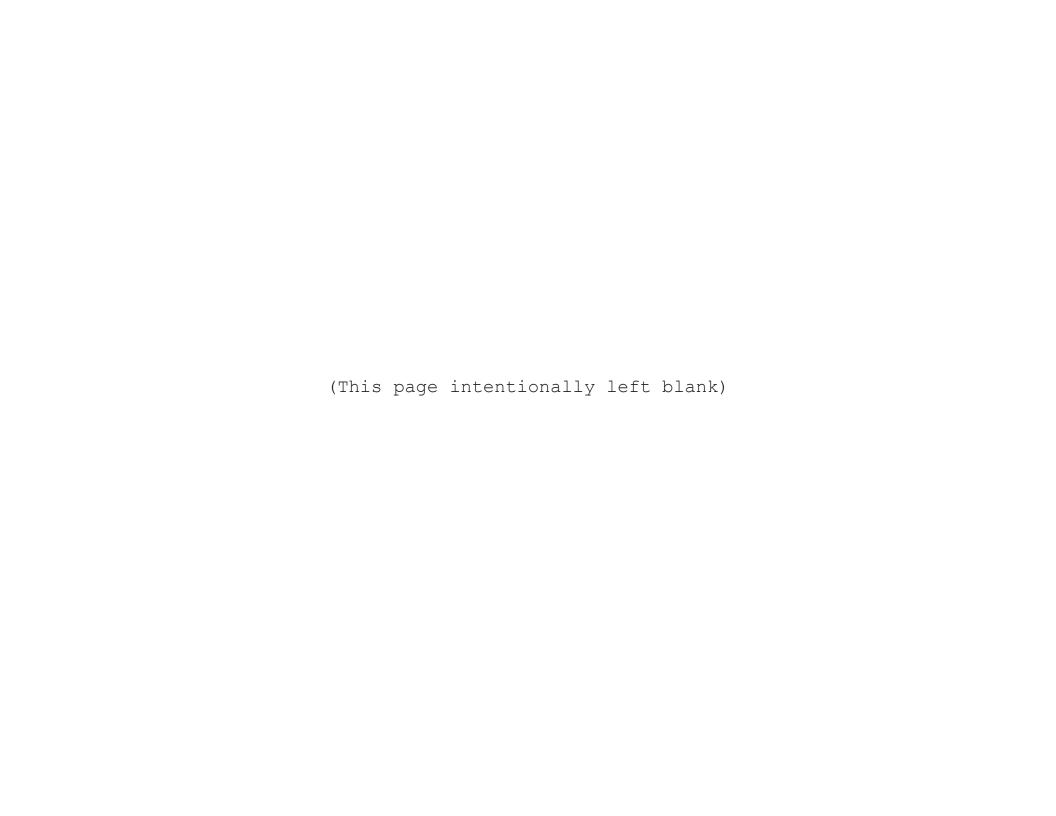
Fiscal Year 2018 Budget Estimate
Washington Headquarters Services (WHS)



May 2017

Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide



Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide Summary (\$ in thousands) Budget Activity (BA) 4: Administrative and Service-Wide Activities

	FY 2016	Price	Program	FY 2017	Price	Program	FY 2018
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Estimate</u>
WHS	604,170	9,432	16,272	629,874	10,178	-203 , 276	436,776

^{*} The FY 2016 Actual column includes \$1,980.0 thousand of FY 2016 Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) Appropriations Funding (PL 114-113).

Established on October 1, 1977, as a Department of Defense (DoD) field activity by DoD Directive 5100.4. WHS is the essential services provider for the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD), the defense agencies, field activities, specified offices in the National Capital Region (NCR) and across the nation. WHS provides a wide range of centralized capabilities to DoD headquarters, OSD, and DoD components, enabling economies of scale for delivering essential administrative services to fulfill the mission of the Department. WHS aligns under the Director of Administration in the Office of the Deputy Chief Management Officer (DCMO). WHS services are organized into several directorates and specialty offices. These teams of WHS personnel support the mission of our Defense Department customers by managing DoD-wide programs and operations for the Pentagon Reservation, Mark Center, and DoD-leased facilities in the National Capital Region. WHS enables centralized operational support functions for maximum efficiency and control, while adopting a business model based on the following programs:

Compensation and Benefits: WHS centrally manages its civilian compensation and benefits program that includes 1,256 direct civilian full-time equivalents (FTE).

^{*} The FY 2017 Estimate column excludes \$3,137.0 thousand of FY 2017 OCO Appropriations Funding.

^{*} The FY 2018 Estimate column excludes \$3,179.0 thousand of FY 2018 OCO Appropriations funding.

I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

Facilities and Installation Management: The funds associated with this program pay the OSD and WHS portions of rent for the Pentagon, Raven Rock Mountain Complex, Mark Center, and leased space within the NCR. The rent payments cover costs for Facility and Installation services to include space management, facility operation, maintenance, repair and alteration, minor construction, custodial, physical security, property management, safety, health, environmental management, fire protection and other support services.

Financial Management: Services include planning, programming, budgeting, execution, and accounting services for WHS and its customers. The Financial Management Directorate develops policies and performs the administration of funds, provides accounting support, and establishes reporting procedures for all funds allotted to OSD, WHS and selected DoD field activities. Key functions also include developing the Program Objective Memorandum (POM), Budget Estimate Submission (BES), and President's Budget (PB); funds distribution and certification; financial reporting; civilian pay management; and leading the audit readiness effort. WHS maintains quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of financial operations through the delivery of timely, accurate, and reliable products and services.

Human Resources: Provides support for executive, political, military and civilian personnel. Services and functions include: employee benefits; administration of the Drug-Free Workforce Program; advisory services on staffing activities; classification and management advisory on compensation; external recruitment efforts; personnel security and clearance appeals; work force development; awards and incentive programs; and labor and management employee relations services. This group enables WHS to provide the appropriate level of executive and political personnel support for its client base which includes the OSD; the military departments; Defense Agencies and Field Activities; the National Security Council; White House Support Group; state, local and academic Exhibit OP-5, Operation and Maintenance Detail

I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

institutions; and other executive agencies and legislative bodies. These programs also enable WHS to serve its OSD and Fourth Estate customers with high demand services such as the hiring of consultants and highly qualified experts (HQE); and Intergovernmental Personnel Act (IPA) assignments. Human Resource Directorate (HRD) continuously works to improve the support it provides to its customers. Process improvement include the time-to-hire (TTH) initiative which implements DCMO and WHS strategic guidance to provide an improved hiring solution for the OSD and WHS civilian workforce. This solution provides an end-to-end auditable HR process which reduces TTH cycle time from 144 days to 70 days

Information Technology: There was a functional transfer of resources to the Defense Information System Agency (DISA) in FY 2018 as DISA assumes operational control of the Joint Information Technology Service Provider - Pentagon (JSP) in accordance with Deputy Secretary of Defense Directive Memorandum, Consolidation of Pentagon Information Technology Operations, dated 1 May 2015.

WHS Operations: Provides administrative and operational support to the OSD and its principal staff, certain DoD Field Activities, and other specified DoD Agencies. Additional services include continuity of operations (COOP), planning and program evaluation, legal services, the Mass Transit Subsidy Program, and the automatic declassification program as required by Executive Order. Support is also provided for acquisition planning, technical guidance and business strategy development for all programs, historical services, and executive level advice and assistance on all WHS and OSD procurement and contracting matters.

DoD Consolidated Adjudications Facility (DoD CAF): Serves as the DoD executive organization for determining the security clearance eligibility, common access card

I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

credentialing, and suitability of non-Intelligence Agency DoD personnel, including eligibility for access to Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI). These security actions, which total over one million cases annually, involve all applicants actively affiliated with the DoD, to include Active Duty, National Guard, Reserve, civilian, and contractor personnel under the National Industrial Security Program. In addition to DoD employees, the DoD CAF supports the White House, staff of the United States Senate and House of Representatives, Supreme Court of the United States, the Congressional Budget Office, and the U.S. Capitol Police. The workload performed by the DoD CAF comprises nearly 96 percent of all adjudicative reviews performed within DoD and over 84 percent of those executed across the federal government. The DoD CAF is responsible for ensuring that, based on all available information, the individual's loyalty, reliability and trustworthiness are such that entrusting an individual with classified information, assigning them to sensitive duties, or providing them physical and logical access to facilities and systems is clearly consistent with the interests of national security. The DoD CAF projects an increase in the number of adjudications it will perform as the DoD expands its Continuing Evaluation (CE) program. CE uses hardware and software technical solutions, including automated records checks, to supplement security investigations. This capability will provide the DoD with the ability to identify detrimental information and/or adverse activities in a more auspicious manner; thus strengthening the Department's ability to deter, detect, and, prevent insider threats. Resources associated with the DoD CAF are aligned within the WHS Operations and Compensation and Benefits sub-activities.

DOD Innovation Functions: The DoD launched two technology initiatives, Defense Innovation Unit Experimental (DIUx) and Defense Digital Service (DDS), for the purpose of accelerating technological innovations to support the Department. The DoD relies on

I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

innovation to maintain our nation's ability to deter, and if need be, prevail in conflict.

The DIUx, with outposts in the heart of Silicon Valley and Boston, serves as a bridge between those in the U.S. military executing some of our nation's toughest security challenges and companies operating at the cutting edge of technology. DIUx is an experiment that continuously repeat how best to identify, contract, and prototype novel innovations through sources not traditionally available to the DoD, with the ultimate goal of accelerating technology into the hands of the warfighter.

The DDS was established to apply best-in-class private sector practices, skills, and technology to transform the way software products are developed and delivered for the DoD. DDS is charged with examining the way the Department works with cloud-based services and to think more deliberately and innovatively about cloud and information technology implementation practices and policies. DDS performs its mission by working closely with DoD stakeholders, and other government entities, focusing on targeted projects that advance DoD's initiatives that are critical to the wellbeing of Service members, Civilian employees, and the core mission support of the Department. Resources associated with the DoD Innovation Functions are aligned within the WHS Operations and Compensation and Benefits sub-activities.

Changes from FY 2017 - FY 2018: The FY 2018 budget estimate reflects a price change of \$10,178 thousand and a program change of \$-203,276 thousand. The program changes are highlighted below:

I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

Compensation and Benefits \$-17,294: WHS centrally manages its civilian compensation and benefits program which resources 1,256 direct civilian FTEs. Program highlights include the overall change of \$-17,294, with an increase of \$3,576 in price change and a decrease of \$-20,870 in program change. Compensation and benefits reflects adjustments for the DDS, DIUx, DoD CAF Continuous Evaluation, Human Resource Time-to-Hire initiative, and workforce reshaping and program repricing. The program also reflects the functional transfers of GAO Audit Liaison, Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) eligibility program, Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness (FIAR), Joint Information Technology Service Provider-Pentagon (JSP), and Corporate Fellows Program.

Facilities Service \$-35,624: Reflects an overall decrease of \$-35,624, with an increase of \$1,947 in price change and a decrease of \$-37,571 in program change. This reflects adjustments for construction and furniture restock and the Pentagon Wedge 1 recapitalization. Additionally, the decrease in assigned space and associated resources attributable to JSP's functional transfer to DISA. The transfer includes the JSP's Pentagon, Mark Center, and leased facilities assigned space and associated resources and also the Pentagon and Mark Center tenant funding for the common IT support.

<u>Financial Management \$-769</u>: Reflects an overall decrease of \$-769, with an increase of \$133 in price change and a decrease of \$-902 in program change. Adjustments reflect the change in level of support for the financial system, Enterprise Resource planning System-Defense (EBAS-D), and DFAS bill.

<u>Human Resources +\$642</u>: Reflects an overall increase of \$642. Adjustments include an increase of \$298 in price change and an increase of \$344 in program change. This reflects adjustments in Human Resource support, Human Resource Time-to-Hire initiative,

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed (cont.)</u>

and Defense Travel Modernization, and the transfer of resources from the 4th Estates that support the USAJOBS program and the WHS childcare initiative.

<u>Information Technology \$-160,928</u>: Reflects an overall decrease of \$-160,928 with an increase of \$3,395 in price change and a decrease of \$-164,323 in program change. This reflects the functional transfer of resources to the DISA as DISA assumes operational control of the JSP in accordance with Deputy Secretary of Defense Directive Memorandum, Consolidation of Pentagon Information Technology Operations, dated 1 May 2015. This also reflects adjustments in NCR IT Consolidation, Information Technology program reduction, Defense Information Systems Network (DISN) Cost Recovery Model, Enterprise Licensing Agreement, and Enterprise Performance Management.

WHS Operations +\$20,875: Reflects an overall increase of \$20,875 with an increase of \$829 in price change and an increase of \$20,046 in program change. This includes the functional transfer of DIUx from the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics) and additional program increase for labor and contract support. WHS Operations also reflects the establishment of the DDS. Adjustments also include reductions as directed by the Services Requirements Review Board (SRRB) and an increase in resources to support the Personnel Security Adjudication staffing model.

II. Force Structure Summary:

N/A

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

FY 2017 Congressional Action FY 2016 Budget Current FY 2018 A. BA Subactivities Actual Request Amount Percent Appropriated Estimate Estimate 179,946 0 0.0 183,179 Compensation and Benefits 183,179 165,885 Facilities/Installation 0 205,412 213,868 0.0 213,868 178,244 Management Financial Management 16,493 12,219 0.0 12,219 11,450 Human Resources 19,828 14,921 0 0.0 14,921 15,563 Information Technology 139,231 164,248 0.0 164,248 3,320 0 WHS Operations 43,260 41,439 0.0 0 41,439 62,314 436,776 604,170 629,874 0.0 629,874 Total

^{*} The FY 2016 Actual column includes \$1,980.0 thousand of FY 2016 Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) Appropriations Funding (PL 114-113).

^{*} The FY 2017 Estimate column excludes \$3,137.0 thousand of FY 2017 OCO Appropriations Funding.

^{*} The FY 2018 Estimate column excludes \$3,179.0 thousand of FY 2018 OCO Appropriations funding.

B. Reconciliation Summary	Change FY 2017/FY 2017	Change FY 2017/FY 2018
Baseline Funding	629,874	
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	629,874	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2017 to 2017 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	629,874	
Supplemental		
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		10,178
Functional Transfers		-193,257
Program Changes		-10,019
Current Estimate	629,874	436,776
Less: Wartime Supplemental		
Normalized Current Estimate	629,874	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
FY 2017 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)		629,874
1. Congressional Adjustments		
a. Distributed Adjustments		
b. Undistributed Adjustments		
c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
d. General Provisions		
FY 2017 Appropriated Amount		629,874
2. War-Related and Disaster Supplemental Appropriations		
3. Fact-of-Life Changes		
FY 2017 Baseline Funding		629,874
4. Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
Revised FY 2017 Estimate		629,874
5. Less: Item 2, War-Related and Disaster Supplemental		
Appropriations and Item 4, Reprogrammings		
FY 2017 Normalized Current Estimate		629,874
6. Price Change		10,178
7. Functional Transfers		-193 , 257
a. Transfers In		
1) Defense innovation Unit Experimental (DIUx)	14 , 544	
This transfers resources and responsibility from the		
Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition,		
Technology and Logistics (USD (AT&L)) to the WHS in		
accordance with a Secretary of Defense (SECDEF) July		
2016 memorandum. The DIUx is a DoD effort to connect		
the vibrant commercial technology ecosystem to the		
DoD technology ecosystem, and vice versa. DIUx		
directly supports the immediate office of the SECDEF		
and Deputy SECDEF and functions as an interface node		
between the Department, entrepreneurs, start-up		
Exhibit OP-5, Operation and Maintenance Detail		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
firms, and commercial technology companies in Silicon		
Valley, California (DIUx West); Boston, Massachusetts		
(DIUx East), and a team in Austin, Texas that will		
work with innovators throughout Texas, the central		
United States and other U.S. technology hubs to		
increase DoD access to leading-edge commercial		
technologies and technical talent. (FY 2017 Baseline:		
\$14,544 thousand; +0 FTEs)	0 400	
2) Childcare support for OSD/WHS Civilians	2,400	
This transfers resources and responsibility from the		
Department of the Army to the WHS to provide alternative childcare options for civilian employees		
of the OSD and WHS due to a policy change that lowers		
the priority placement of children of civilian		
employees at the Child Development Center at Joint		
Base Myer Henderson Hall. The WHS will institute a		
Fee Assistance Program for OSD and WHS civilian		
employees to offset the cost of childcare no longer		
being provided at Joint Base Myer Henderson Hall. (FY		
2017 Baseline: \$0 thousand; +0 FTEs)		
3) DODIG Transfer of Function	1,150	
This transfers GAO Audit Liaison and Report follow-up		
functions and 8 FTEs from the DoD Inspector General		
(DoDIG) to the WHS. This transfer will improve the		
transparency and visibility of GAO engagements and		
recommendations throughout the Department.		
(FY 2017 Baseline: \$0 thousand; +8 FTEs)		
4) Transfer of Function from DIA	833	
Exhibit OP-5, Operation and Maintenance Detail		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. <u>Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
This transfers responsibility and 7 FTEs to render Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) eligibility		
determinations for OSD, DoD Field Activities, and		
select Defense Agencies from the Defense Intelligence		
Agency (DIA) to the WHS DoD CAF in accordance with a June 22, 2016 Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between		
DIA and WHS. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$0 thousand; +7 FTEs)		
5) USAJOBS 4th Estate Funding	535	
This transfers resources from the Defense Agencies to		
the WHS to finance the 4th Estate bill from the		
Office of Personnel Management for USAJOBS. This transfer eliminates the need for Military		
Interdepartmental Purchase Requests (MIPR) during the		
year of execution. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$0 thousand; +0		
FTEs)		
b. Transfers Out	010 440	
1) Joint Information Technology Service Provider - Pentagon (JSP)	-210,448	
This transfers responsibility and -150 FTEs from the		
WHS to the Defense Information System Agency (DISA)		
to support consolidation of Pentagon Information		
Technology Operations. The DISA assumes operational		
control of the JSP in accordance with a Deputy Secretary of Defense Directive Memorandum dated 1 May		
2015. The transfer includes the JSP's Pentagon, Mark		
Center, and leased facilities assigned space and		
associated resources and also the Pentagon and Mark		
Center tenant funding for the common IT support. (FY		
2017 Baseline: \$192,874 thousand; -150 FTEs)		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases 2) Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness (FIAR) Realigns FIAR resources from the WHS to the Defense Agencies and Field Activities, U.S. Special Operations Command (USSOCOM) and U.S. Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM) to support FIAR requirements and transfers 13 FTEs from WHS to the following organizations: DARPA +1, DCMA +1, DODEA +1, DTRA +2, MDA +1, OSD +1, SOCOM +4, and TRANSCOM +2. The reallocation of 13 FTEs from the WHS to the respective organizations will enable them to meet audit readiness goals within established timelines, and to provide necessary support during the Defense-wide account examinations and audits. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$2,613 thousand; -13 FTEs) 3) Corporate Fellows Program This transfers responsibility and -1 FTE from the WHS to the Undersecretary of Defense for Personnel & Readiness (USD(P&R)). The transfer aligns the responsibility of the Secretary of Defense Corporate Fellows Program (SDCFP) to USD(P&R) who will serve as	<u>Amount</u> -1,729	Totals
the executive agent. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$183,179 thousand; -1 FTEs) 8. Program Increases a. Annualization of New FY 2017 Program b. One-Time FY 2018 Increases c. Program Growth in FY 2018 1) Defense Innovation Unit-Experimental (DIUx) Manpower The funding increase provides 15 FTEs and Exhibit OP-5, Operation and Maintenance Detail	9,700	22 , 770

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
approximately 23 contractors who will provide		
expertise and labor to identify and guide		
technological solutions for DoD customers with		
critical needs and to prototype novel innovations		
through sources traditionally not available to the		
DoD, with the ultimate goal of accelerating		
technology into the hands of the men and women in		
uniform. The program did not previously have any		
established civilian or contractor FTEs; this		
establishes those positions. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$0		
thousand; +15 FTEs)		
2) Defense Digital Service (DDS)	4,621	
The funding increase establishes the DDS with a		
mission to drive game-changing evolution in the way		
the Department builds and deploys technology and		
digital services. The DDS exists to apply best-in		
class private sector practices, talent, and		
technology to transform the way software products are		
built and delivered within the Department. The		
funding increase provides 20 FTEs and their		
associated operational support. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$0		
thousand; +20 FTEs)		
3) Continuous Evaluation (CE)	3,461	
The funding increase supports 31 FTEs that continue		
the Department's effort to strengthen the ability to		
detect, deter, and prevent insider threats by		
expanding the CE program to cover an additional		
500,000 cleared personnel; thus doubling the amount		
of adjudications. DoD CAF adjudicates all military		
Exhibit OR-5 Operation and Maintenance Detail		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
service members, civilian employees, and consultants		
affiliated with the DoD, to include DoD personnel at		
the White House, and staff of the United States		
Senate and House of Representatives, Supreme Court of		
the United States, Congressional Budget Office,		
United States Capitol Police, and contractor		
personnel under the National Industrial Security		
Program. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$183,179 thousand; +31 FTEs)		
4) Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS)	2 , 507	
This increase fully funds anticipated FY 2018 bill		
that reflects transition to the Defense Agency		
Initiative (DAI) model that increases WHS reliance on		
DFAS to provide accounting services. (FY 2017		
Baseline: \$12,219 thousand; +0 FTEs)		
5) Personnel Security Adjudication- Manpower Model	1,290	
The funding increase resources development of a model		
that calculates and generates DoD CAF adjudicator		
manpower requirements based on the levels of workload		
expected by the Department. Such a model will enable		
the Department to better support changes in		
adjudicator requirements based on the expected		
Personnel Security Clearance needs of the Department.		
(FY 2017 Baseline: \$41,439 thousand; +0 FTEs)	4 4 6 4	
6) Time-to-Hire (TTH) - Compensation and Benefits	1,191	
Funding supports 10 FTEs and the implementation of a		
business reference model (BRM) focused on re-		
engineering the 4th Estate hiring process. The BRM		
provides an end-to end auditable HR process that		
Exhibit OP-5. Operation and Maintenance Detail		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	proposes to reduce TTH from 144 days to 70 days. TTH		
	cycle time, such as job announcement and job offers,		
	will be reduced. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$183,179		
	thousand; +10 FTEs)		
9.	Program Decreases		-32 , 789
	a. Annualization of FY 2017 Program Decreases		
	b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
	c. Program Decreases in FY 2018	E 650	
	1) Workforce reshaping and reprice of Compensation and	-7 , 653	
	Benefits		
	Delayering \$-5,995: The decrease in funding is a		
	result of delayering and strategic grade reshaping		
	actions to restructure the organization to execute		
	mission critical functions and eliminate same-grade reporting. Delayering actions resulted in the		
	reduction of 55 FTEs across the WHS organization.		
	Repricing \$-1,658: In addition, the reduction		
	reflects repricing of the Compensation and Benefits		
	program to bring the average annual rate per FTE in		
	line with the current execution rate.		
	(FY 2017 Baseline: \$183,179 thousand; -55 FTEs)		
	2) National Capital Region (NCR) IT Consolidation	-5,000	
	Efficiencies	.,	
	The decrease reflects the JSP IT consolidation of		
	common enterprise support for the NCR. The IT		
	footprint was consolidated into a single IT Service		
	provider to remove duplication and standardize		
	security across the Enterprise. Consolidation of		
	Enterprise IT funds reduced operational cost that		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. <u>Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
allowed the realization of efficiencies.		
Additionally, the enterprise approach enabled cyber		
security improvements and ensured a common IT		
infrastructure business application support		
framework. This reduction was made prior to the JSP		
transfer to the DISA in FY 2018 in accordance with		
the Deputy Secretary of Defense Directive Memorandum		
dated 1 May 2015. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$164,248		
thousand; +0 FTEs)		
3) Information Technology Program	-4,240	
The decrease reflects strategic sourcing initiatives		
with the overall goal of identifying and partnering		
with a service provider that can deliver quality		
services and generate greater cost efficiencies. The		
consolidation of Enterprise Information Technology		
funds allowed the realization of savings and reduced		
operational cost. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$164,248		
thousand; +0 FTEs)	2 705	
4) Defense Information Systems Network (DISN) Cost	-3,795	
Recovery Model		
The decrease results from DISA modernization of the		
DISN subscription services model to a consumption-		
based recovery model. The restructuring drives costs		
down, incentivizes cost conscious customer behavior,		
and encourages enterprise solutions where		
appropriate. The transition to DISN cost for		
services recovery model began in FY 2017 and yields		
cost reduction through modernization. (FY 2017		
Baseline: \$164,248 thousand; +0 FTEs)		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
5) Enterprise Business Accountability System- Defense	-3,409	
(EBAS-D)		
The decrease reflects the reduced level of resources		
and support allocated to the current financial system		
as WHS transitions to the DAI. DAI will modernize		
the WHS financial, procurement, time and labor		
management capabilities and streamline inter-agency		
accounting and support WHS efforts to meet		
auditability goals. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$12,219		
thousand; +0 FTEs)		
6) Service Requirements Review Board (SRRB)	-2 , 474	
As part of the DoD reform agenda, savings were		
identified during the SRRB process by reducing		
contract support and streamlining acquisition		
practices. Savings reflects a reduction in contract		
overhead and support. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$41,439		
thousand; +0 FTEs)		
7) Wedge 1 Recapitalization	-1 , 257	
The reduction reflects a decreased level of planned		
support for OSD and WHS tenant space upgrades within		
Wedge-1 of the Pentagon and is in-line with the		
Universal Space Plan (USP) standards. (FY 2017		
Baseline: \$213,868 thousand; +0 FTEs)	1 050	
8) Human Resource Support	-1,252	
The decrease reflects a reduction of Human Resource		
contract services and associated contractor FTEs. The		
decrease accounts for consolidation and reduction of		
service contracts. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$14,921 thousand; +0 FTEs)		
CHOUSAND; TO FIES)		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases 9) Enterprise Licensing Agreement The reduction reflects decreases in the cost of enterprise licenses based on centralized purchasing of like items and consolidation of information technology contracts and licensing agreements. Information Technology consolidation initiatives increased negotiation power and guided the overall reduction of software application licensing costs and enterprise-wide savings. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$164,248 thousand; +0 FTEs)	<u>Amount</u> -1,215	<u>Totals</u>
10) Time-to-Hire (TTH) - Human Resource Operational Funding The decrease realigns funding from the Human Resources operational funding to Compensation and Benefits to support 10 FTE for the implementation of a business reference model (BRM) focused on reengineering the 4th Estate hiring process. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$14,921 thousand)	-1,191	
11) Enterprise Performance Management (EPM) The reduction reflects a decrease in IT contract services for EPM program as developers completed building EPM infrastructure in FY 2017 therefore needing fewer contract personnel (developers) support in FY 2018. The EPM is required by WHS to define metrics, collect data and report organizational performance information which is used to improve processes and operations. (FY 2017 Baseline: \$3,990 thousand; +0 FTEs)	-750	
12) Construction and Furniture Restock Exhibit OP-5, Operation and Maintenance Detail	-405	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	<u>Totals</u>
The decrease is a result of reduced support in new		
acquisition, lifecycle replacement, and repair action		
for furniture, carpet cleaning, and draperies		
requirements for OSD and WHS. This program supports		
internal suite alterations projects, life cycle		
replacements for IT infrastructure, and electrical		
systems that have reached maximum capacity. (FY 2017		
Baseline: \$213,868 thousand; +0 FTEs)		
13) Travel Efficiencies	-148	
The decrease results from efforts to achieve		
efficiencies in commercial air travel by increased		
use of restricted airfare, a modernized travel		
system, and updated travel regulations that align		
with industry best practices. Moving to a modern		
travel system in conjunction with a simplification of		
existing regulations achieves operational		
efficiencies in travel expenses. (FY 2017 Baseline:		
\$14,921 thousand; +0 FTEs)		
FY 2018 Budget Request		436,776

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The WHS provides administrative and operational support services to OSD as well as certain defense agencies and joint activities which do not have their own administrative support capability. WHS's objectives are to provide accurate and responsive support in civilian and military personnel services, information technology, facilities operations and management, acquisition and procurement, financial management, and other miscellaneous activities. Additionally WHS strives to ensure compliance with the 2007 National Security Presidential Directive/NSPD-51 and Homeland Security Presidential Directive/HSPD-20 risk management principles for continuity of operations in the event of a national emergency.

In addition to these traditional services, WHS administers data systems in support of the OSD decision and policy making processes, provides automated data processing services, continuity integration enterprise-level storage devices, information technology resources, and manages DoD-occupied, GSA-controlled space in common support facilities throughout the National Capital Region. WHS has also expanded its services to include the DoD CAF, DDS, and DIUx activities.

The following identifies some of the more significant indicators for WHS Operations and Maintenance:

1) Personnel Services and Personnel Security	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017	FY 2018
Percentage of SES hiring actions that meet the target cycle time of 95 business days or less.	90%	90%	90%

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	Percentage of GS-15 and below hiring actions completed within 75 business days or less. Percentage of interim clearances granted within 10 business days of NIP received to interim granted portion of the process.	90% 90%	90% 90%	90% 90%
2)	Facilities and Operational Services	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
	Space Managed (square feet (SQFT) in 000) OSD/WHS Pentagon Assigned SFQT	1,150	1,208	1,186
	OSD/WHS Mark Center Assigned SQFT	580	567	490
	OSD/WHS Leased Space Assigned SQFT	706	615	493
3)	Acquisition and Procurement Support	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
	Total number of contracts annually	3,504	3,500	3,500
	Percentage of O&M dollars obligated/committed prior to expiration	100%	100%	100%
	Percentage of total acquisitions awarded within specified timeframes	86%	90%	93%

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

4) Program, Budget and Accounting	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017	FY 2018
Program/Budget Coverage (Approp/Funds)	15	15	15
Installation Accounting (Allotments Processed)	14	14	14
O&M Reimbursable Transactions	24,030	25,452	25,987
Accounting Reports (1002s, SF-133, etc.)	1,908	2,000	2,000
Quarterly Financial Statements (balance sheets, net position, consolidated statement of budgetary resources, and statement of net cost)	4	4	4
5) Mandatory Declassification Program Mgmt (MDR)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Mandatory Declassification Cases	7,500	6,300	5,500
Annual Backlog (Open Cases greater than 1 year old as of October $1^{\rm st}$ each year)	1,440 (19%)	2,025 (32%)	1,100 (20%)
6) DoD Consolidated Adjudication Facility	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Number of personnel serviced	3,330,528	3,512,156	3,550,682
Number of adjudication determinations	848,000	836,000	874 , 000

V. <u>Personnel Summary</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Change FY 2016/ FY 2017	Change FY 2017/ FY 2018
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	<u>153</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>155</u>	0	<u>2</u>
Officer	31	31	42	0	11
Enlisted	122	122	113	0	-9
Reservists on Full Time Active Duty (E/S)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>O</u>	<u>11</u>
Officer	0	0	8	0	8
Enlisted	1	1	4	0	3
<u>Civilian End Strength (Total)</u>	<u>1,373</u>	<u>1,435</u>	<u>1,302</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>-133</u>
U.S. Direct Hire	1,355	1,424	1,256	69	-168
Total Direct Hire	1,355	1,424	1,256	69	-168
Reimbursable Civilians	18	11	46	-7	35
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	<u>153</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>O</u>	<u>2</u>
(Total)					
Officer	31	31	42	0	11
Enlisted	122	122	113	0	-9
Reservists on Full Time Active Duty (A/S)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11</u>
(Total)	0	0	0	0	0
Officer	0	0	8	0	8
Enlisted	1 070	1 205	4	0	3
Civilian FTEs (Total)	<u>1,370</u>	<u>1,395</u>	<u>1,302</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>-93</u>
U.S. Direct Hire	1,339	1,384	1,256	45	-128
Total Direct Hire	1,339	1,384	1,256	45	-128
Reimbursable Civilians	31	11	46	-20	35
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in thousands)	135.9	132.4	132.1	-3.5	-0.3

				Change	Change
V. <u>Personnel Summary</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2016/	FY 2017/
				FY 2017	FY 2018
Contractor FTEs (Total)	<u>730</u>	<u>770</u>	<u>308</u>	40	-462

VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Chan	ge		Chan	ge	
	FY 2016	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017/F	Y 2018	FY 2018
OP 32 Line	<u>Actual</u>	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	181,669	3,424	-2,104	182,989	3,576	-20,870	165,695
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	264	0	-74	190	0	0	190
199 Total Civ Compensation	181,933	3,424	-2,178	183,179	3,576	-20,870	165,885
308 Travel of Persons	1,262	24	192	1,478	30	456	1,964
399 Total Travel	1,262	24	192	1,478	30	456	1,964
672 PRMRF Purchases	0	0	143,479	143,479	4,204	-35,204	112,479
680 Building Maint Fund Purch	33,379	-1,379	25,963	57,963	-2,394	-1,036	54,533
696 DFAS Financial Operation (Other Defense Agencies)	0	0	1,853	1,853	-75	2,507	4,285
699 Total DWCF Purchases	33,379	-1,379	171,295	203,295	1,735	-33,733	171,297
771 Commercial Transport	50	1	-51	0	0	0	0
799 Total Transportation	50	1	-51	0	0	0	0
912 Rental Payments to GSA (SLUC)	60	1	-61	0	0	0	0
913 Purchased Utilities (Non-Fund)	236	4	297	537	11	735	1,283
914 Purchased Communications (Non-Fund)	12,068	229	3,624	15,921	318	-16,239	0
915 Rents (Non-GSA)	22,868	434	-23,302	0	0	0	0
920 Supplies & Materials (Non- Fund)	19,272	366	-7, 268	12,370	247	-3,990	8,627
921 Printing & Reproduction	1,325	25	-1,350	0	0	0	0
922 Equipment Maintenance By Contract	2,027	39	3,299	5,365	107	2,842	8,314
923 Facilities Sust, Rest, & Mod by Contract	14,788	281	-5,712	9,357	187	-270	9,274
925 Equipment Purchases (Non-Fund)	2,900	55	1,857	4,812	96	-2,373	2,535
932 Mgt Prof Support Svcs	46,975	893	-20,095	27,773	555	5,340	33,668
933 Studies, Analysis & Eval	1,602	30	1,117	2,749	55	-1,920	884
934 Engineering & Tech Svcs	1,582	30	-1,612	0	0	3,216	3,216
960 Other Costs (Interest and Dividends)	15	0	-15	0	0	0	0
985 Research & Development, Contracts	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	3,000

	Change			Change			
	FY 2016	FY 2016/I	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017/1	FY 2018	FY 2018
OP 32 Line	<u>Actual</u>	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Price</u>	Program	<u>Estimate</u>
987 Other Intra-Govt Purch	180,949	3,438	-146,971	37,416	748	-19,675	18,489
989 Other Services	4,168	79	2,935	7,182	144	1,014	8,340
990 IT Contract Support Services	76,711	1,458	40,271	118,440	2,369	-120,809	0
999 Total Other Purchases	387,546	7,362	-152,986	241,922	4,837	-149,129	97,630
Total	604,170	9,432	16,272	629,874	10,178	-203,276	436,776

^{*} The FY 2016 Actual column includes \$1,980.0 thousand of FY 2016 Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) Appropriations Funding (PL 114-113).

^{*} The FY 2017 Estimate column $\underline{\text{excludes}}$ \$3,137.0 thousand of FY 2017 OCO Appropriations Funding.

^{*} The FY 2018 Estimate column excludes \$3,179.0 thousand of FY 2018 OCO Appropriations funding.