed \$200 million during any fiscal year. Of the \$200 million limitation, no more than \$50 million in obligations shall be incurred for the acquisition of supplies (materiel) other than petroleum, oil, and lubricants (POL).

2. Acquisitions from Participating non-NATO Countries. The total amount that may be obligated by the Department of Defense for reimbursable transactions (purchases) with a participating non-NATO country (with which the United States has an acquisition or cross-servicing agreement) may not exceed \$60 million during any fiscal year. Of

the \$60 million limitation, no more than \$20 million in obligations shall be incurred for the acquisition of supplies (materiel) other than POL.

B. Earned Reimbursement Limitation

1. Transfers to NATO countries, NATO subsidiary bodies, the United Nations Organization or Any Regional International Organization of Which the United States is a Member. The total amount of earned reimbursable credits (sales) to NATO countries, NATO subsidiary bodies, the UN Organization, or any regional international organization of which the United States is a member that DoD can accrue may not exceed \$150 million during any fiscal year.

2. Transfers to Participating Non-NATO Countries. The total amount of earned reimbursable credits (sales) to a participating non-NATO country (with which the United States has an acquisition or cross-servicing agreement) that DoD can accrue may not exceed \$75 million during any fiscal year.

080205. Requests for Authorization to Use Limitations. The limitations are managed by the Joint Staff. Each organization that intends to enter into reimbursable purchases or sales under the authority of Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, shall request authorization. Requests shall be accompanied by a justification, including a prioritization of requirements. The requests shall be submitted to the cognizant Combatant Command through the requesting organization's appropriate Component command. The authorizations do not increase the amount of obligational or apportioned anticipated reimbursable authority, but rather allow use of existing budget authority to enter into purchases or sales under the authority of Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code. Requests shall identify the categories of support as identified in figure 8-1.

080206. Waiver During Contingency or Non-Combat Operations. When United States Forces are involved in a contingency operation or non-combat operation (including an operation in support of the provision of humanitarian or foreign disaster assistance or in support of peacekeeping operations under Chapters VI or VII of the Charter of the UN), the restrictions in paragraphs 080204 and 080205 are waived for the purposes and duration of that operation.

080207. Issuance of the Authorization. The cognizant Combatant Command shall review and approve requests for authorization. If the total amount requested by all Component commands exceeds established limitations, the cognizant Combatant Command shall review the justifications and make appropriate reductions to requested amounts as needed. Each cognizant Combatant Command shall advise the Military Departments of authorizations distributed.

080208. Distribution of Authorization Received. Upon receipt of an authorization from a Combatant Command, Component commands shall authorize their activities to enter into reimbursable transactions under Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code. No activity or unit shall enter into such transactions unless they have been provided an authorization. Recipients of an authorization shall establish procedures to ensure that authorized dollar amounts are not exceeded.

## 0803 ACCOUNTING FOR REIMBURSABLE LOGISTICAL SUPPORT, SUPPLIES, AND SERVICES

080301. Military Department (Appropriation Holder) Procedures. The Assistant Secretary (Financial Management and Comptroller) of a Military Service will record specifically apportioned reimbursable program authority at the appropriation level as specified in the apportionment document received from the Office of Management and Budget. Specifically apportioned reimbursements are amounts earned and collected for property sold or services furnished under Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code. Within the Department, a reimbursement program must be authorized for the account by the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) through the budget preparation process. Procedures for recording the authorization and tracking its use are contained in Volume 3, Chapters 13, 14 and 15 of this Regulation. The allocation document forwarded to a unified command clearly will differentiate between direct program authority and specifically apportioned reimbursable authority included in the funding document.

080302. Unified Command (Allocation Holder) Accounting Procedures. Unified commands will ensure that controls are in place to track amounts of specifically apportioned reimbursable authority included in the funding documents (allotments) issued to installation commands and operating units.

080303. Installation Command/Operating Unit (Allotment Holder) Procedures. Installation commands and operating units will record the receipt of an allotment containing specifically apportioned reimbursable authority for which reimbursable orders must be realized before the authority may be used. Procedures for recording the authorization and tracking its use are contained in [Volume 3, Chapter 15](#) of this Regulation. An allotment of anticipated reimbursable authority does not provide obligational authority. An allotment of anticipated reimbursable program authority provides only the authority to accept reimbursable orders. The accepted reimbursable order provides the obligational authority. In the case of country-to-country agreements, reimbursable orders are those documents or forms specified in the agreement or amendments thereto.

## 0804 ACQUISITION AND CROSS-SERVICING REPORTS

This section prescribes the quarterly report required by DoD Directive 2010.9. This report is designed to advise the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff on reimbursable transactions related to the purchase or sale of mutual logistics support, supplies, and services with a foreign entity.

### 080401. Applicability and Scope

A. The reporting requirements apply to the Office of the Secretary of Defense; Military Departments; the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; the Combatant Commands; and the Defense Agencies.

B. Amounts reported as reimbursable transactions are to be supported by country-to-country or multinational agreements for mutual logistics support between the United

States and the Governments of other NATO countries, NATO subsidiary bodies, UN Organization, any regional international organization of which the United States is a member, and other eligible foreign countries.

080402. Report Format. The quarterly report shall be prepared in the formats contained in figures 8-2, 8-3, 8-4, and 8-5. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff may modify the report formats as the Chairman deems appropriate, as long as the revised formats meet the minimum information requirements of figures 8-2, 8-3, 8-4, and 8-5.

080403. Frequency and Distribution. The quarterly report shall be submitted as follows:

A. The commanders of the Combatant Commands shall submit to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, not later than 15 days after the end of the preceding fiscal quarter, a detailed report, by fiscal year, for each country-to-country or multinational agreement entered into under the authority of Title 10, United States Code, Sections 2341 through 2350, that was in effect during the prior quarter, itemized by reimbursable transaction.

B. The Military Departments and Defense Agencies shall assist, as necessary, the Combatant Commands in preparing the quarterly report.

#### 0805. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

080501. Forms used to document the issue or receipt of supplies and services under the authority of Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, are subject to a bilateral or multinational agreement. For transactions with NATO, the form normally used is found in NATO Standardization Agreement 3381, "NATO Standard Procedures for Compensation and Form for Request and Receipt of Support in the Form of Supplies and Services." These forms shall meet the minimum information requirements set forth below.

A. Source Document Control Number. Establish a control number similar to a DoD requisition number; e.g., a number containing a code for Military Service, a code for requisitioner, a date, and a document serial number.

B. Unit of Issue. Unit of issue refers to the quantity of an item such as each, dozen, gallon, pound, ream, yard, etc.

C. Quantity. Show the number of units of issue that were issued or received, as applicable.

D. Description of Materiel/Services Requested. Identify the materiel/services requested.

E. Unit Price. Show the price, based on unit of issue in the currency of the billing country. For the Department of Defense, this usually is when the item is dropped from inventory.

F. Extended Dollar Value. Show the dollar value resulting from a combination of items subparagraphs 080501.B., C. and E. above.

G. Name and Mailing Address of the Organization to be Billed. This information may be obtained from the country-to-country or multinational agreement.

H. Name and Mailing Address of Receiving Organization. This information may be obtained in the country-to-country or multinational agreement.

I. Signature of Receiver. Obtain and show the signature and title of authorized ordering or requisitioning representative.

J. Name and Mailing Address of Issuing Organization. This information may be obtained from the country-to-country or multinational agreement.

K. Date (Year, Month, Day) (YYYYMMDD). Show the date services were performed or materiel delivered.

L. National Stock Number (NSN) of Materiel or Abbreviated Description of Services Provided. Show the NSN. The NSN is a number assigned under the Federal Cataloging System and/or the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Codification of Equipment System to each approved item identification. This number provides a unique identification of an item of supply within a specified Federal supply classification.

M. Payee to be Designated on Remittance. Show the designated payee.

N. Designation and Address Office to Receive Remittance. Show the office to receive payment.

O. Recipient's Signature Acknowledging Service or Supplies Received on the Order or Requisition or a Separate Supplementary Document. Obtain and show the signature of the recipient of the materiel or services.

P. Transaction Type. Indicate whether the transaction is reimbursable or an exchange.

Q. Fund Citation or Certification of Availability of Funds When Applicable Under Parties' Procedures. Show the funding source when advance payments are to be provided or if funding is not to be paid in advance, include a certification that funds are available.

R. Date and Place of Original Transfer in the Case of an Exchange Transaction, a Replacement Schedule Including Time and Place of Replenishment Transfer. Provide date and place or estimated date and place as appropriate.

S. Name, Signature and Title of Authorized Acceptance Official of the Order. Obtain and show the name, title, and signature of the authorized accepting official.



T. Additional Special Requirements, if any, Such as Transportation, Packaging, Etc. Show any additional needs of the receiving organization, if applicable.

U. Limitation of Government Liability. Show the maximum liability of the ordering/receiving organization.

V. Name, Signature, Date and Title of Supplying Party Official Who Actually Issues Supplies or Services. Obtain and show name, title, signature and date of the authorized issuing official.

080502. Any accounting station receiving an authorization to incur obligations or receive reimbursements pursuant to the authority of Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, for an activity or unit for which it provides accounting and finance support shall capture or obtain data on the use of this authority and shall provide for the appropriate targets or limitations within the affected allotments. Similarly, receipt of the earned reimbursement authority requires the establishment of a customer order subsystem to capture data on the use of such authority. Source documents pertaining to the authorized dollar amount and its use, such as obligations (DoD undelivered orders for materiel or services and accrued expenditures based on receipt of the materiel or services ordered), disbursements (liquidation of unpaid accrued expenditures), accounts payable (the unpaid portion of accrued expenditures), accounts receivable (earned reimbursements), and collections (receipt of payment to liquidate accounts receivable) shall be recorded promptly in the accounting station records. Accounting for reimbursable orders under these authorizations shall be maintained within the appropriate accounting records to assure crediting of remittances in accordance with section 0807 of this chapter.

080503. Control over exchange transactions shall be established and maintained through use of an exchange transaction history file. Input to the history file shall be made by submission of each individual transaction form which shall include the minimum information prescribed in paragraph 080501, above.

#### 0806 PRICING REIMBURSABLE TRANSACTIONS

Subchapter I of Chapter 138, Title 10, United States Code, authorizes two methods for pricing reimbursable transactions. The method to be used depends on whether a reciprocal pricing agreement exists. Pricing procedures under each of the alternatives are set forth below.

080601. Reciprocal Pricing Principles. When a reciprocal pricing agreement has been signed by the United States and another participating country, pricing by the supplying country shall be in accordance with the following:

A. For new procurements, the price charged to a recipient country by the supplying country shall be no less favorable than that charged the armed forces of the supplying country by its contractors. The price charged shall allow for differentials due to delivery schedules, points of delivery, and other similar considerations.

B. For supplies from inventories of the supplying country, or for logistics support and government services, the supplying country shall charge the recipient country the same prices as it charges its own armed forces for identical supplies or services. When the Department of Defense is the supplier, the price charged shall be identical to rates charged by the DoD Components for cross-service logistics support or services. Guidance on pricing such support or services is in [Volume 11A, Chapter 1](#), of this Regulation. The DoD price to be charged is the price for type of sale "To Another DoD Component" as indicated in [Volume 11A, Chapter 1](#), of this Regulation. Where a price for a particular product or service does not otherwise exist, agreement on a price in advance of the transaction shall be reached. If, for example, the use of equipment is to be provided to a recipient country and the DoD Component does not charge rent to another DoD Component, the DoD Component will estimate the value of rent for use of DoD equipment by the recipient country using the guidance in [Volume 11A, Chapter 1](#), of this Regulation.

080602. Nonreciprocal Pricing Principles. To the extent that a DoD Component cannot achieve mutual acceptance by another country of reciprocal pricing principles, or in the case of a NATO subsidiary body, the following procedures shall apply:

A. United States commanders delegated authority to negotiate agreements pursuant to DoD Directive 2010.9 shall determine that the price for acquiring supplies or services is fair and reasonable. This determination shall be supported by a price analysis based on prior experience and supporting data and consider all applicable circumstances. If this determination cannot be made, no acquisitions shall take place.

B. Any transfer of supplies or services by United States. Forces shall be subject to the pricing provisions of [Volume 15](#) of this Regulation.

080603. NATO Subsidiary Bodies. The pricing principles set forth in paragraph 080602 above, also shall apply to agreements with NATO subsidiary bodies for the purchase or sale of supplies and services.

0807 DISPOSITION OF PROCEEDS

Any Payment for Materiel or Services Provided by United States Forces and initially recorded as a sale transaction, shall be credited to the appropriation or fund currently available for the same purposes for which the expenditures were made, regardless of whether the payment is received in the fiscal year of sale or subsequent fiscal year. Payment for a transaction initially recorded as an exchange of materiel or services, but converted into a sale transaction due to nonreceipt of replacement materiel or services, shall be credited to the appropriation or fund currently available for the same purposes for which the expenditures were made, regardless of whether the payment is received in the fiscal year of sale or subsequent fiscal year.

<u>Category of Support</u>	<u>Requested Authorization</u>	
	<u>Obligations (Purchases)</u>	<u>Earned Reimbursements (Sales)</u>
POL	\$ _____	\$ _____
Other Materiel	_____	
Maintenance	_____	
Services	=====	
TOTAL	\$ _____	\$ _____

**Figure 8-1. Request for Authorization**

LIABILITIES REPORT - NATO							
Country							
POL							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Disbursed
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Supplies							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Disbursed
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Supplies Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Supplies Available Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Services							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Disbursed
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Country Ceiling Available				xxxxxxx			

Figure 8-2. Liabilities Report – NATO

LIABILITIES REPORT - Non-NATO							
Country							
POL							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Disbursed
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Supplies							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Disbursed
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Supplies Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Supplies Available Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Services							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Disbursed
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Country Ceiling Available				xxxxxxx			

Figure 8-3. Liabilities Report, Non-NATO

CREDITS REPORT - NATO							
Country							
POL	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Outstanding Balance
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Supplies							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Outstanding Balance
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Services							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Outstanding Balance
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Country Ceiling Available				xxxxxxx			

Figure 8-4. Credit Reports, NATO

CREDITS REPORT - Non-NATO							
Country							
POL	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Outstanding Balance
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Supplies							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Outstanding Balance
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Services							
	Order #	Commodity	Item	Amount	Delivered	Undelivered	Outstanding Balance
	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
		xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
	Total Order			xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Total				xxxxxxx	xxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxx
Country Ceiling				xxxxxxx			
Country Ceiling Available				xxxxxxx			

Figure 8-5. Credits Report, Non-NATO