DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY (DSCA)

Global War on Terror (GWOT)/Regional War on Terror (RWOT)

Operations and Maintenance, Defense Wide Budget Activity 04, Administrative and Service-Wide Activities

Detail by Subactivity Group

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>:

The DoD programs for supporting our coalition partners and building partner military capacity enable coalition partners to participate in U.S. operations and conduct counterterrorist operations when they otherwise lack the financial means to do so. Their participation reduces the stress on U.S. forces operating in the war on terror. The increase in funding for FY 2007 will ensure Pakistan, Jordan, and key cooperating nations are reimbursed for support to U.S. operations; provide funding to provide lift and sustain support at no cost to coalition partners in Iraq, Afghanistan, and U.S. military operations globally; and finance train and equip programs that will build the capacity of partner nations in the areas of maritime security, counterterrorism, intelligence cooperation, stabilization, and reconstruction, among others. Previous funding supported Pakistan's major border operations along the Pakistan-Afghanistan border that have significantly impacted terrorist networks in the region, thus achieving a level of success that would be difficult for U.S. Armed Forces to attain and leading to a more stable border area. Similarly, Jordan has provided key support along the Jordan-Iraq border, resulting in greater force protection for U.S. forces operating in Iraq. Lift and sustain funding allowed Poland to lead the Multinational Division Center South by providing the airlift for coalition partners and sustainment support for coalition countries during deployments. Previously, Global Lift and Sustain and Global Train and Equip have not received dedicated funding, although in FY 2006 the Department used \$100 million of its Operations and Maintenance funds to finance Global Train and Equip programs.

Failure to fully fund these programs would jeopardize the support of important partners like Pakistan and Jordan who conduct key border operations, could minimize participation by needy coalition partners and thus require increased U.S. forces to assume additional responsibility adversely impacting U.S. deployment and redeployment schedules, and would require the U.S. to carry the responsibility of conducting counterterrorist operations globally.

- Global Lift and Sustain: Section 127c of Title 10 United State Code authorizes the Secretary of Defense to provide logistical support and services to coalition forces participating in combined operations with U.S. forces globally. This authority is an important part of the DoD strategy to prosecute the war on terror as it allows the DoD to assist international partners and reduce the stress on U.S. forces. The authority is limited to \$100 million in FY 2007. This program will allow the United States to benefit from the assistance of partners who are willing, but not capable of deploying strategically or providing for sustainment of forces, to participate in current and future Global War on Terror operations other than operations in Iraq and Afghanistan.
- Global Train and Equip: Section 1206 of the FY 2007 National Defense Authorization Act increased global train and equip authority from \$200 million to \$300 million in FY 2007 and extended the program through the end of FY 2008. The ability of the United States to work with capable partners is critical to defeating terrorists and promoting stability around the world. Section 1206 is a responsive authority that enables the DoD to expedite the training and equipping of partner nations. The DoD and the Department of State recognize Section 1206 as the ideal authority to respond to critical needs and meet emergent threats and opportunities. The full authority of Section 1206 needs to be exercised so, wherever possible, the Departments of Defense and State can collaborate to increase allied and partner capabilities, build capacity, and develop mechanisms to share the risks and responsibilities of today's challenges
- Coalition Support Funds: Coalition Support Funds are used to reimburse coalition countries (primarily Pakistan and Jordan) for logistical, military, and other expenses incurred in supporting U.S. military operations. These payments are made to cooperating nations in amounts as determined by the Secretary of Defense. Reimbursing coalition partners helps to ensure their contributions yield the maximum benefit to the overall operations of U.S. military forces fighting terrorism worldwide. Reimbursing coalition contributions is critical to enabling forces from these countries to remain in theater and provide direct support to U.S. military operations.
- <u>Lift and Sustain</u>: Section 9008 of the FY 2007 Defense Appropriations Act authorizes the DoD to provide airlift and sustainment support at no cost to coalition partners participating in U.S. military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan. The Lift and Sustain funds requested in the FY 2007 Supplemental are used to finance the provision of this logistical support. Funds are required so that coalition countries can continue to support U.S. military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan. Smaller coalition countries do not have the financial means or the funding to transport their forces to and from Iraq and Afghanistan or to sustain their forces for extended deployments. Direct support from the United States is critical to enabling forces from these countries to remain in theater. Many coalition countries will not be able to maintain their forces in Iraq and

Afghanistan without this support. Such a result could require the U.S. to take on more responsibilities in the operational environment and thus adversely impact U.S. deployment and redeployment schedules.

FY 2006	**			
Actuals	Title IX	Supplemental	Total	
1,189,000	900,000	1,000,000	1,900,000	

II. Financial Summary (\$ in Thousands):

A. Subactivity Group - Support to Coalition Partners

1. 7.2 Global Lift and Sustain

0 0 50,000 50,000

0

Narrative Justification: The ability of the U.S. to work with capable partners is critical to defeating terrorists and promoting stability around the world. This authority, limited to \$100 million, allows the U.S. to assist international partners and reduce the stress on U.S. forces. In many instances, partners wishing to participate in combined operations with the U.S. are financially unable to provide for transportation of coalition armed forces to and from the operational zone and, once there, unable to provide for sustainment of troops. These funds will be used to finance provision of logistical support and services to partner forces participating in combined operations with U.S. forces globally and support the U.S. effort to defeat terrorists and promote stability around the world.

Impact if not funded: Without funding for Global Lift and Sustain, the U.S. will not be able to benefit from the assistance of partners who are willing to participate in global operations other than in Iraq and Afghanistan, but not capable of financing their own deployment expenses. Without these funds, the U.S. effort to defeat terrorists and promote stability around the world will be inhibited.

2. 7.3 Global Train and Equip 0

300,000

300,000

Narrative Justification: Train and Equip proposals for FY 2007 will provide a wide range of training and equipment to help build the capacity of partner nations supporting global war on terrorism operations. Proposals span the globe and include maritime security, counterterrorism training and equipping, intelligence cooperation, stabilization, and reconstruction. The estimates include funding for the following:

- Training Support: These costs include training partner nations in counterterrorism, civil-military operations, infrastructure security, maritime security, maintenance, border security, and on the equipment provided in this program.
- Equipping Support: These costs include (not exhaustive) equipment for coastal surveillance stations, patrol boats, various spare and replacement parts, avionics and communications upgrades, small arms weapons, small/large caliber ammunition, radios, computers, night vision devices, riverine assault crafts, and HMMWVs.

Impact if not funded: Without funding for Global Train and Equip, the U.S. will lose the opportunity to help partner nations achieve increased capacities in counterterrorist capabilities and thus will not be able to rely as effectively on partner nations to conduct counterterrorist operations resulting on increased stress to U.S. forces globally.

3. 7.3 Coalition Support Funds

935,000

900,000

300,000

1,200,000

Narrative Justification: These funds will primarily finance continued payments to Pakistan and Jordan for support to Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom. Pakistan conducts major border operations along the Pakistan-Afghanistan border and has significantly impacted terrorist networks in the region, achieving successes that would be difficult for U.S. Armed Forces to attain. Jordan's operations along the Jordan-Iraq border are having a major impact on curbing foreign fighters transiting through Jordan to Iraq and contribute directly to U.S. operations in Operation Iraqi Freedom.

Impact if not funded: Coalition Support Funds are critical to encouraging coalition partners to support U.S. military operations. Without this program, the U.S. will not be able to reimburse Pakistan and Jordan for critical border operations, which the U.S. would not be able to accomplish. An inability to reimburse Pakistan, Jordan, and countries with a lesser capacity to pay could discourage participation and require the U.S. military to take on operations better covered by coalition partners. In the case of Pakistan and Jordan border operations, it is likely that the U.S. would not be able to conduct these operations as capably as the indigenous forces.

4. 7.2 Lift and Sustain (Iraq & Afghanistan)

254,000

0

350,000

350,000

Narrative Justification: The requested funding will finance the provision of lift and sustainment support to coalition partners in Iraq and Afghanistan. Funds are required so coalition countries can continue to support U.S. military operations. Smaller coalition countries do not have the financial means or the funding to transport their forces to and from Iraq and Afghanistan or to sustain their forces for extended deployments. As with Coalition Support Funds, direct support from the U.S. is critical to enabling forces from these countries to remain in theater.

Impact if not funded: Without Lift and Sustain Funds, many coalition countries would not be able to maintain their forces in Iraq and Afghanistan. Such a result would adversely impact U.S. operations if U.S. forces had to fill the gaps. Without support in Afghanistan, countries like Poland and Romania, NATO members with limited economies, may not be able to participate, thus hindering the ability of NATO and the U.S. to success in Afghanistan.

Funding Totals 1,189,000 900,000 1,000,000 1,900,000

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