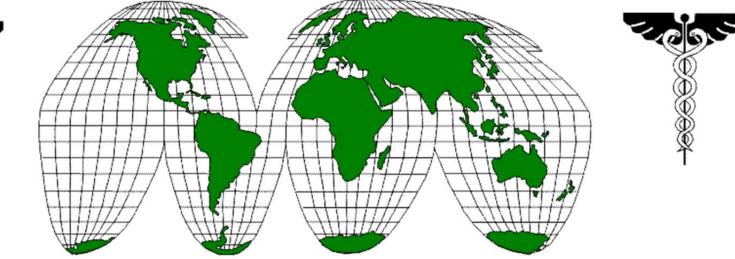
## **DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM**





# Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates

### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCUREMENT RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION

Volume 1: Justification Estimates Volume 2: Data Book

## February 2016

The Defense Health Program spans the globe in support of the Department of Defense's most important resource--active and retired military members and their families.

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### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates

### Table of Contents

### Volume I - Justification of O&M Estimates for Fiscal Year (FY) 2017

	Page No.
Exhibit PBA-19	Introductory Statement1
Exhibit O-1	Operation and Maintenance Funding15
Exhibit OP-32	Summary of Price and Program Growth - Summary
Exhibit PB-31R	Personnel Summary
Physicians' Compara	ability Allowance Worksheet
Exhibit PB-31D	Summary of Funding Increases and Decreases
Exhibit OP-5/OP-32	In-House Care
	Private Sector Care
	Consolidated Health Support
	Information Management
	Management Activities129
	Education and Training143
	Base Operations/Communications159
	Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization
Exhibit PB-11	Cost of Medical Activities191
Exhibit PB-11A	Personnel Summary
Exhibit PB-11B	Medical Workload Data - DHP Summary
Exhibit PB-15	Advisory and Assistance Services
Exhibit PB-22	Major DoD Headquarters Activities

### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates

### Table of Contents

Exhibit (	OP-34	Quality of Life Activities 2	10
Exhibit 1	PB-28	Summary of Funds Budgeted for Environmental Projects 2	12
Section	II - Procure	ement	
Exhibit 1	P-1	Procurement Program 2	16
Exhibit 1	P-40	Procurement Budget Item Justification 2	20
Section 3	III - Resear	rch, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDT&E)	
Exhibit 1	R-1	RDT&E Programs	27
Exhibit 1	R-2/R-2a	RDT&E Project Justification / Project Justification 2	29
Exhibit (	OCO 0-1	Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) Summary of Operations6	09
Exhibit (	OCO OP-5	Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) Operation	
and Main	tenance	Detail6	11
Exhibit (	OCO OP-32	Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) Summary of Price and Program	n
		Growth	19

### (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2015 <sup>1</sup>	Price	Program	FY 2016 <sup>2</sup>	Price	Program	<b>FY 2017</b> <sup>3</sup>
Appropriation Summary:	Actuals	Growth	Growth	Estimate	Growth	Growth	<u>Estimate</u>
Operation & Maintenance <sup>4</sup>	30,669.5	900.4	-1,782.9	29,787.0	870.8	1,573.6	32,231.4
RDT&E	1,698.6	27.2	395.7	2,121.5	38.2	-1,336.8	822.9
Procurement	238.6	5.0	121.8	365.4	10.5	37.3	413.2
Total, DHP	32,606.7	932.6	-1,265.4	32,273.9	919.5	274.1	33,467.5
MERHCF Receipts <sup>5</sup>	9,466.1			9,310.7			9,797.1
Total Health Care Costs	42,072.8			41,584.6			43,264.6

 $^{1\prime}$  FY 2015 actuals includes \$344.645 million for OCO.

 $^{2\prime}$  FY 2016 estimate excludes \$272.704 million for OCO.

 $^{3\prime}$  FY 2017 request excludes \$331.800 million for OCO.

<sup>4/</sup> The Department of Defense transferred O&M funding of \$117.1 million in FY 2015 and will transfer \$120.4 million in FY 2016 and up to \$122.4 million in FY 2017 to the Joint Department of Defense - Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund established by section 1704 of Public Law 111-84 (National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2010). Additionally, the Department transferred \$15 million of O&M funding in FY 2015 and will transfer the same amount in FY 2016 to the DoD-VA Health Care Joint Incentive Fund (JIF) as required by Section 8111 of Title 38 of the United States Code (USC) and Section 721 of Public Law 107-314 (National Defense Authorization Act for 2003). For FY 2017 \$15 million will be transferred to JIF.

<sup>5/</sup> Reflects DoD Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) O&M Receipts for FY 2015, FY 2016, and FY 2017.

### Description of Operations Financed:

The medical mission of the Department of Defense (DoD) is to enhance DoD and our Nation's security by providing health support for the full range of military operations and sustaining the health of all those entrusted to our care. The Defense Health Program (DHP) Operation and Maintenance (O&M) appropriation funding provides for worldwide medical and dental services to active forces and other eligible beneficiaries, veterinary services, occupational and industrial health care, specialized services for the training of medical personnel, and medical command headquarters. Included are costs associated with the delivery of the TRICARE benefit which provides for the health care of eligible active duty family members, retired members and their family members, and the eligible surviving family members of deceased active duty and retired members. The FY 2017 budget request of \$32,231.4 million includes realistic cost growth for health care services either provided in the Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs) or purchased from the private sector through the managed care support contracts, and for pharmaceuticals. This budget includes funding for continued support of Traumatic Brain Injury and Psychological Health (TBI/PH) and Wounded, Ill and Injured (WII) requirements. It complies with the Congressional mandate related to support of Centers of Excellence (COE) and Department of Defense's initiative for operations efficiencies, including assumed savings for proposed military healthcare reform initiatives. Operation and Maintenance (O&M) funding is divided into seven major areas: In-House Care, Private Sector Care, Information Management, Education and Training, Management Activities, Consolidated Health Support, and Base Operations. The DoD Medicare Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) is an accrual fund to pay for DoD's share of applicable Direct Care and Private Sector Care operation and maintenance health care costs for Medicare-eligible retirees, retiree family members and survivors.

The DHP appropriation also funds the Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) program for medical Information Management/Information Technology (IM/IT), research to reduce medical capability gaps, and support to both Continental United States and (CONUS) and Outside the Continental United States (OCONUS) medical laboratory facilities. The DHP appropriation Procurement program funds acquisition of capital equipment in MTFs and other selected health care activities which include equipment for initial outfitting of newly constructed, expanded, or modernized health care facilities; equipment for modernization and replacement of uneconomically reparable items; equipment supporting programs such as pollution control, clinical investigation, and occupational/environmental health; and Military Health System (MHS) information technology (IT) requirements.

### Narrative Explanation of FY 2016 and FY 2017 Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Changes:

The DHP O&M funding reflects an overall increase of \$2,444.4 million between FY 2016 and FY 2017, consisting of \$870.8 million in price growth and a net program increase of \$1,573.6 million. Program increases include:

- \$1,013.4 million for support of direct and private sector healthcare services
- \$262.8 million for facility restoration and modernization projects at Military Treatment Facilities (MTF)
- \$225.9 million for FY 2016 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) and the Department of Defense Health Benefit Proposals
- \$106.8 million for replacement of medical equipment that will meet their life cycle expectancy for utilization
- \$43.6 million for Department of Defense Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)

- \$41.7 million to transform the Military Health System to a High Reliability Organization which will promote identifying problems and high-risk situations before they lead to an adverse event
- \$30.1 million for Defense Information Systems Network (DISN) Cost Recovery Model Consumption Adjustment
- \$25.5 million for Secretary of Defense Performance measures and monitoring compliance
- \$15.5 million for mission and student travel
- \$9.2 million for Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) circuit, Defense Enterprise Email (DEE) transition and website consolidation
- \$7.5 million for net functional transfers for Armed Forces DNA Identification Laboratory (AFDIL), service treatment records and other activities
- \$5.5 million for Health Artifact and Image Management Solution (HAIMS)
- \$5.3 million for targeted medical education and training
- \$5.0 million for Defense Health Headquarters (DHHQ) telephone and video teleconferencing
- \$4.4 million for MHS facilities sustainment
- \$4.3 million for Military Health Information Technology (HIT) Optimization
- \$4.0 million for occupational and environmental health readiness, safety and compliance
- \$3.8 million for Office of the Electronic Health Record Transition Management (OETM)
- \$3.7 million for facilities support to the Medical Services, National Capital Region (NCR) and Defense Health Agency (DHA)
- \$3.2 million for Armed Forces Billing and Collection Utilization Solution (ABACUS) transition to cloud-based platform and sustainment
- \$3.1 million for contract support services for the DHA
- \$3.0 million for DHHQ rents for co-locating shared services staff
- \$2.3 million for readiness pre- and post-deployment training and support

- \$1.0 million for Joint Knowledge Online (JKO) Training System for consolidating on-line training systems
- \$0.5 million for Tricare Prime Clinic (TPC) utilities and maintenance services

Program decreases include:

- \$105.8 million for Civilian Pay Reductions due to hiring lag during the past two FYs
- \$40.5 million for HIT Infrastructure, network operations, and support
- \$23.7 million for reduced Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&T) requirements for MILCON and Restoration and Modernization projects
- \$19.8 million to comply with the Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce Management Headquarters
- \$11.6 million for Health Professions Scholarship Program (HPSP)/Health Professions Loan Repayment Program (HPLRP) based upon decreasing tuition costs and lower student levels
- \$9.6 million for reduced Defense Health Medical Systems (DHMS) modernization estimates
- \$8.6 million to comply with other Secretary of Defense Directed Efficiencies
- \$8.0 million for audit and program integrity programs
- \$7.2 million for contract services review initiative for base operations activities
- \$6.0 million for consolidation of shared health facilities services
- \$5.9 million for supplies inventory consolidation initiative
- \$5.2 million for Wounded, Ill and Injured and Traumatic Brain Injury (WII/TBI) Programs
- \$3.8 million for lower training demand for Extension of Community Health Outcomes (ECHO)
- \$1.3 million for improved building security operational practices
- \$0.5 million for initial outfitting and transition portfolio realigned to Procurement and Research, Development, Testing and Evaluation (RDT&E)

Continuing in FY 2017, the Department projects that up to \$122.4 million should transfer to the Joint Department of Defense (DoD) - Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Medical Facility Demonstration Fund established by section 1704 of Public Law 111-84, (National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2010). This fund combines the resources of DoD and VA to operate the first totally integrated Federal Health Care Facility in the country by the total integration of the North Chicago VA Medical Center and the Navy Health Clinic Great Lakes.

Continuing in FY 2017, the Department will transfer \$15 million to the DoD-VA Health Care Joint Incentive Fund (JIF). Authority for the JIF is established by Section 8111, Title 38, of the United States Code (USC) and Section 721 of Public Law 107-314(National Defense Authorization Act for 2003. This fund combines the resources of the DoD and VA to implement, fund, and evaluate creative coordination and sharing initiatives at the facility, intraregional, and nationwide levels.

## Narrative Explanation of FY 2016 and FY 2017 Research Development Test & Evaluation (RDT&E) Changes:

The DHP RDT&E Program reflects a net decrease of \$1,298.6 million between FY 2016 and FY 2017. This includes price growth of \$38.2 million and a net program decrease of \$1,336.8 million.

Program increases include:

- \$22.1 million realignment to the new Program Element for Joint Operational Medicine Information Systems (JOMIS). Funding will support engineering design, integration, development and operational testing of the DoD-Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) release with legacy operational medicine software capabilities
- \$6.5 million in support of the Breast, Prostate, and Gynecological Cancer Centers of Excellence

- \$4.9 million to support development of critical user enhancements and Hazmat Material Safety Data Sheets (Phase I) within the Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System - Industrial Hygiene (DOEHRS-IH)
- \$1.4 million related to the transfer of Defense Center of Excellence (DCoE) development activities from US Army Medical Command to the DHA
- \$0.7 million to support roll out of the Patient Assessment Screening Tool Outcome Registry (PASTOR) to the remaining Military Treatment Facilities
- \$0.4 million in minor miscellaneous adjustments

Program decreases include:

- \$1,147.9 million in FY 2016 one-time Congressional adjustments and General Provisions
- \$139.8 million to the DHMSM based upon the completion of the test and evaluation plan in anticipation of reaching Initial Operating Capability (IOC)
- \$42.0 million in medical research efforts coinciding with a reduction in capability gaps
- \$17.3 million for reduced IO&T requirements as a result of the completion of the construction of the new US Army Medical Research Institute of Chemical Defense (USAMRICD)
- \$11.0 million related to the planned completion of DHMSM IOC integration and testing in Pacific Northwest, as well as, upgraded data terminology service to support objective data sharing architecture and DHMSM
- \$7.0 million in savings related to research efforts focused on concept technology development, prototyping and, piloting IM/IT products identified as part of the zero-based review of MHS information technology and management portfolio
- \$2.1 million due to planned mobility innovations development activities accomplished with FY 2016 funding from Navy Medical IM/IT
- \$5.7 million for minor miscellaneous adjustments

### Narrative Explanation of FY 2016 and FY 2017 Procurement Changes:

The DHP Procurement Program has a net increase of \$47.8 million between FY 2016 and FY 2017. This consists of \$10.5 million in price growth and a net program increase of \$37.3 million.

Program increases include:

- \$29.5 million for DoD-Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) progressing from the developmental stage to the deployment stage
- \$28.2 million to support MHS Virtualization technical refresh of hardware/software for all designated MHS Application Access Gateway (MAAG) sites
- \$16.2 million for 14 additional site surveys and installation of Local Area Network infrastructure upgrades planned in FY 2017, as well as, increases for other infrastructure equipment refresh
- \$2.8 million for Health Artifact and Image Management Solution (HAIMS)software license refresh
- \$2.4 million to support the initial phase of training and deployment of Joint Operational Medicine Information Systems (JOMIS) capabilities to Theater components
- \$2.3 million to support MHS HIT Shared Services Portfolio Rationalization efforts to identify duplicative applications, consolidate requirements, evaluate solutions, and have functional users decide on a single solution
- \$0.9 million to implement the Patient Assessment Screening Tool Outcome Registry (PASTOR) to the remaining Military Treatment Facilities

Program decreases include:

- \$24.7 million due to completion of hardware upgrades to the Composite Health Care System (CHCS) Computerized Order Entry funded in FY 2016 to sustain the system until the modernized electronic health record will be the fully deployed in FY 2022
- \$9.3 million to radiology equipment requirements due to prior year recapitalization
- \$7.8 million in radiology equipment for Army Medical Department (AMEDD) Medical Care Support Equipment (MEDCASE) program
- \$1.7 million to server hardware replacement for the Enterprise Blood Management System (EBMS) at the MHS Enterprise Service Operations Centers (MESOC) San Antonio and Aurora based on a 5-year hardware refresh cycle
- \$1.5 million due to Departmental direction to transition funding from TMIP-J to the newly established JOMIS Program

### President's Management Plan - Performance Metrics Requirements:

The Military Health System (MHS) continues to refine existing performance measures and develop specific criterion to determine and measure outputs/outcomes as compared with initial goals. Over the past year the MHS continues the transition to the Quadruple Aim that is focused on a balanced approach to overall performance to include not only production but outcome measures related to medical readiness, a healthy population, positive patient experiences and responsible management of health care costs.

• Individual Medical Readiness - This measure provides operational commanders, Military Department leaders and primary care managers the ability to monitor the medical readiness status of their personnel, ensuring a healthy and fit fighting force medically ready to deploy. This represents the best-available indicator of the medical readiness of the Total Force, Active Components and Reserve Components prior to deployment.

- Beneficiary Satisfaction with Health Plan An increase in the satisfaction with the Health Plan indicates that actions being taken are improving the overall functioning of the plan from the beneficiary perspective. Improvements represent positive patient experiences with the health care benefit and services they receive through the system. The goal is to improve overall satisfaction level to that of civilian plans using a standard survey instrument.
- Medical Cost Per Member Per Year Annual Cost Growth The medical cost per member per year looks at the overall cost of the Prime enrollees for the MHS. This tracks all costs related to care delivered to enrollees. The objective is to keep the rate of cost growth for the treatment of TRICARE enrollees to a level at or below the Civilian health care plans rate increases at the national level. Currently the measure provides insight to issues regarding unit cost, utilization management, and Purchased care management. The metric has been enhanced to properly account for differences in population demographics and health care requirements of the enrolled population. Since enrollment demographics can vary significantly by Service, and across time, it is important to adjust the measure. For example, as increasing numbers of older individuals enroll, the overall average medical expense per enrollee would likely increase. Conversely, as younger, healthy active duty enroll, the overall average would likely decrease. Through the use of adjustment factors, a comparison across Services and across time is made more meaningful.

Output related measures that influence Medical Cost Per Member Per Year:

- Inpatient Production Target (Medicare Severity Adjusted Relative Weighted Products, referred to as MS-RWPs) - Achieving the production targets ensures that the initial plan for allocation of personnel and resources are used appropriately in the production of inpatient workload.
- Outpatient Production Target (Relative Value Units, referred to as RVUs) Achieving the production targets ensures that the initial plans for allocation

of personnel and resources are used appropriately in the production of outpatient workload.

Below is reporting for FY 2015 related to the prior performance measure goals. The next reporting period will focus on the measures related to the Quadruple Aim, and two output measures related to production plan targets. The overall success of each area measured is discussed below along with information related to continuation of reporting in future documents:

- Individual Medical Readiness The Military Health System achieved the goal for the Total Force Medical Readiness for FY 2015 with a score of 86% compared to the goal of 85%. The MHS has managed to sustain this level of performance since last year, and will have to take significant steps to ensure that performance can be sustained over the long term. This measure will continue to be reported in support of the Quadruple Aim.
- Beneficiary Satisfaction with Health Plan Satisfaction with Health Care Plan performance for FY 2015 exceeded the goal of 57 percent for the fiscal year. Continuous increases in percentage of eligible beneficiary enrolling in TRICARE Prime demonstrate progress for the program with respect to satisfying our beneficiaries. While achieving the goal for the year, there was a slight decrease in overall satisfaction for the year, and changes to the enrollment locations over the next couple of years may result in a further decrease over the next couple of years. This measure will continue to be reported in support of the Quadruple Aim.
- Inpatient Production Target (MS-RWPs) Based on the most recently completed data for FY 2015, the MHS failed to achieve the performance target. Instead of increasing as expected during the last budget update, production actually decreased slightly. A significant reason for the decrease was related to the downsizing of

the Active Component which occurred faster than estimated. This decrease in population resulted in a decrease in the number of inpatient stays related to Pregnancy and Newborns. Overall this is the number one product line for the Military Health System, and resulted in 10% decrease for this product line. While there were some improvement in Musculoskeletal, it was not sufficient to offset the other decreases regarding inpatient care. These numbers are based on the records reported to date, and will increase slightly as all records are completed. This measure will continue to be reported as an output measure for the DHP.

- Outpatient Production Target (RVUs) The Active Component downsizing also impacted the production of outpatient care, where the MHS fell short of obtaining its goal for FY 2015. Production levels actually remained steady with FY 2013, and fell short of the goal by approximately 6 percent. The MHS used statutory authority to migrate enrollees from purchased care back to the MTFs in a number of markets, but could not offset the decrease in Active Duty and Family members in the short run who decreased by almost 7 percent in MTF markets. Additionally, the MHS may be experiencing some of the declined utilization from the implementation of Patient Centered Medical Homes earlier than expected, with Primary Care workload declining by almost 11% percent as more care was shifted to virtual visits as opposed to faceto-face visits. Through the improved use of Secure Messaging and Nurse Advice Lines, the MHS is reducing utilization while still focusing on the entire patient instead of just throughput related to Primary Care. In general these virtual visits should result in more timely care and better patient satisfaction in the long run. This measure will continue to be reported as an output measure for the DHP.
- Medical Cost Per Member Per Year Annual Cost Growth The MHS is now experiencing a slightly higher cost growth than in the past couple of years. The largest growth factor involves Pharmacy compounded products. To contain the growth in this area, the MHS worked directly with MTF providers to ensure they understood the cost impact

of these types of prescriptions, to reduce the number to appropriate levels. Additionally, the MHS started an electronically screening process in May 2015 to ensure all ingredients are covered under the TRICARE pharmacy benefit and ensure the cost does not exceed the established pricing standard. This screening process is consistent with the pharmacy industry, and these efforts resulted in a decrease from a monthly high of \$350M to \$6M average per month for the last months of the year, but overall performance will exceed the yearly goal. The Year to Date performance estimate for FY 2015 is 7.3% vs goal of 2.0% (which is extremely low compared with normal health care cost growth). While final claims data are still lagging, the system will not be able to achieve the goal during the fiscal year and appears to be at an inflection point where both costs and utilization are growing at levels closer to traditional medical growth rates. (This page intentionally left blank)

### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Operation and Maintenance Funding

#### Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

0130D	Defense 1	Health Program	m	FY 2015 <sup>1/</sup>	FY 2	016 Enact	ed <sup>2/</sup>	FY 2017 Request			
				Base + OCO	Base	OCO	Total	Base	000	Total	
סווהמידיי	ACTIVITY		ON & MAINTENANCE								
0130D	010	In-House Ca		8,622,357	8,804,422	65,149	8,869,571	9,240,160	95,366	9,335,526	
0130D	020	Private Sec		15,701,308	14,387,402	192,210	14,579,612	15,738,759	233,073	15,971,832	
0130D	030		ed Health Support	2,027,665	2,153,327	9,460	2,162,787	2,367,759	3,325	2,371,084	
0130D	040		n Management	1,475,130	1,649,614	0	1,649,614	1,743,749	0	1,743,749	
0130D	050		Activities	321,391	325,908	0	325,908	311,380	0	311,380	
0130D	060	-	and Training	662,560	727,864	5,885	733,749	743,231		743,231	
0130D	070	Base Operat	tions/Communications	1,859,115	1,738,490	0	1,738,490	2,086,352		2,086,352	
		FOTAL, BA 01:	OPERATION &								
MAINTE	NANCE			30,669,526	29,787,027	272,704	30,059,731	32,231,390	331,764	32,563,154	
	3 ( <b>MT17T M</b> 17	02: RDT&E									
0130D	-	SE HEALTH PRO	<b>CDAM</b>	1,698,615	2,121,452	0	2,121,452	822,907	0	822,907	
0130D	DEFEN	SE REALIR PROC	3RAM	1,090,015	2,121,452	0	2,121,452	022,907	0	022,907	
		TOTAL, BA 02:	RDT&F	1,698,615	2,121,452	0	2,121,452	822,907	0	822,907	
			10101	1,000,010	2,121,152	•	2/121/132	022,507	U U	022,50,	
BUDGET	ACTIVITY	03: PROCURE	MENT								
0130D	DEFENS	SE HEALTH PROG	GRAM	238,613	365,390	0	365,390	413,219	0	413,219	
				,	-,			-, -		-, -	
	:	TOTAL, BA 03:	PROCUREMENT	238,613	365,390	0	365,390	413,219	0	413,219	
	Total De	efense Health	Program	32,606,754	32,273,869	272,704	32,546,573	33,467,516	331,764	33,799,280	

1/ FY 2015 includes OCO obligated funding of 344.645M for O&M, Congressional reductions of -1,001.261M for O&M, and Congressional increases +1,076.115M for RDT&E

2/ FY 2016 includes Congressional reductions of -1,047.773M for O&M, -7.897M for PROC, and Congressional increases of +1,141.832M for RDT&E

Exhibit O-1, Funding by BA/AG/SAG (Budget Years) DHP-15 (This page intentionally left blank)

	Civ Compensation	FY 2015 Program	Foreign Currency Rate Diff	Price Growth Percent	Price Growth	Program <u>Growth</u>	FY 2016 Program	Foreign Currency Rate Diff	Price Growth Percent	Price Growth	Program Growth	FY 2017 Program
101	Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	5,267,362	0	1.23%	64,526	396,243	5,728,131	0	1.52%	87,012	-211,271	5,603,872
103	Wage Board	132,160	0	1.23%	1,620	9,853	143,633	0	1.52%	2,182	-2,836	142,979
104	FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	43,220	0	1.23%	530	-7,028	36,722	0	1.52%	558	4	37,284
105	Separation Liability (FNDH)	2,076	0	0.00%	0	0	2,076	0	0.00%	0	0	2,076
106	Benefit to Fmr Employees	1,277	0	0.00%	0	0	1,277	0	0.00%	0	0	1,277
107	Voluntary Sep Incentives	1,048	0	0.00%	0	0	1,048	0	0.00%	0	0	1,048
111	Disability Compensation	146	0	0.00%	0	-146	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0
121	PCS Benefits	1,515	0	0.00%	0	1	1,516	0	0.00%	0	-1	1,515
199	TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	5,448,804	0		66,676	398,923	5,914,403	0		89,752	-214,104	5,790,051
	Travel											
308	Travel of Persons	207,700	60	1.70%	3,533	-14,614	196,679	-8	1.80%	3,540	29,671	229,882
399	TOTAL TRAVEL	207,700	60		3,533	-14,614	196,679	-8		3,540	29,671	229,882
	Supplies & Materials											
401	DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	3,061	0	-7.32%	-224	3,229	6,066	0	-8.21%	-498	644	6,212
402	Service Fund Fuel	234	0	-7.26%	-17	-81	136	0	-8.09%	-11	13	138
411	Army Supply	195	0	2.56%	5	-193	7	0	0.00%	0	2	9
412	Navy Managed Supply, Matl	2,373	0	3.46%	82	-219	2,236	0	4.96%	111	-67	2,280
414	Air Force Consol Sust AG (Supply)	46	0	-2.17%	-1	2	47	0	0.00%	0	1	48
416	GSA Supplies & Materials	11,072	188	1.70%	191	2,050	13,501	0	1.80%	243	-1,819	11,925
417	Local Purch Supplies & Mat	54,424	0	1.70%	925	712	56,061	0	1.80%	1,009	115	57,185
422	DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	19,165	0	0.40%	76	2,644	21,885	0	-0.40%	-87	-1,152	20,646
499	TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	90,570	188		1,037	8,144	99,939	0		767	-2,263	98,443
	Equipment Purchases											
502	Army Fund Equipment	560	0	0.00%	0	10	570	0	-0.18%	-1	12	581
503	Navy Fund Equipment	1,108	0	0.00%	0	47	1,155	0	3.90%	45	-25	1,175
505	Air Force Fund Equip	26,469	0	0.00%	0	15,271	41,740	0	0.00%	0	-41,740	0

Exhibit OP-32, Summary of Price and Program Growth DHP-17

		FY 2015 Program	Foreign Currency Rate Diff	Price Growth Percent	Price Growth	Program Growth	FY 2016 Program	Foreign Currency Rate Diff	Price Growth Percent	Price Growth	Program Growth	FY 2017 Program
506	DLA Mat Supply Chain (Const & Equip)	688	0	1.02%	7	25	720	0	0.00%	0	29	749
507	GSA Managed Equipment	11,034	0	1.69%	186	-202	11,018	0	1.81%	199	16	11,233
599	TOTAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	39,859	0		193	15,151	55,203	0		243	-41,708	13,738
	DWCF Purchases											
601	Army Industrial Operations	14,556	0	7.91%	1,152	-1,355	14,353	0	-0.11%	-16	845	15,182
611	Navy Surface Warfare Ctr	0	0	0.00%	0	828	828	0	3.26%	27	-12	843
614	Space & Naval Warfare Center	14,811	0	1.62%	240	-5,465	9,586	0	1.04%	100	9	9,695
631	Navy Base Support (NFESC)	350	0	11.14%	39	979	1,368	0	7.09%	97	-71	1,394
633	DLA Document Services	97	0	-2.06%	-2	1,825	1,920	0	1.46%	28	10	1,958
634	NAVFEC (Utilities and Sanitation)	50,952	0	-0.34%	-173	-13,125	37,654	0	-4.33%	-1,631	7,697	43,720
635	Navy Base Support (NAVFEC Other Support Services)	31,424	0	0.00%	0	30,983	62,407	0	2.20%	1,373	-12,967	50,813
647	DISA Enterprise Computing Centers	72,108	0	-10.01%	-7,218	25,271	90,161	0	-10.00%	-9,017	2,769	83,913
	DISA DISN Subscription Services (DSS)	16,979	0	-9.29%	-1,577	-3,277	12,125	0	-7.00%	-849	39,628	50,904
675	DLA Disposition Services	3	0	0.00%	0	0	3	0	0.00%	0	0	3
677	DISA Telecomm Svcs - Reimbursable	153	0	1.96%	3	3,813	3,969	0	1.79%	71	-3,953	87
679	Cost Reimbursable Purchase	26	0	0.00%	0	974	1,000	0	1.90%	19	3	1,022
680	Building Maint Fund Purch	44,046	0	2.28%	1,005	-6,443	38,608	0	-4.13%	-1,595	4,857	41,870
691	DFAS Financial Operations (Army)	17,300	0	1.32%	228	-1,164	16,364	0	-0.42%	-69	166	16,461
692	DFAS Financial Operations (Navy)	6,841	0	3.07%	210	-6,413	638	0	-6.11%	-39	6,428	7,027
693	DFAS Financial Operations (Air Force)	0	0	0.00%	0	2,867	2,867	0	3.03%	87	103	3,057
696	DFAS Financial Operation (Other Defense Agencies)	5,093	0	5.58%	284	-3,424	1,953	0	-4.05%	-79	2,066	3,940
699	TOTAL DWCF PURCHASES	274,739	0		-5,809	26,874	295,804	0		-11,493	47,578	331,889
	Transportation											
706	AMC Channel Passenger	34,639	0	2.00%	693	-34,932	400	0	1.75%	7	1	408

Exhibit OP-32, Summary of Price and Program Growth DHP-18

719	SDDC Cargo Ops-Port hndlg	<b>FY 2015</b> <u>Program</u> 69	Foreign Currency <u>Rate Diff</u> 0	Price Growth Percent 39.13%	Price Growth 27	Program Growth 1,125	<b>FY 2016</b> <u>Program</u> 1,221	Foreign Currency <u>Rate Diff</u> 0	Price Growth Percent 0.82%	Price Growth 10	Program <u>Growth</u> 13	<b>FY 2017</b> <u>Program</u> 1,244
771	Commercial Transport	13,207	0	1.70%	224	33,318	46,749	0	1.80%	840	214	47,803
799	TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	47,915	0	1.70%	224 944	-489	48,370	0	1.00%	857	214 228	<b>49,455</b>
, , , ,	Other Purchases	47,915	Ū		511	-405	40,570	Ŭ		057	220	49,455
901	Foreign National Indirect	58,232	0	1.23%	714	24,232	83,178	0	1.52%	1,263	-15,174	69,267
901	Hire (FNIH)	50,252	0	1.23%	/14	24,232	03,170	0	1.02%	1,205	-15,1/4	09,207
912	Rental Payments to GSA (SLUC)	8,880	0	1.70%	151	17,040	26,071	0	1.80%	470	44	26,585
913	Purchased Utilities (Non- Fund)	221,564	0	1.70%	3,767	20,259	245,590	-104	1.80%	4,418	62,598	312,502
914	Purchased Communications (Non-Fund)	44,822	0	1.70%	762	13,944	59,528	-98	1.80%	1,069	-724	59,775
915	Rents (Non-GSA)	37,671	0	1.70%	641	-2,358	35,954	0	1.81%	649	1,672	38,275
917	Postal Services (U.S.P.S)	4,446	0	1.71%	76	-1,179	3,343	0	1.79%	60	280	3,683
920	Supplies & Materials (Non- Fund)	739,825	416	3.32%	24,557	-60,046	704,752	-15	3.20%	22,526	-45,986	681,277
921	Printing & Reproduction	23,640	0	1.70%	403	-339	23,704	0	1.80%	427	71	24,202
922	Equipment Maintenance By Contract	182,310	0	1.70%	3,100	-19,052	166,358	-30	1.80%	2,994	2,774	172,096
923	Facilities Sust, Rest, & Mod by Contract	547,285	246	1.70%	9,308	47,488	604,327	-2,761	1.80%	10,828	-3,215	609,179
924	Pharmaceutical Drugs	4,567,371	0	3.70%	168,993	-1,085,437	3,650,927	0	3.80%	138,735	-200,435	3,589,227
925	Equipment Purchases (Non- Fund)	480,709	49	3.09%	14,836	-67,587	428,007	-175	3.31%	14,160	114,597	556,589
926	Other Overseas Purchases	0	0	0.00%	0	41	41	0	2.44%	1	0	42
927	Air Def Contracts & Space Support (AF)	2,533	0	1.70%	43	-2,576	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0
930	Other Depot Maintenance (Non- Fund)	55	0	1.82%	1	987	1,043	0	1.82%	19	3	1,065
932	Mgt Prof Support Svcs	357,248	0	1.70%	6,073	-84,591	278,730	0	1.80%	5,017	-5,000	278,747
933	Studies, Analysis & Eval	73,319	0	1.70%	1,247	-20,705	53,861	0	1.80%	970	-952	53,879
934	Engineering & Tech Svcs	24,344	0	1.70%	414	-16,419	8,339	0	1.80%	150	-2,405	6,084
937	Locally Purchased Fuel (Non- Fund)	2,825	0	-7.29%	-206	-159	2,460	0	-8.17%	-201	246	2,505
955	Other Costs (Medical Care)	889,284	1,568	4.30%	38,285	-259,554	669,583	0	4.65%	31,167	170,550	871,300

Exhibit OP-32, Summary of Price and Program Growth DHP-19

			Foreign	Price				Foreign	Price			
		FY 2015	Currency	Growth	Price	Program	FY 2016	Currency	Growth	Price	Program	FY 2017
		Program	Rate Diff	Percent	Growth	Growth	Program	Rate Diff	Percent	Growth	Growth	Program
957	Other Costs (Land and Structures)	469,835	1,433	1.70%	8,011	-139,191	340,088	0	1.80%	6,122	265,005	611,215
960	Other Costs (Interest and Dividends)	1,157	0	1.73%	20	200	1,377	0	1.82%	25	2	1,404
964	Other Costs (Subsistence and Support of Persons)	9,573	0	1.70%	163	-5,917	3,819	0	1.81%	69	0	3,888
984	Equipment Contracts	39	0	2.56%	1	-40	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0
986	Medical Care Contracts	13,842,815	2,135	3.70%	512,264	-614,705	13,742,509	-78	3.80%	522,212	1,307,398	15,572,041
987	Other Intra-Govt Purch	467,775	0	1.70%	7,952	-157,227	318,500	0	1.80%	5,732	76,977	401,209
988	Grants	65,700	0	1.70%	1,117	-17,711	49,106	0	1.80%	884	-1,019	48,971
989	Other Services	512,046	565	1.70%	8,714	138,259	659,584	-9,144	1.80%	11,708	-8,678	653,470
990	IT Contract Support Services	924,636	0	1.70%	15,719	75,495	1,015,850	-254	1.80%	18,281	35,578	1,069,455
	TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	24,559,939	6,412		827,126	-2,216,848	23,176,629	-12,659		799,755	1,754,207	25,717,932
	Total	30,669,526	6,660		893,700	-1,782,859	29,787,027	-12,667		883,421	1,573,609	32,231,390

### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Personnel Summary

				Change
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2016/2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	83,083	84,104	84,167	<u>63</u>
Officer	31,108	31,396	31,444	48
Enlisted	51,975	52,708	52,723	15
Civilian End Strength (Total)	63,473	66,264	64,781	-1,483
U.S. Direct Hire	60,925	63,621	62,352	-1,269
Foreign National Direct Hire	1,153	972	972	0
Total Direct Hire	62,078	64,593	63,324	-1,269
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,395	1,671	1,457	-214
Memo: Reimbursable Civilians Included	208	207	207	0
Active Military Average Strength (A/S) (Total)	83,771	83,597	84,137	540
Officer	31,259	31,255	31,420	165
Enlisted	52,512	52,342	52,717	375
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	61,282	65,012	62,998	-2,014
U.S. Direct Hire	58,799	62,438	60,638	-1,800
Foreign National Direct Hire	1,124	945	945	0
Total Direct Hire	59,923	63,383	61,583	-1,800
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,359	1,629	1,415	-214
Memo: Reimbursable Civilians Included	201	206	206	0
Contractor FTEs (Total)	21,493	20,450	19,878	-572

**Personnel Summary Explanations** Note: Some numbers do not add due to rounding.

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### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Physicians' Comparability Allowance Worksheet

### Physicians' Comparability Allowance (PCA) Worksheet

### [Department: Component] MEDCOM: Army

### Table 1

		PY 2015 (Actual)	CY 2016 (Estimates)	BY 2017* (Estimates)
1) Number of Physicians Rec	eiving PCAs	9	10	10
2) Number of Physicians with	One-Year PCA Agreements	0	0	0
3) Number of Physicians with	Multi-Year PCA Agreements	9	10	10
4) Average Annual PCA Phys	\$155,039	\$158,759	\$162,570	
5) Average Annual PCA Payr	nent	\$22,623	\$24,207	\$25,901
	Category I Clinical Position	0	0	0
6) Number of Physicians	Category II Research Position	9	10	10
Receiving PCAs by	Category III Occupational Health	0	0	0
Category (non-add)	Category IV-A Disability Evaluation	0	0	0
	Category IV-B Health and Medical Admin.	0	0	0

\*FY 2017 data will be approved during the FY 2018 Budget cycle.

7) If applicable, list and explain the necessity of any additional physician categories designated by your agency (for categories other than I through IV-B). Provide the number of PCA agreements per additional category for the PY, CY and BY.

N/A. All other categories are in PDPP.

8) Provide the maximum annual PCA amount paid to each category of physician in your agency and explain the reasoning for these amounts by category.

Max PCA for Category II = \$30,000

### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Physicians' Comparability Allowance Worksheet

9) Explain the recruitment and retention problem(s) for each category of physician in your agency (this should demonstrate that a current need continues to persist).

(Please include any staffing data to support your explanation, such as number and duration of unfilled positions and number of accessions and separations per fiscal year.)

PCA along with the 3Rs, (Recruitment, Relocation and Retention Incentives) has negated our retention problems. All our employees receiving PCA are multiyear agreements. PCA allows the Command to craft compensation packages that are

competitive with the local market points in the area.

10) Explain the degree to which recruitment and retention problems were alleviated in your agency through the use of PCAs in the prior fiscal year.

(Please include any staffing data to support your explanation, such as number and duration of unfilled positions and number of accessions and separations per fiscal year.)

Because of the use of PCA we were able to retain our current workforce. Without PCA, our losses, other than normal attrition,

would increase and severely impact our ability to accomplish our research mission. PCA allows for competitive compensation packages that allow us to attract, recruit and retain quality research professionals.

11) Provide any additional information that may be useful in planning PCA staffing levels and amounts in your agency.

Because of PDPP, PCA use has been reduced to a minimal level. Continued budget and resources cuts could result in reductions in the use and or need for PCA in FY 2016 and into the future. It may be time to look at changing the law and include the shift of physicians paid under a Lab Demo system into the Physician and Dentist Pay Plan (PDPP) in a future ND

		Budget Acti	vity	
	O&M (01)	RDT&E (02)	Procurement (03)	DHP Total
FY 2016 President's Budget Request	30,889,940	980,101	373,287	32,243,328
In-House Care	9,082,298			9,082,298
Private Sector Care	14,892,683			14,892,683
Consolidated Health Support	2,415,658			2,415,658
Information Management	1,677,827			1,677,827
Management Activities	327,967			327,967
Education and Training	750,614			750,614
Base Operations/Communications	1,742,893			1,742,893
RDT&E		980,101		980,101
Procurement			373,287	373,287
1. Congressional Adjustments	-1,102,913	1,141,351	-7,897	30,541
a) Distributed Adjustments	-1,047,773	1,150,800	0	103,027
b) Undistributed Adjustments	0	0	0	0
c) Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent	0	0	0	0
d) General Provisions	-55,140	-9,449	-7,897	-72,486
FY 2016 Appropriated Amount	29,787,027	2,121,452	365,390	32,273,869
In-House Care	8,804,422			8,804,422
Private Sector Care	14,387,402			14,387,402
Consolidated Health Support	2,153,327			2,153,327
Information Management	1,649,614			1,649,614
Management Activities	325,908			325,908
Education and Training	727,864			727,864
Base Operations/Communications	1,738,490			1,738,490
RDT&E		2,121,452		2,121,452
Procurement			365,390	365,390
2. OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted	272,704			272,704

Exhibit PB-31D, Summary of Increases and Decreases DHP-25

3. Fact-of-Life Changes	0	0	0	0
a) Functional Transfers	0	0	0	0
1) Transfers In	0			0
2) Transfers Out	0			0
b) Technical Adjustments	0	0	0	0
1) Increases	0			0
2) Decreases	0			0
c) Emergent Requirements	0	0	0	0
1) One-Time Costs	0			0
2) Program Growth	0			0
3) Program Reductions	0			0
2016 Baseline Funding	30,059,731	2,121,452	365,390	32,546,573
In-House Care	8,869,571			8,869,571
Private Sector Care	14,579,612			14,579,612
Consolidated Health Support	2,162,787			2,162,787
Information Management	1,649,614			1,649,614
Management Activities	325,908			325,908
Education and Training	733,749			733,749
Base Operations/Communications	1,738,490			1,738,490
RDT&E		2,121,452		2,121,452
Procurement			365,390	365,390
4. Reprogrammings (requiring 1415 Actions)	0	0	0	0
a) Increases				
b) Decreases				
5. Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations	-272,704	0	0	-272,704

FY

Exhibit PB-31D, Summary of Increases and Decreases DHP-26

	Budget Activity					
	O&M (01)	RDT&E (02)	Procurement (03)	DHP Total		
Current Estimate for FY 2016	29,787,027	2,121,452	365,390	32,273,869		
In-House Care	8,804,422			8,804,422		
Private Sector Care	14,387,402			14,387,402		
Consolidated Health Support	2,153,327			2,153,327		
Information Management	1,649,614			1,649,614		
Management Activities	325,908			325,908		
Education and Training	727,864			727,864		
Base Operations/Communications	1,738,490			1,738,490		
RDT&E		2,121,452		2,121,452		
Procurement			365,390	365,390		
6. Price Change	870,754	38,186	10,462	919,402		
7. Transfers	7,459	0	0	7,459		
a) Transfers In	19,859	0	0	19,859		
b) Transfers Out	-12,400	0	0	-12,400		
8. Program Increases	2,376,825	35,931	82,333	2,495,089		
a) Annualization of New FY 2016 Program				0		
b) One-Time FY 2017 Increases				0		
c) Program Growth in FY 2017	2,376,825	35,931	82,333	2,495,089		
9. Program Decreases	-810,675	-1,372,662	-44,966	-2,228,303		
a) Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases				0		
b) One-Time FY 2016 Increases				0		
c) Program Decreases in FY 2017	-810,675	-1,372,662	-44,966	-2,228,303		
FY 2017 Budget Request	32,231,390	822,907	413,219	33,467,516		
In-House Care	9,240,160			9,240,160		
Private Sector Care	15,738,759			15,738,759		

Exhibit PB-31D, Summary of Increases and Decreases DHP-27

Consolidated Health Support	2,367,759			2,367,759
Information Management	1,743,749			1,743,749
Management Activities	311,380			311,380
Education and Training	743,231			743,231
Base Operations/Communications	2,086,352			2,086,352
RDT&E		822,907		822,907
Procurement			413,219	413,219

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: This Budget Activity Group provides for the delivery of medical and dental care plus pharmaceuticals received by Department of Defense eligible beneficiaries in Military Treatment Facilities and Dental Treatment Facilities in the Continental United States (CONUS) and Outside the Continental United States (OCONUS). This program includes the following:

**Care in Department of Defense Medical Centers, Hospitals and Clinics** – Resources medical care in CONUS and OCONUS facilities which are staffed and equipped to provide inpatient and outpatient care for both surgical and medical conditions for Military Health System beneficiaries.

**Dental Care** - Resources dental care and services in CONUS and OCONUS for authorized personnel through the operation of hospital departments of dentistry, installation dental clinics and regional dental activities.

**Pharmaceuticals** - Resources pharmaceuticals specifically identified and measurable to the provision of pharmacy services in CONUS and OCONUS facilities.

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

The In-House Care Budget Activity Group includes staffing to provide medical and dental care in military facilities which provide the full range inpatient and ambulatory medical and dental care services. In addition to medical and dental care, this Budget Activity Group also includes medical center laboratories, substance abuse programs, facility on-the-job training/education programs and federal health care sharing agreements. This Budget Activity Group excludes operation of management headquarters for TRICARE Regional Offices, deployable medical and dental units and health care resources devoted exclusively to teaching.

In-House Care IHC-29

### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	_	FY 2016					
		Congressional Action					
	FY 2015	Budget				Current	FY 2017
A. <u>BA Subactivities</u>	Actual	Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
1. MEDCENs, Hospitals &			-217,736	-3.4	6,225,080		
Clinics (CONUS)	6,085,206	6,442,816				6,225,080	6,573,934
2. MEDCENs, Hospitals &	419,653	503,688	-60,140	-11.9	443,548	443,548	462,347
Clinics (OCONUS)							
3. Pharmaceuticals (CONUS)			0	0.0	1,480,323		
	1,462,857	1,480,323				1,480,323	1,533,892
4. Pharmaceuticals	136,872	132,683	0	0.0	132,683	132,683	140,966
(OCONUS)							
5. Dental Care (CONUS)	472,197	461,647	0	0.0	461,647	461,647	479,107
6. Dental Care (OCONUS)	45,572	61,141	0	0.0	61,141	61,141	49,914
Total	8,622,357	9,082,298	-277,876	-3.1	8,804,422	8,804,422	9,240,160

1. FY 2015 actual includes \$111.9M for Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO).

2. FY 2015 actual does not reflect Department of Defense (DoD) Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) of \$1,400.7M (O&M only).

3. FY 2016 current estimate excludes \$65.1M for OCO.

4. FY 2016 current estimate does not reflect DoD MERHCF of \$1,525.2M (O&M only).

5. FY 2017 estimate excludes \$95.4M for OCO.

6. FY 2017 estimate does not reflect DoD MERHCF of \$1,581.3M (O&M only).

### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	Change	Change
B. Reconciliation Summary		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	9,082,298	8,804,422
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-217,736	
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)	-60,140	
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	8,804,422	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	8,804,422	
Supplemental	65,149	
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		213,740
Functional Transfers		-11,771
Program Changes		233,769
Current Estimate	8,869,571	9,240,160
Less: Wartime Supplemental	-65,149	
Normalized Current Estimate	8,804,422	

### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
FY	2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)		9,082,298
1.	Congressional Adjustments		-277,876
	a. Distributed Adjustments		
	<ol> <li>Overestimation of Civilian Full-time Equivalent Targets.</li> </ol>	-87,300	
	2) Removal of One-Time Fiscal Year 2016 Increases.	-75,217	
	3) Consolidated Health Plan Unauthorized.	-29,719	
	4) Other Costs Unjustified Growth.	-22,500	
	5) Excess Travel Growth.	-3,000	
	b. Undistributed Adjustments		
	c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
	d. General Provisions		
	1) Section 8077 Favorable Foreign Exchange Rates.	-60,140	
	2016 Appropriated Amount		8,804,422
2.	OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		65,149
	a. OCO and Other Supplemental Requested		
	1) OCO	65,149	
	Fact-of-Life Changes		
	2016 Baseline Funding		8,869,571
	Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
-	vised FY 2016 Estimate		8,869,571
5.	Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and		-65,149
	Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		
	2016 Normalized Current Estimate		8,804,422
	Price Change		213,740
7.	Functional Transfers		-11,771
	a. Transfers In		
	<ol> <li>Army Service Treatment Record Transfer Shipping Costs from IMCOM to MEDCOM:</li> </ol>	393	
	Transfer funds from the Army Installation Command		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		(IMCOM) to the Defense Health Program, Army Medical Command (MEDCOM)for the shipment of Service Treatment Records (STR) to the Department of Veteran Affairs. Beginning in 2006, MEDCOM assumed responsibility for the transfer of STR/HTR for the U.S. Army. However, IMCOM has continued to budget for the shipping costs associated with this mission and transferred funds to MEDCOM during the year of execution. Transfer of funds implements agreement for MEDCOM to begin funding the transfer of all Army STRs to the Department of Veteran Affairs.		
		ansfers Out		
	1)	Project Families Overcoming Under Stress (FOCUS): Transfers contract support funding for Project FOCUS services from the Defense Health Program, Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery to the Office of the Secretary of Defense - Military Community and Family Policy. Project FOCUS is a pre-clinical, non-medical family psychological health program managed by commands outside of the Military Health System. Commands include the Special Operations Command (through the Preservation of the Force and Family initiative), the Marine and Family Programs Division of Marine Corps Community Services, and the Navy Fleet and Family Support Centers that fall under the cognizance of the Commander, Naval Installations Command.	-9,449	
	2)	Transfer of the United States Marine Corps (USMC) Service Treatment Record Cell to the USMC: Transfer funds from the Defense Health Program, Navy	-2,715	

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# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

process improvement.

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	2)	Equipment: Adjusts equipment funding to meet the average life- cycle replacement rate of eight years. The FY 2016 In-House Care equipment baseline funding request is \$323.1M.	92,577	
	3)	Military Health System Transformation to a High Reliability Organization: Military Health System (MHS) Review directed by the Secretary of Defense in May 2014. In response to the MHS Review, the Department of Defense has been on a journey to transform the MHS - a global, comprehensive, integrated system that includes combat medical services, force health readiness, a health care delivery system, public health activities, medical education and training, and medical research and development - to a high reliability organization (HRO). An HRO promotes a single-minded focus by the entire workforce on identifying problems and high- risk situations before they lead to an adverse event. In the In-House Care, funding is provided for several MHS Review initiatives including the following:	41,714	
		Program Integration Office (PIO): Contractual support to provide robust performance management of the action plans developed based on the result of the MHS Review and for the capability for continuous		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases Clinical Obstetric Emergency Simulators (COES) equipment placement at all 50 MTFs that provide obstetrical services: COES is a package of simulator technology, scenario-based training, performance measurement and debriefing tools masterfully combined to build medical staff competencies in obstetric emergencies.	Amount	Totals
National Surgical Quality Improvement Program (NSQIP): Membership for all inpatient Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs) with sufficient volume to participate in the Essential and Procedure Targeted Programs.		
Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC) Benchmarking Program: Contributes to the reduction of surgical morbidity and the enhancement of clinical quality and safety at Military Treatment Facilities with an ASC.		
Global Trigger Tool (GTT) requirement: Will assist in pinpointing safety concerns that need a more intensive review at the Military Treatment Facility level.		
The FY 2016 In-House Care baseline funding is \$8,704.4M. The FY 2016 In-House Care baseline staffing is 48,059 civilian FTEs and 12,172 contractor FTEs. 4) Increase in Military Treatment Facilities (MTF)	29,892	
		In Hougo Caro

C.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	Pharmacy Supplies Due to Changes in Retail Pharmacy		
	Co-Pays:		
	Provides additional pharmacy funds for projected		
	increased demand within the Military Treatment		
	Facility (MTF) pharmacies due to an expected shift in		
	beneficiaries' preference for MTF pharmacies as a		
	result of legislation increasing retail pharmacy co-		
	pays. The FY 2016 In-House Care pharmacy baseline		
	funding is \$1,613.0M.		
	5) Nurse Advice Line:	26,500	
	Realigns funds from the Consolidated Health Support		
	to the In-House Care for the Nurse Advice Line (NAL).		
	The NAL provides beneficiaries 24/7 telephonic access		
	to a registered nurse for healthcare advice. The NAL		
	assists callers in making informed decisions about		
	self-care at home and when to see a health care		
	provider. The FY 2016 CONUS Medical Care baseline		
	funding is \$6,225.1M. The FY 2016 In-House Care		
	baseline staffing is 48,059 civilian FTEs and 12,172 contractors.		
	6) Clinical Pharmacists:	24 426	
	Incremental increase to Clinical Pharmacist programs	24,426	
	in support of Assistant Secretary of Defense for		
	Health Affairs memo establishing safeguards and risk		
	mitigation strategies for all beneficiaries. Funds		
	expand the role of the clinical pharmacists and		
	provides additional training in the management of		
	high risk patients to include proper medication		
	reconciliation and restriction of medication when		
	appropriate. The FY 2016 CONUS and OCONUS MEDCENS,		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Hospitals and Clinics baseline funding is \$6,668.6M.		
	7)	Patient Safety Manager Staffing Support:	15,367	
		Realigns funds from the Consolidated Health Supportto		
		the In-House Care to add staff to the Patient Safety		
		Manager Program. The Department of Defense Patient		
		Safety Program is a complete program with the goal of		
		creating a culture of patient safety and quality		
		within the Military Health System (MHS). The program		
		encourages a systems approach to creating a safer		
		patient environment; engaging MHS leadership;		
		promoting collaboration among all three Services; and		
		fostering trust, transparency, teamwork and		
		communication. The program's mission is to end		
		preventable patient harm by engaging, educating and		
		equipping patient-care teams to put evidence-based		
		safe practices in place across the organization. The		
		FY 2016 In-House Care baseline funding is \$8,804.4M.		
		The FY 2016 In-House Care baseline staffing is 48,059		
		civilian FTEs and 12,172 contractors.		
	8)	Continuing Medical Education:	12,262	
		Participation in conferences and similar events is		
		critical to our ability to share information and		
		break down barriers that block innovations.		
		Excessive restrictions on conference participation		
		and attendance by DoD Personnel have become		
		counterproductive undermining the professional		
		development for the medical community. Funds were		
		realigned within In-House Care to increase travel		
		which ensures Continuing Medical Education		
		credentialing requirements are met for clinical		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	staff. To achieve the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs') goal of becoming a High Reliability Organization, continuous training and improved skills are required. Collaborative training events provide clinical staff the opportunity to learn the latest standards alongside their civilian peers and remain current on standards of care. Training also allows components to remain competitive in the areas of recruitment and retention of the best clinicians available. The FY 2016 In-House Care travel baseline funding is \$71.2M.		
	<ul> <li>9) Enhanced Healthcare Services:</li> <li>A decrease in the number of active duty service members has resulted in a 20 - 25 percent reduction in demand for services in the Wounded Warrior Program. This reduction makes funds available from the Consolidated Health Support to the In-House Care to enhance healthcare delivery platforms by expanding various avenues to care to include face-to-face appointments, direct access to physical therapy as well as supports the behavioral health optimization program. Resources facilitate the development of Common Cause Analysis of recent safety events, assess barriers to implementation of safety principles and provide focused safety education to facility leaders as we evolve to a High Reliability Organization. The FY 2016 In-House Care baseline funding is \$8,804.6M. The FY 2016 In-House Care staffing baseline is 48,059 civilian FTEs and 12,172 contractor FTEs.</li> </ul>	8,292	
	10) TRICARE Clinic (TC) Suffolk, Virginia:	6,003	

#### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

#### C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases

The Tidewater Enhanced Multi-Service Market (eMSM) plans to increase enrollment space in the direct care system and decrease enrollment to the private sector care system in the Tidewater (Suffolk), Virginia area. Current military treatment facilities (MTF) in the area are filled to capacity and cannot accept further enrollment. These funds provide for the establisment of an additional MTF-ran TRICARE Clinic (TC) in leased commercial space off-base in the Suffolk, VA area allowing for the potential recapture of over 12,000 beneficiaries currently enrolled to private sector providers within the managed care contractor's private sector care network. Not only will this initiative potentially save money by having the patients treated in the less costly direct care system, it allows for these new enrollees to enroll to a Patient Centered Medical Home (PCMH) which provides comprehensive and integrated primary and specialty care, reduces emergency room/urgent care visits, improves patient and provider satisfaction and achieves better quality of care. Cost avoidance is achieved by treating the patient in the most appropriate setting (family practice clinic versus emergency room) and by providing comprehensive care which allows for earlier detection of medical conditions and better management of chronic conditions to reduce costly acute care episodes. Within the In-House Care, these funds provide for PCMH staffing which includes internal/family practice physicians, nursing staff, pharmacy, immunization

Amount

Totals

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
clinic and other health care professionals and		
capabilities comprised of 46 health care contractors		
(\$4.6M annually: 7 Internal Medicine, Family		
Practice, Pediatric and Behavioral Health Clinicians,		
2 nurse practitioners/physician assistants, 4		
registered nurses, 4 pharmacists, 23 support staff		
and 6 administrative staff). This funding also		
includes a \$1M equipment requirement to outfit the TC		
Suffolk. The FY 2016 CONUS Medical Care baseline		
funding is \$6,225.1M. The FY 2016 In-House Care		
baseline staffing is 48,059 civilian FTEs and 12,172		
contractors.		
11) Secure Messaging for Military Treatment Facility	4,226	
(MTF) Beneficiaries:		
Realigns funds from the Consolidated Health Support		
to the In-House Care for Secure Messaging. Secure		
Messaging gives beneficiaries the ability to contact		
their health care team from any location at any time		
of the day by safely sending a message.		
Beneficiaries can contact their primary care clinic		
to request prescription renewals, receive test and		
laboratory results, request appointments and		
referrals, obtain guidance from their medical team by		
email, consult with their medical team regarding non-		
urgent health matters, avoid unnecessary office		
visits and telephone calls and access valuable health		
information online. The FY 2016 In-House Care		
baseline funding is \$8,804.4M. The FY 2016 In-House		
Care baseline staffing is 48,059 civilian FTEs and		
12,172 contractor FTEs.		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	12) Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendment	1,562	
	Compliance:		
	Realigns funds from Consolidated Health Support to		
	In-House Care to consolidate execution of the		
	Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendment of 1988		
	(CLIA) oversight for Army Medical Command, Navy		
	Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and Air Force Medical		
	Service under the Defense Health Agency. The		
	objective of the CLIA program is to ensure quality		
	laboratory testing performed at all laboratory		
	entities. The FY 2016 In-House Care baseline funding		
	is \$8,804.4M.		
9.	Program Decreases		-155,467
	a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		
	b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
	c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		
	1) Delay in Hiring Civilian Personnel:	-34,613	
	Reduces the In-House Care civilian program by 62 FTEs		
	due to hiring lag time for medical personnel during		
	the past two fiscal years. FY 2016 In-House Care		
	civilian compensation baseline funding is \$4,176.5M.		
	FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing is 48,059 FTEs.		
	2) Two Fewer Civilian Paid Days:	-32,272	
	In accordance with OMB Circular A-11, Section 85.5c,		
	reduction in civilian pay to account for two fewer		
	paid days in FY 2017 (260 paid days) than in FY 2016		
	(262 paid days). The FY 2016 In-House Care civilian		
	pay baseline is \$4,176.5M. The FY 2016 In-House Care		
	baseline civilian staffing is 48,059 civilian FTEs.		
	3) Army Civilian Human Resource Agency (CHRA) Bill	-27,344	

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Increase Based on Population Served:		
		Realigns funds from the In-House Care to the Base		
		Operating Support to cover the total requirement of		
		Army MEDCOM's CHRA bill. The increased CHRA bill is		
		based on the larger population cited by CHRA. The FY		
		2016 Army In-House Care civilian baseline funding is		
		\$2,696.2M. The FY 2016 staffing is 48,059 civilian		
		FTEs.		
	4)	Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&T) Equipment	-23,711	
		Requirements:		
		Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&T) equipment		
		investments in the FY 2017 program are reduced to		
		accept risk in funding requirements due to proper		
		alignment of funding with Restoration and		
		Modernization and MILCON projects and lengthy		
		duration of planned projects for facility		
		modernization or construction time lines. FY 2016		
		In-House Care IO&T baseline funding is \$232.7M.		
	5)	Defense Health Agency - National Capital Region	-14,705	
		Directorate Manpower Realignment:		
		Realigns Defense Health Agency-National Capital		
		Region (DHA-NCR) manpower and associated funding for		
		proper execution including Information and Management		
		(+\$4.1M), Consolidated Health Support(+\$3.6M), Base		
		Operations(+\$7.4M) and Education and Training (-		
		\$0.4M). The FY 2016 DHA-NCR In-House Care civilian		
		baseline funding is \$384.7M. FY 2016 DHA-NCR		
		staffing is 3,996 civilian FTEs.		
	6)	Duplicate Identity Detection, Resolution and	-8,000	
		Prevention:		

C. Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases Realigns funds from the In-House Care to Defense Human Resource Activity to support Duplicate Identity Detection, Resolution and Prevention Program. FY 2016 In-House Care baseline funding is \$8,804.4M.	Amount	Totals
7)	Realign Army Defense Health Program (DHP) Civilian Indirect Hire to Direct Hire: Realigns Army DHP funding and civilian indirect hire fulltime equivalents (FTEs) from In-House Care to Consolidated Health Support civilian US direct hire, in support of Army's Health Care Acquisition activity. Realignment is necessary to alleviate a longstanding disparity between programmed FTEs, actual FTEs, and increased workload requirements resulting from Army's Grow the Acquisition Workforce Program. The Army's FY 2016 In-House Care civilian personnel baseline funding is \$2,696.2M and the baseline staffing is 31,347 civilian FTEs.	-7,003	
8)	Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&T) Realignments: Realigns IO&T funding from the In-House Carefor proper execution of programs in the Consolidated Health Support (\$4.8M) and the Education and Training (\$1.5M). In the Consolidated Health Support, funds support transition and site preparation requirements for programmed MILCON projects and restoration and modernization projects. In the Education and Training funds support Uniform Service University of Health Sciences for initial preparation for moving into newly renovated educational facilities and purchase of equipment or furnishings within the	-6,904	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
educational facilities restoration and modernization		
program. Funds also transferred to Procurement		
(\$0.264M) for Initial Outfitting MILCON project		
equipment purchases; and to Research, Development,		
Test and Evaluation (\$0.234M) for Initial Outfitting		
for MILCON and restoration and modernization		
projects. The FY 2016 In-House Care IO&T baseline		
funding is \$232.7M.		
9) Secretary of Defense Efficiency:	-807	
Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce funding		
requirements for contracts. FY 2016 In-House Care		
baseline funding is 8,804.4M.		
10) Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) - Supply Chain:	-108	
Defense-wide directed realignment of reimbursable		
funding for the Defense Logistics Agency's Electronic		
Document Access and Wide Area Workflow from overhead		
rates to direct billing of responsible customer.		
This amount reflects the Defense Health Program, In-		
House Care's share of the \$28.7M Defense-wide		
realignment. The FY 2016 In-House Care, supplies and		
materials baseline is \$492.1M.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		9,240,160

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Change FY2015 FY2016 FY2017 FY16-FY15 FY17-FY16 Catchment Area Army 1,788,905 1,758,802 1,730,688 -30,103 -28,115 67,703 67,144 66,457 -559 -687 Coast Guard Air Force 878,368 884,083 888,141 5,715 4,057 Marine Corps 432,962 433,258 431,610 296 -1,647 852,177 852,736 851,820 559 -916 Navy Navy Afloat 255,818 254,978 253,000 -840 -1,978 Other/Unknown 20,937 20,966 20,995 29 29 Subtotal 4,296,870 4,271,968 4,242,711 -24,902 -29,257 Non-Catchment Area 2,032,545 -5,376 2,036,398 2,027,168 -3,853 Army Coast Guard 146,083 145,185 144,149 -898 -1,036 Air Force 1,694,170 1,705,080 1,713,819 10,910 8,738 Marine Corps 299,842 300,514 300,564 672 50 Navv 884,517 887,476 889,794 2,959 2,319 Navy Afloat 48,398 48,233 47,854 -165 -379 Other/Unknown 31,845 31,896 31,944 51 48 Subtotal 5,141,253 5,150,930 5,155,293 9,677 4,363 Total Eligible Population 3,825,303 3,791,347 3,757,856 Army -33,956 -33,491 Coast Guard 213,786 212,329 210,606 -1,457 -1,723 Air Force 2,572,538 2,589,164 2,601,959 16,626 12,796 Marine Corps 732,804 733,772 732,175 968 -1,598 Navy 1,736,694 1,740,212 1,741,614 3,518 1,402 Navy Afloat 304,216 303,211 300,854 -1,005 -2,357 Other/Unknown 52,782 52,863 52,940 81 77 9,438,123 Total 9,422,898 9,398,004 -15,225 -24,894

Population by Service Obligation - Worldwide

1. FY 2015 is actual MHS eligible beneficiaries from DEERS.

2. FY 2016 and FY 2017 are **projected** MHS eligible beneficiaries.

# IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015-2016	FY 2016-2017
Dental Workload (Dental	Weighted Values (1	<u>Actuals</u> DWVs)(from Components)	Estimate	Estimate	Change	Change
CONUS		14,621,724	15,919,400	17,125,636	1,297,676	1,206,236
OCONUS		2,331,096	2,439,304	2,515,468	108,208	76,164
	Total DWVs	16,952,820	18,358,704	19,641,104	1,405,884	1,282,400
CONUS						
Active Duty		11,846,958	12,918,712	13,931,590	1,071,754	1,012,878
Non-Active Duty		2,137,144	2,243,734	2,303,512	106,590	59,778
-	Total CONUS	13,984,102	15,162,446	16,235,102	1,178,344	1,072,656
OCONUS						
Active Duty		1,605,390	1,679,615	1,734,861	74,225	55,246
Non-Active Duty		725,706	759,689	780,607	33,983	20,918
	Total OCONUS	2,331,096	2,439,304	2,515,468	108,208	76,164

				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
				FY 2016	FY 2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	54,095	57,249	57,192	3,154	-57
Officer	19,828	20,048	19,971	220	-77
Enlisted	34,267	37,201	37,221	2,934	20
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	56,187	55,672	57,221	-515	1,549
(Total)					
Officer	20,079	19,938	20,010	-141	72
Enlisted	36,108	35,734	37,211	-374	1,477
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	44,733	48,059	46,511	3,326	-1,548
U.S. Direct Hire	43,146	46,396	44,974	3,250	-1,422
Foreign National Direct Hire	733	609	609	-124	0
Total Direct Hire	43,879	47,005	45,583	3,126	-1,422
Foreign National Indirect Hire	854	1,054	928	200	-126
Memo: Reimbursable Civilians Included	207	207	207	0	0
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in thousands)	86.9	88.3	89.6	1.4	1.3
Contractor FTEs (Total)	13,470	12,172	10,785	-1,298	-1,387

Explanation of changes in Active Military End Strength: The increase from FY 2015 to FY 2016 is attributed to the Air Force's sizing initiative from FY 2015 to FY 2016.

Explanation of changes in Civilian FTEs: The increase projection from FY 2015 to FY 2016 is a result of accelerated hiring goals to correct workforce due to hiring lag over the past two fiscal years. The decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017 reflect actions from a civilian workforce analysis based on Department of Defense guidance to shape a properly sized and highly capable workforce.

Explanation of changes in Contractor FTEs: The decrease from FY 2015 to FY 2016 and FY 2016 to FY 2017 reflect efforts to become more efficient in the reliance on contractor support via consolidation of requirements.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Foreign	Chang	je	-	Foreign	Chang	ge	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	<u>FY 2016/F</u>	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	3,711,528	0	45,466	281,687	4,038,681	0	61,348	-134,997	3,965,032
103 Wage Board	93,924	0	1,151	13,496	108,571	0	1,649	-1,446	108,774
104 FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	29,051	0	356	-3,987	25,420	0	386	-4	25,802
105 Separation Liability (FNDH)	1,434	0	0	0	1,434	0	0	0	1,434
106 Benefit to Fmr Employees	551	0	0	0	551	0	0	0	551
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	723	0	0	0	723	0	0	18	741
121 PCS Benefits	1,098	0	0	0	1,098	0	0	0	1,098
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	3,838,309	0	46,973	291,196	4,176,478	0	63,383	-136,429	4,103,432
308 Travel of Persons	71,270	60	1,213	-1,323	71,220	0	1,282	12,262	84,764
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	71,270	60	1,213	-1,323	71,220	0	1,282	12,262	84,764
401 DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	270	0	-20	96	346	0	-28	35	353
402 Service Fund Fuel	4	0	0	5	9	0	-1	1	9
411 Army Supply	6	0	0	-6	0	0	0	0	0
412 Navy Managed Supply, Matl	588	0	20	- 8	600	0	30	-17	613
416 GSA Supplies & Materials	6,855	188	120	1,014	8,177	0	147	-626	7,698
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	48,823	0	830	175	49,828	0	897	108	50,833
422 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	17,592	0	70	1,679	19,341	0	-77	-1,009	18,255
499 TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	74,138	188	1,020	2,955	78,301	0	968	-1,508	77,761
502 Army Fund Equipment	560	0	0	10	570	0	-1	12	581
503 Navy Fund Equipment	199	0	0	4	203	0	8	-5	206

In-House Care IHC-50

		Foreign	Chang	le		Foreign	Chang	e	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/FY	<u>x 2017</u>	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
505 Air Force	26,062	0	0	15,678	41,740	0	0	-41,740	0
Fund Equip	,	-	-	,	, ·	-	-	, · - •	-
506 DLA Mat	189	0	2	11	202	0	0	9	211
Supply Chain									
(Const & Equip)									
507 GSA Managed	8,790	0	149	20	8,959	0	161	15	9,135
Equipment									
599 TOTAL	35,800	0	151	15,723	51,674	0	168	-41,709	10,133
EQUIPMENT									
PURCHASES									
601 Army Industrial	561	0	44	-605	0	0	0	0	0
Operations									
611 Navy Surface									
Warfare Ctr	0	0	0	828	828	0	27	-12	843
633 DLA Document				4 550					
Services	19	0	0	1,773	1,792	0	26	10	1,828
671 DISA DISN	4	0	0	-4	0	0	0	0	0
Subscription	4	U	U	-4	0	U	0	U	0
Services (DSS)									
677 DISA Telecomm	0	0	0	66	66	0	1	0	67
Svcs -	0	0	0	00	00	0	T	0	07
Reimbursable									
696 DFAS	3,132	0	175	-3,307	0	0	0	0	0
Financial	-,	-		-,	-	-	-	-	-
Operation (Other									
Defense Agencies)									
699 TOTAL DWCF	3,716	0	219	-1,249	2,686	0	54	-2	2,738
PURCHASES									
706 AMC Channel	55	0	1	-56	0	0	0	0	0
Passenger									
719 SDDC Cargo	17	0	7	-4	20	0	0	1	21
Ops-Port hndlg									
771 Commercial	7,095	0	121	-93	7,123	0	128	7	7,258
Transport <b>799 TOTAL</b>									
TRANSPORTATION	7,167	0	129	-153	7,143	0	128	8	7,279
901 Foreign									
National Indirect	32,551	0	399	18,268	51,218	0	778	-8,202	43,794
Hire (FNIH)									

In-House Care IHC-51

		Foreign	Chan	ge		Foreign	Chang	je	
	FY 2015	Currency	<u>FY 2015/F</u>	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
912 Rental	630	0	11	-612	29	0	1	-1	29
Payments to GSA									
(SLUC)									
913 Purchased	810	0	14	8,635	9,459	0	170	-7,360	2,269
Utilities (Non-									
Fund)									
914 Purchased	4,769	0	81	1,283	6,133	0	110	-4,851	1,392
Communications									
(Non-Fund)									
915 Rents (Non-	15,927	0	271	4,234	20,432	0	368	-1,159	19,641
GSA)									
917 Postal	1,031	0	18	-258	791	0	14	262	1,067
Services									
(U.S.P.S)									
920 Supplies &	598,430	233	22,151	-128,731	492,083	0	18,699	-603	510,179
Materials (Non-									
Fund) 921 Printing &									
Reproduction	6,567	0	112	2,504	9,183	0	165	24	9,372
922 Equipment	166,165	0	2,825	-32,457	136,533	0	2,458	-1,427	137,564
Maintenance By Contract									
923 Facilities									
Sust, Rest, & Mod	162,765	0	2,767	-24,333	141,199	-1,192	2,520	10,860	153,387
by Contract									
924									
Pharmaceutical	1,599,729	0	59,190	-45,913	1,613,006	0	61,294	558	1,674,858
Drugs									
925 Equipment	222 100	10	10 205	00.000	202 140	155	10 054	01 505	100 010
Purchases (Non-	333,126	49	12,327	-22,360	323,142	-155	12,274	91,785	427,046
Fund)									
932 Mgt Prof	42 200	0	736	24 999	0 070	0	1 ( 7	4 1 2 0	12 504
Support Svcs	43,320	0	736	-34,777	9,279	0	167	4,138	13,584
933 Studies,	19,207	0	327	7 011	07 445	0	494	420	27,501
Analysis & Eval	19,207	0	321	7,911	27,445	0	494	-438	27,501
937 Locally	4	0	0	387	391	0	-32	41	400
Purchased Fuel	4	U	0	387	391	0	-32	4⊥	400
(Non-Fund)									
955 Other Costs	441,010	1,568	16,375	-150,411	308,542	0	11,725	146,184	466,451
(Medical Care)	, 010	1,500	10,575	-130,411	500,542	0	11,123	110,104	TCF, OOF

In-House Care IHC-52

		Foreign	Chang	ge		Foreign	Chang	je	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
957 Other Costs (Land and Structures)	2,872	0	49	-2,921	0	0	0	0	0
960 Other Costs (Interest and Dividends)	811	0	14	-825	0	0	0	0	0
964 Other Costs (Subsistence and Support of	7,362	0	125	-5,228	2,259	0	41	0	2,300
Persons) 986 Medical Care Contracts 987 Other Intra-	992,827	2,135	36,814	-42,562	989,214	0	37,590	201,861	1,228,665
Govt Purch	8,402	0	143	66,327	74,872	0	1,348	-27,385	48,835
988 Grants	15,565	0	265	-15,829	1	0	0	4,142	4,143
989 Other Services	95,264	211	1,623	75,130	172,228	-4,628	3,017	-23,207	147,410
990 IT Contract Support Services	42,813	0	728	-14,060	29,481	0	531	4,154	34,166
999 TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	4,591,957	4,196	157,365	-336,598	4,416,920	-5,975	153,732	389,376	4,954,053
Total	8,622,357	4,444	207,070	-29,449	8,804,422	-5,975	219,715	221,998	9,240,160

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I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: This Budget Activity Group provides for all medical and dental care plus pharmaceuticals received by Military Health System (MHS)eligible beneficiaries in the private sector. This includes the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS) Program, the TRICARE Managed Care Support Contracts (MCSC), the Uniformed Services Family Health Program (USFHP), the TRICARE Overseas Program, the Supplemental Care Program, TRICARE Mail Order Pharmacy, the National Retail Pharmacy, TRICARE Reserve Select (TRS), which is a premium based program for Reserves and their family members, and various support activities.

**Pharmaceuticals** - Purchased Health Care: Includes pharmaceutical costs associated with contractual pharmacy services providing authorized benefits to eligible beneficiaries via the TRICARE Mail Order Pharmacy Program (TMOP).

**National Retail Pharmacy -** Includes pharmaceutical costs associated with contractual pharmacy services providing authorized benefits to eligible beneficiaries via the TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Program (TTRx). TRRx provides network pharmaceutical prescription benefits for eligible beneficiaries from private sector retail pharmacies.

**TRICARE Managed Care Support Contracts (MCSC)** - Provides a managed care program which integrates a standardized health benefits package with military treatment facilities and civilian network providers on a regional basis. Includes underwritten health care costs provided in civilian facilities and by private practitioners to eligible MHS beneficiaries authorized under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

Military Treatment Facility (MTF) Enrollees Purchased Care - Includes underwritten costs for providing health care benefits to the Military Treatment Facility Prime enrollees in the private sector as authorized under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

**Dental Purchased Care -** Includes the government paid portion of insurance premiums which provides dental benefits in civilian facilities and by private practitioners for the beneficiaries who are enrolled in the Dental Program. Beneficiaries eligible for enrollment are: (a) Active Duty family members and (b) select reservists or individual ready reservist (IRR) and family members.

**Uniformed Services Family Health Program (USFHP) -** Includes expenses associated with delivering the TRICARE Prime benefit based on annually negotiated capitation rates through contracts with designated civilian hospitals in selected markets. Eligible beneficiaries must enroll with the USFHP.

Supplemental Care - Health Care - Provides the TRICARE Prime benefit to Active Duty Service Members and other designated eligible patients who receive health care services in the civilian sector and non-DoD facilities either referred or non-referred from the MTF including emergency care. This program also covers health care sought in the civilian sector or non-DoD facilities due to Active Duty assignments in remote locations under TRICARE Prime Remote. Care to Active Duty members stationed overseas who receive health care in the private sector paid under this program will appear in the Overseas program element.

Supplemental Care - Dental - Provides for uniform dental care and administrative cost for Active Duty members, including eligible mobilized Guard and Reservists, ROTC Students, cadets/midshipmen, and eligible foreign military, receiving dental care services in the civilian sector to include Veterans' Affairs facilities. All dental claims are managed, paid and reported by the Military Medical Support Office (MMSO) or through contractual services.

**Continuing Health Education/Capitalization of Assets (CHE/CAP) -** Provides for support of graduate medical education and capital investment within civilian facilities that provides services to the Military Health System and Medicare.

**Overseas Purchased Health Care -** Includes coverage for delivery of TRICARE Prime benefits in civilian facilities by private sector practitioners to eligible Active Duty and Active

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

Duty Family Members through the TRICARE Overseas Program (TOP). The program also includes health care provided to retiree and retiree family members residing overseas who are eligible under the TRICARE Standard option and Medicare programs. Also includes health care purchased overseas for Active Duty Service Members under the Supplemental Health Care Program.

Miscellaneous Purchased Health Care - Provides for payments of health care services in civilian facilities by private practitioners not captured in other specifically defined elements. Includes administrative, management, and health care costs for Alaska claims, Custodial Care, Continuing Health Care Benefits Program, Dual-Eligible Beneficiaries Program, Defense Health Agency (DHA) managed demonstrations and congressionally directed health care programs, and the TRICARE Reserve Select Program which is a premium based option available to Selected Reservists and their family members. The qualifying Dual-Eligible Beneficiaries claims are paid by the Medicare Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund(MERHCF).

**Miscellaneous Support Activities -** Provides for payments of costs for functions or services in support of health care delivery but not actual health care services. Includes certain contract expenses to monitor health care quality, provide marketing and education services, information management and information technology required to administer and manage all purchased care contract invoicing and accounting, and all other miscellaneous administrative expenses not identified in other purchased health care program elements

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

Approximately 9.4 million Military Health System beneficiaries are eligible to receive care under the private sector care programs, including approximately 2.4 million Medicare eligible beneficiaries. Excluded from the budget figures presented are health care costs for Military Retirees, Retiree Family Members and Survivors who qualify and receive benefits through the Medicare program. These costs are paid from the Medicare Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF). The MCSCs provide a uniform, triple-option health care plan to eligible beneficiaries, allowing them to enroll in the health maintenance

#### II. Force Structure Summary (cont.)

organization (HMO) type plan known as TRICARE Prime, or utilize a civilian preferred provider network (TRICARE Extra), or remain with the Standard Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services benefit (TRICARE standard).

#### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

			Cong	ressional	Action		_
	FY 2015	Budget				Current	FY 2017
A. <u>BA Subactivities</u>	Actual	Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
1. Pharmaceuticals	619,428	852,493	0	0.0	852,493	852,493	966,727
Purchased Health Care							
2. National Retail			0	0.0	1,125,025		900,289
Pharmacy	2,327,367	1,125,025				1,125,025	
3. Managed Care Support			-505,281	-7.8	5,988,495		
Contracts	6,336,000	6,493,776				5,988,495	7,210,017
4. MTF Enrollee Purchased			0	0.0	2,524,033		
Care	2,629,339	2,524,033				2,524,033	2,719,986
5. Dental Purchased Care	324,009	356,647	0	0.0	356,647	356,647	
6. Uniformed Services	489,351	514,464	0	0.0	514,464	514,464	519,325
Family Health Program							
7. Supplemental Care -			0	0.0	1,282,120		
Health Care	1,330,288	1,282,120				1,282,120	1,362,644
8. Supplemental Care -	95,778	142,315	0	0.0	142,315	142,315	91,835
Dental							
9. Continuing Health	330,550	429,909	0	0.0	429,909	429,909	350,815
Education/Capitalization							
10. Overseas Purchased	287,730	303,711	0	0.0	303,711	303,711	303,937
Health Care							
11. Miscellaneous	838,458	713,048	0	0.0	713,048	713,048	867,593
Purchased Health Care							
12. Miscellaneous Support	93,010	155,142	0	0.0	155,142	155,142	104,118
Activities							
Total	15,701,308	14,892,683	-505,281	-3.4	14,387,402	14,387,402	15,738,759

1. FY 2015 actual includes \$214.3M for Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO).

2. FY 2015 actual does not include Department of Defense Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund(MERHCF) of \$8,060.0M (O&M Only).

3. FY 2015 actual does not include Defense Health Program, 14/15 (O&M) Carryover (\$307.1M) pursuant to Title VI of Public Law 113-76, the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2014.

4. FY 2015 actual includes reprogrammings of \$885.5M. Without reprogramming, total is \$16,308.4M.

5. FY 2016 current estimate excludes \$192.2M for OCO.

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

6. FY 2016 current estimate does not include Department of Defense Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund(MERHCF) of \$7,784.6M (O&M Only).

7. FY 2017 estimate excludes \$233.1M for OCO.

8. FY 2017 estimate does not include Department of Defense Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund(MERHCF) of \$8,214.8M (O&M Only).

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	Change	Change
B. <u>Reconciliation Summary</u>		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	14,892,683	14,387,402
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-505,281	
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	14,387,402	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	14,387,402	
Supplemental	192,210	
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		544,275
Functional Transfers		
Program Changes		807,082
Current Estimate	14,579,612	15,738,759
Less: Wartime Supplemental	-192,210	
Normalized Current Estimate	14,387,402	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases FY 2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable) 1. Congressional Adjustments a. Distributed Adjustments	Amount	<b>Totals</b> <b>14,892,683</b> -505,281
<ol> <li>Congressional adjustment for historical under execution.</li> </ol>	-450,000	
<ol> <li>Congressional adjustment for unauthorized health plan consolidation.</li> </ol>	-55,281	
b. Undistributed Adjustments		
c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
d. General Provisions		
FY 2016 Appropriated Amount		14,387,402
2. OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		192,210
a. OCO and Other Supplemental Requested		
1) OCO Supplemental.	192,210	
3. Fact-of-Life Changes		
FY 2016 Baseline Funding		14,579,612
4. Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
Revised FY 2016 Estimate		14,579,612
5. Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and		-192,210
Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		
FY 2016 Normalized Current Estimate		14,387,402
6. Price Change		544,275
7. Functional Transfers		1 100 200
8. Program Increases		1,102,370
a. Annualization of New FY 2016 Program		
b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
c. Program Growth in FY 2017 1) Private Sector Care Healthcare Services:	505,429	
	505,429	
Funds the projected cost increases for services purchased in the private sector. Healthcare costs in		
purchased in the private sector. RealthCare Costs in		
	Derte	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases the private sector began to increase during FY 2015. After no to low-growth healthcare cost increases since 2010, the costs for purchased services began to increase starting in FY 2015. These increased costs for services excludes the costs associated with compound pharmaceuticals experienced in FY 2015. Costs for services purchased in the private sector are projected to continue to grow in future years. The FY 2016 Private Sector Care baseline funding is \$14,387.4M.	Amount	Totals
2) FY 2016 National Defense Authorization Act Urgent Health Care Pilot: In compliance with the FY 2016 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA), Section 725, "Pilot Program on Urgent Care under TRICARE Program," provides funding to change current TRICARE policy to allow TRICARE PRIME beneficiaries the use of private sector urgent care centers without a pre-authorization from their primary care provider. The pilot will run for three years. The FY 2016 Managed Care Support Contract funding baseline is \$5,988.5M.	200,000	
3) TRICARE Reserve Select (TRS): Funds the enrollment of additional eligible beneficiaries into the TRS health plan to comply with the Affordable Care Act. FY 2016 Miscellaneous Purchased Health Care baseline funding is \$713.0M.	127,448	
4) TRICARE Mail Order Pharmacy (TMOP): Funds pharmaceuticals for the TRICARE Mail Oder Program to meet the beneficiaries' projected escalating demand for the low cost home delivery	109,893	

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		pharmaceutical alternative to the more expensive		
		prescriptions filled at the retail pharmacy. The FY		
		2016 TMOP funding baseline is \$852.5M.		
	5)	Mental Health Care Services:	64,600	
		Funds the expansion of mental health care services		
		for active duty family members, retirees and their		
		family members as a result the Department of Defense,		
		within its authority, eliminating quantitative health		
		care provisions to meet the intent of the Mental		
		Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008. The		
		FY 2016 Managed Care Support Contract funding		
		baseline is \$5,988.5M.		
	6)	FY 2017 Health Plan Benefit Proposal to Streamline	57,000	
		Health Plan Options:		
		Provides funds for the start-up costs of a package of		
		Military Health System (MHS) reforms. These reforms		
		are directed at retirees and their family members and		
		are designed to influence patient health care		
		behavior towards the goal of reducing over		
		utilization of services and encouraging the use of		
		Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). To achieve this		
		goal, the MHS is recommending a reduction in the		
		health plan options from the current three choices		
		(Standard, Plus and Prime) to two: TRICARE Select and		
		TRICARE Choice. By streamlining health plan choices, the MHS will significantly reduce redundancies and		
		costs in the administration of the health plans. The		
		FY 2016 Managed Care Support Contracts and MTF		
		Enrollee Purchased Care funding baseline is		
		\$8,512.5M.		
		, JTZ, JTI,		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	7) Force of the Future - Fertility Treatment Benefits:	38,000	
	Enhances the ability of service members, especially		
	those frequently deployed, to have a family by		
	offering elective oocyte (egg) and sperm		
	cryopreservation. This benefit would preserve the		
	family option in the event the service member		
	sustains a line of duty injury that negatively		
	affects reproduction. The FY 2016 baseline funding		
	for TRICARE Managed Care Support Contracts and MTF		
	Enrollee Purchased Care is \$8,512.5M.		
9.	Program Decreases		-295,288
	a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		
	b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
	c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		
	1) Retail Pharmacy:	-233,981	
	Decrease in the amount of pharmacy prescriptions		
	filled from the more expensive retail pharmacies as a		
	result of beneficiaries electing to utilize the low		
	cost TRICARE Mail Order Program or a Military		
	Treatment Facility. The FY 2016 Retail Pharmacy		
	funding baseline is \$1,125.0M.	44 000	
	2) FY 2016 NDAA Pharmacy:	-44,000	
	Incremental reduction for retail pharmacy		
	requirements as a result of the FY 2016 NDAA which		
	authorized the implementation of higher co-pays for		
	the use of retail pharmacy to fill maintenance		
	prescriptions. While retail pharmacy co-pays		
	increase, the TRICARE Mail Order Pharmacy (TMOP)(now		
	mandatory for maintenance medications) co-pays remain		
	low and no co-pay at the military treatment		

c.	Recon	faciliation of Increases and Decreases facilities (MTF) pharmacies. The TMOP and MTF pharmacies are much more cost effective than the retail pharmacies. The FY 2016 Retail and TMOP pharmacy baseline funding is \$1,977.5M.	Amount	Totals
	3)	FY 2017 Proposed Pharmacy Benefit: Reduced retail pharmacy requirements achieved through additional adjustments to co-pay fee structure to provide additional incentive for active duty family members, retirees and their family members to use the low cost TRICARE Mail Order Program or a Military Treatment Facility for pharmaceuticals, to include the lower cost and equally effective generic drugs in lieu of brand name drugs. Proposed increases are phased-in over a 9-year period, and prescriptions will continue to be filled at no cost to beneficiaries at Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). The FY 2016 Retail and Mail Order Pharmacies baseline funding is \$1,977.5M.	-17,000	
	4)	Secretary of Defense Efficiency: Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce funding requirements for contracts. FY 2016 Miscellaneous Support Activities baseline funding is \$155.1M.	-280	
	5)	Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) - Supply Chain: Defense-wide directed realignment of reimbursable funding for the Defense Logistics Agency's Electronic Document Access and Wide Area Work Flow from overhead rates to direct billing of the responsible customer. This amount reflects the Defense Health Program, Private Sector Care's share of the \$28.7M Defense- wide realignment. The realignment for PSC is assessed	-27	

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
against pharmaceutical supplies OP 32 line 924. The		
FY 2016 Purchased Health Care and Retail		
Pharmaceuticals baseline funding is \$1,977.5M.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		15,738,759

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	FY 2015 <u>Actual</u>	FY 2016 <u>Estimate</u>	FY 2017 <u>Estimate</u>	Change <u>FY 2015/2016</u>	Change <u>FY 2016/2017</u>			
Uniformed Service Family Health Services (Non-MERHCF Eligible)	94,522	91,108	93,200	(3,414)	2,092			
DoD Enrollees (Non-MERHCF Eligible)	1,202,893	1,192,873	1,187,496	(10,020)	(5,377)			
Workload <sup>1</sup> for Medical Care and Pharmacy:								
Admissions	306,210	310,635	312,843	4,425	2,208			
Weighted Workload-Inpatient RWPs	288,810	292,983	311,248	4,173	18,265			
Visits	47,237,883	46,830,850	46,295,438	(407,033)	(535,412)			
Weighted Workload-Outpatient RVUs	107,765,566	104,278,789	103,132,011	(3,486,777)	(1,146,778)			
Retail Pharmacy Prescriptions <sup>2</sup>	30,563,574	29,065,959	27,641,727	(1,497,615)	(1,424,232)			
Mail Order Prescriptions25,646,1026,306,6967,044,579660,594737,883Note: (1) Workload includes all non-MERHCF beneficiaries (not just contractor enrollees) who receive care in the private sector care network. (2) Retail pharmacy is declining and mail order is increasing737,883								

due to co-pay fee structure changes approved by Congress to decrease the use of the former and increase the use of the latter.

Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Private Sector Care

# V. Personnel Summary

N/A

Private Sector Care PSC-69

### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Private Sector Care

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

Change Change							
	FY 2015	FY 2015,	/FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016/H	<u>7Y 2017</u>	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Price	Program	Estimate	Price	Program	Estimate
308 Travel of Persons	751	13	-279	485	9	0	494
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	751	13	-279	485	9	0	494
647 DISA Enterprise Computing Centers	3,000	-300	3,946	6,646	-665	-2,209	3,772
671 DISA DISN Subscription Services (DSS)	10	-1	-9	0	0	0	0
699 TOTAL DWCF PURCHASES	3,010	-301	3,937	6,646	-665	-2,209	3,772
771 Commercial Transport	10	0	-10	0	0	0	0
799 TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	10	0	-10	0	0	0	0
913 Purchased Utilities (Non-Fund)	213	4	-217	0	0	0	0
921 Printing & Reproduction	3,996	68	1,446	5,510	99	2	5,611
924 Pharmaceutical Drugs	2,946,795	109,032	-1,078,309	1,977,518	75,146	-185,648	1,867,016
925 Equipment Purchases (Non-Fund)	103	2	-105	0	0	0	0
932 Mgt Prof Support Svcs	26,677	454	-13,667	13,464	242	-154	13,552
933 Studies, Analysis & Eval	6,157	105	-4,288	1,974	36	-24	1,986
986 Medical Care Contracts	12,666,429	468,658	-808,321	12,326,766	468,417	992,107	13,787,290
987 Other Intra-Govt Purch	16,645	283	7,698	24,626	443	7	25,076
989 Other Services	904	15	2,239	3,158	57	-37	3,178
990 IT Contract Support Services	29,618	504	-2,867	27,255	491	3,038	30,784
999 TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	15,697,537	579,125	-1,896,391	14,380,271	544,931	809,291	15,734,493
Total	15,701,308	578,837	-1,892,743	14,387,402	544,275	807,082	15,738,759

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: This Budget Activity Group encompasses nine functions supporting military medical readiness and delivery of patient care worldwide. The nine medical support functions include:

**Examining Activities -** Resources administering physical examinations and performing evaluations of medical suitability for military service. Includes resources required for Armed Forces Examination and Entrance Stations and the Department of Defense (DoD) Medical Examination Review Board.

**Other Health Activities -** Resources organizations and functions that support the provision of health care for Department of Defense beneficiaries. Examples include: central medical laboratories; medical services squadrons; Navy Medicine Regional Commands; public affairs; the Women, Infants and Children Program; humanitarian actions; family advocacy; patient affairs; and contribution of resources for beneficiary health care at the Federal Health Care Center North Chicago, IL.

Military Public/Occupational Health - Resources military public health manpower, supplies, permits, certification and licensure fees, support equipment, and the associated requirements specifically identified for management, direction, and operation of disease prevention and control. Examples include: epidemiology; medical entomology; drinking water safety; monitoring hazardous waste disposal; food and facility sanitation; wellness/health promotion and education; community health nursing; medical intelligence; disease and climate illness; disease prevention and control; hearing conservation; and health and injury surveillance.

**Veterinary Services -** Resources the management, direction and operation of DoD's worldwide veterinary missions, as well as veterinary support requirements for other specified federal agencies. Includes veterinary care of government-owned animals,

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

procedures involving animals in clinical investigation departments, and control of zoonotic and veterinary public health diseases.

Military Unique - Other Medical Activities - Resources unique military medical functions and activities that have a relationship to the size of the military population supported and are not included in any other program elements. Examples of programs include: physiological training units; drug abuse detection laboratories; optical repair and fabrication laboratories; pandemic influenza preparedness; medical logistics offices; medical support offices; medical materiel activities; deployment planning; and plans, operation and training offices in military treatment facilities.

Aeromedical Evacuation System - Resources the operation and administration of the Aeromedical Evacuation System; costs associated with intra- and inter-theater patient transportation; and operations to sustain the Aeromedical Evacuation Epidemiology Laboratory.

Service Support to Other Health Activities - Resources to support USTRANSCOM's Global Patient Movement Requirements Center.

Joint Pathology Center (JPC) - Resources manpower, equipment, facilities, and the associated operation and maintenance of the JPC including pathology education, consultation, and research services provided to the Department of Defense and other Federal Agencies.

Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) Advisory Board Activities - Resources the FACA Advisory Board and subcommittee functions, meetings, support, studies and other activities. FACA is composed of those committees, boards, commissions, councils, task forces and similar groups which have been established to advise officers and agencies in

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

the executive branch of the Federal Government and must follow the regulatory and statutory requirements related to FACA in Title 5 Appendix, United States Code (U.S.C.).

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

Consolidated Health Support includes a variety of programs supporting such functions as examining activities, military public and occupational health, veterinary services, aeromedical evacuation, and various activities that have a relationship to the size of the military population supported and are not included in other Budget Activity Groups.

#### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	_	FY 2016					
			Cong	ressional	Action		
	FY 2015	Budget				Current	FY 2017
A. <u>BA Subactivities</u>	Actual	Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
1. Examining Activities	81,374	92,350	-6,695	-7.3	85,655	85,655	85,914
2. Other Health Activities	752,097	825,655	-105,403	-12.8	720,252	720,252	835,978
3. Military Public /	471,700	517,939	-21,489	-4.2	496,450	496,450	527,666
Occupational Health							
4. Veterinary Services	25,185	34,946	-414	-1.2	34,532	34,532	32,491
5. Military Unique-Other	623,098	861,529	-128,330	-14.9	733,199	733,199	801,371
Med Activities							
6. Aeromedical Evacuation	49,800	54,973	0	0.0	54,973	54,973	55,251
System							
7. Service Support to	1,384	2,359	0	0.0	2,359	2,359	2,396
Other Health Activities-							
TRANSCOM							
8. Joint Pathology Center	21,299	23,952	0	0.0	23,952	23,952	24,721
(JPC)							
9. Support to FACA	1,728	1,955	0	0.0	1,955	1,955	1,971
Advisory Board Activities							
Total	2,027,665	2,415,658	-262,331	-10.9	2,153,327	2,153,327	2,367,759

1. FY 2015 actuals include \$13.0M for Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO).

2. FY 2016 current estimate excludes \$9.5M for OCO.

3. FY 2017 estimate excludes \$3.3M for OCO.

4. The Department of Defense transferred O&M funding of \$117.1 million in FY 2015 and will transfer \$120.4 million in FY 2016 and up to \$122.4 million in FY 2017 to the Joint Department of Defense - Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund established by section 1704 of Public Law 111-84 (National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2010). Additionally, the Department transferred \$15 million of O&M funding in FY 2015 and will transfer the same amount in FY 2016 to the DoD-VA Health Care Joint Incentive Fund (JIF) as required by Section 8111 of Title 38 of the United States Code (USC) and Section 721 of Public Law 107-314 (National Defense Authorization will be transferred to JIF.

	Change	Change
B. Reconciliation Summary		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	2,415,658	2,153,327
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-262,331	
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	2,153,327	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	2,153,327	
Supplemental	9,460	
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		42,233
Functional Transfers		19,230
Program Changes		152,969
Current Estimate	2,162,787	2,367,759
Less: Wartime Supplemental	-9,460	
Normalized Current Estimate	2,153,327	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
FY 2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)		2,415,658
1. Congressional Adjustments		-262,331
a. Distributed Adjustments		
1) Therapeutic Service Dog Training Program	5,000	
2) Wounded Warrior Military Adaptive Sports Program	4,000	
3) Removal of Fiscal Year 2016 Increases	-166,194	
4) Historical Under Execution	-92,750	
5) Supplies and Materials Unaccounted Transfer	-9,387	
6) Legal Support Unjustified Growth	-3,000	
b. Undistributed Adjustments		
c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
d. General Provisions		
FY 2016 Appropriated Amount		2,153,327
2. OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		9,460
a. OCO and Other Supplemental Requested		
1) OCO	9,460	
3. Fact-of-Life Changes		
FY 2016 Baseline Funding		2,162,787
4. Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
Revised FY 2016 Estimate		2,162,787
5. Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and		-9,460
Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		
FY 2016 Normalized Current Estimate		2,153,327
6. Price Change		42,233
7. Functional Transfers		19,230
a. Transfers In	10.000	
1) Armed Forces DNA Identification Laboratory:	19,232	
Transfers funding and responsibility from the		
Department of the Army to the Defense Health Agency		
for the Armed Forces DNA Identification laboratory		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	(AFDIL), Dover, DE for continued execution of these		
	functions under the Armed Forces Medical Examiner		
	System (AFMES) as approved by the Deputy Secretary of		
	Defense on 9 July, 2014.		
	2) Occupational Health/Industrial Hygiene	234	
	Transfers two civilian fulltime equivalents (FTE) and		
	funding for Army occupational health and industrial		
	hygiene program from the Army Materiel Command at		
	Crane Army Ammunition Activity, Crane, IN to Army		
	Medical Command, San Antonia, TX.		
	b. Transfers Out		
	1) Public Safety Dispatcher Positions	-236	
	Transfers funding and responsibility for four public		
	safety dispatcher General Schedule Full Time		
	Equivalent (FTEs)positions from Womack Army Medical		
	Center, Fort Bragg, NC to U.S. Army Garrison, Fort		
0	Bragg, NC.		
8.	Program Increases		267,637
	a. Annualization of New FY 2016 Program		
	b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
	c. Program Growth in FY 2017	165 010	
	1) Health Support Activities:	165,313	
	Provides additional funds for the following		
	Consolidated Health Support Activities:		
	Military Unique Operations (\$83.2M): physiological		
	training units; drug abuse detection laboratories; and		
	optical repair and fabrication laboratories.		
	Other Health Activities (\$59.8M): central medical		
	laboratories; medical service support squadrons; the		
	Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program; and medical		

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	support for family advocacy programs.		
	Military Public Occupational Health (\$18.1M): medical		
	epidemiology and entomology programs; drinking water		
	<pre>safety program; monitoring hazardous waste disposal;</pre>		
	and food and facility sanitation inspection program.		
	These requirements are funded by medical and non-		
	medical personnel contracts and support military		
	active duty and family members at installations world-	-	
	wide. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support		
	baseline funding is \$2,153.3M.		
	2) Support Activities for the Military Health System	63,143	
	(MHS) - Other Health Activities: Provides funds to perform health initiatives such as		
	advanced physical and/or cognitive performance		
	enhancement, screening for mission-related performance		
	vulnerability, occupational hardening and injury	-	
	prevention, and accelerated rehabilitation and		
	recovery. These funds are for contract support for		
	developing standardized guidance; coaching/training of		
	Military Health System personnel; and performance		
	management of the health initiatives. The FY 2016		
	Other Health Activities program funding is \$720.3M.		
	3) Travel:	8,215	
	Provides funds for travel to support military		
	physiological training units, drug abuse detection		
	laboratories, optical repair and fabrication		
	laboratories, and medical logistics offices. The FY		
	2016 Consolidated Health Support travel baseline		
	funding is \$37.9M.	7 002	
	4) Realign Army Defense Health Program (DHP) Civilian	7,003	

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases Indirect Hire to Direct Hire: Realigns Army DHP funding and civilian indirect hire fulltime equivalents (FTEs) to Consolidated Health Support, civilian US direct hire from In-house Care and Information Management, in support of Army's Health Care Acquisition activity. Realignment is necessary to alleviate a longstanding disparity between programmed FTEs, actual FTEs, and increased workload requirements resulting from Army's Grow the Acquisition Workforce program. The Army's FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support civilian personnel baseline funding is \$635.9M and the baseline staffing is 6,675 civilian FTEs.	Amount	Totals
	5)	Pre and Post Deployment Requirements: Funds the sustained baseline requirement for pre and post deployment activities. Increases in the pre and post deployment activities require a higher sustained level of effort over pre 9/11 levels. Includes the Army CONUS Replacement Centers, soldier readiness processing and associated training. Funds post- deployment disease injury reporting, post-deployment occupational and environmental monitoring consults, depleted uranium/metal fragment analysis, laboratory testing, Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System (DOEHRS)- deployment data management and behavioral health epidemiological consultations. The FY 2016 Military Unique - Other Medical Program Element baseline funding is \$733.2M.	6,676	
	6)	Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&T): Realigns IO&T funding from the In-House Care for	4,874	

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		transition and site preparation requirements for		
		programmed MILCON projects and restoration and		
		modernization projects including Fort Gordon, GA; Fort		
		Campbell, KY; Fort Carson, CO; Fort Rucker, AL; and		
		Fort Shafter, HI. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health		
		Support IO&T baseline funding is \$40.6M.		
	7)	Equipment:	4,681	
		Provides equipment funding to maintain health care		
		support equipment lifecycle replacement average rate		
		of eight years at the Joint Pathology Center (\$0.57M),		
		Military Public and Occupational Health activities		
		(\$0.83M), for Military Unique operations (\$1.28M), for		
		Aeromedical Evacuation ( $$0.24M$ ) and at Other Health		
		Activities (\$1.84M). The FY 2016 Consolidated Health		
		Support baseline equipment funding is \$40.8M.		
	8)	Defense Health Program Operations and Maintenance	4,104	
		Equipment Realignment (Memo Entry):		
		Realigns funding within the Consolidated Health		
		Support from supplies and materials to operations and		
		maintenance of equipment for proper execution. The		
		Defense Health Agency's FY 2016 Consolidated Health		
	•	Support equipment baseline is \$40.8M.		
	9)	Defense Health Agency-National Capital Region	3,628	
		Directorate Manpower Realignment:		
		Realigns Defense Health Agency-National Capital Region		
		(DHA-NCR) manpower and associated funding for proper		
		execution including Information and Management		
		(+\$4.1M), Consolidated Health Support (+\$3.6M), Base		
		Operations(+\$7.4M) and Education and Training (-		
		\$0.4M). The DHA-NCR FY 2016 Consolidated Health		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases Support baseline funding is \$60.4M.	Amount	Totals
<ul> <li>9. Program Decreases</li> <li>a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases</li> <li>b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases</li> <li>c. Program Decreases in FY 2017</li> </ul>		-114,668
1) Nurse Advice Line: Realigns funding from the Consolidated Health Support to the In-House Care for the Nurse Advice Line (NAL) to provide patient assistance to beneficiaries utilizing the direct care system. The NAL provides beneficiaries 24/7 telephonic access to a registered nurse for healthcare advice. The NAL assists callers in making informed decisions about self-care at home and when to see a health care provider. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support baseline funding is \$2,153.3M. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support baseline staffing is 9,748 civilian FTEs and 2,602 contractors.	-26,500	
2) Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness Initiative (FIAR): Realigns funding from Consolidated Health Support to the Base Operations and Communication for the Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness (FIAR)Initiative. FIAR provides for the management of the financial business improvement and audit strategy for DoD with the focus on enhancing automated tools for reconciliation and population universes critical to move forward with a successful audit opinion. Provides financial guidance and methodologies to champion DoD wide audit preparation efforts. The FY	-15,500	

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		2016 Consolidated Health Support baseline funding is		
		\$2,153.3M.		
	3)	Patient Safety Manager Staffing Support:	-15,367	
		Realigns funding to the In-House Care from the		
		Consolidated Health Support for the Patient Safety		
		Manager Program. The Department of Defense Patient		
		Safety Program is a complete program with the goal of		
		creating a culture of patient safety and quality		
		within the Military Health System (MHS). The program		
		encourages a systems approach to creating a safer		
		patient environment; engaging MHS leadership;		
		promoting collaboration among all three Services; and		
		fostering trust, transparency, teamwork and		
		communication. The program's mission is to end		
		preventable patient harm by engaging, educating and		
		equipping patient-care teams to put evidence-based		
		safe practices in place across the organization. The		
		FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support baseline funding		
		is \$2,153.3M. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support		
		baseline staffing is 9,748 civilian FTEs and 2,602 contractors.		
	4)	Reduced Requirements in Anthrax/Smallpox	-9,127	
	±)	Biosurveillance:	-9,127	
		Reduced requirements in the Consolidated Health		
		Support (Anthrax/Smallpox Biosurveillance program)		
		make funding available to the Information Management		
		for escalating circuit requirements and Defense		
		Information Systems Agency's (DISA) working capital		
		fund rate adjustments (i.e., DISA Defense Information		
		Systems Network Subscription Services [DSS]). The		
		Signed Heenerik Support Perform bervices [200]). The		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
funding also provides project management support for		
the consolidation of multiple Military Health System		
(MHS) web sites including Pharmacy.mil, Tricare.mil,		
Assistance Reporting Tool (ART.mil) and to complete		
MHS transition of multiple email systems to the		
Department of Defense Enterprise Email System (DEE).		
The FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support baseline		
funding is \$2,153.3M. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health		
Support baseline staffing is 9,748 civilian FTEs and		
2,602 contractors.	0.000	
5) Delay in Hiring Civilian Personnel:	-8,868	
Reduces the Consolidated Health Support civilian		
program by 101 FTEs due to a hiring lag for medical		
personnel during the past two fiscal years. FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support civilian compensation		
baseline funding is \$933.3M. FY 2016 baseline		
civilian staffing is 9,748 FTEs.		
6) Wounded, Ill and Injured (WII) Reduced Requirements:	-8,292	
A decrease in the number of active duty service	0,272	
members has resulted in a 20 - 25 percent reduction in		
demand for services in the Wounded Warrior Program.		
This reduction makes funds available from the		
Consolidated Health Support to the In-House Care to		
enhance healthcare delivery platforms by expanding		
various avenues to care to include face-to-face		
appointments, direct access to physical therapy as		
well as supports the behavioral health optimization		
program. Resources facilitate the development of		
Common Cause Analysis of recent safety events, assess		
barriers to implementation of safety principles and		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		provide focused safety education to facility leaders		
		as we evolve to a High Reliability Organization. The		
		FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support baseline funding		
		request is \$2,153.3M. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health		
		Support baseline staffing is 9,748 civilian FTEs and		
		2,602 contractors.		
	7)	Two Fewer Civilian Paid Days:	-7,340	
		In accordance with OMB Circular A-11, Section 85.5c,		
		reduces civilian pay to account for two fewer paid		
		days in FY 2017 (260 paid days) than in FY 2016 (262		
		paid days). The FY 2016 Consolidated Health Support		
		civilian pay baseline funding is \$933.3M. The FY 2016		
		Consolidated Health Support baseline civilian staffing		
		is 9,748 civilian FTEs.		
	8)	Operational Costs for Facilities Shared Service:	-6,177	
		Realigns funding to Base Operations from Consolidated		
		Health Support to support operations of the Defense		
		Health Agency Facilities Shared Service for optimizing		
		planning, building and standardizing decision making		
		processes for prioritizing military treatment facility		
		construction and modernization projects. The FY 2016		
		Consolidated Health Support baseline funding is		
		\$2,153.3M.	4 000	
	9)	Secure Messaging for Military Treatment Facility (MTF)	-4,226	
		Beneficiaries:		
		Realigns funds to the In-House Care from the		
		Consolidated Health Support for Secure Messaging.		
		Secure Messaging gives beneficiaries the ability to		
		contact their health care team from any location at		
		any time of the day by safely sending a message.		

C.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	Beneficiaries can contact their primary care clinic to		
	request prescription renewals, receive test and		
	laboratory results, request appointments and		
	referrals, obtain guidance from their medical team by		
	email, consult with their medical team regarding non-		
	urgent health matters, avoid unnecessary office visits		
	and telephone calls and access valuable health		
	information online. The FY 2016 Consolidated Health		
	Support baseline funding is \$2,153.3M. The FY 2016		
	Consolidated Health Support baseline staffing is 9,748		
	civilian FTEs and 2,602 contractors.		
	10) Reduced Requirements in Examining Activities and	-4,104	
	Veterinary Services (Memo Entry):		
	A reduction in veterinary missions (due to reductions		
	in deployed footprint requiring fewer working dog		
	support and food/health inspections) reduces		
	requirements within Examining Activities and		
	Veterinary Services program element making funds		
	available for other Military Health System		
	requirements. The FY 2016 Examining Activities		
	baseline funding is \$85.7M.		
	11) Reduced Requirements in Extension of Community Health	-3,822	
	Outcomes (ECHO):		
	A decrease in active duty end-strength has resulted in		
	a lower demand for training of medical professionals		
	on the Extension of Community Health Outcomes (ECHO)		
	program. This reduction makes funding available from		
	the Consolidated Health Support to the Information		
	Management to provide project management support for		
	the Armed Forces Billing and Collection Utilization		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	Solution (ABACUS) that captures third party healthcare		
	provider billing and collections across the Military		
	Health System. Funding supports the completion of the		
	ABACUS transition from a point-to-point server based		
	application to a cloud based platform and continued		
	sustainment. The FY 2016 Other Health Activities		
	program element baseline funding is \$720.3M.		
	12) Secretary of Defense Efficiency:	-2,274	
	Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce funding		
	requirements for contracts. The Consolidated Health		
	Support baseline for Management and Professional		
	Support Services is \$121.0M.	1 5 6 0	
	13) Clinical Laboratory Improvement Compliance:	-1,562	
	Realigns funds to the In-House Care from the		
	Consolidated Health Support to consolidate execution		
	of the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendment of		
	1988 (CLIA) for Army Medical Command, Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and Air Force Medical Service		
	under the Defense Health Agency. The objective of the		
	CLIA program is to ensure quality laboratory testing		
	performed at all laboratory entities. The FY 2016		
	Consolidated Health Support baseline funding is		
	\$2,153.3M.		
	14) Realignment of Rental and Lease Costs:	-1,089	
	Realigns funding to the Base Operations from the	1,000	
	Consolidated Health Support to enable the		
	consolidation of organizations at the Defense Health		
	Headquarters (DHHQ) for proper execution. The FY 2016		
	Consolidated Health Support baseline funding is		
	\$2,153.3M.		
	• •		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
15) Reduced Requirements in Avian Influenza/Pandemic	-420	
Influenza:		
A less than anticipated demand for avian		
influenza/pandemic influenza supplies and materials in		
the Consolidated Health Support (Avian		
Influenza/Pandemic Influenza Program) makes funding		
available to the Education and Training to support		
sustainment operations for the Joint Knowledge Online		
training system that consolidates multiple Military		
Health System component online training systems into a		
single system. The FY 2016 Military Unique - Other		
Medical baseline funding is \$733.2M.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		2,367,759

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	FY 2015 Actuals	FY 2016 Estimate	FY 2017 Estimate	Change FY 2015/2016	Change FY 2016/2017
1)Active Duty Force Structure	1,542,675	1,528,284	1,510,138	-14,391	-18,146
2) Military Entrance Processin Stations Workload (000's)	ng 287	282	303	-5	21
3) Spectacles/Inserts Fabricated (000's)	1,435	1,375	1,324	-60	-51
4) Veterinary Lab Procedures (000's)	180	192	191	12	-1

1) Active Duty Force Structure: The FY 2015 to FY 2016 and FY 2016 to FY 2017 decreases in Active Duty Force Structure support Department of Defense restructuring plans based on changing strategies for the Military Services.

2) The FY 2015 to FY 2016 examining workload levels reflects changes for Navy and Air Force as a result of Department of Defense force rebalancing. Although service missions decrease, Military Entrance Processing applicant workload tends to remain constant or increases in order to produce the qualified accessions. The FY 2016 to FY 2017 increase supports the United States Military Entrance Command applicant workload to produce the qualified accessions to sustain the Department of Defense Armed Forces required manning levels.

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

3) Spectacles/Inserts Fabricated: The FY 2015 to FY 2016 and FY 2016 to FY 2017 decreases are due to the reductions in active duty end strength across the Department of Defense consistent with the reduction in deployments for Combat Operations in Operation Enduring Freedom.

4) Veterinary Lab Procedures: The FY 2015 to FY 2016 increase is due to increased workload estimated by the Department of Defense Food Analysis and Diagnostics Laboratory.

				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
				FY 2016	FY 2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	8,670	8,748	8,758	78	10
Officer	2,731	2,821	2,839	90	18
Enlisted	5,939	5,927	5,919	-12	-8
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	8,862	8,699	8,753	-163	54
(Total)					
Officer	2,813	2,766	2,830	-47	64
Enlisted	6,049	5,933	5,923	-116	-10
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	9,724	9,748	9,439	24	-309
U.S. Direct Hire	9,104	9,164	8,940	60	-224
Foreign National Direct Hire	216	141	141	-75	0
Total Direct Hire	9,320	9,305	9,081	-15	-224
Foreign National Indirect Hire	404	443	358	39	-85
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in	95.8	98.6	100.2	2.8	1.6
thousands)					
Contractor FTEs (Total)	2,624	2,602	3,422	-22	820

Explanation of changes in Active Military End Strength: The increase from FY 2015 to FY 2016 (78) reflects Army (8), Navy (15), and Air Force (55) internal realignments. The increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017 (10) includes a continuation of Army service drawdown (-19), and Navy (-56) and Air Force (85) internal realignments.

Explanation of changes in Civilian FTEs: The FY 2016 increase reflects slower than anticipated civilian hiring actions in FY 2015 reducing the baseline and the adjustment required to execute the FY 2016 FTE requirement. The decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017 reflects actions from a civilian workforce analysis based on Department of Defense

guidance to shape a properly sized and highly capable workforce.

Explanation of changes in Contractor FTEs: The decrease from FY 2015 to FY 2016 is due to declining requirements for Wounded, Ill and Injured (WII) and Traumatic Brain Injury and Psychological Health (TBI/PH). The declining requirements are due to decreases in requirements for Afghanistan AOR. In addition, savings from the implementation of Public Health and Contracting Shared Services have reduced redundancies and increased efficiency especially in personnel contracts. The increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017 is not an actual increase in demand for contractors but a fiscal realignment of funds from non-clinical contract healthcare services for proper execution.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Foreign	Change		-	Foreign	n Change		
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/FY 2017		FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	889,560	0	10,897	15,716	916,173	0	13,917	-23,705	906,385
103 Wage Board	7,848	0	96	679	8,623	0	131	-235	8,519
104 FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	9,365	0	115	-2,396	7,084	0	108	5	7,197
105 Separation Liability (FNDH)	441	0	0	0	441	0	0	0	441
106 Benefit to Fmr Employees	601	0	0	0	601	0	0	0	601
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	75	0	0	25	100	0	0	0	100
121 PCS Benefits	291	0	0	0	291	0	0	0	291
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	908,181	0	11,108	14,024	933,313	0	14,156	-23,935	923,534
308 Travel of Persons	43,449	0	738	-6,269	37,918	-8	682	8,224	46,816
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	43,449	0	738	-6,269	37,918	-8	682	8,224	46,816
401 DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	66	0	-5	-4	57	0	-5	б	58
402 Service Fund Fuel	15	0	-1	-11	3	0	0	0	3
411 Army Supply	36	0	1	-37	0	0	0	0	0
412 Navy Managed Supply, Matl	300	0	10	-188	122	0	6	-5	123
414 Air Force Consol Sust AG (Supply)	43	0	-1	2	44	0	0	1	45
416 GSA Supplies & Materials	1,249	0	21	154	1,424	0	26	0	1,450
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	2,828	0	48	114	2,990	0	54	3	3,047
422 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	1,268	0	5	740	2,013	0	- 8	45	2,050
499 TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	5,805	0	78	770	6,653	0	73	50	6,776

		Foreign	Change			Foreign Change			
	FY 2015	Currency	<u>FY 2015/F</u>	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	<u>FY 2016/FY</u>	2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
503 Navy Fund	0	0	0	26	26	0	1	0	27
Equipment									
506 DLA Mat	118	0	1	0	119	0	0	3	122
Supply Chain									
(Const & Equip)									
507 GSA Managed Equipment	604	0	10	-182	432	0	8	1	441
599 TOTAL									
EQUIPMENT	722	0	11	-156	577	0	9	4	590
PURCHASES									
601 Army	963	0	76	-1,039	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	963	0	76	-1,039	0	U	0	0	0
Operations									
614 Space & Naval	4	0	0	-4	0	0	0	0	0
Warfare Center	-	0	0	-	0	0	Ŭ	0	0
633 DLA Document	77	0	-2	-14	61	0	1	0	62
Services									
634 NAVFEC	0	0	0	15	15	0	-1	2	16
(Utilities and									
Sanitation)									
635 Navy Base	11	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	11
Support (NAVFEC Other Support									
Services)									
647 DISA	278	0	-28	-250	0	0	0	0	0
Enterprise	278	0	-28	-250	0	0	0	0	0
Computing Centers									
671 DISA DISN	15	0	-1	1	15	0	-1	2	16
Subscription	15	0	-	-	15	0	-	2	10
Services (DSS)									
675 DLA	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Disposition									
Services									
677 DISA Telecomm	39	0	1	-40	0	0	0	0	0
Svcs - Reimbursable									
679 Cost			_						
Reimbursable	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
Purchase									
	0 1 2 1	0	4.0	0 100	0	0	0	335	335
680 Building	2,131	U	49	-2,180	U	U	U	335	335

		Foreign	Chang	je		Foreign	Chang	re	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016 Currency FY 2016/FY 2017		Y 2017	FY 2017
<u>OP 32 Line</u> Maint Fund Purch	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
699 TOTAL DWCF PURCHASES	3,525	0	95	-3,511	109	0	-1	339	447
706 AMC Channel Passenger	34,551	0	691	-34,842	400	0	7	1	408
719 SDDC Cargo Ops-Port hndlg	9	0	3	99	111	0	1	1	113
771 Commercial Transport	3,668	0	62	33,353	37,083	0	667	59	37,809
799 TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	38,228	0	756	-1,390	37,594	0	675	61	38,330
901 Foreign National Indirect Hire (FNIH)	23,232	0	285	4,749	28,266	0	429	-6,742	21,953
912 Rental Payments to GSA (SLUC)	16	0	0	320	336	0	6	-332	10
913 Purchased Utilities (Non- Fund)	845	0	14	-279	580	0	10	583	1,173
914 Purchased Communications (Non-Fund)	1,385	0	24	3,978	5,387	0	97	-1,046	4,438
915 Rents (Non- GSA)	3,568	0	61	-255	3,374	0	61	-136	3,299
917 Postal Services (U.S.P.S)	70	0	1	-26	45	0	1	1	47
920 Supplies & Materials (Non- Fund)	89,960	31	1,530	33,736	125,257	-15	2,254	-33,615	93,881
921 Printing & Reproduction	1,975	0	34	-352	1,657	0	30	3	1,690
922 Equipment Maintenance By Contract	7,350	0	125	-2,283	5,192	-30	93	194	5,449
923 Facilities Sust, Rest, & Mod by Contract	7,689	0	131	354	8,174	0	147	48,941	57,262
924	20,847	0	771	38,785	60,403	0	2,295	-15,345	47,353

		Foreign	Chang	je		Foreign	Chang	je	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/FY 2016		FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
<b>OP 32 Line</b> Pharmaceutical Drugs	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Rate Diff</u>	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>
925 Equipment Purchases (Non- Fund)	52,273	0	889	-12,376	40,786	-20	734	4,697	46,197
926 Other Overseas Purchases	0	0	0	39	39	0	1	0	40
930 Other Depot Maintenance (Non- Fund)	51	0	1	350	402	0	7	1	410
932 Mgt Prof Support Svcs	104,176	0	1,771	15,007	120,954	0	2,177	401	123,532
933 Studies, Analysis & Eval	32,777	0	557	-22,268	11,066	0	199	-59	11,206
934 Engineering & Tech Svcs	2,169	0	37	-1,887	319	0	6	0	325
937 Locally Purchased Fuel (Non-Fund)	12	0	-1	165	176	0	-14	16	178
955 Other Costs (Medical Care)	168,709	0	6,242	-95,931	79,020	0	3,003	29,249	111,272
957 Other Costs (Land and Structures)	1,667	0	28	-1,695	0	0	0	0	0
960 Other Costs (Interest and Dividends)	345	0	6	881	1,232	0	22	2	1,256
964 Other Costs (Subsistence and Support of Persons)	46	0	1	358	405	0	7	1	413
986 Medical Care Contracts	169,888	0	6,286	232,592	408,766	-78	15,530	108,923	533,141
987 Other Intra- Govt Purch	50,578	0	860	-35,307	16,131	0	290	61,132	77,553
988 Grants	8,224	0	140	-3,323	5,041	0	91	-5,090	42
989 Other Services	243,090	0	4,133	-43,776	203,447	-4,461	3,582	-8,262	194,306
990 IT Contract	36,813	0	626	-26,731	10,708	0	193 Congolida	3,939	14,840

		Foreign	Chang	e		Foreign	Chang	re	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	<u>2016</u>	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
<u>OP 32 Line</u> Support Services	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>	Rate Diff	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>
999 TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	1,027,755	31	24,552	84,825	1,137,163	-4,604	31,251	187,456	1,351,266
Total	2,027,665	31	37,338	88,293	2,153,327	-4,612	46,845	172,199	2,367,759

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: This Budget Activity Group (BAG) provides for the Health Information Technology resources required to support the Military Health System and includes the following:

Service Medical IM/IT - Resources non-centrally managed, Service Medical Information Management/Information Technology (IM/IT) Programs in the following functional areas: 1) Service medical funded support for Functional Area Applications (service unique information systems); 2) Communications and Computing Infrastructure to include long haul/wide area communications, office automation and video teleconferencing; 3) Related Technical Activities, which includes spectrum management, data administration, development of architectures, facilitation of interoperability and technical integration; and 4) Information Assurance, which includes all efforts that protect and defend information and information systems.

Military Health System IM/IT Support Programs - Resources services in support of the Military Health System Health Information Technology Directorate and can be contracted out or provided by other Department of Defense agencies. Services deliver modifications to contractor owned IM/IT systems to meet Congressional and other medical commercially regulated mandated changes; medical functional IM/IT support personnel; and funding to support centrally managed office automation.

**Tri-Service IM/IT** - Resources the Military Health System (MHS) Health Information Technology (HIT) Directorate. Encompasses services and legacy IT systems that are shared within all components of the Military Health System, excluding the Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR), DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization Program (DHMSM), Defense Medical Information Exchange and Interoperability (DMIX), Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J), Joint Operations Medicine Medical Health Agency

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

Information System (JOMIS) and component specific initiatives supporting their line Services. Resourced activities include: Innovation and Advanced Technology; Infrastructure and Operations; Solution Delivery; Information Delivery; Cyber Security; and Portfolio Management and Customer Relations. These resources are used for program management of Defense Health Agency programs, system and infrastructure sustainment, annual software licensing fees, and software and hardware maintenance fees.

Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) - Resources the Integrated Electronic Health Record Increment 1. The iEHR Increment 1 initiative completed delivery of its defined requirements in FY 2014 and entered sustainment in FY 2015. Based on departmental decision, the iEHR Increment 1 provides for Single Sign On/Context Management (SSO/CM) at the James A Lovell Federal Health Care Center (JAL FHCC). The iEHR Increment's Milestone B was achieved in December 2012, and Milestone C Acquisition Decision Memorandum (ADM) was signed July 2014. During the Milestone C decision, it was decided that the iEHR Increment 1 capability would only be fielded to users at the JAL FHCC and was not authorized for implementation beyond that single site. The iEHR Increment 1 funding will continue in sustainment, post Full Deployment (FD), and includes any additional DoD specific capabilities at the JAL FHCC, as well as DoD staffing for the Interagency Program Office (IPO).

The Department of Defense/ Department of Veterans Affairs (DoD/VA) Interagency Program Office (IPO) was re-chartered on December 5, 2013. The mission focus is addressing and coordinating the establishment of a clinical and technical standards profile and processes for data interoperability to create seamless integration of health data for DoD and the VA. The IPO leverages national and international standards and open architecture design principles to preserve flexibility, and fosters data interoperability with each other and appropriate commercial entities. The IPO enhances existing DoD and VA efforts

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

with the Office of the National Coordinator (ONC) for Health Information Technology within the Health and Human Services (HHS) and other national and international standards organizations and coordinates and monitors the common components required for health data sharing and interoperability. The primary deliverables include technical data interoperability architecture requirements, interface control documentation, terminology standards identification, and data exchange guidance.

Department of Defense (DoD) Healthcare Management System Modernization Program (DHMSM) -Resources the DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM). The DHMSM is a tailored Major Automated Information System (MAIS) program established to acquire and field a configurable and scalable modernized Electronic Health Record (EHR) System. DHMSM will focus on the replacement of DoD legacy healthcare systems including, but not limited to, Armed Forces Health Longitudinal Technology Application (AHLTA), Composite Health Care System (CHCS)(inpatient), and most components of the Theater Medical Information Program-Joint (TMIP-J) program, with an Off-The-Shelf (OTS) EHR System. DHMSM will address the current state of the Military Health System (MHS), where multiple healthcare legacy systems and data stores, developed over decades, are in need of modernization to ensure and enable sustainability, flexibility, and interoperability, for improved continuity of care.

**Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX)** - Resources the Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX). The DMIX provides a complete picture of Service Member medical history to ensure the readiness of our fighting force. While beneficiaries may receive medical care from DoD, they can also receive care from the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and private sector medical facilities, all of which maintain separate medical records documenting care in paper and electronic formats. Consequently, a need exists to improve data sharing among DoD, VA, and private healthcare partners so healthcare providers can

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

view a patient's comprehensive health history via a single data display (viewer) that draws from multiple health record data sources.

The Joint Legacy Viewer- Health Information Portal (JLV-HIP) was the selected tool to meet this need. JLV-HIP is a patient-centric, presentation system that pulls information from disparate health-care systems in real time for viewing in a web browser. The web application provides the ability to view specific clinical data within patients' longitudinal health records stored in electronic medical record systems available to the VA and the DoD and private sector partners. The underlying infrastructure, DES, provides the technical solutions for seamless data sharing with interoperable electronic health records (EHRs) that evolves with national standards.

Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP - J) - Resources the Theater Medical Information Program - Joint that integrates components of the Military Health System sustaining base systems and the Services' medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission in operational environments. TMIP-J is the medical component of the Global Combat Support System providing information to medical and combatant commanders and will transition its modernized functionality to the Joint Operations Medicine Health Agency Information System beginning in FY 2017.

Joint Operations Medicine Health Agency Information System (JOMIS) - Resources the deployment and related sustainment of Medical Information Technology (IT) software to provide integrated medical care information across multiple echelons of operational medicine to combatant commanders in support of time-sensitive decisions for successful operations. JOMIS integrates the medical care information under a joint concept of operations that assists the medical commander/command surgeon to maximize delivery of

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

combat medical care with field medical operations in functional areas including: command and control, medical logistics, patient regulation and evacuation, medical/threat intelligence, healthcare delivery, manpower/training, and medical capabilities assessment and sustainability analysis. Once fully fielded, JOMIS will support the new Electronic Health Record (EHR) and legacy operational medical systems not being replaced by the new EHR. JOMIS will also modernize, integrate, and or replace non-EHR functionality as required by the Capability Development Document.

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

This program funds concept exploration, management and sustainment of automated information systems, communications and computing infrastructure, related technical activities and information assurance supporting military medical readiness and promoting quality healthcare services to members of the Armed Forces, their families, and others entitled to DoD healthcare.

#### III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	_		FY 2016							
			Congi	ressional						
) DJ Gubertinitier	FY 2015	Budget	3	Deveent	Januara i at a d	Current	FY 2017			
A. <u>BA Subactivities</u>	Actual	Request		Percent -2.2	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate			
1. Service Medical IM/IT	555,658	363,095	-7,941		355,154	355,154	355,198			
2. DHP IM/IT Support	87,104	38,417	-1,907	-4.0	36,510	36,510	33,364			
Programs	<b>E12</b> 401			1 6	1 000 510					
3. Tri-Service IM/IT	713,481	1 105 001	-17,165	-1.6	1,090,719	1 000 510				
		1,107,884				1,090,719	1,089,774			
4. Integrated Electronic	61,901	19,500	-1,200	-6.2	18,300	18,300	17,183			
Health Record (iEHR)										
5. DoD Healthcare	56,986	89,188	0	0.0	89,188	89,188	129,969			
Management System										
Modernization (DHMSM)										
6. DoD Medical Information	0	59,743	0	0.0	59,743	59,743	57,268			
Exchange and										
Interoperability (DMIX)										
7. Theater Medical	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	49,857			
Information Program -										
Joint (TMIP-J)										
8. Joint Operations	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	11,136			
Medicine Health Agency										
Information System (JOMIS)										
Total	1,475,130	1,677,827	-28,213	-1.7	1,649,614	1,649,614	1,743,749			

1. FY 2015 actual includes \$0.4M for Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO).

2. FY 2015 actual does not reflect Department of Defense (DoD) Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) of \$5.4M (O&M only).

3. FY 2016 current estimate does not reflect Department of Defense (DoD) Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) of \$0.9M (O&M only).

4. FY 2017 estimate does not reflect Department of Defense (DoD) Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) of \$0.9M (O&M only).

5. FY 2017 increases for Theater Medical Information Program-Joint (TMIP-J) and Joint Operations Medicine Health Agency Information System (JOMIS) and corresponding FY 2017 decease from Tri-Service Information Management/Information Technology are indicated as Memo Entries to show that initial FY 2017 funding for TMIP-J and JOMIS was internally realigned within the Information Management Budget Activity Group.

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

		Change	Change
B. <u>Reco</u>	onciliation Summary		FY 2016/FY 2017
Base	eline Funding	1,677,827	1,649,614
Cong	gressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-28,213	
Cong	gressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adju	astments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Cong	gressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subt	cotal Appropriated Amount	1,649,614	
Fact	-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subt	cotal Baseline Funding	1,649,614	
Supp	plemental		
Repr	rogrammings		
Pric	ce Changes		18,350
Func	ctional Transfers		
Prog	gram Changes		75,785
Curr	cent Estimate	1,649,614	1,743,749
Less	s: Wartime Supplemental		
Norm	nalized Current Estimate	1,649,614	

Information Management INFOM-103

<ul> <li>C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases</li> <li>FY 2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)</li> <li>1. Congressional Adjustments         <ul> <li>a. Distributed Adjustments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Amount	<b>Totals</b> <b>1,677,827</b> -28,213
<ul> <li>a. Distributed Adjustments</li> <li>1) Congressional Adjustment for Removal of Fiscal Year</li> <li>2016 Increases.</li> </ul>	-23,013	
<ol> <li>Congressional Adjustment for National Capital Region Unjustified Growth.</li> </ol>	-4,000	
<ul> <li>3) Congressional Adjustment for Integrated Electronic Health Record Department Identified as excess to Requirement.</li> <li>b. Undistributed Adjustments</li> <li>c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent</li> </ul>	-1,200	
d. General Provisions		
FY 2016 Appropriated Amount 2. OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted 3. Fact-of-Life Changes		1,649,614
FY 2016 Baseline Funding		1,649,614
4. Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		1 640 614
<b>Revised FY 2016 Estimate</b> 5. Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		1,649,614
FY 2016 Normalized Current Estimate 6. Price Change		<b>1,649,614</b> 18,350
<ol> <li>Functional Transfers</li> <li>Program Increases         <ul> <li>Annualization of New FY 2016 Program</li> <li>One-Time FY 2017 Increases</li> <li>Program Growth in FY 2017</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		207,887
1) Theater Medical Information Program-Joint (TMIP-J) (Memo Entry):	53,034	
Information Management INFOM-104		

C.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Realigns funding from the Tri-Service IM/IT Program		
		Element in accordance with Department of Defense		
		acquisition guidance that transitioned the Theater		
		Medical Information Program-Joint (TMIP-J) from the		
		Defense Health Agency to the Program Executive Office		
		(PEO) Defense Healthcare Management Systems (DHMS).		
		Funding supports software maintenance and sustainment		
		efforts for legacy TMIP-J software baselines		
		currently fielded across the Services' communications		
		and hardware platforms. The TMIP-J software provides		
		the following operational medicine capabilities:		
		electronic documentation of clinical		
		inpatient/outpatient encounters; medical		
		surveillance; data reporting, storage and framework;		
		and medical logistics to include patient		
		movement/tracking. TMIP-J is scheduled to go into		
		full sustainment by the end of FY 2016, at which time		
		the Medical Services will deploy the final software		
		release to DoD expeditionary units. The FY 2016		
		baseline funding for PEO DHMS is \$167.2M. The FY 2016		
		baseline civilian FTE staffing is 65 civilian FTEs.		
		The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing is 496 FTEs.		
	2)	Department of Defense Healthcare Management System	43,561	
		Modernization (DHMSM):		
		Funds the deployment of the Department of Defense's		
		Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) to		
		additional military treatment facilities (MTF) after		
		the initial deployment to the Pacific Northwest		
		Region. Additional requirements include system		
		hosting, software maintenance, and help desk support.		
		_ <b></b>		

C. Reconciliation of In	ncreases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
travel for FY	les equipment purchases of \$3.0M, \$0.4M 2017 source selection board activities, IT contract service support. The FY		
DHMS is \$167.2 staffing is 65	funding for Program Executive Office M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		
3) Defense Inform	ffing is 496 FTEs. ation Systems Network (DISN) Cost Consumption Adjustment:	30,089	
Provides addit estimates of D (DISN) service	ional funding based upon future befense Information Systems Network requirements estimated in accordance DISN cost recovery model. The FY 2016		
baseline fundi (DSS)is \$7.9M.	ng for DISA DISN Subscription Services		
Funds the Join Services' medi Improvement (P Health System analytics and provide a sing presenting a c improving pati and patient sa directed by th baseline fundi	r Improvement (P4I) Data Mart: t Defense Health Agency and the cal commands for the Partnership for 4I) data mart to provide the Military (MHS) enterprise with healthcare computational capabilities. P4I will de, governance approved dashboard, eore set of measures for monitoring and ent access to care, quality of care, fety for the medical services as the Secretary of Defense. The FY 2016 ang for the Health Information ectorate is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016	22,733	
	ian FTE staffing is 601. The FY 2016 actor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.		

C.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	5)	Joint Operational Medical Information System (JOMIS) (Memo Entry):	11,130	
		Realigns funding from the Tri-Service IM/IT in		
		accordance with Department of Defense (DoD)		
		acquisition guidance for the Joint Operational		
		Medical Information System (JOMIS) that will replace		
		the legacy Theater Medical Information Program-Joint		
		(TMIP-J) transitioning from the Defense Health Agency		
		to the Program Executive Office (PEO) Defense		
		Healthcare Management System (DHMS). Funding supports		
		planning for procurement and deployment of the new		
		Electronic Health Record and follow-on DoD		
		operational medicine capabilities to expeditionary		
		locations. The FY 2016 baseline funding for PEO DHMS		
		is \$167.2M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE		
		staffing is 65 civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		
		contractor staffing is 496 FTEs.		
	6)	Defense Information Systems Agency Circuit	9,247	
		Requirements, Transition to Defense Enterprise Email		
		(DEE), and Website Consolidation:		
		Realigns funding from the Consolidated Health Support		
		(Anthrax/Smallpox Biosurveillance Program)to the		
		Information Management for escalating circuits		
		requirements to provide the capacity to transmit all service member's electronic healthcare information.		
		Funding also provides project management support for		
		the consolidation of multiple Military Health System		
		(MHS) web sites including Pharmacy.mil, Tricare.mil,		
		Assistance Reporting Tool.mil and to complete the		
		transition of multiple MHS email systems to the		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases Department of Defense Enterprise Email System (DEE). The FY 2016 baseline funding for Health Information Technology Directorate is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE staffing is 601 civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.	Amount	Totals
	7)	<pre>Health Artifact and Image Management Solution (HAIMS): Funds enhanced capability for the Health Artifact and Image Management Solution (HAIMS) to support the Military Treatment Facilities' clinical workflow and service treatment record claims processing. Requirements for HAIMS are greater than planned due to increases in the number of users and database demand. Funds an operational support team to optimize the system performance, perform root cause and historical trend analysis, and proactively monitors after-hour activities to maintain high system availability. These funds are included in IT contracts support services. Information Management's FY 2016 baseline funding for IT contracts support</pre>	5,508	
	8)	services is \$935.8M. Life Cycle Equipment Purchases: Funds equipment purchases to meet Service specific and centrally managed systems requiring life cycle replacements including: Medical Operational Data System, "SNAP" Automated Medical System, Navy Medicine On-Line, Air Force Integrated Framework Health Care Toolset, and the Budget Analysis Evaluation Reporting System-Field Level. Information	5,413	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
Management's FY 2016 baseline equipment purchases funding is \$44.5M.		
9) Military Health Information Technology (IT)	4,300	
Optimization:		
Funds continuing network consolidation and architecture upgrades to optimize the Military Health		
System's (MHS) information architecture environment		
in preparation for future year Defense Health Program		
Information Optimization funding reductions following		
a Department of Defense FY 2016 MHS zero-based		
information technology and management review. The FY		
2016 baseline funding for the Information Management		
is \$1,649.6M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE		
staffing is 1,982 civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing is 4,291 FTEs.		
10) Defense Health Agency-National Capital Region	4,089	
Directorate Manpower Realignment:	1,009	
Realigns Defense Health Agency-National Capital		
Region (DHA-NCR) manpower and associated funding for		
proper execution including Information and Management		
(+\$4.1M), Consolidated Health Support (+\$3.6M), Base		
Operations (+\$7.4M) and Education and Training (-		
\$0.4M). The DHA-NCR FY 2016 Information Management		
baseline funding is \$64.5M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE staffing is 50 FTEs. The FY 2016		
baseline contractor staffing is 215 FTEs.		
11) Office of the Electronic Health Record Transition	3,770	
Management (OETM):	-, -	
Funds the Office of Electronic Health Record		
Transition Management (OETM) to maximize the		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	capability of the new electronic health record to		
	support the Military Health System healthcare		
	requirements. The FY 2016 baseline funding for		
	Health Information Technology Directorate is		
	\$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE		
	staffing is 601 civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		
	contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.		
	12) Armed Forces Billing and Collection Utilization	3,228	
	Solution (ABACUS):		
	Realigns funding from the Consolidated Health Support		
	to the Information Management to provide project		
	management support for the Armed Forces Billing and		
	Collection Utilization Solution (ABACUS) that		
	captures third party healthcare provider/treatment		
	facility billing and collections information for		
	military treatment facilities. Funding supports the		
	completion of the ABACUS transition from a point-to-		
	point server based application to a cloud based		
	platform and sustainment requirements funded under IT		
	contracts support services. The FY 2016 baseline		
	funding for Health Information Technology Directorate		
	is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE		
	staffing is 601 civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		
	contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs. The FY 2016 IT		
	contracts support services baseline funding is		
	\$935.8M.		
	13) Military Health System Review Special Performance	2,766	
	Management System:		
	Funds a Military Health System (MHS) Review Special		
	Performance Management system that uses root cause		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	analysis, web-based, data repository to promote		
	continuous process improvement for quality health		
	care, by providing information to health care		
	providers about best practices for health care		
	delivery and lessons learned. MHS Special		
	Performance Management System provides the IT		
	solution to the Secretary of Defense directed MHS		
	Review initiative to improve performance measurement.		
	The FY 2016 baseline funding for Health Information		
	Technology Directorate is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016		
	baseline civilian FTE staffing is 601 civilian FTEs.		
	The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing is 3,100		
	FTEs.		
	14) Defense Occupational and Environmental Health	2,448	
	Readiness System - Industrial Health (DOEHRS-IH):		
	Provides additional funds for an automated capability		
	for the Defense Occupational and Environmental Health		
	Readiness System - Industrial Health (DOEHRS-IH) to		
	rapidly access and incorporate information from		
	safety data sheets (SDS) in support of Hazardous		
	Materials (HAZMAT), reducing the risk and occurrence		
	of workplace incidents, injuries, and fatalities in		
	the Department of Defense. HAZMAT refers to any		
	chemical, biological, radiological, equipment and/or		
	product hazards used and/or stored in the workplace		
	or operational environment. The funds are included in		
	IT contracts support services. The FY 2016 baseline		
	funding for Health Information Technology Directorate		
	is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian FTE		
	staffing is 601 civilian FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.		
	15) Pharmacy Outpatient Automation Solution:	2,374	
	Funds the implementation of the Pharmacy Outpatient		
	Solution including: (1) The Pharmacy Outpatient		
	Automation Solution-Parata (POAS-P) to provide		
	pharmacy workflow management and automated medication		
	fulfillment technologies. POAS-P supports storage,		
	dispensing and distribution of medications and		
	accurately tracks their movement throughout the		
	dispensing process; and (2) the Pharmacy Outpatient		
	Dispensing Solution - Pickpoint (PODS-P)to provide a		
	method for storing, managing, and tracking		
	prepackaged medications at remote locations, such as,		
	emergency rooms and acute care clinics. The pharmacy		
	outpatient solution funds are IT contracts support		
	services. The FY 2016 baseline funding for the		
	Health Information Management Directorate is		
	\$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline civilianstaffing is		
	601 FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing		
	is 3,100 FTEs.		
	16) Defense Occupational and Environmental Health	1,411	
	Readiness System - Hearing Conservation (DOEHRS-HC):		
	Provides additional funds for the Defense		
	Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness		
	System - Hearing Conservation (DOEHRS-HC) to improve		
	the processes relating to data reliability and		
	reporting capability in order to provide upper		
	echelon and unit commanders with reliable individual		
	and group military readiness projections to enable		
	them to make sound deployment decisions and prevent		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	noise-induced hearing loss. Funding will increase		
	user satisfaction, reduce the backlog of data		
	maintenance change requests, and improve data		
	integrity by removing errant data. The funds are IT		
	Contracts Support Services. The FY 2016 baseline		
	funding for Health Information Technology Directorate		
	is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing		
	is 601 FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing		
	is 3,100 CMEs. The Information Management's FY 2016		
	baseline IT contracts support services funding is		
	\$935.8M.		
	17) Patient Assessment Screening Tool Outcome Registry	1,138	
	(PASTOR):		
	Funds the expanded deployment of the Patient		
	Assessment Screening Tool Outcome Registry (PASTOR)		
	to an additional seven Military Treatment Facilities		
	(MTFs) in FY 2017. PASTOR evaluates the		
	performance/impact of Pain Departments,		
	Interdisciplinary Pain Management Centers, and Pain		
	Management Programs. Funds are IT contracts support		
	services. The Information Management's FY 2016		
	baseline IT contracts support services funding is		
	\$935.8M.		
	18) Telepharmacy Remote Dispensing and Verification	1,124	
	System-Scriptpro (TRDVS):		
	Funds the implementation of the Telepharmacy Remote		
	Dispensing and Verification System (TRDVS) to provide		
	pharmacy workflow management and automated medication		
	fulfillment technologies and improve patient safety.		
	TRVDS supports storage, dispensing and distribution		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
of medications and tracks their movement accurately		
throughout the dispensing process. The TRDVS		
maintains detailed transaction information, which		
enables increased security, accuracy, and		
accountability of medications by integrating		
telepharmacy videoconferencing technology with		
pharmacy operations management software. The FY 2016		
baseline funding for the Health Information		
Technology Directorate is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016		
baseline civilian staffing is 601 FTEs. The FY 2016		
baseline contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.		
19) Mission Travel:	474	
Funds increased essential mission travel requirements		
for staff attendance at source selection boards,		
cyber security and information assurance activities,		
functional requirements development and site surveys		
for ongoing deployments, and new acquisition		
activities such as the Joint Operational Medical		
Information System. The Information Management FY		
2016 travel baseline funding is \$5.6M.		
20) Military Health System Review Systems Change Request	50	
for the Composite Health Care System (CHCS):		
Funds a Military Health System Review systems change		
request for the Composite Health Care System (CHCS)		
to achieve more accurate identification of quality		
performance metrics and improve perinatal and		
surgical safety concerns. Funding includes a		
perinatal quality metric dashboard using National		
Perinatal Information Center data, standardized		
surgical case reviewer descriptions, training, and		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	replacements of clinical obstetrical emergency		
	simulators. The FY 2016 baseline funding for Health		
	Information Technology Directorate is \$1,129.4M. The		
	FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing is 601 FTEs. The		
	FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.		
9.	Program Decreases		-132,102
	a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		
	b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
	c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		
	1) Theater Medical Information Program-Joint (TMIP-J)	-64,164	
	and Joint Operational Medical Information System		
	(JOMIS) (Memo Entry):		
	Realigns funding from Tri-Service Information		
	Management to Theater Medical Information - Joint and		
	Joint Operations Medicine Health Information Agency		
	System in accordance with Department of Defense		
	acquisition guidance to create additional visibility		
	for the legacy Theater Medical Information Program-		
	Joint (TMIP-J) as it transitions to the Joint		
	Operational Medical Information System (JOMIS) while		
	program management transitions from the Defense		
	Health Agency to the Program Executive Office (PEO)		
	Defense Healthcare Management Systems (DHMS). The FY		
	2016 baseline funding for PEO DHMS is \$167.2M. The FY		
	2016 baseline civilian staffing is 65 FTEs. The FY		
	2016 baseline contractor staffing is 496 FTEs.		
	2) Infrastructure and Network Operations and Clinical	-36,944	
	Enterprise Intelligence Program Adjustments - Health		
	Information Technology (HIT):		
	Reduced requirements for infrastructure and network		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		operations and network support throughout the		
		Military Health System for help desk, capacity and		
		performance management, reliability, network		
		engineering, and portfolio consolidation.		
		Requirements are reduced from the FY 2016 completion		
		of the Medical Communities of Interest (MEDCOI),		
		continuing server and application virtualization		
		efforts, portfolio rationalization, and efficiencies		
		gained from deployment of the Clinical Enterprise		
		Intelligence Program. The FY 2016 baseline funding		
		for the Information Management is \$1,649.6M. The FY		
		2016 baseline civilian staffing is 1,982 FTEs. The		
		FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing is 4,291 FTEs.		
	3)	Program Executive Office (PEO) Defense Health Medical	-9,621	
		Systems (DHMS) Revised Estimates:		
		Reduces funding based upon a Program Executive Office		
		(PEO) Defense Healthcare Management System (DHMS)		
		program review of the Defense Health Program		
		modernization efforts that determined reduced		
		requirements for DHMSM (-\$4.0M), DoD Medical		
		Information Exchange Interoperability (-\$0.6M), and		
		Integrated Electronic Health Record (-\$5.0M). The FY		
		2016 PEO DHMS baseline funding is \$167.2M. The FY		
		2016 civilian baseline staffing is 65 FTEs. The FY		
		2016 baseline contractor staffing is 496 FTEs.		
	4)	Reduction in Military Health System (MHS) Civilian	-7,637	
		Personnel Requirements:		
		Reduced civilian pay requirements associated with a		
		decrease of 75 civilians FTEs as a result of Military		
		Health System information technology modernization		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases and efficiency efforts and the continuation of directed Department of Defense management headquarters reductions. The Information Management FY 2016 civilian pay funding baseline request is \$240.1M with a staffing of 1,982 FTEs.	Amount	Totals
		General Service Administration Facility Rental Payments: Realigns funding from the Information Management to the Base Operations/Communications to align funding with execution of General Service Administration facility rents throughout the Military Health System for proper execution. The Information Management FY 2016 General Service Administration rental contract baseline funding is \$7.6M.	-5,595	
	6)	Delay in Hiring Civilian Personnel: Reduces the Information Management civilian program by 33 FTEs due to the delay in hiring of personnel during the past two fiscal years. FY 2016 Information Management civilian baseline funding is \$240.1.7M. FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing is 1,982 FTEs.	-3,518	
	7)	Armed Forces Health Longitudinal Technology Application (AHLTA) and Composite Health Care System (CHCS): Reduced requirements for the Armed Forces Health Longitudinal Technology Application (AHLTA) and Composite Health Care System (CHCS) due to completion of the deployment of the AHLTA web print and migration to AHLTA virtual servers. The FY 2016 baseline funding for Health Information Technology	-1,264	

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Recor	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Directorate is \$1,129.4M. The FY 2016 baseline		
		civilian staffing is 601 FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		
		contractor staffing is 3,100 FTEs.		
	8)	Reduced Information Technology Requirements for Air	-1,143	
		Force Medical Service:		
		Reduced Air Force requirements for Theater Medical		
		Information Program and overseas medical IT support		
		contracts. The FY 2016 Air Force Information		
		Management funding baseline is \$60.4M. The FY 2016		
		baseline civilian FTE staffing is 183 FTEs. The FY		
	• •	2016 baseline contractor staffing is 438 FTEs.	1 104	
	9)	Enterprise Licensing Agreements:	-1,134	
		Reduces Defense Health Program information technology		
		funding due to the adaption of Department of Defense		
		Microsoft, Oracle, VM Ware, IBM, and Cisco		
		enterprise-wide licensing agreements. The FY 2016 baseline funding for the Information Management is		
		\$1,649.6M. The FY 2016 civilian FTE baseline		
		staffing is 1,982 FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline		
		contractor staffing request is 4,291 FTEs.		
	10	) Two Fewer Civilian Paid Days:	-828	
	ŦŬ	In accordance with OMB Circular A-11, Section 85.5 c,	020	
		reduction in civilian pay to account for two fewer		
		paid days in FY 2017 (260 paid days) than in FY 2016		
		(262 paid days). The Information Management FY 2016		
		baseline funding for civilian staffing is \$240.1M.		
		The FY 2016 civilian baseline staffing baseline is		
		1,982 FTEs.		
	11	) Reprogramming Army Civilian Indirect Hire to Direct	-254	
		Hire:		
			Information	n Management

INFOM-118

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
Realigns Army funding and civilian indirect hire full		
time equivalents (FTEs) from Information Management		
to Consolidated Health Support, civilian US direct		
hire, in support of Army's Health Care Acquisition		
activity. Realignment is necessary to alleviate a		
long standing disparity between programmed FTEs,		
actual FTEs, and increased workload requirements		
resulting from Army's Grow the Acquisition Workforce		
program. The FY 2016 Army baseline funding is		
\$139.7M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing is		
749 FTEs. The FY 2016 baseline contractor staffing		
is 57 FTEs.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		1,743,749

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

As of 30 September 2015, the below listed DHP IM/IT systems met or exceeded the following performance metrics:

**Operational Availability** [operational of at least 98.5%]: AHLTA, AHLTA CDR, CCE, CHCS, CIS, DEE, Defense Health Network, DHA Health.mil, DMLSS, MMM Online, DoD/VA Gateway, ESSENCE, HAIMS, JMAR, Local Area Networks, MDR, MHS Area Networks, NMIS, SRTS, SNPMIS, DOEHRS-HC, TEWLS, TRAC2ES, CCE, MDR, Operations Center Wide Area Network, SRTS, TED, TPOCS, TRICARE.mil, VSSM, and Wide Area Network.

User Satisfaction Survey [minimum user satisfaction survey score of at least 75%:

> Training: AHLTA, CHCS, DMLSS, DOEHRS-IH, and EIDS.

> <u>Service</u>: Defense Health Agency Global Service Center, the MHS Network Support Services, Army Tier II Help Desk Support Services, and Army Network Management Service Helpdesk.

> <u>Priority I</u> tickets closed in 90 days: All Defense Health Program centrally managed systems listed in the acronym list.

> <u>Priority II</u> tickets closed within 180 days: All Defense Health Program centrally managed systems listed in the acronym list except AHLTA.

Information Management INFOM-120

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

#### Data Processing Completeness/Timeliness (DMLSS):

> 94.0% of data from external sources processes with 24-hours for use by Joint Medical Asset Repository users facilitating just-in-time supply requisitioning to reduce medical logistics storage and inventory requirements.

#### Data Processing Completeness/Timeliness (EIDS):

> 100.0% of the time weekly National Drug Code (NDC) updates are loaded into the TRICARE Encounter Data Systems within 3 working days of receipt to enhance patient safety and increase the accuracy of medical health analyses.

Acronym List:	
AHLTA	Armed Forces Health Longitudinal Technology Application (AHLTA Clinical Data Repository)
CCE	Coding and Compliance Editor
CCQAS	Centralized Credentials and Quality Assurance System
CHCS	Composite Health Care System
CIS	Clinical Information System (Essentris)
DEE	Defense Enterprise Email
DHMSRi	Defense Integrated Military Human Resources System - Internet
DMLSS	Defense Medical Logistics Standard Support
DMM Online	Online Portal Medical Materiel Directorate
	Informati

# IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

DOEHRS-HC	Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System - Hearing Conservation
DOEHRS-IH	Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System - Industrial Hygiene
EAS IV	Expense Assignment System IV
ESSENCE	Electronic Surveillance System for Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics
HAIMS	Health Artifact and Image Management Solution
JMAR	Joint Medical Asset Repository
MDR	Military Health System Data Repository
NMIS	Nutrition Management Information System
PEPR	Patient Encounter Processing and Reporting
PSR	Patient Safety Reporting
S3	Surgical Scheduling System
SNPMIS	Special Needs Program Management Information System
SRTS	Spectacle Request and Transmission System
TED	TRICARE Encounter Data
TRAC2ES	Transportation Command (TRANSCOM) Regulating and
	Command and Control Evacuation System
TEWLS	Theater Enterprise Wide Medical Logistics System
TMIP-J	Theater Medical Information System - Joint
TPOCS	Third Party Outpatient Collection System
VSSM	Veterinary Services Systems Management

				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
				FY 2016	FY 2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	432	459	427	27	-32
Officer	137	153	138	16	-15
Enlisted	295	306	289	11	-17
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	455	446	444	-9	-2
(Total)					
Officer	144	145	146	1	1
Enlisted	311	301	298	-10	-3
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	1,724	1,982	1,904	258	-78
U.S. Direct Hire	1,681	1,927	1,852	246	-75
Foreign National Direct Hire	17	13	13	-4	0
Total Direct Hire	1,698	1,940	1,865	242	-75
Foreign National Indirect Hire	26	42	39	16	-3
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in	110.1	122.6	124.7	12.5	2.1
thousands)					
Contractor FTEs (Total)	3,830	4,291	4,164	461	-127

Explanation of changes in Active Military End Strength: The FY 2015 to FY 2016 increase (27) includes Navy (+2) for DOD Integrated Electronic Health Record; Air Force (+27) to support executive agent requirements for the Tri-Service Workflow and Clinical Enterprise Intelligence Programs as well as providing increased staff support to the Health Information Technology Directorate; and Army (-2) for a required Army Service end strength reduction. The FY 2016 to FY 2017 decrease (-32) includes required Services end strength reductions: Air Force (-17), Navy (-14), and Army (-1).

Explanation of changes in Civilian FTEs: The FY 2015 to FY 2016 increase (258) includes actual execution corrections for FY 2015 Defense Health Program Components' hiring goals that never materialized due to hiring lags, furloughs, and hiring freezes that began in FY 2013 and Program Executive Office Defense Healthcare Management System increases to support the FY 2015 contract award to Cerner, Leidos, and Accenture. The FY 2016 to FY 2017 decrease (-78) - includes Army Medical Action Plan requirement reductions (-6); Headquarters reductions (-4); and IT Modernization Study Requirement reductions (-68).

Explanation of changes in Contractor FTEs: The FY 2015 to FY 2016 increase (461) includes Defense Health Agency and Army centrally managed contract increases to sustain the Armed Forces Health Longitudinal Technology Application and Composite Health Care Systems, deploy Medical Community of Interest and Virtualization enhancements, and restructure of the Department of Defense Healthcare Management System Modernization and Defense Medical Information Exchange Program Offices. The FY 2016 to FY 2017 decrease (-127) - includes reductions from centrally managed Health Information Technology Directorate requirements due to efficiencies achieved from infrastructure and portfolio consolidation and reduced requirements for the Air Force that acted as the prior executive agent for the Clinical Enterprise Intelligence Program.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Foreign	Chang	le	-	Foreign	Chang	je	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/FY 2016		FY 2016	Currency	ency <u>FY 2016/FY 20</u>		FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	185,928	0	2,278	50,474	238,680	0	3,626	-8,974	233,332
103 Wage Board	535	0	7	95	637	0	10	-58	589
104 FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	1,578	0	19	-878	719	0	11	2	732
105 Separation Liability (FNDH)	67	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	67
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	28	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	28
121 PCS Benefits	15	0	0	1	16	0	0	-1	15
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	188,151	0	2,304	49,692	240,147	0	3,647	-9,031	234,763
308 Travel of Persons	4,103	0	70	1,452	5,625	0	101	474	6,200
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	4,103	0	70	1,452	5,625	0	101	474	6,200
416 GSA Supplies & Materials	660	0	11	2	673	0	12	1	686
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	441	0	7	1	449	0	8	1	458
422 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	64	0	0	1	65	0	0	1	66
499 TOTAL Supplies &	1,165	0	18	4	1,187	0	20	3	1,210
<b>MATERIALS</b> 503 Navy Fund Equipment	141	0	0	3	144	0	6	-3	147
505 Air Force Fund Equip	391	0	0	-391	0	0	0	0	0
506 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Const & Equip)	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	4
507 GSA Managed Equipment	911	0	15	3	929	0	17	1	947
599 TOTAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	1,445	0	15	-384	1,076	0	23	-1	1,098
601 Army	12,838	0	1,017	498	14,353	0	-16	845	15,182
							Infc	ormation Ma	nagement

INFOM-125

		Foreign	Chang	je		Foreign	Chang	e	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
Industrial									
Operations									
614 Space & Naval	13,873	0	225	-5,285	8,813	0	92	3	8,908
Warfare Center	13,073	0	225	-5,205	0,013	0	92	3	0,900
633 DLA Document	1	0	0	20	21	0	0	0	21
Services	T	0	0	20	21	0	0	0	21
635 Navy Base	0	0	0	341	341	0	8	-1	348
Support (NAVFEC	0	0	0	241	JII	0	0	-1	540
Other Support									
Services)									
647 DISA	68,830	0	-6,890	21,575	83,515	0	-8,352	4,978	80,141
Enterprise	00,050	0	0,000	21,575	05,515	0	0,352	1,570	00,111
Computing Centers									
671 DISA DISN	13,020	0	-1,210	-3,951	7,859	0	-550	39,257	46,566
Subscription	13,020	0	1,210	-3,951	1,055	0	-550	59,251	40,500
Services (DSS)									
677 DISA Telecomm	18	0	0	1	19	0	0	1	20
Svcs -	10	0	0	Ţ	17	0	0	T	20
Reimbursable									
679 Cost	9	0	0	2	11	0	0	1	12
Reimbursable	)	0	0	2	11	0	0	T	12
Purchase									
680 Building	2,499	0	57	-2,556	0	0	0	2,125	2,125
Maint Fund Purch	2,199	0	57	2,350	0	0	0	2,125	2,123
699 TOTAL DWCF	111,088	0	-6,801	10,645	114,932	0	-8,818	47,209	153,323
PURCHASES	111,000	· ·	0,001	10,015	111,552	Ŭ	0,010	17,205	100,010
771 Commercial	368	0	6	-129	245	0	4	1	250
Transport	500	0	Ű	129	215	0	1	-	250
799 TOTAL	368	0	6	-129	245	0	4	1	250
TRANSPORTATION		-	-			-	_	_	
901 Foreign	1,691	0	21	1,123	2,835	0	43	-230	2,648
National Indirect	_,			_,	_,				_,
Hire (FNIH)									
912 Rental	1,766	0	30	5,756	7,552	0	136	-7,627	61
Payments to GSA	,			-,	,				
(SLUC)									
913 Purchased	0	0	0	221	221	0	4	-221	4
Utilities (Non-	-	-		_		-	-	_	_
Fund)									
914 Purchased	2,303	0	39	13,739	16,081	0	289	22	16,392

Information Management INFOM-126

	FY 2015	Foreign	Change FY 2015/FY 2016		<b>EX 201</b> C	Foreign FY 2016 Currency		Change FY 2016/FY 2017		
		Currency				-		<u>¥ 2017</u>	FY 2017	
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	
Communications										
(Non-Fund)										
915 Rents (Non- GSA)	283	0	5	649	937	0	17	155	1,109	
917 Postal Services (U.S.P.S)	166	0	3	-49	120	0	2	0	122	
920 Supplies & Materials (Non- Fund)	7,011	0	119	11,861	18,991	0	342	886	20,219	
921 Printing & Reproduction	2,252	0	38	-1,243	1,047	0	19	-10	1,056	
922 Equipment Maintenance By Contract	2,651	0	45	674	3,370	0	61	-10	3,421	
923 Facilities Sust, Rest, & Mod	1,685	0	29	-1,314	400	0	7	-369	38	
by Contract 925 Equipment Purchases (Non-	48,657	0	827	-4,980	44,504	0	801	5,413	50,718	
Fund) 926 Other Overseas	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	
Purchases 932 Mgt Prof Support Svcs	71,071	0	1,208	6,305	78,584	0	1,415	-9,262	70,737	
933 Studies, Analysis & Eval	968	0	16	2,650	3,634	0	65	2	3,701	
934 Engineering & Tech Svcs	21,375	0	363	-18,409	3,329	0	60	4	3,393	
955 Other Costs (Medical Care)	19,871	0	735	-12,038	8,568	0	326	-3,351	5,543	
957 Other Costs (Land and	155	0	3	-158	0	0	0	0	0	
Structures) 960 Other Costs (Interest and Dividends)	0	0	0	145	145	0	3	0	148	
986 Medical Care Contracts	278	0	10	15,343	15,631	0	594	3,389	19,614	

Information Management INFOM-127

		Foreign	Chang	je		Foreign	Chang	je	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
987 Other Intra- Govt Purch	153,964	0	2,617	-70,471	86,110	0	1,550	27,469	115,129
989 Other Services	30,420	0	517	27,574	58,511	0	1,053	1,178	60,742
990 IT Contract Support Services	802,243	0	13,638	119,949	935,830	-254	16,840	19,692	972,108
999 TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	1,168,810	0	20,263	97,329	1,286,402	-254	23,627	37,130	1,346,905
Total	1,475,130	0	15,875	158,609	1,649,614	-254	18,604	75,785	1,743,749

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: This Budget Activity Group is comprised of the Army, Navy and Air Force's Medical Headquarters and Defense Health Agency's functions supporting Military Health System (MHS) world-wide patient care delivery:

**Management Headquarters** - Resources required for the U.S. Army Medical Command, the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, the Air Force Medical Service, and the Defense Health Agency personnel identified as management headquarters staff that coordinate and oversee the provision of health care within the Military Health System.

**Defense Health Agency** - This program element contains funding for Defense Health Agency (DHA) operating costs supporting delivery of patient care world-wide for members of the Armed Forces, family members, and others entitled to DoD health care. Oversees and maintains DoD Unified Medical Program resources for all medical activities. The Defense Health Agency became the Operation of Record in FY 2015.

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

Force Structure Summary: Management Headquarters includes resources necessary to support headquarters functions outlined in DoD Directive 5100.73, Major Department of Defense Headquarters Activities. Within the Military Health System, this includes the cost of operating the Defense Health Agency, the U.S. Army Medical Command, the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and the Air Force Medical Service.

	_						
			Cong	ressional			
A. BA Subactivities	FY 2015 Actual	Budget Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Current Estimate	FY 2017 Estimate
Defense Health Agency (Started FY 2015)	184,272	186,750	482	.3	187,232	187,232	133,814
Management Headquarters <b>Total</b>	137,119 <b>321,391</b>	141,217 <b>327,967</b>	-2,541 <b>-2,059</b>	-1.8 <b>-0.6</b>	138,676 <b>325,908</b>	138,676 <b>325,908</b>	177,566 <b>311,380</b>

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	Change	Change
B. <u>Reconciliation Summary</u>		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	327,967	325,908
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-2,059	
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	325,908	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	325,908	
Supplemental		
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		5,554
Functional Transfers		
Program Changes		-20,082
Current Estimate	325,908	311,380
Less: Wartime Supplemental		
Normalized Current Estimate	325,908	

Management Activities MACT-131

<ul> <li>C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases</li> <li>FY 2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)</li> <li>1. Congressional Adjustments         <ul> <li>a. Distributed Adjustments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Amount	<b>Totals</b> <b>327,967</b> -2,059
<ol> <li>Removal of one-time Fiscal Year 2016 increases.</li> <li>Undistributed Adjustments</li> </ol>	-2,059	
c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent d. General Provisions		
FY 2016 Appropriated Amount		325,908
2. OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		,
3. Fact-of-Life Changes		
FY 2016 Baseline Funding		325,908
4. Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
Revised FY 2016 Estimate		325,908
5. Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and		
Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4) FY 2016 Normalized Current Estimate		325,908
6. Price Change		5,554
7. Functional Transfers		5,551
8. Program Increases		47,592
a. Annualization of New FY 2016 Program		,
b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
c. Program Growth in FY 2017		
1) Realign DHA Major Headquarters Activities and	39,995	
Resources (MEMO ENTRY):		
Realigns \$39.995 million DHA funding and civilian		
FTEs between the Management HQs and DHA PEs to		
provide visibility of the Major Headquarters and execution of the directed resource reductions. The		
Management Activities FY 2016 civilian personnel		
baseline funding is \$188.6M. The FY 2016 baseline		
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III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
staffing is 1,409 civilian FTEs and 452 contractors.		
2) Management Activities Travel:	4,464	
Travel for audit readiness, shared service planning,	-	
and Financial Accountability and Recovery Missions		
(FARM) at Army military treatment facilities, and for		
the Defense Health Agency audit readiness. Audit		
readiness travel is necessary for conducting full		
scope financial audits, training, and documentation		
of processes and systems validation will require		
resources that were not in previous budget		
submissions. Shared service planning and FARM visits		
will focus on gaining efficiencies within both Army		
Medicine and the Military Health System. The FY 2016		
Management Activities travel baseline funding is		
\$4.5M.	2 1 2 2	
3) Contract Support Services for Defense Health Agency:	3,133	
Provides funding for contract support services to		
sustain mission requirements for the Defense Health		
Agency organizations. Funds the Business Support,		
Health Information Technology, and Special Staff		
Directorates at the Defense Health Agency . The FY		
2016 IT Contract Support Services baseline funding is		
\$0.OM.		
9. Program Decreases		-67,674
a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		
b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		
1) Realign DHA Major Headquarters Activities and	-39,995	
Resources (MEMO ENTRY):		
Realigns \$39.995 million of DHA funding and civilian		
	Manageme	nt Activities

MACT-133

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		FTEs between the Management HQs and DHA PEs to		
		provide visibility of the Major Headquarters and		
		execution of the directed resource reductions. The		
		Management Activities FY 2016 civilian personnel		
		baseline funding is \$188.6M. The FY 2016 baseline		
		staffing is 1,409 civilian FTEs and 452 contractors.		
	2)	20% Management Headquarters Reduction:	-13,324	
		Continuation of the 20% reduction to Defense Health		
		Program (DHP) headquarters in compliance with the		
		Department of Defense July 31, 2013 memorandum, "20%		
		Headquarters Reduction, " signed by the Deputy		
		Secretary of Defense. The reduction applies to the		
		total Military Health System headquarters budget and		
		includes civilian FTEs, contract personnel, and		
		direct and indirect support to Headquarters. The FY		
		2016 Management Headquarters Activities baseline		
		funding is \$326.0M. The FY 2016 baseline staffing is		
		1,409 civilian FTEs and 452 contractors.		
	3)	Consolidation of Supplies:	-5,924	
		Consolidation of supplies and materials to reduce the		
		funding requirement and sustain the inventory		
		required to support Management Headquarters		
		operations. The FY 2016 Management Activities		
		supplies and materials baseline is \$8.2M.		
	4)	Secretary of Defense Efficiency:	-2,234	
		Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce funding		
		requirements for contracts. The Management		
		Activities baseline for Management and Professional		
		Support Services is \$54.1M.		
	5)	25% Major Headquarters Reduction:	-1,798	

Management Activities MACT-134

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Adjusts DHA civilian FTEs and associated pay (\$1.798		
		million) to implement the Secretary of Defense		
		directed 25% Major Headquarters reduction. The		
		Management Activities FY 2016 civilian personnel		
		baseline funding is \$188.6M. The FY 2016 baseline		
		staffing is 1,409 civilian FTEs and 452 contractors.		
	6)	Delay in Hiring Civilian Personnel:	-1,571	
		Reduces the Management Activities civilian funding by		
		15 FTEs due to a hiring lag for medical executives		
		during the past two fiscal years. The FY 2016		
		Management Activities civilian compensation baseline		
		funding is \$188.6M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian		
	Ξ.	staffing is 1,409 FTEs.	1 442	
	./ )	Two Fewer Civilian Paid Days:	-1,443	
		In accordance with OMB Circular A-11, Section 85.5C,		
		reduces civilian pay to account for two fewer paid		
		days in FY 2017 (260 paid days) than in FY 2016 (262		
		paid days). FY 2016 Management Activities civilian		
		compensation baseline funding is \$188.6M. FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing is 1,409 FTEs.		
	٥)	Military Health System (MHS) Civilian Workforce	-1,385	
	0)	Reduction:	-1,305	
		Further reduces civilian personnel requirements in		
		accordance with the Secretary of Defense's direction		
		to shape a properly sized and highly capable civilian		
		workforce that complements the military and provides		
		sufficient oversight and management of the contract		
		support elements of the Total Force. The Management		
		Activities FY 2016 civilian personnel baseline		
		funding is \$188.6M. The FY 2016 baseline staffing is		

III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
1,409 civilian FTEs and 452 contractors.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		311,380

Management Activities MACT-136

# IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Refer to the Personnel Summary in Section V.

Management Activities MACT-137

				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
				FY 2016	FY 2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	834	730	927	-104	197
Officer	654	555	653	-99	98
Enlisted	180	175	274	-5	99
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	867	783	829	-84	46
(Total)					
Officer	662	605	604	-57	-1
Enlisted	205	178	225	-27	47
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	1,441	1,409	1,283	$\frac{-32}{-34}$	-126
U.S. Direct Hire	1,438	1,404	1,278	-34	-126
Total Direct Hire	1,438	1,404	1,278	-34	-126
Foreign National Indirect Hire	3	5	5	2	0
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in	131.7	134.2	142.5	2.5	8.3
thousands)					
Contractor FTEs (Total)	560	452	424	-108	-28

Narrative Explanation of changes in Military Personnel: The change from FY 2015 to FY 2016 (-104) includes Air Force (38), Army (-134), and Navy (-8) internal realignments. The change from FY 2016 to FY 2017 (197) includes Army (-2), Air Force (44) and Navy (155) internal realignments. The FY 2017 increase in Air Force's military personnel is due to the realignment of military billets to the Defense Health Agency for Shared Services, the Defense Medical Readiness Training Institute, and the Armed Forces Medical Examiners program. The FY 2017 increase in Navy's military personnel is due to the realignment of military billets to the Defense Health Agency for Shared Training Institute, and the Armed Forces Medical Examiners program. The FY 2017 increase in Navy's military personnel is due to the realignment of military billets to the Defense Health Agency for Shared Services, the Tricare Regional Office, and the Armed Forces Medical Examiners program.

Narrative Explanation of changes in Civilian Personnel: The change from FY 2015 to FY 2016 is due to the reduction of 32 FTEs to align with directed decreases in Headquarters structure. Change from FY 2016 to FY 2017 reflects actions from a civilian workforce analysis based on Department of Defense guidance to shape a properly sized and highly capable workforce, reduction in the civilian pay baseline, and the 25% Management Headquarters reductions.

Narrative Explanation of changes in Contractor FTEs: The change from FY 2015 to FY 2016 (-108) is due to the realignment of the Warrior Care Program Office to the Consolidated Health Support Budget Activity Group for proper execution. The change from FY 2016 to FY 2017 is attributed to directed reduction in management headquarters support.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Chang	ge		Chang	ge	
	FY 2015	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Price	Program	Estimate	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	189,050	2,316	-3,027	188,339	2,861	-9,057	182,143
103 Wage Board	49	1	-50	0	0	0	0
106 Benefit to Fmr Employees	100	0	0	100	0	0	100
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	45	0	-27	18	0	-1	17
111 Disability Compensation	146	0	-146	0	0	0	0
121 PCS Benefits	111	0	0	111	0	0	111
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	189,501	2,317	-3,250	188,568	2,861	-9,058	182,371
308 Travel of Persons	8,413	143	-4,078	4,478	81	4,464	9,023
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	8,413	143	-4,078	4,478	81	4,464	9,023
412 Navy Managed Supply, Matl	1	0	1	2	0	0	2
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	239	4	425	668	12	0	680
499 TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	240	4	426	670	12	0	682
601 Army Industrial Operations	166	13	-179	0	0	0	0
680 Building Maint Fund Purch	618	14	-632	0	0	0	0
696 DFAS Financial Operation (Other Defense Agencies)	98	5	-103	0	0	0	0
699 TOTAL DWCF PURCHASES	882	32	-914	0	0	0	0
771 Commercial Transport	113	2	131	246	4	1	251
799 TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	113	2	131	246	4	1	251
901 Foreign National Indirect Hire (FNIH)	277	3	187	467	7	0	474
913 Purchased Utilities (Non-Fund)	0	0	375	375	7	-382	0
914 Purchased Communications (Non- Fund)	121	2	328	451	8	0	459
915 Rents (Non-GSA)	10	0	19	29	1	-2	28
917 Postal Services (U.S.P.S)	0	0	397	397	7	1	405
920 Supplies & Materials (Non- Fund)	2,376	40	5,805	8,221	148	-6,487	1,882
921 Printing & Reproduction	45	1	690	736	13	3	752
922 Equipment Maintenance By Contract	168	3	241	412	7	-173	246
923 Facilities Sust, Rest, & Mod	1	0	0	1	0	1	2

Management Activities MACT-140

# Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Management Activities

	Change						
	FY 2015	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line by Contract	Actual	Price	Program	Estimate	Price	Program	<u>Estimate</u>
925 Equipment Purchases (Non-Fund)	95	2	2,151	2,248	40	572	2,860
932 Mgt Prof Support Svcs	84,632	1,439	-32,020	54,051	973	-168	54,856
933 Studies, Analysis & Eval	14,210	242	-5,579	8,873	160	-434	8,599
934 Engineering & Tech Svcs	0	0	4,688	4,688	84	-2,409	2,363
955 Other Costs (Medical Care)	3,159	117	7,919	11,195	425	-643	10,977
964 Other Costs (Subsistence and Support of Persons)	11	0	3	14	0	0	14
987 Other Intra-Govt Purch	11,179	190	-369	11,000	198	-846	10,352
989 Other Services	2,074	35	26,679	28,788	518	-7,655	21,651
990 IT Contract Support Services	3,884	66	-3,950	0	0	3,133	3,133
999 TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	122,242	2,140	7,564	131,946	2,596	-15,489	119,053
Total	321,391	4,638	-121	325,908	5,554	-20,082	311,380

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I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: This Budget Activity Group is comprised of three primary categories that provide support for education and training opportunities for personnel within the Defense Health Program:

Health Professions Scholarship Program (HPSP) - Resources required for the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship Program (HPSP), the Financial Assistance Program (FAP), Health Professions Loan Repayment Program (HPLRP), and other pre-commissioning professional scholarship programs. These funds are used for educational expenses including tuition, fees and reimbursed expenses (e.g. books, supplies and equipment).

Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS) - Resources required for operation and maintenance of this Department of Defense (DoD) funded university that produces an average of 650 graduates annually, including physicians, advanced practice nurses, advanced practice dentists and other health professionals from the School of Medicine, Graduate School of Nursing, Postgraduate Dental College, National Capital Area Graduate Medical Education Residency Programs and Graduate Education Programs leading to a masters or doctoral degree in public health, healthcare administration, clinical psychology and the biomedical sciences.

**Other Education and Training -** Resources required for specialized skill training and professional development education programs for health care personnel at the Medical Education and Training Campus (METC), U.S. Army Medical Department Center and School, Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery sponsored schools, and Air Force medical professions education and training programs. Includes formal educational programs for health care personnel at civilian academic institutions, civilian medical facilities and facilities of non-DoD governmental agencies. Professional development provides officer, enlisted, and civilian medical personnel with the specialized skills and knowledge required to perform highly technical health service missions.

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

Education and training resources provide tuition and other educational expenses for the Armed Forces HPSP, FAP residencies, and the HPLRP. USUHS resources fund operation and maintenance requirements necessary to operate a DoD-funded medical school that trains doctors, as well as offering graduate programs for nurses and professionals in the biological sciences. The remaining resources are required for professional development education, training programs and specialized skills training necessary to accomplish the mission.

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

		FY 2016					
		_	Congressional Action				
	FY 2015	Budget				Current	FY 2017
A. <u>BA Subactivities</u>	Actual	Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
1. Health Professions	231,499	294,078	-33,996	-11.6	260,082	260,082	274,800
Scholarship Program							
2. Uniformed Services	145,920	154,649	0	0.0	154,649	154,649	161,713
University of the Health							
Services							
3. Other Education and	285,141	301,887	11,246	3.7	313,133	313,133	306,718
Training							
Total	662,560	750,614	-22,750	-3.0	727,864	727,864	743,231
1. FY 2015 actual includes \$5.1M for	Overseas Conting	gency Operatior	ns (OCO).				

2. FY 2016 current estimate excludes \$5.9M for OCO.

	Change	Change
B. Reconciliation Summary		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	750,614	727,864
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-22,750	
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	727,864	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	727,864	
Supplemental	5,885	
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		23,403
Functional Transfers		
Program Changes		-8,036
Current Estimate	733,749	743,231
Less: Wartime Supplemental	-5,885	
Normalized Current Estimate	727,864	

<ul> <li>C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases</li> <li>FY 2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)</li> <li>1. Congressional Adjustments         <ul> <li>a. Distributed Adjustments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Amount	<b>Totals</b> <b>750,614</b> -22,750
1) Historical Under Execution.	-22,750	
b. Undistributed Adjustments		
c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent d. General Provisions		
FY 2016 Appropriated Amount		727,864
2. OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		5,885
a. OCO and Other Supplemental Requested		0,000
1) OCO	5,885	
3. Fact-of-Life Changes		
FY 2016 Baseline Funding		733 <b>,</b> 749
4. Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
Revised FY 2016 Estimate		733,749
5. Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		-5,885
FY 2016 Normalized Current Estimate		727,864
6. Price Change		23,403
7. Functional Transfers		,
8. Program Increases		18,821
a. Annualization of New FY 2016 Program		
b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
c. Program Growth in FY 2017	C 140	
<ol> <li>Pre-deployment Trauma Training (PDTT): Funds Pre-deployment Trauma Training (PDTT) for Army healthcare providers. PDTT is specialized medical training to increase medical trauma skills for deploying healthcare providers to enhance their capability to increase survival rates for wounded</li> </ol>	6,142	

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		service members. The FY 2016 Education and Training		
		baseline funding is \$727.9M. FY 2016 baseline		
		staffing is 1,866 civilian FTEs and 218 contractors.		
	2)	Long-Term Career Outcome Study:	3,377	
		Funds required for Long-Term Career Outcome Study		
		(LTCOS) in response to Liaison Committee on Medical		
		Education (LCME) accreditation standard. LTCOS		
		collects and analyzes educational data (e.g., course		
		grades, preceptor assessment statements, etc.) to		
		generate evidence-based evaluations of the School of		
		Medicine's success in meeting educational objectives		
		and link them to patient-care outcomes. The FY 2016		
		USUHS Education and Training baseline funding is \$154.6M. The FY 2016 baseline staffing is 580		
		civilian FTEs and 52 contractors.		
	3)	Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, and	3,105	
	57	Explosives (CBRNE) Training:	5,105	
		Realigns funds from the Consolidated Health Support		
		for the CBRNE program for proper execution. This		
		program is executed by the Uniformed Services		
		University for Health Sciences. The FY 2016		
		Education and Training baseline funding is \$727.9M.		
		The FY 2016 baseline staffing is 1,866 civilian FTEs		
		and 218 contractors.		
	4)	Army Basic Healthcare Administration Course:	1,900	
		Realigns funds from the Consolidated Health Support		
		to establish the Army Basic Healthcare Administration		
		Course offered to Officers and Non-Commissioned		
		Officers serving in positions that require basic		
		healthcare management competencies. The FY 2016 Army		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Education and Training baseline funding is \$226.6M.		
		The FY 2016 Army Education and Training baseline		
		staffing is 658 civilian FTEs and 41 contractors.		
	5)	Student Travel:	1,765	
		Funding increased for student clinical rotation		
		residency travel at the Uniformed Services University		
		of the Health Sciences (USUHS) for Navy Phase II		
		Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist (CRNA) student		
		and faculty clinical rotational travel, the Tropical		
		Medicine Training Program, and the Army Occupational		
		Environmental Medicine/Preventive Medicine Residency		
		Programs. Additional funding required for students		
		to attend courses needed to attain required accreditation. The FY 2016 Education and Training		
		travel baseline funding is \$66.7M.		
	6)	Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&T) for USUHS	1,532	
	0)	Restoration and Modernization Projects:	1,552	
		Realigns funds from In-House Care for transition		
		services such as orientation signage, and to prepare		
		for moving into newly renovated educational		
		facilities, and to purchase equipment or furnishing		
		for initially outfitting the educational facilities.		
		The FY 2016 Education and Training Initial Outfitting		
		and Transition (IO&T) baseline funding is \$0.0M.		
	7)	Joint Knowledge Online (JKO) Training System:	1,000	
		Realigns funds from the Consolidated Health Support		
		to support sustainment operations of the Joint		
		Knowledge On-line (JKO) Training System, which		
		consolidates multiple Military Health System		
		component on-line training systems into a single		

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
	system. FY 2016 Education and Training baseline		
	funding is \$727.9M. FY 2016 Education and Training		
	baseline staffing is 1,866 civilian FTEs and 218		
	contractor FTEs.		
9.	. Program Decreases		-26,857
	a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		
	b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
	c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		
		-11,581	
	Professions Loan Repayment Program (HPLRP):		
	Reduces funds in the HPSP/HPLRP Program. Reductions		
	are due to price and utilization changes resulting		
	from the projected inflation of tuition decreasing		
	from 6 percent to approximately 3.8 percent, and the		
	requirement for lower student levels to support the		
	downsized active duty end strength. FY 2016 Health		
	Professions Scholarship Programs baseline funding is		
	\$260.1M.		
	2) Wounded Ill and Injured and Traumatic Brain Injury	-5,185	
	(WII/TBI) Programs:		
	A decrease in the number of active duty service		
	members end strength has resulted in a 20 - 25		
	percent reduction in demand for services in the		
	Wounded Warrior Program. The FY 2016 Education and		
	Training baseline funding request is \$727.9M.		
	3) 20% Headquarters Reduction:	-4,721	
	Continuation of 20% reduction to Defense Health		
	Program (DHP) Headquarters in accordance with the		
	Department of Defense July 31, 2013 memorandum, "20%		
	Headquarters Reduction," signed by the Deputy		

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		Secretary of Defense. The reduction applies to the total Military Health System headquarters budget and includes civilian FTEs, contract personnel, supplies and materials and other intra-government purchases. The FY 2016 Education and Training baseline funding is \$727.9M. The FY 2016 baseline staffing is 1,866 civilian FTEs and 218 contractors.		
	4)	Reduced Civilian Pay Requirement: Reduces the Education and Training budgeted civilian program by 32 FTEs due to slower than anticipated hiring of personnel over the past two fiscal years. The FY 2016 Civilian Personnel baseline funding is \$229.5M. The baseline staffing is 1,866 civilian FTEs.	-2,909	
	5)	Two Fewer Civilian Paid Days: In accordance with OMB Circular A-11, Section 85.5 c, reduction in civilian pay to account for two fewer paid days in FY 2017 (260 paid days) than in FY 2016 (262 paid days). The FY 2016 Education and Training civilian pay baseline funding is \$229.5M. The FY 2016 baseline civilian staffing is 1,866 civilian FTEs.	-1,399	
	6)	Secretary of Defense Efficiency: Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce funding requirements for contracts. FY 2016 Education and Training baseline funding is \$727.9M.	-658	
	7)	Defense Health Agency - National Capital Region Directorate Manpower Realignment: Realigns Defense Health Agency-National Capital Region (DHA-NCR) manpower and associated funding for	-404	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
proper execution including Information and Management		
(+\$4.1M), Consolidated Health Support (+\$3.6M), Base		
Operations (+\$7.4M) and Education and Training (-		
\$0.4M). The FY 2016 DHA-NCR Education and Training		
civilian baseline funding is \$2.7M. The FY 2016 DHA-		
NCR baseline staffing is 27 civilian FTEs.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		743,231

### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	(Student/Trainee Count)					
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	Change FY 2015/2016	Change FY 2016/2017	
Officer Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	6,757	7,804	7,397	1,047	-407	
Graduate Medical Education <sup>2</sup>	1,427	1,448	1,443	21	-5	
Professional Development <sup>3</sup>	37,103	40,194	38,853	3,091	-1,341	
Other Education and Training Programs $^4$	44,011	47,663	47,454	3,652	-209	
Medical Education and Training Campus $^{5}$	13,552	16,451	16,161	2,899	-290	

<sup>1</sup> Officer Acquisition is the summation of Health Professions Scholarship Program (HPSP) Total Student Participants and USUHS Total Student Load.

<sup>2</sup> Graduate Medical Education (GME) is the number of GME Graduates.

<sup>3</sup> Professional Development is the summation of Officer - Professional Development/Leadership Training Graduates and Enlisted - Professional Development/Leadership Training Graduates.

<sup>4</sup> Other Education and Training Programs is a summation of Officer - All Other Training Graduates and Enlisted - All Other Training Graduates.

 $^{5}$  Medical Education and Training Campus (METC) is the number of METC Graduates.

Education and Training EDT-153

				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
				FY 2016	FY 2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	14,099	14,684	14,649	585	-35
Officer	7,042	7,294	7,337	252	43
Enlisted	7,057	7,390	7,312	333	-78
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	13,763	14,392	14,667	629	275
(Total)					
Officer	6,923	7,168	7,316	245	148
Enlisted	6,840	7,224	7,351	384	127
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	1,598	1,866	1,790	268	-76
U.S. Direct Hire	1,596	1,864	1,788	268	-76
Foreign National Direct Hire	1	1	1	0	0
Total Direct Hire	1,597	1,865	1,789	268	-76
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1	1	1	0	0
Memo: Reimbursable Civilians Included	12	12	12	0	0
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in	109.6	126.6	107.3	17.0	-19.3
thousands)					
Contractor FTEs (Total)	283	218	270	-65	52

Explanation of changes in Active Military End Strength: Change from FY 2015 to FY 2016 reflects lower than anticipated execution in Military end-strength in FY 2015. FY 2016 to FY 2017 adjustments are attributed to corrections to end strength programmed for FY 2017.

Explanation of changes in Civilian FTEs: FY 2015 to FY 2016 increase reflects slower than anticipated civilian hiring actions in FY 2015 reducing the baseline and the adjustment required to execute the FY 2016 FTE requirement. Change from FY 2016 to FY 2017 reflects

action to reduce civilian FTE baseline based in slower than anticipated hiring over the past two fiscal years and actions from a civilian workforce analysis based on Department of Defense guidance to shape a properly sized and highly capable workforce. NOTE: Annual Average Civilian Salary in FY 2016 is result of Air Force per FTE calculation error. The error is corrected in FY 2017.

Explanation of changes in Contractor FTEs: FY 2015 to FY 2016 decrease reflects efforts to become more efficient in the reliance on contractor support via consolidation of requirements. FY 2016 to FY 2017 increase attributed to Common Cost Accounting System implementation and Pre-Deployment Trauma Training program.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Chang	Je		Chang	je	
	FY 2015	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Price	Program	Estimate	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	170,103	2,084	57,357	229,544	3,487	-46,477	186,554
103 Wage Board	3,611	44	1,307	4,962	75	-930	4,107
104 FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	61	1	0	62	1	0	63
105 Separation Liability (FNDH)	2	0	0	2	0	0	2
106 Benefit to Fmr Employees	25	0	0	25	0	0	25
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	55	0	2	57	0	-17	40
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	173,857	2,129	58,666	234,652	3,563	-47,424	190,791
308 Travel of Persons	58,620	997	7,047	66,664	1,200	3,657	71,521
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	58,620	997	7,047	66,664	1,200	3,657	71,521
401 DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	82	-б	162	238	-20	26	244
402 Service Fund Fuel	14	-1	-13	0	0	0	0
411 Army Supply	153	4	-150	7	0	2	9
412 Navy Managed Supply, Matl	1,314	46	-21	1,339	66	-40	1,365
414 Air Force Consol Sust AG (Supply)	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
416 GSA Supplies & Materials	1,552	26	56	1,634	29	49	1,712
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	386	7	0	393	7	1	401
422 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	27	0	0	27	0	1	28
499 TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	3,531	76	34	3,641	82	39	3,762
503 Navy Fund Equipment	595	0	10	605	23	-12	616
506 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Const & Equip)	379	4	13	396	0	16	412
507 GSA Managed Equipment	480	8	1	489	9	-1	497
599 TOTAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	1,454	12	24	1,490	32	3	1,525
614 Space & Naval Warfare Center	760	12	1	773	8	6	787
634 NAVFEC (Utilities and Sanitation)	0	0	222	222	-10	14	226
635 Navy Base Support (NAVFEC Other Support Services)	218	0	-218	0	0	0	0
671 DISA DISN Subscription Services (DSS)	15	-1	41	55	-4	5	56
699 TOTAL DWCF PURCHASES	993	11	46	1,050	-6	25	1,069

Education and Training EDT-156

	Change		Change				
	FY 2015	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	<u>FY 2016/F</u>	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Price	Program	Estimate	Price	Program	Estimate
771 Commercial Transport	148	2	491	641	12	155	808
799 TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	148	2	491	641	12	155	808
901 Foreign National Indirect Hire (FNIH)	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
913 Purchased Utilities (Non-Fund)	0	0	77	77	1	-78	0
914 Purchased Communications (Non- Fund)	248	4	583	835	15	3	853
915 Rents (Non-GSA)	727	12	1,355	2,094	38	-852	1,280
917 Postal Services (U.S.P.S)	4	0	4	8	0	10	18
920 Supplies & Materials (Non- Fund)	27,039	459	2,234	29,732	535	-4,497	25,770
921 Printing & Reproduction	1,051	18	696	1,765	32	37	1,834
922 Equipment Maintenance By Contract	2,037	35	-787	1,285	23	4,081	5,389
923 Facilities Sust, Rest, & Mod by Contract	20	0	250	270	5	335	610
925 Equipment Purchases (Non-Fund)	28,427	483	-19,662	9,248	166	12,269	21,683
927 Air Def Contracts & Space Support (AF)	2,533	43	-2,576	0	0	0	0
930 Other Depot Maintenance (Non- Fund)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
932 Mgt Prof Support Svcs	3,462	59	-2,240	1,281	23	59	1,363
934 Engineering & Tech Svcs	0	0	3	3	0	0	3
937 Locally Purchased Fuel (Non- Fund)	3	0	-3	0	0	0	0
955 Other Costs (Medical Care)	231,499	13,890	14,693	260,082	15,605	-887	274,800
957 Other Costs (Land and Structures)	434	7	-441	0	0	0	0
964 Other Costs (Subsistence and Support of Persons)	2,154	37	-1,050	1,141	21	-1	1,161
986 Medical Care Contracts	13,393	496	-11,757	2,132	81	1,118	3,331
987 Other Intra-Govt Purch	10,849	184	6,436	17,469	314	-5,089	12,694
988 Grants	37,898	644	522	39,064	703	5,019	44,786
989 Other Services	59,618	1,013	-10,171	50,460	908	22,387	73,755
990 IT Contract Support Services	2,558	43	176	2,777	50	1,594	4,421

Education and Training EDT-157

		Chang	ge		Chang	je	
	FY 2015	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Price	Program	Estimate	Price	Program	Estimate
999 TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	423,957	17,427	-21,658	419,726	18,520	35,509	473,755
Total	662,560	20,654	44,650	727,864	23,403	-8,036	743,231

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: Base Operations (BASOPS)/Communications refers to the resources dedicated to the operation and maintenance of Military Health System (MHS) facilities. BASOPS provides for facilities and services at military medical activities world-wide supporting active duty combat Service missions, reserve and guard components, training and eligible beneficiaries. The program consists of eight components:

Facility Restoration and Modernization - Facility Restoration and Modernization -Resources required for facilities' restoration and modernization projects including repair and replacement due to excessive age, natural disaster, fire, accident, or other causes. Modernization includes alteration of facilities solely to implement new or higher standards (including regulatory changes), to accommodate new functions, or to replace building components that typically last more than 30 years (such as foundations and structural members).

Facility Sustainment - Resources required for maintenance and repair activities necessary to keep facilities in good working order. It includes regularly scheduled adjustments and inspections, preventive maintenance tasks, emergency response and service calls for minor repairs. Sustainment also includes major repairs or replacement of facility components (usually accomplished by contract) that are expected to occur periodically throughout the life cycle of facilities. This work includes regular roof replacement, refinishing of wall surfaces, repairing and replacement of heating and cooling systems, replacing tile and carpeting, etc.

Facilities Operations - Resources required for fire prevention and protection including crash rescue, emergency response, and disaster preparedness; engineering readiness; utilities to include plant operation and purchase of heat, light and power, electricity, water, natural gas, other utility services; refuse collection and disposal to include recycling operations; pavement clearance including snow and ice removal from roads; lease costs for real property including off-base facilities; grounds maintenance and landscaping; real property management and engineering services including special

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

inspections of facilities and master planning; pest control; and custodial services. Base Communications - Resources required to provide base communication voice or data and wireless services to Military Health System medical activities. This includes nontactical, non-DCS (Defense Communications System), base communication facilities and equipment systems that provide local voice, data or wireless communications worldwide. Services such as telephone service, telegraph service, marine cable service, postage and box rentals, contractual mail service including express letter delivery, or messenger service. Inlcudes all rental payments for equipment to accomplish communication services. (excludes parcel post and express mail services for freight and IT or telecom hardware, software and related training)

**Base Operations Support** - Resources required to provide comptroller services, data processing services, information activities, legal activities, civilian personnel administration, military personnel administration, printing and reproduction, facility safety, management analysis/engineering services, retail supply operations, supply activities, procurement operations, storage activities, transportation activities, physical security and police activities, non-aseptic laundry and dry cleaning, food services, and morale, welfare and recreation activities.

Environmental - Resources required to comply with environmental laws, regulations, criteria, and standards. This includes manpower, training, travel, and supplies. Visual Information Systems - Resources required to provide manpower, travel, contractual service, procurement of supplies and materials, expense equipment, necessary facilities and the associated services specifically identifiable to visual information productions, services, and support.

**Demolition/Disposal of Excess Facilities** - Resources required for demolition and/or disposal costs associated with excess facilities, including buildings or any other permanent or temporary structure as well as pavements, utility systems, and other supporting infrastructure. Includes environmental costs directly attributable to

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

demolition/disposal to include inspection and removal of hazardous material (such as lead-based paint or asbestos).

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

The Base Operations and Communications Budget Activity Group (BAG) includes staffing and contracts to provide base operation support services to the Military Health System facilities, planning and oversight of medical infrastructure operations and facility systems maintenance to include life support systems. Infrastructure alterations are necessary to keep up with modern medical practices and improve efficiencies. This BAG primarily awards contracts to achieve these specialized infrastructure changes. In addition to infrastructure and system operations, this BAG also includes essential base support activities such as environmental waste removal, custodial service, grounds and surface maintenance including mowing, landscaping, road maintenance and snow removal, security and quard service, and base communication systems. Many of the activities and services received use routine contract services that are cost efficient and assure timely repair and service availability to avoid disruptive services within the medical facility. The funds in this BAG assist the Military Health System medical facilities adherence to the standards of the Joint Commission inspections for medical facilities. This BAG excludes funding of medical staff and providers associated directly with the delivery of healthcare to patients.

NOTE: Distribution of funds between CONUS and OCONUS follows the Financial Management Regulation (FMR) definition of CONUS and OCONUS. DoD 7000.14.R "Contiguous United States (CONUS) is the 48 state of the United States and the District of Columbia, which do not include Alaska and Hawaii."

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

		FY 2016					
			Congressional Action				
	FY 2015	Budget				Current	FY 2017
A. BA Subactivities	Actual	Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
1. Facility	436,514	311,214	0	0.0	311,214	311,214	590,153
Restoration/Modernization							
- CONUS							
2. Facility	44,763	28,874	0	0.0	28,874	28,874	18,858
Restoration/Modernization							
- OCONUS							
3. Facility Sustainment -	456,423	441,655	0	0.0	441,655	441,655	388,423
CONUS							
4. Facility Sustainment -	77,344	75,688	0	0.0	75,688	75,688	140,300
OCONUS							
5. Facilities Operations -	337,220	403,300	-7,987	-1.0	395,313	395,313	408,019
Health Care (CONUS)							
6. Facilities Operations -	52,249	39,728	0	0.0	39,728	39,728	40,012
Health Care (OCONUS)	40 450	44 000			44 000	44 000	44 055
7. Base Communications -	48,158	41,083	0	0.0	41,083	41,083	41,857
CONUS	4 0 5 0	F 00F	0	0.0	- 00-	- 00-	5 206
8. Base Communications -	4,079	5,225	0	0.0	5,225	5,225	5,326
OCONUS		220 601	2 5 6 5		240 400	240 400	204 011
9. Base Operations - CONUS	359,541	338,691	3,797		342,488	342,488	394,911
10. Base Operations -	15,246	24,707	0	0.0	24,707	24,707	25,350
OCONUS	0	0	0	/ -	0	0	0
11. Environmental	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	0
Conservation	0.2.0	267	0	0 0	267	267	272
12. Pollution Prevention 13. Environmental	920	267	0 -213		267	267	272
	19,515	23,090	-213	-0.9	22,877	22,877	23,540
Compliance 14. Visual Information	7 1/2	0 271	0	0.0	0 271	0 271	0 221
	7,143	9,371	0	0.0	9,371	9,371	9,331
Systems							

Base Operations/Communications BOCOM-162

	-	FY 2016					
			Congressional Action				
	FY 2015	Budget				Current	FY 2017
A. <u>BA Subactivities</u>	Actual	Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
15. Demolition	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	0
Total	1,859,115	1,742,893	-4,403	-0.3	1,738,490	1,738,490	2,086,352

	Change	Change
B. <u>Reconciliation Summary</u>		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	1,742,893	1,738,490
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-9,403	
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)	5,000	
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	1,738,490	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	1,738,490	
Supplemental		
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		23,199
Functional Transfers		
Program Changes		324,663
Current Estimate	1,738,490	2,086,352
Less: Wartime Supplemental		
Normalized Current Estimate	1,738,490	

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
FY	2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)		1,742,893
1.	Congressional Adjustments		-4,403
	a. Distributed Adjustments		
	1) Removal of Purchased Utilities Unjustified Growth.	-8,200	
	2) Removal of One-Time Fiscal Year 2016 Increases.	-1,203	
	b. Undistributed Adjustments		
	c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
	d. General Provisions		
	1) Sec. 8072 Funding for Fisher House.	5,000	
	2016 Appropriated Amount		1,738,490
	OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		
	Fact-of-Life Changes		
	2016 Baseline Funding		1,738,490
	Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
	vised FY 2016 Estimate		1,738,490
5.	Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and		
	Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		
	2016 Normalized Current Estimate		1,738,490
	Price Change		23,199
	Functional Transfers		
8.	Program Increases		343,282
	a. Annualization of New FY 2016 Program		
	b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
	c. Program Growth in FY 2017		
	<ol> <li>Restoration of MHS Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs):</li> </ol>	262,801	
	Funds for restoration and modernization (RM) project		
	requirements that improve the facility condition		
	index for Army, Navy, Air Force and National Capital		
	Region MTFs to promote safe, high quality health care		

Base Operations/Communications BOCOM-165

c.	Recon	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		and comply with accreditation standards mandated by		
		The Joint Commission. The FY 2016 RM baseline is		
		\$340.1M.		
	2)	Civilian Human Resources Agency (CHRA) Increase to	27,344	
		United States Army Medical Command (MEDCOM):		
		Realigns funding to the Base Operations from the In-		
		House Care for proportional share of Army MEDCOM's		
		CHRA bill. This bill is adjusted periodically and		
		based on the civilian population supported. The FY		
		2016 Base Operations baseline funding is \$367.2M.		
	3)	Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness (FIAR)	15,500	
		Initiative:		
		Realigns funding to Base Operations from Consolidated		
		Health Support for proper execution supporting the		
		Financial Improvement Audit Readiness (FIAR) mission		
		by enhancing DHP audit readiness, develop and		
		implement corrective action plans and enhance the DHP		
		audit infrastructure. Includes hiring an additional		
		78 contractors within the Defense Health Agency		
		(DHA). The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding		
		is \$367.2M.		
	4)	Rent Payments to General Services Administration	8,595	
		(GSA):		
		Realigns funding to Base Operations (BASOPS) from		
		Information Management (+\$5.6M) and adds additional		
		funding to consolidate rent payments within BASOPS		
		providing a co-located site for the Health Facilities		
		and Health Information Technology Shared Services		
		staff. The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding		
		is \$367.2M.		

	Defense Health Agency - National Capital Region Directorate Manpower Realignment : Realigns Defense Health Agency-National Capital Region (DHA-NCR) manpower and associated funding for proper execution including Information and Management (+\$4.1M), Consolidated Health Support (+\$3.6M), Base Operations (+\$7.4M) and Education and Training (- \$.4M). Funding of +\$7.4M moved into the Base Operations with 123 Civilian FTEs to support facilities mission.	<b>Amount</b> 7,392	Totals
6)	Operations Costs for Facilities Shared Service: Realigns funding within BASOPS and from Consolidated Health Support for proper execution supporting operations of the DHA Facilities Shared Service activities optimizing planning, building and standardizing decision making processes for prioritizing military treatment facility construction and modernization projects. The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding is \$367.2M.	6,177	
7)	Telecommunications Contract Requirements: Increased requirements for Defense Health Headquarters' communication contract supporting use of video teleconferencing and telephone services to enable the Army, Navy, Air Force and DHA staff members responsibility to effectively address a wide range of issues in support of DoD missions. The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding is \$367.2M.	5,000	
8)	Facility Sustainment Program: The MHS strategy for the sustainment program is to fund sustainment at 100% for maintenance based on	4,438	

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
scheduled life cycle requirements in medical		
facilities and 90% for non-clinical facilities. This		
strategy enables the facilities major systems such as		
Heating, Ventilation and Air-Conditioning (HVAC),		
generators, and roofs to be in proper working		
condition and promote a safe patient care environment		
conducive for providing quality healthcare services		
throughout their life life cycle. NOTE: Distribution		
of funds between CONUS and OCONUS follows the		
Financial Management Regulation (FMR) definition of		
CONUS and OCONUS. DoD 7000.14.r "Contiguous United		
States (CONUS) is the 48 states of the United States		
and the District of Columbia, which do not include		
Alaska and Hawaii." The FY 2016 Sustainment		
baseline funding request is \$517.3M.		
9) Increased requirements to Support MTF Activities:	3,698	
Increased requirements supporting activities and		
services for continued operations managing		
facilities, Army, Navy, Air Force and National		
Capital Region Medical headquarters and Defense		
Health Headquarters. The FY 2016 Base Operations		
baseline funding is \$367.2M. 10) Realignment of Rental and Lease Costs:	1,103	
Realigns funding to Base Operations from In-House	1,103	
Care(\$.035M) and Consolidated Health Support (\$1.1M)		
in support of MHS Shared Services initiatives. The		
FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding request is		
\$367.2M.		
11) Facility Shared Service Site Visit Requirements:	580	
Increases funding for travel resulting from increased	500	
increases randing for stayer resulting from increased		

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
Facility Shared Service site visits for facility		
project and planning reviews. The FY 2016 Base		
Communications baseline funding is \$46.3M.		
12) Tricare Clinic Suffolk, VA:	494	
Funds requirements for utilities and maintenance		
services for the new TRICARE Clinic facility located		
in Suffolk, Virginia. The Clinic creates an		
additional platform within the Tidewater enhanced		
Multi-Service Market (eMSM) to recapture enrollment		
and reduce beneficiaries enrolled to civilian private		
sector care providers. The FY 2016 Facilities Operations baseline funding is \$435.0M.		
13) Environmental Compliance Regulatory Requirements:	160	
Increases funding to satisfy Environmental Compliance	100	
regulatory and reporting requirements for the storage		
and disposal of hazardous waste from medical and		
dental facilities. The FY 2016 Environmental		
Compliance baseline is \$22.9M.		
9. Program Decreases		-18,619
a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		,
b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		
1) Reduced Service Contract Requirements within National	-7,245	
Capital Region (NCR):		
Reduction of 59,400 hours from on-going service		
contract requirements within the National Capital		
Region (NCR) resulting from a thorough review based		
on risk assessment to assure the quality of		
healthcare delivery remained at the highest possible		
levels while reducing waste and inefficiency. Reduced		

# III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Recor	ciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
		contract hours are spread among various services such		
		as human resources assistance with manpower studies,		
		special assistants providing customer service,		
		paralegal and administrative assistance to legal and		
		financial analysis assistance. Identified reductions		
		provided funding to be realigned to other higher		
		priority missions within the Military Health System		
		and transfers \$5.6M to Procurement and \$1.0M to		
		Research, Development and Testing appropriations.		
		The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding is		
	21	\$367.2M.	C 000	
	Z)	Defense Health Agency (DHA) Health Facilities Shared	-6,022	
		Service Savings: Reduced funding for Health Facilities Shared Service		
		phased investment costs in year three of the		
		consolidation of Health Facilities Portfolio		
		Management under the DHA. This phased-in Military		
		Health System (MHS) Shared Service's plan utilizes an		
		automated facility inventory tool to reduce		
		duplication and redundant medical facilities		
		functions. The consolidation of like health facility		
		services across the MHS is projected to achieve		
		economies of scale and cost reductions for the		
		Defense Health Program after investment costs are		
		completed. The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline		
		funding request is \$367.2M.		
	3)	Secretary of Defense Efficiencies:	-2,342	
		Secretary of Defense efficiency to reduce funding		
		requirements for contracts. The FY 2016 Facility		
		Operations baseline funding is \$435.0M.		

Base Operations/Communications BOCOM-170

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
4) Building Maintenance Fund Savings:	-1,246	
Savings for net cost reductions resulting from		
improvements in security operational practices		
provided by Pentagon Force Protection Agency (PFPA)	•	
The FY 2016 Base Operations baseline funding is		
\$367.2M.		
5) Two Fewer Civilian Paid Days:	-1,081	
In accordance with OMB Circular A-11, Section 85.5 c	C ,	
reduction in civilian pay to account for two fewer		
paid days in FY 2017 (260 paid days) than in FY 2016	б	
(262 paid days). The FY 2016 Civilian Pay baseline		
is \$145.7M.		
6) Civilian Transfers to Defense Health Agency (DHA):	-683	
Realigns civilian payroll for transfer of (-6)		
civilians from BASOPS to Management Activities to		
support DHA Shared Service transfers. The FY 2016		
Facility Operations baseline request is \$435.0M.		
FY 2017 Budget Request		2,086,352

### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

See performance criteria located with Exhibit OP-5 Facilities Sustainment, Restoration and Modernization (Attachment 4).

				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
				FY 2016	FY 2017
Active Military End Strength (E/S) (Total)	2,239	2,224	2,202	-15	-22
Officer	524	517	499	-7	-18
Enlisted	1,715	1,707	1,703	-8	-4
Active Military Average Strength (A/S)	2,276	2,232	2,213	-44	-19
(Total)					
Officer	538	521	508	-17	-13
Enlisted	1,738	1,711	1,705	-27	-б
<u>Civilian FTEs (Total)</u>	1,837	1,698	1,821	-139	123
U.S. Direct Hire	1,709	1,562	1,685	-147	123
Foreign National Direct Hire	57	52	52	-5	0
Total Direct Hire	1,766	1,614	1,737	-152	123
Foreign National Indirect Hire	71	84	84	13	0
Average Annual Civilian Salary (\$ in	82.4	83.4	85.4	1.0	2.0
thousands)					
Contractor FTEs (Total)	<u>393</u>	439	520	<u>46</u>	81

Explanation of changes in Military End Strength: The military end-strength change from FY 2015 to FY 2016 is from Navy realignment of MILPERS (-15). The FY 2016 to FY 2017 military end strength changes are attributable Navy actions reducing Base Operations staffing by (-20) and realigning (-2) for duties within the Defense Health Program.

Explanation of changes in Civilian FTEs: The reduction of civilian FTEs from FY 2015 to FY 2016 includes a change of +3 civilians in accordance with the Civilian Workload Analysis and transfers among BAGs for (-22) Shared Service staffing realignments and transfers out of the DHP (-8) for CNIC and Manpower zero based realignments of (-113) in

Navy and (-4) in Army combined with FY 2015 civilians reassigned during execution based on the actual number of Base Support contracts awarded including Facilities Sustainment contracts awarded in FY 2015. The change between FY 2016 and FY 2017 includes an internal zero based realignment of NCR FTEs between Budget Activity Groups supporting Defense Health Agency and Shared Service missions; increase of +88 civilians for Base Operations; +37 for Facilities Sustainment activities and (-1) in the Visual Information program.

Explanation of changes to Contractor FTEs: Fluctuations of contractor FTE counts in FY 2017 are due to increase of +78 contractors supporting the Financial Improvement Audit Readiness (FIAR) mission and realigns +3 contract FTEs into Base Operations supporting the Air Force Radiological Assessment Team.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Foreign	Change		•	Foreign Change		re	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	121,193	0	1,485	-5,964	116,714	0	1,773	11,939	130,426
103 Wage Board	26,193	0	321	-5,674	20,840	0	317	-167	20,990
104 FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	3,165	0	39	233	3,437	0	52	1	3,490
105 Separation Liability (FNDH)	132	0	0	0	132	0	0	0	132
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	122	0	0	0	122	0	0	0	122
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	150,805	0	1,845	-11,405	141,245	0	2,142	11,773	155,160
308 Travel of Persons	21,094	0	359	-11,164	10,289	0	185	590	11,064
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	21,094	0	359	-11,164	10,289	0	185	590	11,064
401 DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	2,643	0	-193	2,975	5,425	0	-445	577	5,557
402 Service Fund Fuel	201	0	-15	-62	124	0	-10	12	126
412 Navy Managed Supply, Matl	170	0	б	-3	173	0	9	-5	177
416 GSA Supplies & Materials	756	0	13	824	1,593	0	29	-1,243	379
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	1,707	0	29	-3	1,733	0	31	2	1,766
422 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	214	0	1	224	439	0	-2	-190	247
499 TOTAL SUPPLIES &	5,691	0	-159	3,955	9,487	0	-388	-847	8,252
MATERIALS									
503 Navy Fund Equipment	173	0	0	4	177	0	7	-5	179
505 Air Force Fund Equip	16	0	0	-16	0	0	0	0	0
507 GSA Managed Equipment	249	0	4	-44	209	0	4	0	213
599 TOTAL EQUIPMENT	438	0	4	-56	386	0	11	-5	392

Base Operations/Communications BOCOM-175

		Foreign	Chang	le		Foreign	Chang	le	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
PURCHASES									
601 Army	28	0	2	-30	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial									
Operations									
614 Space & Naval	174	0	3	-177	0	0	0	0	0
Warfare Center									
631 Navy Base	350	0	39	979	1,368	0	97	-71	1,394
Support (NFESC)									
633 DLA Document Services	0	0	0	46	46	0	1	0	47
Services 634 NAVFEC									
(Utilities and	50,952	0	-173	-13,362	37,417	0	-1,620	7,681	43,478
Sanitation)									
635 Navy Base					<pre><pre></pre></pre>		4 9 4 5		
Support (NAVFEC	31,195	0	0	30,860	62,055	0	1,365	-12,966	50,454
Other Support									
Services)									
671 DISA DISN	3,915	0	-364	645	4,196	0	-294	364	4,266
Subscription	5,915	U	-304	045	4,190	0	-294	304	4,200
Services (DSS)									
677 DISA Telecomm	96	0	2	3,786	3,884	0	70	-3,954	0
Svcs -	50	0	2	5,700	5,004	0	70	-3,954	0
Reimbursable									
679 Cost	13	0	0	972	985	0	19	2	1,006
Reimbursable									_,
Purchase									
680 Building	38,798	0	885	-1,075	38,608	0	-1,595	2,397	39,410
Maint Fund Purch									
691 DFAS	17,300	0	228	-1,164	16,364	0	-69	166	16,461
Financial									
Operations (Army)									
692 DFAS Financial	6,841	0	210	-6,413	638	0	-39	6,428	7,027
Operations (Navy) 693 DFAS									
Financial	0	0	0	2,867	2,867	0	87	103	3,057
Operations (Air									
Force)									
696 DFAS	1 0 6 6	<u>c</u>	104		1 050	2		0.005	2 . 0.4.2
Financial	1,863	0	104	-14	1,953	0	-79	2,066	3,940
I INGIGIAI									

Base Operations/Communications BOCOM-176

## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Base Operations/Communications

		Foreign	Change		Foreign Change				
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
Operation (Other									
Defense Agencies)									
699 TOTAL DWCF	151,525	0	936	17,920	170,381	0	-2,057	2,216	170,540
PURCHASES	,				,		_,	-,	,
706 AMC Channel	33	0	1	-34	0	0	0	0	0
Passenger									
719 SDDC Cargo	43	0	17	1,030	1,090	0	9	11	1,110
Ops-Port hndlg									
771 Commercial	1,805	0	31	-425	1,411	0	25	-9	1,427
Transport									
799 TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	1,881	0	49	571	2,501	0	34	2	2,537
901 Foreign									
National Indirect	478	0	6	-95	389	0	б	0	395
Hire (FNIH)									
912 Rental									
Payments to GSA	6,468	0	110	11,576	18,154	0	327	8,004	26,485
(SLUC)									
913 Purchased	219,696	0	2 7 2 5	11 447	024 070	-104	1 226		200 050
Utilities (Non-	219,090	U	3,735	11,447	234,878	-104	4,226	70,056	309,056
Fund)									
914 Purchased	35,996	0	612	-5,967	30,641	-98	550	5,148	36,241
Communications	33,990	0	012	-5,907	30,041	-90	550	5,140	50,241
(Non-Fund)									
915 Rents (Non-	17,156	0	292	-8,360	9,088	0	164	3,666	12,918
GSA)	1,1200	Ŭ	272	0,000	2,000	0	201	5,000	12,910
917 Postal	3,175	0	54	-1,247	1,982	0	36	6	2,024
Services	-,			_/	_,				_,
(U.S.P.S)									
920 Supplies &	15,009	152	258	15,049	30,468	0	548	-1,670	29,346
Materials (Non-									
Fund)									
921 Printing &	7,754	0	132	-4,080	3,806	0	69	12	3,887
Reproduction									
922 Equipment	3,939	0	67	15,560	19,566	0	352	109	20,027
Maintenance By Contract									
923 Facilities									
Sust, Rest, & Mod	375,125	246	6,381	72,531	454,283	-1,569	8,149	-62,983	397,880
by Contract									
by concract									

Base Operations/Communications BOCOM-177

## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Base Operations/Communications

		Foreign	Change		Foreign Change				
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	Currency <u>FY 2016/FY 2017</u>		FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
925 Equipment	18,028	0	306	-10,255	8,079	0	145	-139	8,085
Purchases (Non-									
Fund)									
930 Other Depot	4	0	0	637	641	0	12	1	654
Maintenance (Non- Fund)									
932 Mgt Prof									
Support Svcs	23,910	0	406	-23,199	1,117	0	20	-14	1,123
933 Studies,	0	0	0	0.50	0.50	0	1.6		0.05
Analysis & Eval	0	0	0	869	869	0	16	1	886
934 Engineering &	800	0	14	-814	0	0	0	0	0
Tech Svcs	800	0	14	-014	0	0	0	0	0
937 Locally	2,806	0	-205	-708	1,893	0	-155	189	1,927
Purchased Fuel	2,000	Ũ	200	,	1,000	0	100	200	2,52,
(Non-Fund)									
955 Other Costs	25,036	0	926	-23,786	2,176	0	83	-2	2,257
(Medical Care)									
957 Other Costs	464,707	1,433	7,924	-133,976	340,088	0	6,122	265,005	611,215
(Land and									
Structures)									
960 Other Costs (Interest and	1	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends)									
984 Equipment	2.0	0	-	4.0	0	0	0	0	0
Contracts	39	0	1	-40	0	0	0	0	0
987 Other Intra-	216,158	0	3,675	-131,541	88,292	0	1,589	21,689	111,570
Govt Purch	210,150	U	3,075	-131,541	00,292	0	1,509	21,009	111,570
988 Grants	4,013	0	68	919	5,000	0	90	-5,090	0
989 Other	80,676	354	1,378	60,584	142,992	-55	2,573	6,918	152,428
Services	00,070	354	1,370	00,504	142,992	-55	2,575	0,910	152,420
990 IT Contract	6,707	0	114	2,978	9,799	0	176	28	10,003
Support Services	3,.07	3		2,2.0	27.22	5	2,3	10	10,000
999 TOTAL OTHER	1,527,681	2,185	26,254	-151,919	1,404,201	-1,826	25,098	310,934	1,738,407
PURCHASES		-	-					-	
Total	1,859,115	2,185	29,288	-152,098	1,738,490	-1,826	25,025	324,663	2,086,352

I. <u>Description of Operations Financed</u>: Base Operations (BASOPS) Facilities Sustainment, Restoration Modernization activities refers to the routine repair, maintenance and modernization of Military Health System (MHS) medical and dental facilities located world-wide where delivery of health care occurs within military installations and satellite locations.

Facility Restoration and Modernization - Resources required for facilities' restoration and modernization projects including repair and replacement due to excessive age, natural disaster, fire, accident, or other causes. Modernization includes alteration of facilities solely to implement new or higher standards (including regulatory changes), to accommodate new functions, or to replace building components that typically last more than 30 years (such as foundations and structural members).

Facility Sustainment - Resources required for maintenance and repair activities necessary to keep facilities in good working order. It includes regularly scheduled adjustments and inspections, preventive maintenance tasks, emergency response and service calls for minor repairs. Sustainment also includes major repairs or replacement of facility components (usually accomplished by contract) that are expected to occur periodically throughout the life cycle of facilities. This work includes regular roof replacement, refinishing of wall surfaces, repairing and replacement of heating and cooling systems, replacing tile and carpeting, etc.

**Demolition** - Resources required for demolition and/or disposal costs associated with excess facilities, including buildings or any other permanent or temporary structure as well as pavements, utility systems, and other supporting infrastructure. Includes environmental costs directly attributable to demolition/disposal to include inspection and removal of hazardous material (such as lead-based paint or asbestos).

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (cont.)

#### II. Force Structure Summary:

The medical facilities maintenance programs combine together to keep the medical structures operating as designed and without failure in the delivery of healthcare services to the beneficiaries. The Sustainment program provides services, typically by contract, for scheduled and routine lifecycle maintenance to include repairs to structures. Examples of sustainment repairs are painting, HVAC maintenance and roof replacements. Restoration and Modernization (RM) keeps our facilities current with advances in medical care delivery and patient throughput. RM includes staffing to provide design and oversight of medical and dental facilities which provide the full range of inpatient and ambulatory medical and dental care services. DHA initiatives such as Right facilities in the Right places are fully engaged with restoration and modernization projects to accomplish the DHA mission.

NOTE: Distribution of funds between CONUS and OCONUS follows the Financial Management Regulation (FMR) definition of CONUS and OCONUS. DoD 7000.14.R "Contiguous United States [CONUS] is the 48 states of the United States and the District of Columbia, which do not include Alaska and Hawaii."

## III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

			Cong	ressional	Action		
A. BA Subactivities	FY 2015 <u>Actual</u>	Budget Request	Amount	Percent	Appropriated	Current Estimate	FY 2017 Estimate
1. Facility Restoration/Modernization - CONUS	436,514	311,214	0	0.0	311,214	311,214	590,153
2. Facility Restoration/Modernization - OCONUS	44,763	28,874	0	0.0	28,874	28,874	18,858
3. Facility Sustainment - CONUS	456,423	441,655	0	0.0	441,655	441,655	388,423
4. Facility Sustainment - OCONUS	77,344	75,688	0	0.0	75,688	75,688	140,300
5. Demolition <b>Total</b>	0 <b>1,015,044</b>	0 <b>857,431</b>	0 <b>0</b>	n/a <b>0.0</b>	0 <b>857,431</b>	0 <b>857,431</b>	0 1,137,734

## III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

	Change	Change
B. <u>Reconciliation Summary</u>		FY 2016/FY 2017
Baseline Funding	857,431	857,431
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
Subtotal Appropriated Amount	857,431	
Fact-of-Life Changes (2016 to 2016 Only)		
Subtotal Baseline Funding	857,431	
Supplemental		
Reprogrammings		
Price Changes		13,064
Functional Transfers		
Program Changes		267,239
Current Estimate	857,431	1,137,734
Less: Wartime Supplemental		
Normalized Current Estimate	857,431	

## III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
FY	2016 President's Budget Request (Amended, if applicable)		857 <b>,</b> 431
1.	Congressional Adjustments		
	a. Distributed Adjustments		
	b. Undistributed Adjustments		
	c. Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
	d. General Provisions		
	2016 Appropriated Amount		857 <b>,</b> 431
	OCO and Other Supplemental Enacted		
	Fact-of-Life Changes		
	2016 Baseline Funding		857 <b>,</b> 431
	Reprogrammings (Requiring 1415 Actions)		
-	vised FY 2016 Estimate		857 <b>,</b> 431
5.	Less: OCO and Other Supplemental Appropriations and		
	Reprogrammings (Items 2 and 4)		055 401
	2016 Normalized Current Estimate		857,431
	Price Change		13,064
	Functional Transfers		
8.	Program Increases		267,239
	a. Annualization of New FY 2016 Program b. One-Time FY 2017 Increases		
	c. Program Growth in FY 2017	262,801	
	1) Restoration of MHS Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs):	202,001	
	Funds for restoration and modernization (RM) project		
	requirements that improve the facility condition		
	index for Army, Navy, Air Force and National Capital		
	Region MTFs to promote safe, high quality health care		
	and comply with accreditation standards mandated by		
	The Joint Commission. The FY 2016 RM baseline is		
	\$340.1M.		
	~~···		

## III. Financial Summary (\$ in thousands)

C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases	Amount	Totals
2) Facility Sustainment Program: The MHS strategy for the sustainment program is to fund sustainment at 100% for maintenance based on scheduled life cycle requirements in medical facilities and 90% for non-clinical facilities. This strategy reduces the risk of facilities failures of major systems such as Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC), generators, and roofs maintaining them in proper working condition during their life cycle. The FY 2016 Sustainment baseline funding request is \$517.3M.	4,438	
9. Program Decreases		
a. Annualization of FY 2016 Program Decreases		
b. One-Time FY 2016 Increases		
c. Program Decreases in FY 2017		1 1 2 2 2 4
FY 2017 Budget Request		1,137,734

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

				Change	Change
				FY	FY
	FY 2015	FY 2016	<u>FY 2017</u>	2015/2016	2016/2017
Facility Sustainment Funding:	533,767	517,343	528,723	-16,424	11,380
Facility Sustainment Model Requirement:	504,663	527,297	560,701	22,634	33,404
Sustainment Rate (MILPERS not	106%	98%	94%		
included):					

			Change	Change
FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	FY 2016/
1 -	1 -	1 -	FA 5010	FY 2017
	15		<u>0</u>	0
9	9	9	0	0
6	6	6	0	0
15	15	15	0	0
			—	_
9	9	9	0	0
б	б	б	0	0
331	217	253	-114	36
312	203	239	-109	36
16	13	13	-3	0
328	216	252	-112	36
3	1	1	-2	0
87.6	84.5	92.7	-3.1	8.2
18	32	133	14	101
	$     \begin{array}{r} 15 \\       9 \\       6 \\       15 \\       9 \\       6 \\       331 \\       312 \\       16 \\       328 \\       3 \\       87.6     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Note: The civilian FTE for FY 2017 change of 36 FTEs is a result of reducing FSRM civilians by (-1) at USUHS and increasing FSRM civilians within the NCR by +37.

Note: Changes in the methodology used to count contractors and the volume of Facility Sustainment, Restoration and Maintenance contracts related to facility projects cause the number of contractors to fluctuate from year to year. FY 2017 increase at NCR accounts for total Contractors for Facility Sustainment program.

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items as Applicable (Dollars in thousands):

		Foreign	Change		Foreign Change			e	
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	Currency <u>FY 2016/FY 2017</u>		FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
101 Exec, Gen'l & Spec Scheds	10,589	0	130	-6,035	4,684	0	71	5,180	9,935
103 Wage Board	17,417	0	213	-4,818	12,812	0	195	321	13,328
104 FN Direct Hire (FNDH)	688	0	8	11	707	0	11	-660	58
107 Voluntary Sep Incentives	63	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	63
199 TOTAL CIV COMPENSATION	28,757	0	351	-10,842	18,266	0	277	4,841	23,384
308 Travel of Persons	723	0	12	-421	314	0	б	-2	318
399 TOTAL TRAVEL	723	0	12	-421	314	0	6	-2	318
401 DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	86	0	-6	65	145	0	-12	15	148
402 Service Fund Fuel	б	0	0	-5	1	0	0	0	1
412 Navy Managed Supply, Matl	70	0	2	-1	71	0	4	-2	73
416 GSA Supplies & Materials	112	0	2	41	155	0	3	0	158
417 Local Purch Supplies & Mat	676	0	11	-5	682	0	12	2	696
422 DLA Mat Supply Chain (Medical)	88	0	0	23	111	0	0	2	113
499 TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	1,038	0	9	118	1,165	0	7	17	1,189
503 Navy Fund Equipment	28	0	0	1	29	0	1	-1	29
505 Air Force Fund Equip	16	0	0	-16	0	0	0	0	0
507 GSA Managed Equipment	34	0	1	-1	34	0	1	-1	34
599 TOTAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	78	0	1	-16	63	0	2	-2	63
601 Army	28	0	2	-30	0	0	0	0	0

	FY 2015	Foreign Currency	Change FY 2015/FY 2016		EV 2016	Foreign FY 2016 Currency		Change FY 2016/FY 2017	
		-				-			FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
Industrial									
Operations									
631 Navy Base	296	0	33	412	741	0	53	-42	752
Support (NFESC) 633 DLA Document									
Services	0	0	0	46	46	0	1	0	47
634 NAVFEC									
(Utilities and	0	0	0	14,098	14,098	0	-610	6,039	19,527
Sanitation)									
635 Navy Base							45.0		
Support (NAVFEC	26,166	0	0	-4,438	21,728	0	478	-1,866	20,340
Other Support									
Services)									
699 TOTAL DWCF	06 400	•	25	10 000	26 612	•	-78	4 1 2 1	10 555
PURCHASES	26,490	0	35	10,088	36,613	0	- / 8	4,131	40,666
719 SDDC Cargo	0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	5
Ops-Port hndlg	0	U	U	5	5	0	0	U	5
771 Commercial	52	0	1	-44	9	0	0	0	9
Transport	52	0	T	11	)	0	0	0	)
799 TOTAL	52	0	1	-39	14	0	0	0	14
TRANSPORTATION	52	Ũ	-	55		v	Ŭ	Ũ	
901 Foreign	238	0	3	-173	68	0	1	0	69
National Indirect									
Hire (FNIH)									
912 Rental	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Payments to GSA									
(SLUC)									
913 Purchased	254	0	4	-130	128	0	2	1	131
Utilities (Non-									
Fund)									
914 Purchased	694	0	12	-698	8	0	0	0	8
Communications									
(Non-Fund)									
915 Rents (Non-	113	0	2	-115	0	0	0	0	0
GSA)									
920 Supplies &	8,173	152	142	764	9,231	0	166	-1,942	7,455
Materials (Non-									
Fund)									
921 Printing &	б	0	0	-5	1	0	0	0	1
Reproduction									

		Foreign	Change			Foreign Change			
	FY 2015	Currency	FY 2015/F	Y 2016	FY 2016	Currency	FY 2016/F	Y 2017	FY 2017
OP 32 Line	Actual	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate	Rate Diff	Price	Program	Estimate
922 Equipment	1,515	0	26	9,345	10,886	0	196	92	11,174
Maintenance By									
Contract									
923 Facilities	308,612	246	5,251	44,725	358,834	-1,539	6,431	2,893	366,619
Sust, Rest, & Mod									
by Contract									
925 Equipment	4,663	0	79	-3,388	1,354	0	24	2	1,380
Purchases (Non-									
Fund)									
930 Other Depot	0	0	0	16	16	0	0	1	17
Maintenance (Non-									
Fund)									
932 Mgt Prof	568	0	10	-578	0	0	0	0	0
Support Svcs									
934 Engineering & Tech Svcs	800	0	14	-814	0	0	0	0	0
937 Locally									
Purchased Fuel	25	0	-2	-21	2	0	0	0	2
(Non-Fund)									
955 Other Costs									
(Medical Care)	1,282	0	47	-1,329	0	0	0	1	1
957 Other Costs	460 005	1,433	7,882	101 450	240 000	0	C 100	060 001	COO 011
(Land and	462,225	1,433	/,882	-131,452	340,088	0	6,122	262,801	609,011
Structures)									
987 Other Intra-	126,898	0	2,157	-90,963	38,092	0	686	-11,525	27,253
Govt Purch	120,090	0	2,137	-90,903	50,092	0	000	-11,525	27,233
989 Other	41,840	354	717	-636	42,275	0	761	5,930	48,966
Services	11,010	551	/ 1 /	050	12,215	0	701	5,550	10,900
990 IT Contract	0	0	0	12	12	0	0	0	12
Support Services	Ŭ	Ű	0	12	12	0	0	Ű	14
999 TOTAL OTHER	957,906	2,185	16,344	-175,439	800,996	-1,539	14,389	258,254	1,072,100
PURCHASES	,	_,,	,	,	,	_,	,		,,
Total	1,015,044	2,185	16,753	-176,551	857,431	-1,539	14,603	267,239	1,137,734

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	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	2017 FY 2015/2016		016 FY 2016/2017	
	$Actual^1$	$Enacted^2$	Request <sup>3</sup>	Change	Percent	Change	Percent
In-House Care							
Defense Medical Centers, Hospitals and 0807700DHA Medical Clinics-CONUS Defense Medical Centers, Hospitals and	6,085,206	6,225,080	6,573,934	139,874	2.3%	348,854	5.6%
0807900DHA Medical Clinics-OCONUS	419,653	443,548	462,347	23,895	5.7%	18,799	4.2%
0807701DHA Pharmaceuticals-CONUS	1,462,857	1,480,323	1,533,892	17,466	1.2%	53,569	3.6%
0807901DHA Pharmaceuticals-OCONUS	136,872	132,683	140,966	-4,189	-3.1%	8,283	6.2%
0807715DHA Dental Care Activities-CONUS	472,197	461,647	479,107	-10,550	-2.2%	17,460	3.8%
0807915DHA Dental Care Activities-OCONUS	45,572	61,141	49,914	15,569	34.2%	-11,227	-18.4%
Subtotal In-House Care	8,622,357	8,804,422	9,240,160	182,065	2.1%	435,738	4.9%
Private Sector Care							
0807702DHA Pharmaceuticals - Purchased Health Care	619,428	852,493	966,727	233,065	37.6%	114,234	13.4%
0807703DHA Pharmaceuticals - National Retail Pharmacy	2,327,367	1,125,025	900,289	-1,202,342	-51.7%	-224,736	-20.0%
0807723DHA TRICARE Managed Care Support (MCS) Contracts	6,336,000	5,988,495	7,210,017	-347,505	-5.5%	1,221,522	20.4%
0807738DHA MTF Enrollees - Purchased Care	2,629,339	2,524,033	2,719,986	-105,306	-4.0%	195,953	7.8%
0807741DHA Dental - Purchased Care	324,009	356,647	341,473	32,638	10.1%	-15,174	-4.3%
Uniformed Services Family Health Program 0807742DHA (USFHP)	489,351	514,464	519,325	25,113	5.1%	4,861	0.9%
0807743DHA Supplemental Care - Health Care	•	1,282,120		-48,168		80,524	6.3%
0807745DHA Supplemental Care - Dental	95,778	142,315	91,835	46,537		-50,480	-35.5%
Continuing Health Education/Capitalization						=	
0807747DHA of Assets Program	330,550	429,909	350,815	99,359	30.1%	-79,094	-18.4%
0807749DHA Overseas Purchased Health Care	287,730	303,711	303,937	15,981	5.6%	226	0.1%
0807751DHA Miscellaneous Purchased Health Care	838,458	713,048	867,593	-125,410	-15.0%	154,545	21.7%
0807752DHA Miscellaneous Support Activities	93,010	155,142	104,118	62,132		-51,024	-32.9%
Subtotal Private Sector Care	15,701,308	14,387,402	15,738,759	-1,313,906	-8.4%	1,351,357	9.4%
Consolidated Health Support							
0801720DHA Examining Activities	81,374	85,655	85,914	4,281	5.3%	259	0.3%
0807714DHA Other Health Activities	752,097	720,252	835,978	-31,845		115,726	16.1%
0807705DHA Military Public/Occupational Health	471,700	496,450	527,666	24,750		31,216	6.3%
0807760DHA Veterinary Services	25,185	34,532	32,491	9,347	37.1%	-2,041	-5.9%
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Exhibit PB-11, Cost of Medical Activities DHP-191

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015,	/2016	FY 2016	/2017
		<b>Actual</b> <sup>1</sup>	Enacted <sup>2</sup>	Request <sup>3</sup>	Change	Percent	Change	Percent
0807724DHA	Military Unique Requirements - Other Medical	623,098	733,199	801,371	110,101	17.7%	68,172	9.3%
0807725DHA	Aeromedical Evacuation System	49,800	54,973	55,251	5,173	10.4%	278	0.5%
	Service Support to Other Health Activities -							
0807730DHA		1,384	2,359	2,396	975	70.4%	37	
	Joint Pathology Center (JPC)	21,299	23,952	24,721	2,653	12.5%	769	
0903300DHA	Support to FACA Advisory Board Activities	1,728	1,955	1,971	227	13.1%	16	
	Subtotal Consolidated Health Support	2,027,665	2,153,327	2,367,759	125,662	6.2%	214,432	10.0%
Information	n Technology/Information Management							
	Theater Medical Information Program Joint							
0807744DHA		0	0	49,857	0	0.0%	49,857	100.0%
0807746044	Joint Operational Medicine Information Systems (JOMIS)	0	0	11,136	0	0.0%	11,136	100.0%
00077102111	Service Medical Information	0	0	11,150	Ŭ	0.00	11,150	100.00
	Management/Information Technology (Non-							
0807781DHA		555,658	355,154	355,198	-200,504	-36.1%	44	0.0%
0807783047	DHP Information Management/Information Technology Support Programs	87,104	36,510	33,364	-50,594	-58.1%	-3,146	-8.6%
	Integrated Electronic Health Record	61,901	18,300	17,183	-43,601	-70.4%	-1,117	
	DoD Healthcare Management Systems	56,986	89,188	129,969	32,202	100.0%	40,781	45.7%
0007707DIIA	DoD Medical Information Exchange and	50,500	09,100	129,909	52,202	100.0%	40,701	-13.7%
0807788DHA	Interoperability	0	59,743	57,268	59,743	100.0%	-2,475	100.0%
	MHS Tri-Service Information							
0807793DHA	Management/Information Technology	713,481	1,090,719	1,089,774	377,238	52.9%	-945	-0.1%
	Subtotal Information Management	1,475,130	1,649,614	1,743,749	174,484	11.8%	33,142	2.0%
Management	Activities							
0807798DHA	Management Activities	137,119	138,676	177,566	1,557	1.1%	38,890	28.0%
0807704DHA	Defense Health Agency	184,272	187,232	133,814	2,960	1.6%	-53,418	-28.5%
0807709DHA	TRICARE Management Activity	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	0	<u>0</u>	0.0%	0	0.0%
	Subtotal Management Activities	321,391	325,908	311,380	4,517	1.4%	-14,528	-4.5%
Education a	and Training							
	Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship							
0806722DHA		231,499	260,082	274,800	28,583	12.3%	14,718	5.7%
0006701000	Uniformed Services University of the Health	145 000	154 640	161 510	0 700	<	7 064	4 6 9
0806721DHA	Sciences	145,920	154,649	161,713	8,729	6.0%	7,064	4.6%
				Exhibit	PB-11, Cos	st of Med		vities MP-192

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015,	/2016	FY 2016,	/2017
		Actual <sup>1</sup>	Enacted <sup>2</sup>	Request <sup>3</sup>	Change	Percent	Change	Percent
0806761DHA	Other Education and Training	285,141	313,133	306,718	27,992	9.8%	-6,415	-2.0%
	Subtotal Education and Training	662 <b>,</b> 560	727,864	743,231	65,304	9.9%	15,367	2.1%
Base Operat	ions/Communications							
0806276DHA	Facilities Restoration and Modernization -	436,514	311,214	590,153	-125,300	-28.7%	278,939	89.6%
0800270DHA	Facilities Restoration and Modernization -	430,514	511,214	590,155	-125,300	-20.7%	210,939	09.0%
0806376DHA		44,763	28,874	18,858	-15,889	-35.5%	-10,016	-34.7%
0806278DHA	Facilities Sustainment - CONUS	456,423	441,655	388,423	-14,768	-3.2%	-53,232	-12.1%
0806378DHA	Facilities Sustainment - OCONUS	77,344	75,688	140,300	-1,656	-2.1%	64,612	85.4%
0807779DHA	Facilities Operations - Health Care - CONUS	337,220	395,313	408,019	58,093	17.2%	12,706	3.2%
0807979DHA	Facilities Operations - Health Care - OCONUS	52,249	39,728	40,012	-12,521	-24.0%	284	0.7%
0807795DHA	Base Communications - CONUS	48,158	41,083	41,857	-7,075	-14.7%	774	1.9%
0807995DHA	Base Communications - OCONUS	4,079	5,225	5,326	1,146	28.1%	101	1.9%
0807796DHA	Base Operations - CONUS	359,541	342,488	394,911	-17,053	-4.7%	52,423	15.3%
0807996DHA	Base Operations - OCONUS	15,246	24,707	25,350	9,461	62.1%	643	2.6%
0807754DHA	Pollution Prevention	920	267	272	-653	-71.0%	5	1.9%
0807756DHA	Environmental Compliance	19,515	22,877	23,540	3,362	17.2%	663	2.9%
0807790DHA	Visual Information Systems	7,143	9,371	9,331	2,228	31.2%	-40	-0.4%
	Subtotal Base Operations/Communications	1,859,115	1,738,490	2,086,352	-120,625	-6.5%	347,862	20.0%
	Subtotal DHP Operation and Maintenance	30,669,526	29,787,027	32,231,390	-882,499	-2.9%	2,383,370	8.0%
Procurement	: (Program Elements 0807720DHA & 0807721DHA)							
	Dental Equipment Food Service, Preventive Medicine, and	0	308	323	308	100.0%	15	4.9%
	Pharmacy Equipment	463	3,009	3,232	2,546	549.9%	223	7.4%
	Medical Information System Equipment	119,440	149,897	180,347	30,457	25.5%	30,450	20.3%
	Medical Patient Care Administrative							
	Equipment	2,614	5,944		3,330	127.4%	226	3.8%
	Medical/Surgical Equipment	36,962			-16,905	-45.7%	3,670	18.3%
	Other Equipment	12,319	22,744		10,425	84.6%	401	1.8%
	Pathology/Lab Equipment	1,731	13,663	18,069	11,932	689.3%	4,406	32.2%
	Radiographic Equipment	58,740	148,274	126,325	89,534	152.4%	-21,949	-14.8%

Exhibit PB-11, Cost of Medical Activities DHP-193

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	7 FY 2015/2016		FY 2016	/2017
		$Actual^1$	Enacted <sup>2</sup>	Request <sup>3</sup>	Change	Percent	Change	Percent
Procurement	c (Program Elements 0807744DHA)							
	Theater Medical Information Program - Joint	3,145	1,494	0	-1,651	-52.5%	-1,494	-100.0%
Procurement	t (Program Elements 0807746DHA)							
	Joint Operational Medicine Information System	0	0	2,413	0	0.0%	0 410	100.0%
	System	0	0	2,415	0	0.0%	2,413	100.0%
Procurement	c (Program Elements 0807784DHA)							
	Integrated Electronic Health Record	3,199	0	0	-3,199	-100.0%	0	0.0%
Procurement	c (Program Elements 0807787DHA)							
	DoD Healthcare Management System	0	0	00.460	0	0 00	00.460	100.00
	Modernization	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	29,468	<u>0</u>	0.0%	29,468	100.0%
	Subtotal Procurement	238,613	365,390	413,219	126,777	53.1%	47,829	13.1%
Research, I	Development, Test and Evaluation							
0001101010	In-House Laboratory Independent Research	2 004	4 500	2 (52	1 (05	F0 49	1 046	40.0%
0601101DHA	Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences	2,904 8,282	4,599 9,558	2,653 6,444	1,695 1,276		-1,946 -3,114	
	Applied Biomedical Technology	67,237	9,558 75,155	57,275	7,918			-23.8%
	Medical Technology (AFRRI)	1,145	1,222	1,242	7,910		-17,880	
	Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI)	286	305	310	19		20	
	Medical Advanced fechnology (AFRE) Medical Technology Development						-	
U6U3115DHA	Medical rechnology Development Medical Products Support and Advanced	1,177,334	1,272,109	220,916	94,775	8.08	-1,051,193	-82.0%
0604110DHA	Concept Development	146,411	175,518	96,602	29,107	19.9%	-78,916	-45.0%
0605013DHA	Information Technology Development	19,399	19,312	25,340	-87	-0.4%	6,028	31.2%
0605023DHA	Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR)	28,514	248	0	-28,266	-99.1%	-248	-100.0%
	Theater Medical Information Program - Joint							
0605025DHA		21,403	22,100	0	697	3.3%	-22,100	-100.0%
0605026047	DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)	88,744	438,376	298,623	349,632	394.0%	-139,753	-31.9%
0005020DHA	DoD Medical Information Exchange and	00,744	430,370	290,023	349,032	394.0%	-139,133	-31.9%
0605039DHA	Interoperability (DMIX)	0	11,000	0	11,000	100.0%	-11,000	-100.0%
	Joint Operational Medicine Information							
0605045DHA	System (JOMIS)	0	0	22,140	0	0.0%	22,140	100.0%
0605145043	Medical Products and Support Systems Development	25,383	16,787	17,954	-8 596	-33.9%	1,167	7.0%
0005145DHA	Deveropment.	20,000	10,707					
				Exhibit	RR-TT' COE	st of Me	dical Acti	vities

DHP-194

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015	/2016	FY 2016	/2017
		$Actual^1$	Enacted <sup>2</sup>	Request <sup>3</sup>	Change	Percent	Change	Percent
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR)	FF 100	0	0	<b>FH</b> 100	100.00	0	0.00
0605502DHA	-	57,108	0	0		-100.0%	0	0.0%
0606105DHA	Medical Program-Wide Activities Medical Products and Capabilities	38,052	57,807	58,410	19,755	51.9%	603	1.0%
0607100DHA	Enhancement Activities	16,413	17,356	14,998	943	5.7%	-2,358	-13.6%
	Subtotal RDT&E	1,698,615	2,121,452	822,907	422,837	24.9%	-1,298,545	-61.2%
	Total Defense Health Program	32,606,754	32,273,869	33,467,516	-332,885	-1.0%	1,132,654	3.4%
	SI	ecial Inter	est Items					
Medicare E	ligible Accrual Fund Receipts							
	Direct Care	1,406,036	1,526,122	1,582,220	120,086	8.5%	56,098	3.7%
	Private Sector Care	8,060,040	7,784,568	8,214,835	-275,472	-3.4%	430,267	5.5%
	Military Personnel Accounts	491,930	455,695	471,189	-36,235	-7.4%	15,494	3.4%
	Total Medicare Eligible Accrual Fund	9,958,006	9,766,385	10,268,244	-191,621	-1.9%	501,859	5.1%
Research, I Title	Development, Test & Evaluation By Program							
	Congressionally Directed Programs DHA Central Information Technology	1,076,115	1,150,800	0	74,685	6.9%	-1,150,800	-100.0%
	Development	9,859	12,937	20,210	3,078	31.2%	7,273	56.2%
	Service Information Technology Development	9,540	6,375	5,130	-3,165	-33.2%	-1,245	-19.5%
	Small Business Innovative Research	57,108	0	0	-57,108	-100.0%	0	0.0%
	Medical Technology Development	95,638	114,276	81,462	18,638	19.5%	-32,814	-28.7%
	Biomedical Technology Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute	7,591	14,672	13,813	7,081	93.3%	-859	-5.9%
	(AFRRI) In-House Laboratory Independent Research	1,021	1,222	1,242	201	19.7%	20	1.6%
	(ILIR)	2,589	3,599	2,653	1,010	39.0%	-946	-26.3%
	Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI) Medical Products Support and Advanced	255	305	310	50	19.6%	5	1.6%
	Concept Development Medical Products and Support Systems	7,575	4,000	4,000	-3,575	100.0%	0	0.0%
	Development	1,649	855	774	-794	-48.1%	-81	-9.5%

Exhibit PB-11, Cost of Medical Activities DHP-195

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015/	/2016	FY 2016	/2017
	<u>Actual<sup>1</sup></u>	Enacted <sup>2</sup>	Request <sup>3</sup>	Change	Percent	Change	Percent
Medical Program-Wide Activities Medical Products and Capabilities	30,419	41,567	58,410	11,148	36.6%	16,843	40.5%
Enhancement Activities	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) Theater Medical Information Program - Joint	28,514	248	0	-28,266	-99.1%	-248	-100.0%
(TMIP-J) DoD Healthcare Management System	21,403	22,100	0	697	3.3%	-22,100	-100.0%
Modernization (DHMSM) DoD Medical Information Exchange and	88,744	438,376	298,623	349,632	394.0%	-139,753	-31.9%
Interoperability (DMIX) Joint Operational Medicine Information	0	11,000	0	11,000	100.0%	-11,000	-100.0%
System (JOMIS)	0	0	22,140	0	0.0%	22,140	100.0%
GDF Medical Research Enhancement Total Research, Development, Test and	260,596	299,120	314,140	38,524	14.8%	15,020	5.0%
Evaluation	1,698,615	2,121,452	822,907	422,837	24.9%	-1,298,545	-61.2%

1/ FY 2015 includes OCO obligated funding of 344.645M for O&M, Congressional reductions of -1,001.261M for O&M, and Congressional increases of+1,076.115M for RDT&E

2/ FY 2016 excludes OCO enacted funding of 272.704M for O&M; includes Congressional reductions of -1,047.773M for O&M, -8.968M for iEHR RDT&E, -7.897M for PROC, and Congressional increases of +1,150.800M for RDT&E

3/ FY 2017 reflect Estimated Amounts exclude OCO funding of \$331.764K for FY 2017

Exhibit PB-11, Cost of Medical Activities DHP-196

	<u>FY 2015</u>	Actual	FY 2016	Enacted	FY 2017 :	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>FY16-17</u>	Change
	End	Avg	End	Avg	End	Avg	End	Avg
	<u>Strength</u>	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	<u>Strength</u>	Strength	Strength
Active Military - Assigned to DHP								
Army Total	26,262	26,575	26,313	26,288	25,988	26,151	-325	-137
Officers	12,201	12,332	11,906	12,054	11,854	11,880	-52	-174
Enlisted	14,061	14,243	14,407	14,234	14,134	14,271	-273	37
Navy Total	27,964	28,128	27,966	27,967	27,949	27,958	-17	-9
Officers /1	8,843	8,870	8,845	8,846	8,831	8,838	-14	-8
Enlisted	19,121	19,258	19,121	19,121	19,118	19,120	-3	-1
Air Force Total	28,857	29,068	29,825	29,342	30,230	30,028	405	686
Officers	10,064	10,057	10,645	10,355	10,759	10,702	114	347
Enlisted	18,793	19,011	19,180	18,987	19,471	19,326	291	339
Total Active Duty	83,083	83,771	84,104	83,597	84,167	84,137	63	540
Officers	31,108	31,259	31,396	31,255	31,444	31,420	48	165
Enlisted	51,975	52,512	52,708	52,342	52,723	52,717	15	375
/1 Includes one USMC DHP officer strength								
Active Military - Non DHP Medical								
Army Total	25,563	25,279	20,274	22,919	20,012	20,143	-262	-2,776
Officers	4,560	4,433	4,080	4,320	4,061	4,071	-19	-250
Enlisted	21,003	20,846	16,194	18,599	15,951	16,073	-243	-2,526
Navy Total	11,916	11,856	11,239	11,578	11,046	11,143	-193	-435
Officers	2,113	2,123	2,017	2,065	1,978	1,998	-39	-68
Enlisted	9,803	9,733	9,222	9,513	9,068	9,145	-154	-368
Air Force Total	2,195	2,195	2,208	2,202	2,223	2,216	15	14
Officers	857	857	867	862	873	870	6	8
Enlisted	1,338	1,338	1,341	1,340	1,350	1,346	9	6
Total Active Duty	39,674	39,329	33,721	36,698	33,281	33,501	-440	-3,197
Officers	7,530	7,412	6,964	7,247	6,912	6,938	-52	-309
Enlisted	32,144	31,917	26,757	29,451	26,369	26,563	-388	-2,888

Exhibit PB-11A, Personnel Summary DHP-197

	<u>FY 2015</u> End	Actual	<u>FY 2016 F</u> End	Inacted	FY 2017 Estimate End		FY16-17 End	Change
	Strength	FTES	Strength	FTES	Strength	FTES	Strength	FTES
I. Civilian Personnel - US Direct Hire								
Army	38,091	36,786	39,120	38,846	38,615	37,810	-505	-1,036
Navy	10,709	10,164	11,237	11,051	10,959	10,773	-278	-278
Air Force	5,919	5,958	6,958	6,251	6,370	5,663	-588	-588
Defense Health Agency	6,206	5,891	6,306	6,290	6,408	6,392	102	102
Total	60,925	58,799	63,621	62,438	62,352	60,638	-1,269	-1,800
II. Civilian Personnel - Foreign National Direct Hire								
Army	535	524	436	431	436	431	0	0
Navy	427	414	365	342	365	342	0	0
Air Force	191	186	171	172	171	172	0	0
Defense Health Agency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,153	1,124	972	945	972	945	0	0
III. Civilian Personnel - Foreign National Indirect Hire								
Army	810	781	1,053	1,033	839	819	-214	-214
Navy	434	428	448	430	448	430	0	0
Air Force	148	147	165	161	165	161	0	0
Defense Health Agency	3	3	5	5	5	5	0	0
Total	1,395	1,359	1,671	1,629	1,457	1,415	-214	-214
IV. Total Civilian Personnel								
Army	39,436	38,091	40,609	40,310	39,890	39,060	-719	-1,250
Navy	11,570	11,006	12,050	11,823	11,772	11,545	-278	-278
Air Force	6,258	6,291	7,294	6,584	6,706	5,996	-588	-588
Defense Health Agency	6,209	5,894	6,311	6,295	6,413	6,397	102	102
Total /1	63,473	61,282	66,264	65,012	64,781	62,998	-1,483	-2,014
V. Summary Civilian Personnel								
U.S. Direct Hire	60,925	58,799	63,621	62,438	62,352	60,638	-1,269	-1,800
Foreign National Direct Hire	1,153	1,124	972	945	972	945	0	0
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,395	1,359	1,671	1,629	1,457	1,415	-214	-214
Total, Civilians /1	63,473	61,282	66,264	65,012	64,781	62,998	-1,483	-2,014
/1 Includes reimbursable civilians - memo	208	201	207	206	207	206	0	0

	FY 2015 Ac End	tual	<u>FY 2016 En</u> End	acted	FY 2017 Est End	imate	<u>FY16-17 C</u> End	hange
	Strength	FTES	Strength	FTES	Strength	FTES	Strength	FTES
SPECIAL INTEREST MANPOWER								
TRICARE Regional Offices (TRO):								
Military Civilian	1 139	1 139	1 139	1 139	1 139	1 139	0 0	0 0
Defense Health Agency (PE 0807798)								
Military Civilian	0 86	0 91	0 86	0 86	0 316	0 316	0 230	0 230
Army Management Headquarters (PE 0807798)								
Military Civilian	129 588	185 561	129 516	129 509	129 481	129 474	0 -35	0 -35
Navy Management Headquarters (PE 0807798)								
Military Civilian	231 172	223 163	236 143	234 140	236 136	236 133	0 -7	2 -7
Air Force Management Headquarters (PE 0807798)								
Military Civilian	324 97	362 100	324 100	324 94	324 87	324 81	0 -13	0 -13

Note: Some numbers might not add due to rounding.

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	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015-2016	FY 2016-2017
Population - Average Eligible Beneficiaries, CONUS	Actuals *	Enacted **	Estimate	Change	Change
Active Duty ***	1,370,519	1,357,412	1,340,941	-13,107	-16,471
Active Duty Family Members	1,924,827	1,904,517	1,879,168	-20,310	-25,349
Retirees	1,049,088	1,044,520	1,038,670	-4,568	-5,851
Family Members of Retirees	2,391,745	2,385,850	2,379,325	-5,895	-6,526
Subtotal Eligible	6,736,179	6,692,299	6,638,103	-43,880	-54,197
Medicare Eligible Beneficiaries ****	2,273,914	2,304,661	2,336,756	30,747	32,095
Total Average Eligible Beneficiaries	9,010,093	8,996,961	8,974,859	-13,132	-22,102
Population - Average Eligible Beneficiaries, OCONUS					
Active Duty ***	172,156	170,872	169,197	-1,284	-1,675
Active Duty Family Members	141,397	140,354	138,995	-1,043	-1,359
Retirees	21,992	21,886	21,755	-106	-130
Family Members of Retirees	55,716	55,590	55,475	-126	-114
Subtotal Eligible	391,261	388,702	385,423	-2,559	-3,278
Medicare Eligible Beneficiaries	36,769	37,237	37,722	468	485
Total Average Eligible Beneficiaries	428,030	425,938	423,145	-2,092	-2,793
Population - Average Eligible Beneficiaries, Worldwide					
Active Duty ***	1,542,675	1,528,284	1,510,138	-14,391	-18,146
Active Duty Family Members	2,066,224	2,044,871	2,018,163	-21,353	-26,708
Retirees	1,071,080	1,066,406	1,060,425	-4,674	-5,981
Family Members of Retirees	2,447,461	2,441,440	2,434,800	-6,021	-6,640
Subtotal Eligible	7,127,440	7,081,001	7,023,526	-46,439	-57,475
Medicare Eligible Beneficiaries:					
Active Duty Family Members	6,337	6,234	6,128	-103	-106
Guard/Reserve Family Members	1,553	1,562	1,550	9	-12
Eligible Retirees	1,102,033	1,117,072	1,133,101	15,039	16,029
Eligible Family Members of Retirees *****	723,208	732,960	743,345	9,752	10,385
Survivor	475,642	482,160	488,444	6,518	6,284
Other	1,910	1,910	1,910	0	0
Total Medicare Eligible Beneficiaries	2,310,683	2,341,898	2,374,478	31,215	32,580
Total Average Eligible Beneficiaries	9,438,123	9,422,899	9,398,004	-15,224	-24,895

Notes:

1. (\*) 2015 Actuals are actual MHS eligible beneficiaries from FY2015FM12. (\*\*) 2015 Estimate is projected number of MHS eligible beneficiaries from FY2015FM12. (DEERS data were extracted on 12/22/2015).

2. (\*\*\*) Active duty and active duty guard/reserve beneficiaries were excluded from being counted as Medicare Eligible.

3. (\*\*\*\*) The US "Medicare Eligible Beneficiaries" are defined as MERHCF beneficiaries: Active Duty Family Members, Guard/Reserve

Family Members, Eligible Retirees, Eligible Family Members of Retirees, Inactive Guard/Reserve, Inactive Guard/Reserve Family Members, Survivors, and Others

4. (\*\*\*\*\*) The Worldwide "Eligible Family Members of Retirees" are defined as MERHCF beneficiaries: Family Members of Retirees,

Inactive Guard/Reserves, and Inactive Guard/Reserve Family Members

5. Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding.

6. USFHP enrollees who are also Medicare Eligible are shown in Eligible Beneficiaries, not under Medicare Eligible Beneficiaries.

Exhibit PB-11B, Medical Workload and Productivity Data DHP-202

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015-2016 F	Y 2016-2017
		Actuals	Enacted	Estimate	Change	Change
Enrollees - Direct Care						
TRICARE Region - North		857,855	923,216	932,888	65,361	9,672
TRICARE Region - South		1,015,793	1,067,997	1,072,297	52,204	4,300
TRICARE Region - West		993,158	1,045,044	1,052,495	51,886	7,451
TRICARE Region - Europe		142,967	142,817	143,381	-150	564
TRICARE Region - Pacific		221,548	215,333	215,346	-6,215	13
TRICARE Region - Latin Ame	erica	4,077	4,196	4,199	119	3
Alaska		62,558	64,141	64,341	1,583	200
	Sub-Total CONUS Regions	2,866,806	3,036,257	3,057,680	169,451	21,423
	Sub-Total OCONUS Regions	431,150	426,487	427,267	-4,663	780
	Total Direct Care Enrollees	3,297,956	3,462,744	3,484,947	164,788	22,203

\*Source: FY15 = DEERS; FY16 and 17 = Service Medical Departments Business Plans Enrollees are only TRICARE PRIME Enrollees enrolled to a military treatment facility. Excludes "Plus" empanelled and other TRICARE space available users.

Enrollees - Managed Care Support Contract					
TRICARE Region - North	437,935	425,578	420,671	-12,356	-4,907
TRICARE Region - South	580,692	564,307	557,800	-16,384	-6,507
TRICARE Region - West	379,760	369,046	364,790	-10,715	-4,256
Total MCS Contracts	1,398,387	1,358,931	1,343,261	-39,456	-15,670
Infrastructure					
Inpatient Facilities	55	55	55	0	0
Medical Clinics	372	372	372	0	0
Dental Clinics	250	250	250	0	0
Veterinary Clinics	253	253	253	0	0
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015-2016	FY 2016-2017
	FY 2015 Actuals	FY 2016 <u>Enacted</u>	FY 2017 Estimate	FY 2015-2016 <u>Change</u>	FY 2016-2017 <u>Change</u>
Direct Care System Workload (from M2 and Business Planning Tool)					
Direct Care System Workload (from M2 and Business Planning Tool) Inpatient Admissions, Non-Weighted (SIDR Dispositions-All)			Estimate	Change	
	Actuals	Enacted	<b>Estimate</b> 243,331	Change	Change
Inpatient Admissions, Non-Weighted (SIDR Dispositions-All)	Actuals 250,363	<b>Enacted</b> 242,213	<b>Estimate</b> 243,331 214,139	<u>Change</u> -8,150	<u>Change</u> 1,118
Inpatient Admissions, Non-Weighted (SIDR Dispositions-All) Inpatient Admissions, Weighted (MS-DRG RWPs, Non Mental Health)	Actuals 250,363 202,403	<b>Enacted</b> 242,213 212,141	Estimate 243,331 214,139	<u>Change</u> -8,150 9,738	<u>Change</u> 1,118 1,998
Inpatient Admissions, Non-Weighted (SIDR Dispositions-All) Inpatient Admissions, Weighted (MS-DRG RWPs, Non Mental Health) Inpatient Admissions, Occupied Bed Days (Mental Health Only)	Actuals 250,363 202,403 89,059 3.08	Enacted 242,213 212,141 87,907 3.28	Estimate 243,331 214,139 92,164	Change -8,150 9,738 -1,152	<u>Change</u> 1,118 1,998 4,257
Inpatient Admissions, Non-Weighted (SIDR Dispositions-All) Inpatient Admissions, Weighted (MS-DRG RWPs, Non Mental Health) Inpatient Admissions, Occupied Bed Days (Mental Health Only) Average Length of Stay (ALL Bed Days/All Dispositions)	Actuals 250,363 202,403 89,059 3.08 37,927,084	Enacted 242,213 212,141 87,907 3.28 38,441,157	Estimate 243,331 214,139 92,164 3.32	Change -8,150 9,738 -1,152 0.20	<u>Change</u> 1,118 1,998 4,257 0.04
Inpatient Admissions, Non-Weighted (SIDR Dispositions-All) Inpatient Admissions, Weighted (MS-DRG RWPs, Non Mental Health) Inpatient Admissions, Occupied Bed Days (Mental Health Only) Average Length of Stay (ALL Bed Days/All Dispositions) Ambulatory Visits, Non-Weighted (Encounters, CAPER)	Actuals 250,363 202,403 89,059 3.08 37,927,084	Enacted 242,213 212,141 87,907 3.28 38,441,157 81,604,508	Estimate 243,331 214,139 92,164 3.32 38,597,495 82,201,725	Change -8,150 9,738 -1,152 0.20 514,073	<u>Change</u> 1,118 1,998 4,257 0.04 156,338

Exhibit PB-11B, Medical Workload and Productivity Data DHP-203

		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2015-2016	FY 2016-2017
		Actuals	Enacted	Estimate	Change	Change
Dental Workload (Dental Weighte	ed Values (DWVs)(from Components)					
CONUS		14,621,724	15,919,400	17,125,636	1,297,676	1,206,236
OCONUS		2,331,096	2,439,304	2,515,468	108,208	76,164
	Total DWVs	16,952,820	18,358,704	19,641,104	1,405,884	1,282,400
CONUS						
Active Duty		11,846,958	12,918,712	13,931,590	1,071,754	1,012,878
Non-Active Duty		2,137,144	2,243,734	2,303,512	106,590	59,778
	Total CONUS	13,984,102	15,162,446	16,235,102	1,178,344	1,072,656
OCONUS						
Active Duty		1,605,390	1,679,615	1,734,861	74,225	55,246
Non-Active Duty		725,706	759,689	780,607	33,983	20,918
_	Total OCONUS	2,331,096	2,439,304	2,515,468	108,208	76,164

Private Sector Workload		FY 2015 Actuals	FY 2016 Enacted	FY 2017 Estimate	FY 2015-2016 <u>Change</u>	FY 2016-2017 Change
Managed Care Support Contr	acts (TRICARE Prime)					
	Inpatient Admissions	149,306	151,464	152,540	2,158	1,076
	Inpatient Relative Weighted Product (RWPs)	153,431	155,648	156,754	2,217	1,106
	Outpatient Visits	30,796,117	31,241,159	31,463,201	445,042	222,042
	Outpatient Relative Weighted Units (RVUs)	74,724,390	75,804,249	76,343,017	1,079,859	538,768
TRICARE Extra/Standard						
	Inpatient Admissions	144,197	146,281	147,320	2,084	1,039
	Inpatient Relative Weighted Product (RWPs)	127,475	129,317	130,236	1,842	919
	Outpatient Visits	15,657,175	15,883,440	15,996,330	226,265	112,890
	Outpatient Relative Weighted Units (RVUs)	40,512,050	41,097,498	41,389,593	585,448	292,095
Overseas CHAMPUS						
	Inpatient Admissions	12,707	12,891	12,982	184	91
	Inpatient Relative Weighted Product (RWPs)	7,904	8,018	8,075	114	57
	Outpatient Visits	379,233	384,713	387,448	5,480	2,735
	Outpatient Relative Weighted Units (RVUs)	560,782	568,886	572,930	8,104	4,044

Exhibit PB-11B, Medical Workload and Productivity Data DHP-204

		FY 2015		FY 2017	FY 2015-2016	
Pharmacy	Retail	Actuals	Enacted	<u>Estimate</u>	Change	Change
	Number of Script	as 30,563,574	29,065,959	27,641,727	-1,497,615	-1,424,232
	Mail Order					
	Number of Script	s 5,646,102	6,306,696	7,044,579	660,594	737,883
TRICARE Dental Program						
	Enrollment - Single Plan	297,611	285,111	282,260	-12,500	-2,851
	Enrollment - Family Plan	437,001	418,647	414,460	-18,354	-4,186
	Enrollment - Survivor Single Plan	n 2,023	1,938	1,919	-85	-19
	Enrollment - Survivor Family Plan	n 3,292	3,154	3,122	-138	-32
Uniformed Services Family H	lealth Plan					
-	Enrollees (Non-Medicare eligible Only)	, DoD 94,522	93,932	93,200	-590	-732

## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Advisory and Assistance Services

#### Appropriation: Operation & Maintenance

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I. Management & Professional Support Services			
FFRDC Work	9,232	70,372	5,321
Non-FFRDC Work	348,016	208,358	273,426
Subtotal	357,248	278,730	278,747
II. Studies, Analyses & Evaluation			
FFRDC Work	14,745	6,000	6,000
Non-FFRDC Work	58,574	47,861	47,879
Subtotal	73,319	53,861	53,879
III. Engineering & Technical Services FFRDC Work			
Non-FFRDC Work	24,344	8,339	6,084
Subtotal	24,344	8,339	6,084
Total	454,911	340,930	338,710

Exhibit PB-15, Advisory and Assistance Services DHP-206

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## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Major DoD Headquarters Activities

		FY 20	15 Actual			FY 201	16 Enacted			FY 201	17 Request	
Category/Organization <u>Appropriation</u> DHP, 0807798	Military Avg <u>Strength</u>	<u>Civ</u> FTEs	Total <u>Manpower</u>	Total Obligation <u>(\$ 000)</u>	Military Avg <u>Strength</u>	<u>Civ</u> <u>FTEs</u>	Total <u>Manpower</u>	Total Obligation <u>(\$ 000)</u>	Military Avg <u>Strength</u>	<u>Civ</u> <u>FTEs</u>	Total <u>Manpower</u>	Total Obligation <u>(\$ 000)</u>
O&M, DHP	788	915	1,703	137,119	689	829	1,518	138,676	681	1,004	1,685	177,566
Total	788	915	1,703	137,119	689	829	1,518	138,676	681	1,004	1,685	177,566

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#### (Current \$ Millions - Manpower in Eaches)

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	
0130 DEFENSE HEALTHPGM								
Military MWR Programs (without Child Development Program, Youth Program, and Warfighter and Family Support)								
Category A-Mission Sustaining Programs								
A.1 Armed Forces Entertainment	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
A.2 Free Admission Motion Pictures	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
A.3 Physical Fitness	0.045	0.033	0.043	0.044	0.044	0.045	0.045	
A.4 Aquatic Training	0.000	0.002	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	
A.5 Library Programs & Information Services (Recreation)	0.019	0.024	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019	
A.6 On-Installation Parks and Picnic Areas	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
A.7 Category A Recreation Centers (Military Personnel)	0.002	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	
A.8 Single Service Member Program	0.010	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	
A.9 Shipboard, Company, and/or Unit Level Programs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
A 10 Sports and Athletics	0.019	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	
Total.Cat.A - Direct Program Operation	0.096	0.078	0.091	0.092	0.092	0.093	0.093	
Total Direct Support	0.096	0.078	0.091	0.092	0.092	0.093	0.093	
Total Support - Mission Sustaining Programs	0.096	0.078	0.091	0.092	0.092	0.093	0.093	
Category B-Community Support Programs								
B.2 Programs								
B.2.1 Cable and/or Community Television	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
B.2.2 Recreation Information, Tickets, Tours and Travel Services	0.000	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	
B.2.3 Recreational Swimming	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
B.3 Programs								
B.3.1 Directed Outdoor Recreation	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
B.3.2 Outdoor Recreation Equipment Checkout	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
B.4 Programs								
B.4.3 Arts and Crafts Skill Development	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
B.4.4 Automotive Skill Development	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
B.4.5 Bowling (16 lanes or less)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Total Cat. B - Direct Program Operation	0.002	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	

#### (Current \$ Millions - Manpower in Eaches)

FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021

#### 0130 DEFENSE HEALTHPGM (Continued)

Military MWR Programs (without Child Development Program, Youth Program, and Warfighter and Family Support) (Continued)

Category BCommunity Support Programs (Continued) Total Direct Support	0.002	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016
Total Funding	0.002	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016
Category CRevenue-Generating Programs C.2 Programs							
C.2.1 PCS Lodging	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
C.2.3 Joint Service Facilities and/or AFRCs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total Cat. C - Direct Program Operation	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total Direct Support	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total Support - Revenue-Generating Programs Child Development and Youth Programs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
CD3 Supplemental Program (MWR Category B) CD3 Supplemental Program/Resource & Referral/Other (PVV) Total Support - Revenue-Generating Programs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Exhibit OP-34, Quality of Life Activities DHP-211

## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Summary of Funds Budgeted for Environmental Projects

OPR & MAINT	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Active			
Domestic			
Compliance			
Air			
Stationary and Mobile Sources	0.024	0.031	0.034
Compliance Cross-Cutting Programs			
Compliance Education and Training	1.578	1.511	1.557
Multi-Program Management	1.007	1.144	1.233
Total Compliance Cross-Cutting Programs	2.585	2.655	2.790
Compliance Manpower			
Compliance Manpower	4.834	3.670	3.751
Compliance Other			
Miscellaneous Compliance Activities	1.718	2,962	2,999
-			
Compliance Related Cleanup	0.025	0.026	0.025
Other Compliance-Related Assessment and Cleanup	0.235	0.235	0.235
Planning			
Environmental Impact Analysis	0.013	0.013	0.014
Storage and Disposal			
Hazardous Waste (RCRA - C)	4.420	7.100	7.268
Solid Waste (RCRA - D)	0.512	0.581	0.588
USTs (RCRA - I)	0.001	0.001	0.001
Total Storage and Disposal	4.933	7.682	7.857
Toxic Substances			
Controlled Substances	0.013	0.013	0.013
EPCRA Reporting (TRI and Tier I&II)	0.001	0.006	0.006
Total Toxic Substances	0.014	0.019	0.019
Water			
Safe Drinking Water	2.114	1.637	1.689
Spill Prevention and Response/ASTs	0.020	0.015	0.015
Stormwater	0.018	0.006	0.015
Wastewater	0.547	0.552	0.552
Total Water	2.699	2.210	2.271
Total Compliance	17.055	19.477	19.970
Pollution Prevention			
Pollution Prevention Other			
Miscellaneous Pollution Prevention Activities	0.654	0.000	0.000
	W.W. 7		0.000

# Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Summary of Funds Budgeted for Environmental Projects

OPR & MAINT	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Active (Continued)			
Domestic (Continued)			
Pollution Prevention (Continued)			
Pollution Prevention Projects			
Hazardous Material / Hazardous and Solid Waste	0.234	0.237	0.241
Total Pollution Prevention	0.888	0.237	0.241
Total Domestic	17.943	19.714	20.211

# Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Summary of Funds Budgeted for Environmental Projects

OPR & MAINT	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Active (Continued)			
Foreign			
Compliance			
Air			
Stationary and Mobile Sources	0.011	0.020	0.020
Compliance Cross-Cutting Programs			
Compliance Education and Training	0.105	0.231	0.235
Compliance Manpower			
Compliance Manpower	0.656	0.901	0.917
Compliance Other			
Miscellaneous Compliance Activities	0.021	0.041	0.042
Planning			
Environmental Impact Analysis	0.001	0.001	0.001
Storage and Disposal			
Hazardous Waste (RCRA - C)	0.793	1.172	1.075
Solid Waste (RCRA - D)	0.356	0.356	0.356
USTs (RCRA - I)	0.006	0.000	0.000
Total Storage and Disposal	1.155	1.528	1.431
Water			
Safe Drinking Water	0.511	0.891	0.917
Total Compliance	2.460	3.613	3.563
Pollution Prevention			
Pollution Prevention Projects			
Hazardous Material / Hazardous and Solid Waste	0.032	0.030	0.031
Total Pollution Prevention	0.032	0.030	0.031
Total Foreign	2.492	3.643	3.594

# Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Summary of Funds Budgeted for Environmental Projects

OPR & MAINT	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Active (Summary) Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals			
Compliance	19.515	23.090	23.533
Pollution Prevention	0.920	0.267	0.272
Conservation	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total	20.435	23.357	23.805
Location Totals			
Domestic	17.943	19.714	20.211
Foreign	2.492	3.643	3.594
Total	20.435	23.357	23.805
DHP TOTALS			
Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals	19.515	23.090	23.533
	19.515 0.920	23.090 0.267	23.533 0.272
Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals Compliance			
Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals Compliance Pollution Prevention	0.920	0.267	0.272
Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals Compliance Pollution Prevention Conservation	0.920 0.000 20.435	0.267	0.272 0.000
Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals Compliance Pollution Prevention Conservation Total	0.920 0.000 20.435 17.943	0.267 0.000 23.357 19.714	0.272 0.000 23.805 20.211
Environmental Activity Cost Type Totals Compliance Pollution Prevention Conservation Total Location Totals	0.920 0.000 20.435	0.267 0.000 23.357	0.272 0.000 23.805

# Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Procurement Program

#### Appropriation Procurement (\$ M)

Line Item

No.	Nomenclature	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
1	Items greater than \$250,000 each:	<u>Actual</u>	Base	_0C0	Enacted	Base	<u>0C0</u>		<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Estimate</u>
	Medical Equipment - Replacement/Modernization	219.212	330.504	0.000	330.504	360.727	0.000	360.727	324.283	404.358	403.576	415.957
	Medical Equipment - New Facility Outfitting	13.057	33.392	0.000	33.392	20.611	0.000	20.611	22.384	13.905	18.485	17.572
	Theater Medical Information Program - Joint	3.145	1.494	0.000	1.494	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Joint Operational Medicine Information System	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.413	0.000	2.413	77.358	75.688	75.150	73.605
	Integrated Electronic Health Record	3.199	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Information Technology Development and Sustainment - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	29.468	0.000	29.468	499.193	547.160	532.476	474.888

#### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Procurement Program

The Defense Health Program (DHP) procurement budget represents a critical element of the Department's capability to provide high quality, cost effective health care for active duty and other eligible beneficiaries. Funds identified in this submission support the acquisition of equipment for facilities in the Army, Navy, Air Force, and National Capital Region Medical Directorate (NCRMD). Those facilities range from sophisticated tertiary care medical centers to outpatient and dental clinics and physiological training units. This equipment is essential to provide high quality health care services that meet accepted standards of practice. The required safety standards, related laws and regulatory requirements from credentialing and health care standard setting organizations influence and affect the requirement for, cost of, and replacement and modernization of medical equipment. Without the identified resources for medical equipment, the Military Health System's capability to support the Department's mission requirements will be severely degraded.

The most significant medical equipment investments will be in the radiographic, surgical, and information systems functional areas. The driving factors are rapid technological advancements in these areas and the need for DoD's health care delivery system to maintain the standards of care set by the civilian health care sector. Procurement investments for information systems will cover software license acquisitions, infrastructure, hardware replacement such as End User Devices, Local Area Network (LAN) upgrades and servers supporting Military Health System (MHS) Information Management/Information Technology (IM/IT) which is composed of the Defense Health Agency Health Information Technology (DHA HIT) (the Tri-Service component, previously known as centrally-managed IM/IT), three Military Departments (MilDep) medical IM/IT components, Defense Health Agency (DHA Comptroller) IM/IT, and the National Capital Region Medical Directorate (NCRMD) IM/IT.

The new facility outfitting program element of the DHP's procurement budget funds the acquisition and installation of commercially available equipment to furnish new and expanded facilities being completed under military construction projects in support of dental services, health care delivery, health care training, and other health care activities. The items range from dental, surgical, radiographic, and pathologic equipment to medical administrative support equipment. The new facility outfitting program provides critical support to the DHP's military medical construction program.

TMIP-J integrates components of the Military Health System (MHS) sustaining base systems and the Services' medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment, and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission. TMIP-J enhances the clinical care and information capture at all levels of care in Theater, transmits critical information to the Theater Commander; the evacuation chain for combat and non-combat casualties; and forges the theater links of the longitudinal health record to the sustaining base and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA).

The mission of the Department of Defense (DoD) Joint Operational Medicine Information Systems (JOMIS) program is to modernize, deploy, and sustain the DoD's operational medicine systems. Maintaining complete and accurate medical records while in an operational environment is an essential part of patient care management. Practitioners need access to up-to-date patient health records to ensure that relevant data is accessible and interoperable to support effective clinical decision making and clinical information management. The approved Concepts of Operations for healthcare delivery requires end-to-end capability and covers garrison and expeditionary environments. As such, USD (AT&L) and USD (P&R) have directed that the DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) program provide the electronic health record (EHR) core for all health IT platforms – both Garrison and Theater.

Exhibit P-1, Procurement Program DHP-217

#### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance Procurement Program

The iEHR Increment 1 program completed delivery of its defined requirements in FY 2014 and entered sustainment in FY 2015. Based on departmental decision, the iEHR Increment 1 provides Medical Single Sign-On/Context Management (SSO/CM) only at James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center (JAL FHCC). o Milestone B was achieved December 2012 o Milestone C was achieved July 2014 o Full Deployment Decision was achieved Dec 2014 o Full Deployment declared March 2015

The iEHR Increment 1 funding will continue in sustainment, post Full Deployment (FD), and includes any additional Department of Defense (DoD) specific capabilities at JAL FHCC, as well as DoD staffing for the Interagency Program Office (IPO).

• DHMSM will acquire, deploy, and implement an electronic health record (EHR) system that replaces the DoD legacy MHS inpatient and outpatient EHR systems. The overarching goal of the program is to enable healthcare teams to deliver high-quality, safe, care and preventive services to patients through the use of easily accessible standards-based computerized patient records resulting in: improved accuracy of diagnoses and medication; improved impact on health outcomes; increased patient participation in the healthcare process; improved patient-centered care coordination; and increased practice efficiencies in all settings, including all DoD operational environments.

• DHMSM will be executed to deliver uniform information management options across both garrison and theater environments. DHMSM will focus on the replacement of inpatient and outpatient systems, and will encompass deployment of the enterprise EHR to fixed facilities as well as expeditionary components.

• DHMSM will replace the DoD legacy healthcare management systems with a commercial off-the-shelf capability that is open, modular, and standards-based with non-proprietary interfaces. DHMSM will support the Department's goals of net- centricity by providing a framework for full human and technical connectivity and interoperability that allows DoD users and mission partners to share the information they need, when they need it, in a form they can understand and act on with confidence, and protects information from those who should not have it.

Exhibit P-1, Procurement Program DHP-218

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BI	BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION SHEET DATE: February 2016											
APPROPRIATION / BUDGET ACTIVITY	: 97*0130		P-1 ITEM	NOMENCLAT	TURE: Repla	cement/Mode:	rnization					
				FY								
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021			
	Actual	Enacted	Base	OCO	Request	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate			
Quantity												
Total Cost (\$ M)	219.212	330.504	360.727	0.000	360.727	324.283	404.358	403.576	415.957			
Dental Equipment	0.000	0.308	0.323	0.000	0.323	0.335	0.348	0.362	0.376			
Food Ser, Preventive												
Med, Pharmacy Equip	0.270	1.828	2.971	0.000	2.971	2.597	3.269	3.585	3.724			
Medical Information												
System Equipment	119.440	149.897	180.347	0.000	180.347	170.371	193.193	181.377	185.005			
Medical Patient Care												
Administrative Equip	2.614	4.470	6.170	0.000	6.170	5.551	6.496	6.898	7.036			
Medical/Surgical												
Equipment	35.969	18.238	22.425	0.000	22.425	18.601	28.256	26.944	23.098			
Other Equipment	2.962	7.829	8.654	0.000	8.654	11.830	14.459	15.130	15.556			
Pathology/Lab Equipment	1.495	11.685	17.749	0.000	17.749	17.777	19.838	21.063	21.883			
Radiographic Equipment	56.462	136.249	122.088	0.000	122.088	97.221	138.499	148.217	159.279			

#### REMARKS

The most significant medical equipment investments will be in the radiographic, surgical, and information systems functional areas. The driving factors are rapid technological advancements in these areas and the need for DoD's health care delivery system to maintain the standards of care set by the civilian health care sector. Procurement investments for information systems will cover software license acquisitions, infrastructure, hardware replacement such as End User Devices, Local Area Network (LAN) upgrades and servers supporting Military Health System (MHS) Information Management/Information Technology (IM/IT) which is composed of the Defense Health Agency Health Information Technology (DHA HIT) (the Tri-Service component, previously known as centrally-managed IM/IT), three Military Departments (MilDep) medical IM/IT components, Defense Health Agency (DHA Comptroller) IM/IT, and the National Capital Region Medical Directorate (NCRMD) IM/IT. Financing an adequate equipment acquisition budget is critical in retaining the Department's medical workload in-house and

controlling escalating purchased healthcare O&M costs in the private sector. The items supported by this budget are the result of an extensive investment equipment justification process and are necessary to provide properly trained medical department personnel and high quality, cost effective health care services for the eligible beneficiary population.

BU	DGET ITEM	JUSTIFICAT	ION SHEET	N SHEET DATE: February 2016							
APPROPRIATION / BUDGET ACTIVITY :	97*0130		P-1 ITEM	NOMENCLA	TURE: New I	Facility Out	fitting				
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021		
	Actual	Enacted	Base	OCO	Request	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate		
Quantity											
Total Cost (\$ M)	13.057	33.392	20.611	0.000	20.611	22.384	13.905	18.485	17.572		
Dental Equipment	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Food Ser, Preventive											
Med, Pharmacy Equip	0.193	1.181	0.261	0.000	0.261	0.209	0.180	0.243	0.234		
Medical Information											
System Equipment	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Medical Patient Care											
Administrative Equip	0.000	1.474	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Medical/Surgical											
Equipment	0.993	1.819	1.302	0.000	1.302	1.038	0.900	1.213	1.168		
Other Equipment	9.357	14.915	14.491	0.000	14.491	17.515	9.699	12.830	12.129		
Pathology/Lab Equipment	0.236	1.978	0.320	0.000	0.320	0.256	0.220	0.298	0.286		
Radiographic Equipment	2.278	12.025	4.237	0.000	4.237	3.366	2.906	3.901	3.755		

#### REMARKS

The new facility outfitting program element of the DHP's procurement budget funds the acquisition and installation of commercially available equipment to furnish new and expanded facilities being completed under military construction projects in support of dental services, health care delivery, health care training, and other health care activities. The items range from dental, surgical, radiographic, and pathologic equipment to medical administrative support equipment. The new facility outfitting program provides critical support to the DHP's military medical construction program.

	BUD	GET ITEM JUS	TIFICATION S		DATE: February 2016						
APPROPRIATION / BUDGE	T ACTIVITY :	97*0130	P-1 ITEM N	IOMENCLATURE	: Theater Me	Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J)					
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021				
	Actual	Enacted	Base	OCO	Request	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate		
Quantity											
Total Cost (\$ M)	3.145	1.494	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
TMIP-J	3.145	1.494	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		

#### REMARKS

TMIP-J integrates components of the Military Health System (MHS) sustaining base systems and the Services medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment, and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission. TMIP-J enhances the clinical care and information capture at all levels of care in Theater, transmits critical information to the Theater Commander; the evacuation chain for combat and non-combat casualties; and forges the theater links of the longitudinal health record to the sustaining base and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA).

TMIP-J is the medical component of the Global Combat Support System (GCSS). TMIP-J provides information at the point of care and to the Theater tactical and strategic decision makers through efficient, reliable data capture, and data transmission to a centralized Theater database. This delivers TMIP-J's four pillars of information support through the electronic health record; integrated medical logistics; patient movement and tracking; and medical command and control through data aggregation, reporting and analysis tools for trend analysis and situational awareness.

TMIP-J is slated to enter into sustainment in FY 2016 upon delivery of the Increment 2 Release 3 (I2R3) software to the Services. The JOMIS PMO will work with the Services to ensure these legacy systems support operational medicine needs until improvements are introduced. Each Service will be responsible for deploying TMIP-J software baselines, up to and including I2R3, as well as sustaining and fielding the current TMIP-J infrastructure.

	BUI	GET ITEM JUS	TIFICATION	DATE: February 2016					
APPROPRIATION / BUDGET	ACTIVITY	: 97*0130	P-1 ITEM N	Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS)					
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Actual	Enacted	Base	0C0	Request	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Quantity									
Total Cost (\$ M) 0.000 0.000 2.413 0.000		2.413	77.358	75.688	75.150	73.605			
JOMIS	0.000	0.000	2.413	0.000	2.413	77.358	75.688	75.150	73.605

#### REMARKS

The mission of the Department of Defense (DoD) Joint Operational Medicine Information Systems (JOMIS) program is to modernize, deploy, and sustain the DoD's operational medicine systems. Maintaining complete and accurate medical records while in an operational environment is an essential part of patient care management. Practitioners need access to up-to-date patient health records to ensure that relevant data is accessible and interoperable to support effective clinical decision making and clinical information management. The approved Concepts of Operations for healthcare delivery requires end-to-end capability and covers garrison and expeditionary environments. As such, USD (AT&L) and USD (P&R) have directed that the DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) program provide the electronic health record (EHR) core for all health IT platforms both garrison and theater.

The JOMIS Program will provide modernized capabilities that are operationally suitable, survivable, and effective and satisfy capability gaps identified in the JOMIS Capability Development Document (CDD). The acquisition strategy (AS) is constructed around the following two integrated efforts:

1. Operational Medicine Software Release 1: The JOMIS Program will develop the next operational medicine software release, based on the results of the Product Evaluation. The software release will first replace several of the existing capability components within TMIP-J today.

2. New Requirements for Operational Medicine: The JOMIS acquisition of any new capabilities will be designed to meet evolving operational requirements captured in an emerging Capabilities Development Document (CDD).

Procurement Budget Item Justification DHP-224

	BUDG	ET ITEM JUST	FICATION S		DATE: February 2016					
APPROPRIATION / BUDGET	r activity :	97*0130	P-1 ITEM	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE: Integrated Electronic Health Record						
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	
	Actual	Enacted	Base	oco	Request	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	
Quantity										
Total Cost (\$ M)	Total Cost (\$ M) 3.199 0.000			0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
EHR	3.199	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

#### REMARKS

The iEHR Increment 1 program completed delivery of its defined requirements in FY2014 and entered sustainment in FY 2015. Based on departmental decision, the iEHR Increment 1 provides Medical Single Sign-On/Context Management (SSO/CM) only at James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center (JAL FHCC).

o Milestone B was achieved December 2012

o Milestone C was achieved July 2014

o Full Deployment Decision was achieved Dec 2014

o Full Deployment declared March 2015

The iEHR Increment 1 funding will continue in sustainment, post Full Deployment (FD), and includes any additional Department of Defense (DoD) specific capabilities at JAL FHCC, as well as DoD staffing for the Interagency Program Office (IPO).

	BU	DGET ITEM	JUSTIFICAT	ION SHEET		DATE: February 2016					
APPROPRIATION / BUDGE	T ACTIVITY	:	P-1 ITEM 1	P-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE: Information Technology Development and Sustainment					- DoD		
97*0130 Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)											
	FY 2017	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021					
	Actual	Enacted	Base	000	Request	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate		
Quantity											
Total Cost (\$ M)	0.000	0.000	29.468         0.000         29.468         499.193         547.160         532.476         474.5						474.888		
DHMSM	0.000	0.000	29.468	0.000	29.468	499.193	547.160	532.476	474.888		

#### REMARKS

DHMSM will acquire, deploy, and implement an electronic health record (EHR) system that replaces the DoD legacy MHS inpatient and outpatient EHR systems. The overarching goal of the program is to enable healthcare teams to deliver high-quality, safe, care and preventive services to patients through the use of easily accessible standards-based computerized patient records resulting in: improved accuracy of diagnoses and medication; improved impact on health outcomes; increased patient participation in the healthcare process; improved patient-centered care coordination; and increased practice efficiencies in all settings, including all DoD operational environments.

DHMSM will be executed to deliver uniform information management options across both garrison and theater environments. DHMSM will focus on the replacement of inpatient and outpatient systems, and will encompass deployment of the enterprise EHR to fixed facilities as well as expeditionary components.

DHMSM will replace the DoD legacy healthcare management systems with a commercial off-the-shelf capability that is open, modular, and standards-based with non-proprietary interfaces. DHMSM will support the Department's goals of net- centricity by providing a framework for full human and technical connectivity and interoperability that allows DoD users and mission partners to share the information they need, when they need it, in a form they can understand and act on with confidence, and protects information from those who should not have it. Once fielded, the EHR will support the following healthcare activities for DoD's practitioners and beneficiaries:

o Clinical workflow and provider clinical decision support;

o Capture, maintain, use, protect, preserve and share health data and information;

o Retrieval and presentation of health data and information that is meaningful for EHR users regardless of where the patient's records are physically maintained; and

o Analysis and management of health information from multiple perspectives to include population health, military medical readiness, clinical quality, disease management, and medical research.

# Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation & Maintenance RDT&E Programs

Line	Program Element		Budget	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Item No	Number	Item	<u>Activity</u>	Actuals <sup>1</sup>	$Enacted^2$	Base	000	<u>Total</u> Request	Estimates	Estimates	Estimates	Estimates
		In-House Laboratory Independent Research										
1	0601101		2	2.904	4.599	2.653	0.000	2.653	2.879	3.687	4.013	4.093
2	0601117	Research Sciences Applied Biomedical	2	8.282	9.558	6.444	0.000	6.444	6.917	7.699	8.608	8.913
3	0602115	Technology Medical Technology	2	67.237	75.155	57.275	0.000	57.275	63.550	73.654	82.883	84.408
4	0602787	51	2	1.145	1.222	1.242	0.000	1.242	1.331	1.356	1.383	1.411
5	0603002	Technology (AFRRI) Medical Technology	2	0.286	0.305	0.310	0.000	0.310	0.332	0.338	0.345	0.352
б	0603115	Development Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept	2	1,177.334	1,272.109	220.916	0.000	220.916	212.794	234.117	240.572	243.942
7	0604110	Development Information Technology	2	146.411	175.518	96.602	0.000	96.602	114.382	131.866	143.793	148.111
8	0605013	Development Integrated Electronic	2	19.399	19.312	25.340	0.000	25.340	28.814	24.142	25.370	26.235
9	0605023	Health Record (iEHR) Theater Medical Information Program -	2	28.514	0.248	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
10	0605025	Joint (TMIP-J) Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization	2	21.403	22.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
11	0605026		2	88.744	438.376	298.623	0.000	298.623	42.549	10.326	10.071	10.743
12	0605039	Interoperability Joint Operational Medicine Information	2	0.000	11.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
13	0605045	System (JOMIS)	2	0.000	0.000	22.140	0.000	22.140	22.180	22.619	23.071	23.532

Exhibit R-1, RDT&E Programs DHP-227

## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation & Maintenance RDT&E Programs

	Program Element		Budget	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Item				- · • 1		_		Total				
No	Number	<u>Item</u> Medical Products and	<u>Activity</u>	Actuals	Enacted <sup>2</sup>	Base	000	Request	Estimates	Estimates	Estimates	Estimates
		Support Systems										
14	0605145	Development	2	25.383	16.787	17.954	0.000	17.954	15.219	20.295	21.589	22.022
		Small Business Innovation										
15	0605502	Research (SBIR) Program	2	57.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Medical Program-Wide										
16	0606105	Activities	2	38.052	57.807	58.410	0.000	58.410	69.191	63.755	67.219	68.563
		Medical Products and										
		Capabilities Enhancement										
17	0607100	Activities	2	16.413	17.356	14.998	0.000	14.998	14.938	18.214	19.819	20.215
		Total Budget Activity 2		1,698.615	2,121.452	822.907	0.000	822.907	595.076	612.068	648.736	662.540

#### Notes:

1. FY 2015 actuals includes congressional additions, reductions, and statutory reductions for FFRDC/SBIR/STTR.

2. FY 2016 enacted includes congressional additions, reductions, and statutory reductions for FFRDC.

Exhibit R-1, RDT&E Programs DHP-228 (This page intentionally left blank)

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Iter	Health Age	ency					Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E						<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA <i>I In-House Laboratory Independent Research (ILIR)</i>						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	6.606	2.904	4.599	2.653	-	2.653	2.879	3.687	4.013	4.093	Continuing	Continuing
010A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	0.315	1.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
240A: Infectious Disease (USUHS)	0.924	0.362	0.433	0.390	-	0.390	0.421	0.480	0.490	0.500	Continuing	Continuing
240B: Military Operational Medicine (USUHS)	2.835	1.111	1.330	1.154	-	1.154	1.251	1.479	1.509	1.539	Continuing	Continuing
240C: Combat Casualty Care (USUHS)	2.847	1.116	1.836	1.109	-	1.109	1.207	1.728	2.014	2.054	Continuing	Continuing

# A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services of the Health Sciences (USUHS), this program element supports basic medical research at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS). It facilitates the recruitment and retention of faculty; supports unique research training for military medical students and resident fellows; and allows the University's faculty researchers to collect pilot data towards military relevant medical research projects in order to secure research funds from extramural sources (estimated \$295 million annually). Approximately 108 intramural research projects are active each year, including 25 faculty start-ups. Projects are funded on a peer-reviewed, competitive basis. Results from these studies contribute to the fund of knowledge intended to enable technical approaches and investment strategies within Defense Science and Technology (S&T) programs.

The ILIR program at USUHS is designed to answer fundamental questions of importance to the military medical mission of the Department of Defense in the areas of Combat Casualty Care, Infectious Diseases, Military Operational Medicine, and Chemical, Biological, and Radiologic Defense. The portfolio of research projects will vary annually because this research is investigator-initiated. Examples of typical research efforts are detailed in R-2a.

	nse Health Ager	ю		Date	: February 201	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E	I	h (ILIR)				
3. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017	Total
Previous President's Budget	2.836	3.599	3.653	-		3.653
Current President's Budget	2.904	4.599	2.653	-		2.653
Total Adjustments	0.068	1.000	-1.000	-	-	1.000
Congressional General Reductions	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-				
Congressional Adds	0.315	1.000				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-				
Reprogrammings	-	-				
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.247	-				
<ul> <li>Realignment to DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care</li> </ul>	-	-	-1.000	-	-	1.000
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	General Redu	ctions)		Γ	FY 2015	FY 2016
Project: 010A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests		<u></u>		_	112010	
	ra Cara Baaaar	ah Eurodina Dadu	vetie (11011110)	_	0.245	1.000
Congressional Add: 468A – Program Increase: Restor	e Cole Reseal	л гипату кеа	ICTION (USUHS)		0.315	1.000
Congressional Add: 468A – Program Increase: Restor	le Cole Researd	•	ngressional Add Subtota	als for Project: 010A	0.315	1.000
Congressional Add: 468A – Program Increase: Resto	e cole resear	•	, ,	-		
Congressional Add: 468A – Program Increase: Restor Change Summary Explanation FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Re Laboratory Independent Research (-\$0.247 million) to DH Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$0.247 million).	esearch, Develc	Co opment, Test and	Congressional Add Subtota Congressional Add T Evaluation (DHP RDT8	otals for all Projects	0.315 0.315 t (PE) 0601101	1.00 1.00 -In-House
<u>Change Summary Explanation</u> FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Re Laboratory Independent Research (-\$0.247 million) to DH	esearch, Develc IP RDT&E, PE (	Co opment, Test and 0605502-Small E	ONGRESSIONAL Add Subtota Congressional Add T Evaluation (DHP RDT8 Business Innovation Res	otals for all Projects E), Program Element earch (SBIR) / Small	0.315 0.315 t (PE) 0601101 Business Tech	1.00 1.00

-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency ation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number				
R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0601101DHA / In-House Labo	Name) oratory Independent Research (ILIR)			
search, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP IP O&M Account, Budget Activity Group (BAG) 3	PRDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0601101-In-Hous - Private Sector Care (+\$1.000 million).			
	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0601101DHA / In-House Labo search, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHF			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 060110	<b>am Elemen</b> D1DHA I In-I ent Researcl	House Labo	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 010A I CSI - Congressional Special Interests				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
010A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	0.315	1.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Buc</b> The FY15 DHP Congressional S Research (ILIR). Because of the	pecial Intere CSI annual	est (CSI) fur I structure, o	nding is dire out-year fun				es in Progra		. ,	ouse Labor	atory Indepe	endent
B. Accomplishments/Planned P Congressional Add: 468A – Pro	•							FY 2015 0.315	FY 2016 1.000	-		
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> FY the restoral of core research initia Element (PE) - 0601101. <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> FY 2016 DHP Co of core research initiatives in the 0601101.	itives in the	In-House L	aboratory In terest (CSI)	spending i	tem directe	(ILIR) Progra	am e restoral					
					Congress	ional Adds	Subtotals	0.315	1.000			
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A	imary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>										

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	alth Agency	ÿ				Date: February 2016							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA <i>I In-House Laboratory</i> <i>Independent Research (ILIR)</i>				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 240A I Infectious Disease (USUHS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
240A: Infectious Disease (USUHS)	0.924	0.362	0.433	0.390	-	0.390	0.421	0.480	0.490	0.500	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services of the Health Sciences (USUHS), this program element supports basic medical research at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS). It facilitates the recruitment and retention of faculty; supports unique research training for military medical students and resident fellows; and allows the University's faculty researchers to collect pilot data towards military relevant medical research projects in order to secure research funds from extramural sources (estimated \$295 million annually). Approximately 108 intramural research projects are active each year, including 25 faculty start-ups. Projects are funded on a peer-reviewed, competitive basis. Results from these studies contribute to the fund of knowledge intended to enable technical approaches and investment strategies within Defense Science and Technology (S&T) programs.

The ILIR program at USUHS is designed to answer fundamental questions of importance to the military medical mission of the Department of Defense in the areas of Combat Casualty Care, Infectious Diseases, Military Operational Medicine, and Chemical, Biological, and Radiologic Defense. The portfolio of research projects will vary annually because this research is investigator-initiated. Examples of typical research efforts are detailed in R-2a.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Infectious Disease	0.362	0.433	0.390
<b>Description:</b> Infectious Diseases: Immunology and molecular biology of bacterial, viral and parasitic disease threats to military operations. These threats include Bartonella bacilliformis, Clostridium difficile, Escherichia coli and their Shiga toxins, Henipaviruses (Hendra & Nipah), Cedar Virus, Hepatitis A, Helicobacter pylori, HIV, HTLV-1, Leishmaniasis, Litomosoides sigmodontis, Malaria, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, Shigella spp., Streptococcus, and Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA).			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> Representative projects include the following: determination of the factors responsible for maintaining and driving the immune response against helminth, such as Litomosoides sigmodontis, (parasitic worm) infections eventually leading to effective vaccines against these infections as well as a better understanding of food allergies; characterization of the alternative energy-generating pathways in C. difficile as a potential target to prevent the transmission and recurrence of Clostridium difficile infection (CDI), the leading cause of nosocomial, antibiotic-associated diarrhea; classifying the effect of neonatal tissue-dependent immunity on respiratory syncytial virus; investigation of skin and soft tissue infections (SSTI) in the military population, generally caused by community-associated methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (CA-MRSA), towards the development of novel prevention and treatment strategies; investigation of the Henipaviruses and their bat hosts towards the development of novel intervention and vaccine strategies; analysis of the entry and egress of Cedar Virus a new species of Henipavirus; development of a cutaneous			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency	Dat	e: February 201	6			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA <i>I In-House Laboratory</i> <i>Independent Research (ILIR)</i>		<b>ject (Number/Name)</b> A I Infectious Disease (USUHS)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 201	5 FY 2016	FY 2017			
Leishmaniasis vaccine to prevent parasitic infection; investigation of elucidation of the natural transmission of Bartonella bacilliformis by of genetic factors resulting in colonization of the host intestinal trac cause of bloody diarrhea & hemorrhagic colitis; understand how ar whose infections occur at a high incidence throughout the world ar spread of resistant strains which subsequently threatens control m immunodeficiency virus; design of a new class of anti-viral therape infection (with different types of flu viruses), and for vaccination pu deployment factors that are associated with acquisition of sexually	y the sand fly towards disease prevention and control; and et by Escherichia coli O157:H7, the most common infectiou ntibiotic resistance mutations in Neisseria gonorrhoeae (Go and in the United States and U.S. military, may influence the ethods as well as our capacity to limit the spread of human eutics (HAIVA prep) for critical conditions like acute pulmor rposes in imminent flu endemics; and the health behaviors	lysis is c), e n nary					
These projects will support the essential military mission by advance mechanisms of a spectrum of pernicious and/or common diseases In turn, that understanding opens avenues to better control, diagno threats.	that may be faced by warfighters both at home and abroa	ld.					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> We will continue to investigate infectious diseases that impact sold recognize that infectious disease can severely hamper combat reac concentrate our efforts on diagnosis and treatment of those natural by further development of vaccines, drugs, and diagnostic tools.	diness and effectiveness, and therefore we will continue to						
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Efforts will continue within the Infectious Disease research area in funding each year, usually with two to three-year project periods. this time.							
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals 0.3	0.433	0.39			
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u> <u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A							

nse Health Agency	Date: February 2016
<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA <i>I In-House Laboratory</i> <i>Independent Research (ILIR)</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 240A I Infectious Disease (USUHS)
	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA / In-House Laboratory

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA <i>I In-House Laboratory</i> <i>Independent Research (ILIR)</i>				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 240B <i>I Military Operational Medicine</i> (USUHS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
240B: Military Operational Medicine (USUHS)	2.835	1.111	1.330	1.154	-	1.154	1.251	1.479	1.509	1.539	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services of the Health Sciences (USUHS), this program element supports basic medical research at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS). It facilitates the recruitment and retention of faculty; supports unique research training for military medical students and resident fellows; and allows the University's faculty researchers to collect pilot data towards military relevant medical research projects in order to secure research funds from extramural sources (estimated \$295 million annually). Approximately 108 intramural research projects are active each year, including 25 faculty start-ups. Projects are funded on a peer-reviewed, competitive basis. Results from these studies contribute to the fund of knowledge intended to enable technical approaches and investment strategies within Defense Science and Technology (S&T) programs.

The ILIR program at USUHS is designed to answer fundamental questions of importance to the military medical mission of the Department of Defense in the areas of Combat Casualty Care, Infectious Diseases, Military Operational Medicine, and Chemical, Biological, and Radiologic Defense. The portfolio of research projects will vary annually because this research is investigator-initiated. Examples of typical research efforts are detailed in R-2a.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Military Operational Medicine	1.111	1.330	1.154
<b>Description:</b> Military Operational Medicine: Sustainment of individual performance; mapping and managing deployment and operational stressors; cognitive enhancement; use of dietary and nutritional supplements and military and medical training readiness.			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> Representative projects will include the following: refinement of a single item post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) screening tool for use in the DOD Primary Care system; understanding and attenuating deleterious effects of tobacco, alcohol, stress and their interactions upon military personnel; forecasting levels of full or threshold PTSD, depression, health and alcohol problems within the military population; determination of the unique proteomic signature for the diagnosis and assessment of the neuro-immune response to traumatic brain injury (TBI) towards early assessment of the disease in the military and veteran population; understanding the determinants of health promoting behaviors towards preventing obesity in both active duty military and their family members; identifying signaling pathways that control satiety and dietary triggers towards prevention of obesity; implementation of a neuronuscular routine that minimizes musculoskeletal injury in military academy cadets; study the relationship between previous ankle injury, a common event in military populations, and future serious injury, such as ACL injury as musculoskeletal injury (MSK-1) is the #1 cause of lost and limited duty in the U.S. military; evaluation of suicidal behaviors within recent suicide deaths of active duty service members to aid in identification and prevention efforts; study of load and dual			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,	Dat	: February 201	6			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601101DHA <i>I In-House Laboratory</i> <i>Independent Research (ILIR)</i>		<b>oject (Number/Name)</b> DB / Military Operational Medicine SUHS)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 201	5 FY 2016	FY 2017			
tasking interaction with executive function and mobility; determination of the psy factors for heart failure and ischemia within the military and veteran population; biomarkers for heat intolerance using in vivo Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MF	and the determination of non-invasive neurological						
These studies support the essential military mission by enhancing and protecting throughout the deployment cycle. These studies strive to increase our understar mechanisms of stress and immunity, human sleep and seasonal cycles, and ne term memory. Their discoveries should enable warfighters to stay awake longer to better strategies for enhancing and preserving memory and reasoning capab and ultimately prevent and treat neuropsychiatric illnesses such as depression families better prepare for and contend with common, significant stressors related	anding of and ability to manipulate the physiolo eurological changes necessary for short- and le er with fewer detriments to performance; lead bilities under battle conditions; help understand and PTSD; and assist deployed troops and the	gical ong-					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Our efforts will concentrate on biomedical solutions that protect and enhance th Our focus will continue to be to understand stress as it is related to performance in environmental extremes. Our goal is to lay the ground work that will establish solutions that mitigate risk to soldiers and protect them from "head to toe" both	e and health. We will also study performance h platforms that build biomedical products and						
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Efforts will continue within the Military Operational Medicine research area in FY compete for funding each year, usually with two to three-year project periods. Possible at this time.							
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	otals 1.1	11 1.330	1.154			
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A							

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	у У				Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					Project (Number/Name) 240C / Combat Casualty Care (USUHS)							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
240C: Combat Casualty Care (USUHS)	2.847	1.116	1.836	1.109	-	1.109	1.207	1.728	2.014	2.054	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services of the Health Sciences (USUHS), this program element supports basic medical research at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS). It facilitates the recruitment and retention of faculty; supports unique research training for military medical students and resident fellows; and allows the University's faculty researchers to collect pilot data towards military relevant medical research projects in order to secure research funds from extramural sources (estimated \$295 million annually). Approximately 108 intramural research projects are active each year, including 25 faculty start-ups. Projects are funded on a peer-reviewed, competitive basis. Results from these studies contribute to the fund of knowledge intended to enable technical approaches and investment strategies within Defense Science and Technology (S&T) programs.

The ILIR program at USUHS is designed to answer fundamental questions of importance to the military medical mission of the Department of Defense in the areas of Combat Casualty Care, Infectious Diseases, Military Operational Medicine, and Chemical, Biological, and Radiologic Defense. The portfolio of research projects will vary annually because this research is investigator-initiated. Examples of typical research efforts are detailed in R-2a.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Combat Casualty Care	1.116	1.836	1.109
<b>Description:</b> Combat Casualty Care: Ischemia and reperfusion injury, traumatic brain and peripheral nerve injury, neural control of pain, endotoxic shock, cryotherapy, malignant hyperthermia, inflammation, soman induced neuropathology and wound healing.			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> Representative projects will include: investigation of synaptic plasticity in temporal lobe epilepsy and possible development of novel therapies; determination whether BMP-2 is a effective therapy to promotes recapitulation of the meninges surrounding the spinal cord; understanding the contribution of inflammation to post-injury loss of function after traumatic brain and spinal cord injury; investigate the underlying mechanisms involved in heart failure and drug-induced arrhythmias; utilizing mesenchymal progenitor cells (MPCs) from traumatized human tissue towards a better understanding of tissue genesis and the underlying mechanisms involved in both desirable and pathologic healing response ultimately identifying novel targets in the injury response that will lead to a more acceptable healing outcome; identifying how the formation of nerve cell circuits in the brain are affected by psychological stress and traumatic brain injury; utilizing PET imaging to characterize cell activity in spinal cord injury towards development of an optimized treatment; analysis of the underlying mechanisms responsible for the development of tolerance following the chronic use of opiates for severe pain; development of psychological interventions to be used with military health care providers who experience post-traumatic stress symptoms to prevent burn-out; and development of accurate millisecond-level assessment tools and computer based analyses to assist in the evaluation and assessment of traumatic brain injury.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Healt	h Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		t (Number/N Combat Cas		JSUHS)	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
These studies also support the essential military mission by further extreatment; providing the groundwork for effective treatments to limit ne a possible cause for life-threatening complications due to the combinat conditions	erve damage and encourage regeneration; and identify	ying			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Our efforts will concentrate on diagnosis and treatment for our wound injuries on the battlefield. We will study physical and biological determ addition, we will also focus on rehabilitation for amputees and pain ma soldiers who have suffered any type of physical or mental traumatic in	ninants of brain injury and post-traumatic stress disord anagement. Our goal is to understand how to best card	ler. In			
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Efforts will continue within the Combat Casualty Care research area in for funding each year, usually with two to three-year project periods. at this time.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	1.116	1.836	1.109
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A					

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Data							Date: Febr	uary 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E					-	a <b>m Elemen</b> 7DHA <i>I Ba</i> s	•	,	Research	Sciences		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	10.805	8.282	9.558	6.444	-	6.444	6.917	7.699	8.608	8.913	Continuing	Continuing
100A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	2.237	1.578	2.161	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
371A: GDF-Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences	8.568	6.704	7.397	6.444	-	6.444	6.917	7.699	8.608	8.913	Continuing	Continuing

# A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force-Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences: This program element (PE) provides support for basic medical research directed toward greater knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles of science and medicine that are relevant to the improvement of Force Health Protection. Research in this PE is designed to address areas of interest to the Secretary of Defense regarding Wounded Warriors, capabilities identified through the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System, and sustainment of DoD and multi-agency priority investments in science, technology, research, and development. Medical research, development, test, and evaluation priorities for the Defense Health Program (DHP) are guided by, and will support, the Quadrennial Defense Review, the National Research Action Plan for Improving Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans, Service Members, and Military Families, the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance, and the National Strategy for Biosurveillance. Research will support efforts such as the Precision Medicine Initiative which seeks to increase the use of big data and interdisciplinary approaches to establish a fundamental understanding of military disease and injury to advance health status assessment, diagnosis, and treatment tailored to individual Service members and beneficiaries, research focused on protection against emerging infectious disease threatsthe advancement of state of the art regenerative medicine manufacturing technologies consistent with the National Strategic Plan for Advanced Manufacturing, the advancement of global health engagement and capitalization of complementary research and technology capabilities, and the strengthening of the scientific basis for decision-making in patient safety and quality performance in the Military Health System. The program also supports the Interagency Strategic Plan for Research and Development of Blood Products and Related Technologies for Trauma Care and Emergency Preparedness. Program development and execution is peer-reviewed and coordinated with all of the Military Services, appropriate Defense agencies or activities and other federal agencies, to include the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Department of Homeland Security. Coordination occurs through the planning and execution activities of the Joint Program Committees (JPCs), established to manage research, development, test and evaluation for DHP-sponsored research. The JPCs supported by this PE include military infectious diseases (JPC-2), military operational medicine (JPC-5), and combat casualty care (JPC-6). Funds in this PE are for basic research that promises to provide important new approaches to complex military medical problems. As the research efforts mature, the most promising efforts will transition to applied research (PE 0602115) or technology development (PE 0603115) funding.

xhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defended	se Health Ag	ency		Date:	February 201	16		
ppropriation/Budget Activity			ement (Number/Name					
130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		PE 0601117DHA / Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences						
. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017	7 Total		
Previous President's Budget	7.481	7.397	9.417	-		9.417		
Current President's Budget	8.282	9.558	6.444	-		6.444		
Total Adjustments	0.801	2.161	-2.973	-		-2.973		
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	1.578	2.161						
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	-	-						
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.777	-						
<ul> <li>Realignment to DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget</li> </ul>	-	-	-1.161	-		-1.161		
Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care								
<ul> <li>Restore USUHS Breast, GYN, and Prostate</li> </ul>	-	-	-1.812	-		-1.812		
Cancer Centers of Excellence								
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	General Red	ductions)		Γ	FY 2015	FY 2016		
Project: 100A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	Concrarite				112013	112010		
			<i></i>	_				
Congressional Add: 461A – Program Increase: Restor	re Core Resea	arch Funding Redu	iction (Army)		1.578	2.16		
		Co	ngressional Add Subto	als for Project: 100A	1.578	2.16		
			Congressional Add	Totals for all Projects	1.578	2.16		
Change Summary Explanation FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Re Operational Medical Research Sciences (-\$0.777 million) Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$0.777 million).								
FY 2015: Restore core research funding to the DHP RDT	<sup>-</sup> &E, PE 0601	1117-Basic Opera	tional Medical Researc	n Sciences (+\$1.578 m	illion).			

chibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defe	ense Health Agency	Date: February 2016
ppropriation/Budget Activity 30: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	R-1 Program Element (Num	
FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, R Operational Medical Research Sciences (-\$1.161 million		
FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, R Operational Medical Research Sciences (-\$1.812 million Cancer Centers of Excellence (+\$1.812 million).		(DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0601117-Basic nology Development for Breast, Gynecological and Prosta

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	uary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0601117DHA I Basic Operational 100					<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 100A / CSI - Congressional Specia Interests			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
100A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	2.237	1.578	2.161	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> The FY 2015 DHP Congressiona Research Sciences. Because of	l Special In the CSI and	terest (CSI) nual structu	funding wa re, out-year				esearch init	tiatives in P	E 0601117	- Basic Ope	erational Me	dical	
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (	in Million	<u>s)</u>					FY 2015	FY 2016				
Congressional Add: 461A – Pro FY 2015 Accomplishments: FY restoral of core research initiative medicine (Project 371A). FY 2016 Plans: FY 2016 DHP Co research initiatives in PE 0601117 371A).	2015 DHP s in PE 060 ongressiona	Congressio 1117. Fund al Special In	nal Special s supported terest (CSI)	Interest (C l basic rese was direct	SI) was dire earch in mili ed toward ti	ected toward tary operation he restoral of	onal of core	1.578	2.161				
					Congress	ional Adds	Subtotals	1.578	2.161				
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>											

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date of the Date								Date: Febr	uary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 0601117DHA I Basic Operational 37				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 371A I GDF-Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
371A: GDF-Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences	8.568	6.704	7.397	6.444	-	6.444	6.917	7.699	8.608	8.913	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force-Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences: Basic research described here focuses on enhancement of knowledge to support capabilities identified through the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System (JCIDS) process and sustainment of DoD and multi-agency priority investments in science, technology, research, and development as stated in the Quadrennial Defense Review, the National Research Action Plan for Improving Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans, Service Members, and Military Families, and the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance. This project supports basic research managed by the Joint Program Committees (JPCs) in the following areas: 1- Military infectious diseases (JPC-2) research develops protection and treatment products for military relevant infectious diseases. Basic research efforts in this area support a task in bacterial diseases. 2- Military operational medicine (JPC-5) research focuses on the development of medical countermeasures against operational stressors, prevention of physical and psychological injuries during training and operations, and maximizing the health, performance and fitness of Service members. Basic research efforts in this area support to and weight balance; psychiatry and clinical psychology disorders; sensory performance, injury and protection; blunt, blast and accelerative injury; environmental toxicant exposure; and aircrew health and performance. 3- Combat casualty care (JPC-6) research efforts in this area support the task for hemorrhage, shock, and coagulopathy (inability of blood to clot normally) of trauma.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Project 371 GDF – Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences	6.704	7.397	6.444
<b>Description:</b> Provide support for basic medical research directed toward attaining greater knowledge and understanding of fundamental principles of science and medicine relevant to the improvement of medical care in operationally relevant environments.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 Accomplishments: Military infectious diseases research supported antimicrobial countermeasures to discover antibacterial agents for biofilms (a group of microorganisms in which cells stick to each other on a surface), characterize and detect multi-drug resistant organisms (MDROs), identify MDRO biomarkers (biological indicators of health outcomes and disease) and new targets. These laboratory studies helped provide an understanding of the mechanisms that make organisms infectious and mechanisms that render the human body response effective to prevent diseases caused by infectious agents.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	Health Agency	Date:	February 201	6		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601117DHA <i>I Basic Operational</i> <i>Medical Research Sciences</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 371A / GDF-Basic Operational Medica Research Sciences				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Military operational medicine research continued studies to develor order to understand the mechanisms of injury and optimal exposure exposure to toxic substances from burn pit emissions, natural dus which are associated with adverse health outcomes and lung dise dietary status of different Service member populations. Additional and refined algorithms that predict the effects of fatigue counterm physical and cognitive performance. Research continued in Postti neural systems and mechanisms underlying PTSD vulnerability, of targets for pharmacologic and stimulation approaches. These effor	tre conditions, and identified potential biomarkers of pulmo at from Afghanistan, and the interactions between pollutant ease. Studies in nutrition and dietary supplements assessed studies identified novel targets for promotion of sleep qua easures, such as caffeine and naps, to optimize Warfighte raumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) to identify and understar disease progression, and identification of potential interven- orts supported the Precision Medicine Initiative.	onary ts, ed ility, er nd				
Associated with injury) mechanisms associated with coagulopathy therapeutic targets of coagulopathy of trauma. <b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Wilitary infectious diseases research supports basic research labor and management to develop antibacterial agents targeting biofilm detection of infection. Outcomes from FY 2015-16 laboratory stud caused by bacterial agents. These studies are in alignment with th	y of trauma, and towards identifying potential diagnostic ar pratory studies in bacterial diseases prevention, treatment, as and MDRO s, and host and microbial biomarkers for ear lies identify bacterial targets for prevention/treatment of dis	, rly				
Military operational medicine research is identifying mechanisms resulting from low level repeated blast exposure, is characterizing direct transmission of blast waves through the skull using compute for mitigating blast-induced brain injury. Starting studies to unders problems that affect adult decision making and behavioral health. factors such as personal mental health, familial mental health, and official post-deployment mental diagnoses after high-conflict deploimpact military task performance, defining minimal physical require investigating applications of novel interventions and their neurobic treating PTSD symptoms, conducting basic studies to define med interventions to promote sleep quality and nonpharmacological applications of toxicity to complex chemical mixtures and p	g the biomechanical responses of brain tissue resulting from ational modeling that will guide the development of interve- stand brain mechanisms associated with substance abuse Beginning studies to examine the relationship of pre-acce d factors promoting resilience both with self-reported, and oyments. Starting studies to identify gender-specific factors rements for entry into physically demanding military occupa- ological impact via animal models to evaluate effectiveness lical standards for noise injury criteria , and identifying nov- opproaches to reduce the need for sleep in order to sustain te nutrition on gut microbiota composition and function. Sta-	m entions ession s that ations, s in el udies to				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,		Date: F	ebruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0601117DHA <i>I Basic Operational</i> <i>Medical Research Sciences</i>	7DHA I Basic Operational 371A I GDF-Basic O					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
basic research is identifying the molecular and cellular mechanisms involved in that occurs following severe trauma. The results from these studies will be used for further development.							
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Military infectious diseases research will support multi-year basic research labor treatment, and management in discovery and development of antibacterial age and biomarkers. Successful approaches will be selected for continued funding. remaining gaps related to infection caused by MDROs. These studies will supp Resistance.	nts for biofilms and MDROs, detection of MDR New studies will be initiated to address the	lOs,					
Military operational medicine research will characterize the biomechanical resp indirect mechanism of blast waves (through the vasculature) using computation interventions for mitigating blast-induced brain injury. Will identify the role of ind Will begin studies to understand the basic mechanisms underlying psychologic and assessment work. Will perform epidemiological studies to identify the natur and possible unique contributing and protective factors. Will continue PTSD res and mechanisms, and identification of intervention targets for pharmacologic tre electrical stimulation of the brain on wakefulness and cognitive processes. Will performance of female Warriors. Combat casualty care basic research will continue to identify the molecular and bleeding due to coagulopathy of trauma that occurs following severe trauma. T and therapeutic targets for further development. The Systems Biology Program Focus will shift toward exploiting findings to develop specific diagnostics and the	ion ary els ns of he						
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	6.704	7.397	6.444		
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u> <u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A							

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016			
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (Number/Name) 371A / GDF-Basic Operational Medical		
0130/2	PE 0601117DHA / Basic Operational			
	Medical Research Sciences	Research 3	Sciences	

#### E. Performance Metrics

Research is evaluated through in-progress reviews, DHP-sponsored review and analysis meetings, quarterly and annual status reports, and progress reviews to ensure that milestones are met and deliverables are transitioned on schedule. The benchmark performance metric for transition of research conducted with basic science funding is the attainment of a maturity level that is typical of Technology Readiness Level 2 or the equivalent for knowledge products.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Iten	Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I E	3A 2: RDT&	E			R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115DHA / Applied Biomedical Technology							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	178.533	67.237	75.155	57.275	-	57.275	63.550	73.654	82.883	84.408	Continuing	Continuing
200A: Congressional Special Interests	70.883	25.303	16.904	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
246A: Combating Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria (CARB) - WRAIR Discovery and Wound Program (Army)	0.000	0.000	3.150	2.860	-	2.860	2.142	1.857	1.949	1.989	Continuing	Continuing
306B: Advanced Diagnostics & Therapeutics Research & Development (AF)	6.912	2.708	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
306C: Core Adv Diagnostics & Epigenomics Applied Research (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.728	1.757	-	1.757	1.987	2.025	2.066	2.107	Continuing	Continuing
306D: Core Occupational, Bioenvironmental, Aerospace Medicine & Toxicology Applied Research (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.728	1.758	-	1.758	1.988	2.026	2.066	2.108	Continuing	Continuing
372A: GDF Applied Biomedical Technology	92.328	32.677	43.579	43.462	-	43.462	49.639	58.724	67.148	68.357	Continuing	Continuing
447A: Military HIV Research Program (Army)	8.410	6.549	8.066	7.438	-	7.438	7.794	9.022	9.654	9.847	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force - Applied Biomedical Technology: This program element (PE) provides applied research funding to refine concepts and ideas into potential solutions for military health and performance problems, with a view towards evaluating technical feasibility. Research in this PE is designed to address areas of interest to the Secretary of Defense regarding Wounded Warriors, capabilities identified through the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System, and sustainment of DoD and multi-agency priority investments in science, technology, research, and development. Medical research, development, test, and evaluation priorities for the Defense Health Program (DHP) are guided by, and will support, the Quadrennial Defense Review, the National Research Action Plan for Improving Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans, Service Members, and Military Families, the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance, and the National Strategy for Biosurveillance. Research will support efforts such as the Precision Medicine Initiative which seeks to increase the use of big data and interdisciplinary approaches to establish a fundamental understanding of military disease and injury to advance health status assessment, diagnosis, and treatment tailored to individual Service members and beneficiaries, translational research focused on protection against emerging infectious disease threats, the advancement

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defen	nse Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	R-1 Program Element (Numb PE 0602115DHA / Applied Biol	
of state of the art regenerative medicine manufacturing technolog global health engagement and capitalization of complementary re patient safety and quality performance in the Military Health Syst Products and Related Technologies for Trauma Care and Emerge the Military Services, appropriate Defense agencies or activities a Human Services, and the Department of Homeland Security. Con established to manage research, development, test and evaluation military operational medicine, combat casualty care, radiation he leading to candidate solutions that may involve use of animal mo efforts will transition to technology development (PE 0603115) fur-	research and technology capabilities, and the st tem. The program also supports the Interagenc gency Preparedness. Program development ar and other federal agencies, to include the Dep pordination occurs through the planning and ex ion for DHP-sponsored research. The JPCs su ealth effects, and clinical and rehabilitative med podels for testing in preparation for initial human	trengthening of the scientific basis for decision-making in cy Strategic Plan for Research & Development of Blood and execution is peer-reviewed and coordinated with all of artment of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Health and ecution activities of the Joint Program Committees (JPCs), pported by this PE include military infectious diseases, icine. Funds in the PE support studies and investigations
For the Army Medical Command, this PE funds the military HIV r preclinical work in laboratory animals including non-human prima clinical trials with these vaccine candidates.		
For the Army Medical Command, beginning in FY 2015, funding through the Combating Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria - WRAIR Dis		itigate, and treat antibiotic resistant bacteria in wounds
In FY 2015, Congressional Special Interest funds were provided not programmed.	for Restore Core Research Funding Reductio	n. Because of the CSI annual structure, out-year funding is
For the Air Force, this PE funds applied research which seeks to toxicology with an emphasis on targeted prevention, diagnosis, a in Warfighters and beneficiaries by providing care that is specific and selection of appropriate and effective treatment. Personalize while increasing health and wellness of the AF population and ef- represents an identified barrier/gap which must be addressed for include knowledge generation research; ethical legal and social i advanced genomic diagnostic system. For efforts supported by the specific needs. During this process, the efforts of other government	and treatment. The delivery of pro-active, evid to to the situation and patient, to include preven- ted medicine will reduce morbidity, mortality, m fficiency of the healthcare system. This applie r successful implementation of 'omic'-informed issues/policy research; bioinformatics research this program element, research will be pursued	ence-based, personalized medicine will improve health ting disease or injury, early and accurate diagnosis, ission impact of illness/injury, and healthcare costs d research supports multiple focus areas, each of which personalized medicine. Focus areas for applied research h; educational research; research for development of d with the intent to support solutions that answer Air Force

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defen	Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: F									
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E		<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical Technology</i>								
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017</u>	' Total				
Previous President's Budget	47.898	58.251	68.797	-	6	68.797				
Current President's Budget	67.237	75.155	57.275	-	Ę	57.275				
Total Adjustments	19.339	16.904	-11.522	-	-1	11.522				
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-								
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-								
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-								
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	25.303	16.904								
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-								
Reprogrammings	-1.785	-								
<ul> <li>SBIR/STTR Transfer</li> </ul>	-4.179	-								
<ul> <li>Realignment to DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget</li> </ul>	-	-	-8.797	-	-8.797					
Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care										
<ul> <li>Restore USUHS Breast, GYN, and Prostate</li> </ul>	-	-	-3.350	-	-3.350					
Cancer Centers of Excellence										
<ul> <li>Rebalance Joint Program Committees</li> </ul>	-	-	0.625	-		0.625				
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	s General Red	<u>ductions)</u>			FY 2015	FY 2016				
Project: 200A: Congressional Special Interests										
Congressional Add: 426A – CSI - Traumatic Brian Inju	ury / Psycholo	gical Health (TBI/F	PH) (PE 0602115) (Army,	)	0.000	5.83				
Congressional Add: 462A – CSI - GDF Restore Core	Applied Biome	edical Technology	(PE 0602115) (Army)		19.620	10.00				
Congressional Add: 469A – CSI - Restore Core Appli	ed Biomedical	Technology (PE 0	)602115) (Army)		4.941	1.07				
Congressional Add: 469B – CSI - Restore Core Appli	ed Biomedical	Technology (PE 0	)602115) (Air Force)		0.742	0.00				
		Co	ongressional Add Subtota	als for Project: 200A	25.303	16.90				
			Congressional Add T	otals for all Projects	25.303	16.90				

#### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0602115-Applied Biomedical Technology (-\$4.179 million) to DHP RDT&E, PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$4.179 million).

FY 2015: Restore core research funding to the DHP RDT&E, PE 0602115-Applied Biomedical Technology (+\$25.303 million).

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defe	ense Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical Tecl</i>	hnology
FY 2016: Restore core research funding to the DHP RI	DT&E, PE 0602115-Applied Biomedical Technology (+\$16.9	04 million).
FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, F (-\$8.797 million) to DHP O&M Account, Budget Activity	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care (+\$8.797 million).	), PE 0602115-Applied Biomedical Technology
	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E) Technology Development for Breast, Gynecological and Pros	
FY 2017: Rebalance Joint Program Committees by real DHP RDTE PE 0602115-Applied Biomedical Technolog	ligning from DHP RDTE PE 0605145-Medical Products and gy (+0.625M).	Support Systems Development (-0.625M) to

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: Febr											uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					. ,				Project (Number/Name) 200A / Congressional Special Interests			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
200A: Congressional Special Interests	70.883	25.303	16.904	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-

## A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) funding was directed toward core research initiatives in PE 0602115 - Applied Biomedical Technology. Because of the CSI annual structure, out-year funding is not programmed.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
Congressional Add: 426A – CSI - Traumatic Brian Injury / Psychological Health (TBI/PH) (PE 0602115) (Army)	0.000	5.833
FY 2015 Accomplishments: N/A		
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The Traumatic Brain Injury and Psychological Health (TBI/PH) Congressional Special Interest program aimed to execute studies that inform the development of strategies to prevent, mitigate, and treat the effects of combat-relevant traumatic stress and TBI on function, wellness, and overall quality of life, including interventions across the deployment lifecycle for warriors, veterans, family members, caregivers, and communities. A key priority of the TBI/PH applied research program was to complement ongoing DoD efforts to ensure the health and readiness of our military forces by promoting a better standard of care for psychological health disorders and TBI in the areas of prevention, detection, diagnosis (identification of the nature and cause of an illness), treatment, and rehabilitation. Program announcements, programmatic reviews, Service-requested nominations, and ongoing studies that would benefit from program acceleration have been incorporated to address these priorities and gather proposals. In the area of TBI, researchers performed investigations to find a universally-agreed upon concussion grading system, and continued experiments into the effects of penetrating injuries on the brain and experiments on the effects of blasts on the brain. Proposals were solicited in the areas of blast-induced hyper-acceleration upon the generation of TBI and the role of inflammation in spreading TBI damage. Multiple awards relevant to combat casualty care were made including development of a large animal model of penetrating ballistic brain injury and development of metrics to define concussion and grade TBI. In the area of psychological health, researchers performed investigations to diagnose, prevent, and reduce symptoms of PTSD, and understand predictors of violence among workers in military settings.	19.620	10.000
	13.020	10.000
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was directed toward the restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0602115. Funds supported applied research for military infectious		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biome</i> <i>Technology</i>			umber/Name) ngressional Special Interests
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
diseases, military operational medicine, combat casualty care, radiation health rehabilitative medicine (Project 372A).	effects and clinical and			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was directer research initiatives in PE 0602115. Funds supported applied research for militatives operational medicine, combat casualty care, radiation health effects and clinication (Project 372A).				
Congressional Add: 469A - CSI - Restore Core Applied Biomedical Technology	4.941	1.071		
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CS restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0602115. Funds supported research in 447A) and Combating Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria (Project 246A).				
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was directer research initiatives in PE 0602115. Funds supported research in Military HIV Recombating Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria (Project 246A).				
Congressional Add: 469B - CSI - Restore Core Applied Biomedical Technology	gy (PE 0602115) (Air Force)	0.742	0.000	
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CS restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0602115. Funds supported Air Force r and Therapeutics (Project 306B).				
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.				
	<b>Congressional Adds Subtotals</b>	25.303	16.904	

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

#### E. Performance Metrics

Individual efforts are monitored through a quarterly project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives), key performance parameters, and resolution of Force Health Protection gaps. Variances,

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	Date: February 2016	
ppropriation/Budget Activity 130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 200A / Congressional Special Interests
eviations, and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a dec overnance . Annual reviews are also conducted in person for al		process of Science and Technology (S&T)
0602115DHA: Applied Biomedical Technology	UNCLASSIFIED	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						a <b>m Elemen</b> I5DHA <i>I Apµ</i> Y			246A I Con Bacteria (C	<b>vject (Number/Name)</b> A I Combating Antibiotic Resistant cteria (CARB) - WRAIR Discovery and und Program (Army)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
246A: Combating Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria (CARB) - WRAIR Discovery and Wound Program (Army)	0.000	0.000	3.150	2.860	-	2.860	2.142	1.857	1.949	1.989	Continuing	Continuing	
At the President's direction in late interagency approach and ultima simultaneously complement natio identified is for new therapeutics, and worrisome Gram negative ba capabilities to evaluate viable can respond rapidly and effectively to	tely approve onal efforts t to include a acterial path ndidate targ biological t	ed at the exit o prevent, c antibiotics. T ogens, usin ets for adva hreats of int	ecutive leve detect, and o Fhis effort's t g existing existing existing inced discov ternational c	l (2014). In control illne focus is on xpertise at rery. This p	herent in th ss and deat the develop the Walter I	is work are th related to pment of nev Reed Army	DoD sponse infections of w/novel ant Institute of I	ored efforts caused by a ibiotics, esp Research (\	to support t antibiotic-res becially thos WRAIR), an lobal Health	he DoD's b istant bact e targeting d leveragin Security A	eneficiaries eria. One cri the most res g other WR/ genda prior	, but that tical need sistant AIR tities to	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	•		•			( )	<u> </u>		FY			FY 2017	
<i>Title:</i> Combating Antibiotic Resist <i>Description:</i> Initiate an antibacter encompasses assessment of exter based discovery efforts of new por collaborators to develop/co-devel	rial drug dis ernal produc otential prod	covery prog cts/candidat ucts/candid	gram directe es/leads tha ates/leads fo	d toward m It may mee or developr	nilitary relev et DoD requi ment, and (o	ant drug-res irements, (b	sistant bacte ) opens act	ive intramu	ral	0.000	3.150	2.860	
FY 2015 Accomplishments: Established the research program commercial antibacterial drug disc hired staff, developed desired the requirements, and evaluated cher	covery (dire rapeutic pro	ct contact a oduct profile	nd literature criteria and	publication DoD-focus	ns) market f	for potential	leads, iden	tified and	e				
FY 2016 Plans: Continue applied research to eva and complete market analysis of clinical,1-4 years away from adva potential lead candidates, synthe	external ant nced develo	ibiotic progr opment) tha	ams to disc t may be ex	over small panded or	molecules t elaborated.	hat are in ea Assays are	arly drug dis under eval	scovery (pro uation to as	e-				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agen		Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	246A I Bacteria	o <b>ject (Number/Name)</b> 6A I Combating Antibiotic Resistant cteria (CARB) - WRAIR Discovery and bund Program (Army)				
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> begin to establish in vivo (living organism) model standards, and evaluate lat military relevant resistant bacteria. Efforts are being made to establish agree		r treat	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Will establish sustainable research efforts designed to evaluate viable small a development for the DoD and Public Health benefit. Will continue expansion compound optimization, and Investigational New Drug-enabling study coordin rights are owned by existing companies or complete partner agreements in o leads. Will conduct screening against military relevant strains and biofilms (m a surface) to select compounds for continued development. Will evaluate one transitioned into advanced development.	of market analysis of external antibiotic program nation. Will obtain agreements if intellectual pro rder to explore and co-develop new antibiotics icroorganisms in which cells stick to each other	ns, perty <sup>.</sup> on					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	ototals	0.000	3.150	2.860		

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

An Acquisition Strategy will be developed to support future Milestone B when a clinical development candidate is identified and reaches Technology Readiness Level (TRL)-6.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Performance metrics of the CARB drug discovery program will be provided through semi-annual status reports, periodic reviews by the Military Infectious Diseases Research Program Integrating Integrated Product Team (IIPT) and in-process reviews (IPR). The performance metric benchmark is progression of research projects to TRL 5 and their schedule to transition.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0602115DHA I Applied Biomedical 306					roject (Number/Name) 06B / Advanced Diagnostics & herapeutics Research & Development (AF)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
306B: Advanced Diagnostics & Therapeutics Research & Development (AF)	6.912	2.708	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	) Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bu	dget Item J	ustification	<u> </u>										
and efficacy of care across the s clinical Diagnosis, Identification, beneficiaries. <b>B. Accomplishments/Planned I</b>	Quantificatio	on and Mitig	ation (DIQN						es for all Do	D wounde			
Title: Advanced Diagnostics & T	• ·		•	ent (AF)						2.708	0.000	0.000	
<b>Description:</b> This project provide development/refinement for dises the spectrum of Advanced Diagm support research for biosurveillar <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Established genetic marker resea of T2D in the MHS population, pr of future diabetes and prediction the military readiness mission, es technologies, including automate Time Polymerase Chain Reaction molecular biology procedures, bi levels the information needed to occur. Real-Time polymerase ch Molecular Detection clinical repo Human Parainfluenza Virus 1, 2, subtyping), Human Metapneumo	ases of oper lostics and T nce/occupati arch data, tis roviding evid of future dis specially in y ed nucleic ac n (PCR) tech o-informatics make time-c ain reaction sitory includ- and 3, Hum	ational sign herapeutics onal health sue and sp ence of spe ease, far in rounger adu id extraction nology for s, and conn critical disea assays opti e Influenza an Metapne	ificance. TI s requireme activities an ecimen rep ecific single advance of ilts. Evaluat n for comple RNA and D ectivity and se preventi mized and A (H1, H3, eumovirus,	nis will supp nts in the d and support ository for f nucleotide actual dise ed, optimiz ex matrices NA pathoge communic on and con utilized in s H5a and b) Rhinovirus,	port increas efined Portf research of future studie polymorphis ease onset, ed and valio , DNA next ens of both ation endea trol decisior ample chara , Influenza l Enterovirus	ed efficiency olio Areas. evidence ba es. Elucidate sms associa to reduce di dated sophis generation s viral and ba vors to prov ns, on the gr acterization B, Respirato ses, Adenov	y and effica In addition, ased the gene ated with an isease burd sticated adv sequencing cterial etiolo vide comma round where at the Cent ory Syncytia virus (and ho	cy of care a this project eutics. tic epidemic enhanced en and pres anced diag and Real- ogy, advance nders at all e outbreaks er for Advan I Virus A ar uman Aden	t will blogy risk serve nostic ced nced nd B,				

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016			
ppropriation/Budget Activity 130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 306B / Advanced Diagnostics & Therapeutics Research & Development (					
<u>Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</u> neumonia, Bordetella pertussis (I) and parapertussis (II), Chlamydia pneumon pproval for initiation of FY16 protocols. Completed toxicological/functional test Y 2016 Plans: o Funding Programmed.			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
o Funding Programmed. Y 2017 Plans: o Funding Programmed.	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul		2.708	0.000	0.00		

<u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc).

#### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/				_	Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name         0130 / 2       PE 0602115DHA / Applied Biomedical         Technology       Technology				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 306C I Core Adv Diagnostics & Epigenomics Applied Research (AF)			AF)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
306C: Core Adv Diagnostics & Epigenomics Applied Research (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.728	1.757	-	1.757	1.987	2.025	2.066	2.107	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	get Item Ju	ustification	<u> </u>									
This project provides applied rese conditions. This will support incre Portfolio Areas. In addition, this p	eased efficie project will s	ency and ef support rese	ficacy of car earch for bio	re across th	ne spectrum	of Advance	ed Diagnost	ics and The	erapeutics re levelopmen	equirement It of eviden	s in the defir ce based the	ned erapeutics
B. Accomplishments/Planned P Title: Core Adv Diagnostics & Ep	•		•						FY	2015 0.000	FY 2016 1.728	FY 2017 1.75
the spectrum of Advanced Diagno support research for biosurveillan <i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No funding programmed.												
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> In support of personalized treatmet therapeutic strategy based on pha								enetic				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	Health Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	5
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0602115DHA / Applied Biomedical	Project (Number/N 06C / Core Adv D pigenomics Applic	(AF)	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
method of MRI measurement for volumetric quantification of trau for the prevention of cutaneous adverse drug reactions. Evaluate complement activation and coagulation. Analyze serotonin trans- identification. Identify proximal drivers of inflammation to predict disease threat within high-risk military populations to determine in to decrease exposure risk. Develop automated data analysis me surveillance program, increase epidemiological surveillance scop	e immune-modulators for pharmacological intervention on porters and telomeres to produce an early method for PTSD ris immune status and disease. Provide an analysis of the Chaga f force health protection measures should be implemented thod for next generation sequencing to update AF influenza	sk		
Total FY16 requirements cost is \$4.500M; FY16 UFR = \$2.772M	I Contraction of the second			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue to evaluate small, rapid, ruggedized molecular detection nucleic acid extraction/sample processing methods. Examine pot to include toxins, viruses, bacteria and biomarkers on Personaliz fungal pathogens to decrease the diagnostic time for determining of pharmacogenomics-driven predictive risk profiles for improved of genetic, epigenetic and proteomic markers to improve prevent environment interactions for tailored treatments based on individ factors, such as those associated with social-occupational impair	rtable, multiplexed immunoassay arrays for multiple panels, ed Bioinformatics. Expand pyrosequencing assays to include g the etiological agent of sepsis. Continue the development d management of complex diseases. Continue the evaluation ive and diagnostic strategies. Continue to evaluate gene- ual, social, operational and environmental risk and protective			
Total FY17 requirement is \$3.757M; FY17 UFR = \$2.000M	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subto	tals 0.000	1.728	1.75
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements a scientific and technical efforts within this program these agree are used to award initiatives in this program and project following	with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland ments are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BA	Security are used A) and Intramural	to support on calls for prop	going osal

necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agend	Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) Project (Number/Name)			
0130/2	PE 0602115DHA / Applied Biomedical	306C / Col	re Adv Diagnostics &	
	Technology	Epigenomi	ics Applied Research (AF)	

#### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 [	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
0130 / 2 PE 0 Tech			PE 06021	PE 0602115DHA I Applied Biomedical 306D Technology Bioer				<b>roject (Number/Name)</b> 06D I Core Occupational, bioenvironmental, Aerospace Medicine & oxicology Applied Research (AF)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
306D: Core Occupational, Bioenvironmental, Aerospace Medicine & Toxicology Applied Research (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.728	1.758	3 -	1.758	1.988	2.026	2.066	2.108	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bu	dget Item Ju	ustification	<u>l</u>									
This project supplies applied res hazards, advancing new concep Air Force occupations in the defi positively affecting personalized	ts in develop ned Modern	oing method ization Thru	ds of treatmo ust Areas to	ent in aeror	medical care	e, and explo	ring new m	echanisms	to enhance	human pei	formance in	critical
B. Accomplishments/Planned I	Programs (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F١	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Core Occupational, Bioenv	vironmental,	Aerospace	Medicine &	Toxicology	Applied Re	esearch (AF)	)			0.000	1.728	1.758
<b>Description:</b> This project supplie understanding of AF occupationa aeromedical care, and exploring Modernization Thrust Areas to in positively affecting personalized	al and enviro new mechai nprove and e	nmental ha nisms to en enhance, m	zards, adva hance huma aintain, pres	ncing new an performa	concepts in ance in critic	developing cal Air Force	methods of occupation	f treatment ns in the de	fined			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.												
FY 2016 Plans: Begin to develop advanced diagrand therapeutics to counter effects systems. Develop passive dosin cell lines, development of new or environmental biosurveillance pro FY 2017 Plans:	ets from air tr neters to sup gan system	ansport an port 24/7 e cell lines a	d low-dose l xposure mo nd build libra	nypobaric e nitoring. Ex ary of multi	exposures to xpand toxico ple chemica	o the brain a ological/func al exposure.	nd traumat tional testir Continue to	ized organ ng of organ o develop	aches			
									Ι	I	I	

hibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	306D Bioen	ect (Number/Name) D I Core Occupational, nvironmental, Aerospace Medicine cology Applied Research (AF)			
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> Demonstrate through emerging advanced methods, brain injury from operations. Initial development of platforms linking biological charact hazards. Explore capture of assorted biological signatures to charac	eristics to effects from individual and multiple environm	ental	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	0.000	1.728	1.75	

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.\*\*\*

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: February 2016			
				,				Project (Number/Name) 372A I GDF Applied Biomedical Technology				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
372A: GDF Applied Biomedical Technology	92.328	32.677	43.579	43.462	-	43.462	49.639	58.724	67.148	68.357	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force - Applied Biomedical Technology: Applied biomedical technology research will focus on refining concepts and ideas into potential solutions for military problems and conducting analyses of alternatives to select the best potential solution for further advanced technology development. Applied research is managed by the Joint Program Committees (JPCs) in the following areas: 1- Military infectious diseases research is developing protection and treatment products for military relevant infectious diseases. Applied research is conducted in the task areas of bacterial diseases, diagnostics development, and viral diseases. 2- Military operational medicine research goals are to develop medical countermeasures against operational stressors, prevent musculoskeletal, neurosensory, and psychological injuries during training and operations, and to maximize health, performance and fitness of Service members. Applied research is conducted in the task areas of musculoskeletal injury; brain health and performance risk; behavioral health, wellness and resilience; warfighter physical performance; nutrition and weight balance; fatigue countermeasures, psychiatry and clinical psychology disorders; auditory and vestibular performance, injury and protection; blunt, blast and accelerative injury; environmental toxicant exposure; and aircrew health and performance. 3- Combat casualty care research is focused on optimizing survival and recovery in injured Service members across the spectrum of care from point of injury through enroute and facility care. Applied research is conducted in the task areas of hemorrhage, shock, and coagulopathy of trauma; traumatic brain injury (TBI) neurotrauma and brain dysfunction; treatments for extremity trauma, tissue injury, craniomaxillofacial injury, lung injury, and burns; pre-hospital tactical combat casualty care; and enroute care. 4- Radiation health effects applied research supports tasks for the development of radiation medical countermeasures, to include therapeutic candidates for acute radiation once exposure has occurred, and preventative treatment prior to exposure (radioprotectants). 5- Clinical and rehabilitative medicine is developing knowledge and materiel products to reconstruct, rehabilitate, and provide care for injured Service members. Applied research is conducted in the task areas of neuromusculoskeletal rehabilitation, pain management, regenerative medicine, and sensorv systems.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: GDF Applied Biomedical Technology	32.677	43.579	43.462
<b>Description:</b> Applied Biomedical Technology Research focuses on refining concepts and ideas into potential solutions to military problems and conducting analyses of alternatives to select the best potential solution for further advanced technology development.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Military infectious diseases research supported multi-year studies in bacterial diseases; progressed in development of four novel therapeutics (e.g., drugs) to mitigate wound infection and biofilm processes, pursued development of tools and practices for the detection/prevention of microbial infections in wounds and/or guide clinical wound management, performed confirmatory laboratory studies and initial animal studies to demonstrate drug potency, and demonstrated biomarker (biological indicator of			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	<b>Project (I</b> 372A / GL	Technology		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
health outcomes and disease) accuracy and degree of confidence in identifying expertise in acute respiratory diseases and diagnostic systems for infectious di		er			
Military operational medicine research established animal models to determine repeated low level blast exposure, developed military relevant clinical and func musculoskeletal injury, and developed strategies to model human middle ear d will lead to validating hazardous impulse noise exposure standards. Continued for dependency and withdrawal associated with prescription drugs and substar how to support family resilience and behavioral health during deployment and n Continued studies focused on selecting candidate biomarkers for objective Pos pilot research evaluating novel PTSD intervention strategies, and adaptations of PTSD treatment. Developed a reporting system for adverse events associated computational models that can predict bone and muscle health status. Establis select candidate biomarkers for inhalation exposure to toxic substances, and c biomarkers of hydration status. These research efforts supported the Precision Combat casualty care hemorrhage research made progress toward supporting Acid, a FDA-approved anti-seizure drug, and ethinyl estradiol to increase survi of modulating the inflammatory response associated with hemorrhagic shock a that may be involved in coagulopathy of trauma. TBI neurotrauma research ma screening tools. Treatments for extremity trauma addressed burn, acute lung in the face, extremities, groin and pelvis. Pre-hospital tactical combat research in- critical care. The enroute care task made significant advances to understand a of patients with head and spine injuries.	tional assessments to determine return to dut lynamics when subjected to impulse noises, w studies aimed at establishing an animal mod nee abuse. Continued research to understand reintegration to inform intervention development sttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) screening of existing evidence-based psychotherapies for with dietary supplement use, and developed shed risk factors for heat injury susceptibility, so onducted dehydration studies to select stress a Medicine Initiative.	y after vhich el ent. , or studied bic s ns id es of amless			
Radiation health effects research pursued strategies for protection, mitigation, due to high doses of radiation exposure. Conducted animal studies in mice and gaps and to characterize several compounds with potential to mitigate or preve lethal doses of radiation. The research aimed to determine mechanisms of action the development of therapeutics for ARS hematopoietic (bone marrow) sub-systemeters.	d non-human primates to address research da ent Acute Radiation Syndrome (ARS) resulting ion, effectiveness, and safety in animal model	ata g from			
Clinical and rehabilitative medicine research conducted applied research in the management, regenerative medicine, and/or sensory (hearing and sight) syste injury portfolio examined the impact of biopsychosocial effects on rehabilitation	m traumatic injury. The neuromusculoskeletal				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency	Date: F	ebruary 201	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	Project (Number/ 372A / GDF Applie	<b>Name)</b> d Biomedical Technology	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
residual limb-device interface, and developed objective metrics for was conducted that studied enhanced chronic pain management us responses).				
Regenerative medicine research studied novel tissue-engineered n treatment for re-innervated (restored nerve function) muscle. Sense release drugs to prevent blinding complications following eye injury noise induced hearing loss.	ory systems research studied pre-clinical testing of susta			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Military infectious diseases research supports multi-year studies in four antibacterial projects and two projects for the detection of micro of novel therapeutics (drugs), biomarkers, and clinical practice guid Molecule(s) showing efficacy in laboratory studies and initial animal identifying pathogens are being evaluated for further development. respiratory diseases. These studies are in alignment with the Nation Military operational medicine research is validating repeated low levexposures, developing computational models of the nonlinear midd improved clinical strategies to determine safe return to duty after set hypoxia (oxygen deficiency) and fatigue on aircrew performance in develop strategies for building Service member and family resilience Continuing to establish associations between military service, depl physiological health problems to inform development of policies and and protective factors associated with PTSD, the neurobiological are initiation of pilot research associated with novel, theoretically-based loss in military families, and continuing the development of computation and treatment strategies and protect against multi-environmental injury. Refining biomarkers ingested that will be used for establishing the probability of adverse optimized performance in extreme environmental conditions.	obial infections in wounds. Studies are aimed at develop lelines to mitigate wound infection and biofilm processes I studies, and/or biomarkers demonstrating accuracy in Continue efforts to maintain subject matter expertise in a nal Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance. wel blast injury animal models compared to occupational lle ear function to establish hearing injury criteria, develo evere musculoskeletal injury, and characterizing the effect rotary and fixed wing aircraft. Conducting applied resear ee and to support successful reintegration following deplo oyment, risk and protective factors, and psychological a d guidelines. Continuing research toward investigation of nd behavioral impact of various PTSD interventions, and d treatments. Developing interventions for sustainable we ational models that can predict bone and muscle health s levelop a non-invasive tool for diagnosing pulmonary dis and biomarker detection to optimize physiological perfor s of environmental exposure to toxic substances inhaled	blast blast ping cts of rch to byment. and f risk the eight status. ease. mance or		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	Project (N 372A / GL	<b>lame)</b> d Biomedical	Technology		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Combat casualty care hemorrhage research continues to search for new diagn for abnormal hemorrhage following injury. Work focuses primarily on inflammat complement inhibitors in swine) and coagulopathy of trauma (computational ar trauma). Neurotrauma research is further developing and investigating TBI bion medical evaluation of warriors. Forward Surgical and Intensive Critical Care is surgical interventions and how to improve survival for those in need of critical of Treatments for tissue injury address burn, acute lung injury, and enhanced hear groin and pelvis. Tissue injury research is also addressing wound stabilization continue to specifically address the need for a maxillofacial stabilization dressing physiologic response to transport in air, sea, and ground environments and the injury.	tory modulation (determining the efficacy of nd mathematical modeling of coagulopathy of markers and screening tools for far-forward studying the effectiveness of acute lifesaving care on the battlefield and in acute stages of in aling of complex injuries of the face, extremities in the prolonged field care scenario and will ng. The enroute care research is studying the	jury. s,				
Radiation health effects research is continuing strategies for protection, mitigate due to high doses of radiation exposure. Conduct animal studies in mice and n with potential to mitigate or prevent Acute Radiation Syndrome (ARS) resulting therapeutics of ARS address bone marrow (hematopoietic) and gastrointestina are also being examined. Based on research accomplishments, compounds ar transition toward advanced development. Additional efforts are evaluating target countermeasures for the mitigation or treatment of radiation injury, and increas which radiation injuries are initiated and cell cycling pathways triggered leading	on-human primates to evaluate several compo- g from lethal doses of radiation. Mitigators and al effects. Pulmonary effects of radiation expos re being evaluated as potential candidates for ets for safe and effective candidate medical sing understanding of the molecular mechanisr	ure ns by				
Clinical and rehabilitative medicine research is pursuing down-selection of can development in the areas of neuromusculoskeletal injury, pain management, re- sight, and balance) system traumatic injury. Conducting applied research in ne information solutions for diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation after Service-re- solutions to alleviate acute and chronic battlefield pain, investigating solutions to organs to restore or establish normal tissue function, and conducting applied re- visual, auditory, and vestibular function following traumatic injury.	egenerative medicine, and/or sensory (hearing euromusculoskeletal injuries to provide product elated injuries. Studying the effectiveness of le to replace or regenerate human cells, tissues,	s and ading or				
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Military infectious diseases research will support multi-year studies initiated in research, and will down-select promising efforts for further development. Progr released to address critical research focus areas such as the ability to predict in	ram announcements in wound infection will be					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agenc		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
with multi-drug resistant organisms. Will continue efforts to maintain subject m studies will support the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance.		These			
Military operational medicine research will collect experimental data to validate and indirect mechanism of blast brain injury and quantify the biomechanical br spacing of repeated blast events to prevent cumulative effects, collect impulse models of the inner ear to validate injury criteria, and will develop comprehens hypoxia (oxygen deficiency). Will continue to monitor the patterns of dietary su demographic and lifestyle factors associated with dietary supplement and caffe Will assess the psychosocial and physiological factors affecting overuse injury Warriors. Will conduct applied research to develop prevention skills training ar Will complete studies that will inform opioid abuse risk reduction strategies. We family resilience building interventions. Will continue investigating novel and ev (group, couples, web-based, etc.), selecting candidate biomarkers associated development. Will continue to refine candidate biomarkers for exposure to inha the probability of adverse health risk outcomes and continue refinement of a n Will conduct research to refine metrics for optimized operational task performation Combat casualty care hemorrhage research will investigate new diagnostic to for severe hemorrhage following injury. Work focuses primarily on modulating	rain-tissue response, determine optimal tempor e noise experimental data to validate computat sive aircrew performance risk models of fatigue upplement use in the Armed Forces and deter- eine use along with coincident motivating factor susceptibility and career success of female nd interventions to prevent suicide behaviors. ill deliver prototypes for Service member and vidence-based PTSD intervention adaptations with treatment, and animal/human disease me aled or ingested toxic substances for establish on-invasive tool for diagnosing pulmonary dise ance in extreme environmental conditions.	oral cional e and mine ors. odel ing ease.			
complement inhibitors in swine) and coagulopathy of trauma (computational ar of trauma). Will begin to focus on the pathophysiological impacts of using adva approaches in prolonged field care scenarios where evacuation may be delaye begin to focus on the time period from 4 to 72 hours post-injury (related to prol will further develop identified TBI biomarkers and screening tools for far-forwar tools/treatments to minimize the progression of TBI at point of injury; and provi and monitoring of moderate and severe head injuries in accordance with Adva a far forward environment. Treatments for extremity trauma will continue to ad care scenarios that might enhance initial treatment and improve longer term of injuries to include maxillofacial injury. Forward Surgical and Intensive Critical C interventions and how to improve survival for those in need of critical care on t for those requiring prolonged times until reaching definitive care in the pre-hos study clinically-relevant testing standards for monitors in the transport environ technologies.	nd mathematical modeling of coagulopathy anced hemorrhage control and resuscitation ed. Inflammatory modulation and other work w longed field care scenarios). Neurotrauma res rd medical evaluation of warriors; develop clin ide capabilities for the treatment, managemen inced Trauma Life Support (ATLS) protocols in vance wound stabilization for prolonged field utcomes for burn, acute lung injury, and comp Care will study the effectiveness of acute lifes the battlefield and in acute stages of injury and spital/hospital setting. Enroute care research w	earch ical t n lex aving t			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heat	alth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity         R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         Project (Number/Name)           0130 / 2         PE 0602115DHA / Applied Biomedical         372A / GDF Applied Biomedical Technology							
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Radiation health effects research will conduct non-clinical research is exposure and develop data to support preparation of technical data Regulations, Chapter 21, Part 312. Research will also focus on eval their feasibility and practicality as candidate solutions to military nee Clinical and rehabilitative medicine research will select the most pro development in the areas of neuromusculoskeletal injury, pain mana research in neuromusculoskeletal injuries to guide the diagnosis, tre injuries. Will identify targets for therapies to alleviate acute, chronic, psychosocial aspects of pain management and pain-related substar medicine approaches for pain management. Will evaluate candidate regenerate human cells, tissues, or organs to restore or establish no vasculature and connective tissue.	package requirements, as detailed in the Code of Federa uating candidate radioprotectants (prophylaxes) to deterr ds. mising candidate products to transition to technology agement, and regenerative medicine. Will support applied eatment and rehabilitation outcomes after Service-related and battlefield pain and identify strategies for addressing nee abuse. Will study pain biomarkers to implement preci- e reconstructive and regenerative technologies to replace	al nine I sion or					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	32.677	43.579	43.462		
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Evaluate technical feasibility of potential solutions to military health	issues. Implement models into data or knowledge and te	st in a labor	atory en	vironment Te	chology		
Transition and Milestone A packages will be developed to facilitate		st in a labor	atory env	nonment. Te	chhology		
<u>E. Performance Metrics</u> Research is evaluated through in-progress reviews, DHP-sponsore publications, intellectual property, additional funding support, and put The benchmark performance metric for transition of research condu	rogress reviews to ensure that milestones are met and de	eliverables a	ire transi	tioned on sch	edule.		

Readiness Level (TRL) 4, and typically TRL 5, or the equivalent for knowledge products. Products nearing attainment of TRL 5 will be considered for transition.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Da									Date: Febr	Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2								Project (Number/Name) 447A I Military HIV Research Program (Army)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
447A: Military HIV Research Program (Army)	8.410	6.549	8.066	7.438	-	7.438	7.794	9.022	9.654	9.847	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project conducts research on the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), which causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). This effort supports the Administration's priorities in the area of international scientific partnership in global health engagement. Work in this area includes refining improved identification methods to determine genetic diversity of the virus and evaluating and preparing overseas sites for clinical trials with global vaccine candidates. Additional activities include refining candidate vaccines for preventing HIV and undertaking preclinical studies (studies required before testing in humans) to assess vaccine for potential to protect and/or manage the disease in infected individuals. This project is jointly managed through an Interagency Agreement between US Army Medical Research and Materiel Command (USAMRMC) and the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID) of the National Institutes of Health (NIH). This project contains no duplication of effort within the Military Departments or other government organizations. The cited work is also consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense, Research and Engineering Science and Technology focus areas, and supports the principal area of Military Relevant Infectious Diseases to include HIV.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Military HIV Research Program	6.549	8.066	7.438
<b>Description:</b> This project conducts research on HIV, which causes AIDS. Work in this area includes refining improved identification methods to determine genetic diversity of the virus and evaluating and preparing overseas sites for future vaccine trials. Additional activities include refining candidate vaccines for preventing HIV and undertaking preclinical studies (studies required before testing in humans) to assess vaccine for potential to protect and/or manage the disease in infected individuals.			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> Completed production of additional vaccine candidates for various world-wide subtypes. Developed improved methods to evaluate immune responses to selected HIV vaccine candidates in non-human primates. Analyzed host genetic factors related to HIV acquisition and disease progression in acute HIV infection to inform vaccine development. Completed down-selection of best candidates for use in Phase 1 safety studies in human volunteers.			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue to produce additional vaccine candidates for various world-wide subtypes. Characterize these new sub-types and evaluate their capability to induce protective immune responses in non-human primates. Down-select one or more vaccine candidates for use in safety studies in human volunteers.			
FY 2017 Plans: Will finalize production and optimization of three new vaccine candidates from an East African region. Will characterize these new sub-types and evaluate their capability to induce protective immune responses in non-human primates by using novel delivery			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	lealth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115DHA <i>I Applied Biomedical</i> <i>Technology</i>	<i>i i i i</i>				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
systems. Will down-select one vaccine candidate from an East Afr immunogenicity (ability to invoke an immune response). Will also of antigens (substance that induces an immune response) for HIV continue to develop new clinical trial sites in Mozambique that will against the predominant HIV subtype (C) circulating in this part of	design an optimal delivery system containing a diverse mi / subtypes A, C, D and E and test in non-human primates. I allow scientists the opportunity to test future vaccine can	ixture Will				
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	6.549	8.066	7.438	
N/A <u>E. Performance Metrics</u> Performance of the HIV research program is monitored and evalu Committee and the Military Infectious Diseases Research Program				Program Ste	eering	

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency										Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology (AFRRI)							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	5.857	1.145	1.222	1.242	-	1.242	1.331	1.356	1.383	1.411	Continuing	Continuing
020: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
241A: Biodosimetry (USUHS)	1.195	0.208	0.249	0.254	-	0.254	0.272	0.277	0.283	0.289	Continuing	Continuing
241B: Internal Contamination (USUHS)	0.621	0.109	0.131	0.133	-	0.133	0.143	0.146	0.149	0.152	Continuing	Continuing
241C: Radiation Countermeasures (USUHS)	4.041	0.704	0.842	0.855	-	0.855	0.916	0.933	0.951	0.970	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS), Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute (AFRRI), this program supports developmental research to investigate new approaches that will lead to advancements in biomedical strategies for preventing, treating, assessing and predicting the health effects of human exposure to ionizing radiation. Program objectives focus on preventing or mitigating the health consequences from exposures to ionizing radiation that represent the highest probable threat to U.S. forces in current tactical, humanitarian and counterterrorism mission environments. New protective and therapeutic strategies will broaden the military commander's options for operating within nuclear or radiological environments by minimizing both short-and long-term risks of adverse health consequences. Advances in assessment, prognostication, and therapy in case of actual or suspected radiation exposures will enhance triage, treatment decisions and risk assessment in operational settings.

<u> 3. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</u>	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017</u>	Total
Previous President's Budget	1.117	1.222	1.242	-		1.242
Current President's Budget	1.145	1.222	1.242	-		1.242
Total Adjustments	0.028	0.000	0.000	-		0.000
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.124	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	-	-				
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.096	-				
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Inclue	des General Redu	ctions)			FY 2015	FY 2016
Project: 020: CSI - Congressional Special Interests				-		
Congressional Add: 472A – Program Increase: Res	store Core Researd	ch Funding Redu	uction (USUHS)		0.124	0.000

hibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defe	ense Health Agency Date	: February 201	6
<b>propriation/Budget Activity</b> 30: <i>Defense Health Program I</i> BA 2: <i>RDT&amp;E</i>	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology (AFRRI)		
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Include	es General Reductions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 020	0.124	0.00
	Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	0.124	0.0
	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0602787-Me siness Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (ST		
FY 2015: Restore core research funding to the DHP RI	DT&E, PE 0602787-Medical Technology (AFRRI) (+\$0.124 million).		
FY 2016: No Change.			
FY 2017: No Change.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 37DHA / <i>Me</i>	•		Project (N 020 / CS/ -		Interests	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
020: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud The FY15 DHP Congressional Sp (AFRRI). Because of the CSI and	ecial Intere	est (CSI) fur	iding is dire			urch initiative	es in Progra	m Element	(PE) 06027	′87 - Medic	al Technolog	ЗУ
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>					FY 2015	FY 2016			
Congressional Add: 472A – Prog	gram Increa	ase: Restore	e Core Rese	earch Fundi	ing Reduction	on (USUHS)	)	0.124	0.000			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2 the restoral of core research initial												
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Prog	rammed.											
					Congress	ional Adds	Subtotals	0.124	0.000			
<u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u> <u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A <u>E. Performance Metrics</u> N/A	<u>mary (\$ in</u>	<u>Millions)</u>										

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency								Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602787DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> (AFRRI)			Project (Number/Name) 241A / Biodosimetry (USUHS)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
241A: Biodosimetry (USUHS)	1.195	0.208	0.249	0.254	-	0.254	0.272	0.277	0.283	0.289	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USU), Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute (AFRRI), this program supports developmental research to investigate new approaches that will lead to advancements in biomedical strategies for preventing, treating, assessing and predicting the health effects of human exposure to ionizing radiation. Program objectives focus on preventing or mitigating the health consequences from exposures to ionizing radiation that represent the highest probable threat to U.S. forces in current tactical, humanitarian and counterterrorism mission environments. New protective and therapeutic strategies will broaden the military commander's options for operating within nuclear or radiological environments by minimizing both short-and long-term risks of adverse health consequences. Advances in assessment, prognostication, and therapy in case of actual or suspected radiation exposures will enhance triage, treatment decisions and risk assessment in operational settings.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Biodosimetry (USUHS)	0.208	0.249	0.254
<b>Description:</b> For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USU), the mission and research objectives for biodosimetry are to assess radiation exposure by developing and providing biological and biophysical dosimetry capabilities for acute, protracted, and prior radiation exposures.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments:			
- Sustained studies evaluating new radiation-responsive biomarkers in animal models for early-phase and organ-specific bio indicators.			
- Reported on development of circulating pro-inflammatory factor IL-18 as novel radiation biomarker in mice, mini pigs and nonhuman primates.			
- Reported mechanisms of microRNA-30 as apoptosis inducer released in mouse serum in radiation dose-dependent manner, useful for radiation biomarker.			
- Characterized dosimetry and radio response for use of multiple parameter radiation biomarkers in a murine partial-body exposure model.			
- Sustained efforts to provide necessary proof-of-concept dose-response data to transition combined proteomic and hematological concept for further development of diagnostic devices (i.e., hand-held, field deployable).			
- Began pilot study using blood samples from mouse and NHP total-body irradiation models to permit testing of measurement of novel tissue- and organ-specific biomarkers in peripheral blood using commercially available antibodies and assays developed at			
AFRRI.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology (AFRRI)		Project (Number/Name) 241A I Biodosimetry (USUHS)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		[	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
<ul> <li>Began to analyze hematology and blood serum chemistry data collected in N care and in high-dose study with full supportive care (G-CSF, antibiotics, blood specific organs.</li> <li>Began to analyze results of necropsies performed on NHPs (limited and full s dependent damage to different organs/tissues and correlate those results with - Began to compare results/data from NHP dose-response TBI (photon/low-LE accident victims and radiation therapy patients</li> <li>Completed pilot studies to establish 3-D primary mouse intestinal epithelial caradiation effects on histological and proteomic profile using LC-MS/MS.</li> <li>Continued studies to evaluate effects of low dose radiation on hematology and in epigenetic markers.</li> <li>Initiated study to determine whether epigenetic markers i.e., histone methylat dose single and low dose repeated exposures.</li> <li>Initiated study to assess whether epigenetic markers i.e., DNA or histone methylat differences in dose rate.</li> </ul>	I transfusions, etc.) to evaluate radiation dama supportive care) to determine radiation dose- levels of tissue/organ-specific protein biomark T) studies with data collected from radiation ell (IEC) organoid culture model and character id leukemia markers and identified specific cha	ige to kers. ized anges						
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Establish partial-body radiation model using mice involving exposure of abdo studies identifying and validating organ (i.e., small intestine, kidney) injury biom</li> <li>Continue studies evaluating new radiation-responsive biomarkers in animal m</li> <li>Continue pilot study using blood samples from mouse and NHP total-body irrenovel tissue- and organ-specific biomarkers in peripheral blood using commerce AFRRI.</li> <li>Complete analysis of hematology and blood serum chemistry data collected is care and in high-dose study with full supportive care (G-CSF, antibiotics, blood specific organs.</li> <li>Complete analysis of results of necropsies performed on NHPs (limited and for dependent damage to different organs/tissues and correlate those results with</li> <li>Continue comparing results from NHP dose-response TBI (photon/low LET) s victims and radiation therapy patients.</li> <li>Assess whether hematology and leukemia markers during leukemogenesis c phases of carcinogenesis.</li> <li>Determine whether epigenetic changes can be used to discriminate difference</li> </ul>	narkers. nodels for early-phase and organ-specific dam adiation models to permit testing of measurem cially available antibodies and assays develop n NHP dose-response study with limited supp I transfusions, etc.) to evaluate radiation dama ull supportive care) to determine radiation dos levels of tissue/organ-specific protein biomark studies with data collected from radiation accid an be differentially expressed at early and late	age. nent of ed at ortive age to e- cers. lent						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Healt		Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602787DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> ( <i>AFRRI</i> )		Project (Number/Name) 241A I Biodosimetry (USUHS)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
<ul> <li>Develop IL-18 and IL-18 binding protein (IL-18BP) as dual biomarker mice after total body radiation exposure.</li> <li>Evaluate correlations between level of radiation biomarkers and surv</li> </ul>		ality in					
<ul> <li>FY 2017 Plans:</li> <li>Report on use of multiple parameter biodosimetry for radiation dose initiate effects to measure chromosomal aberrations in mouse radiation parameter biodosimetry.</li> <li>Establish partial-body animal radiation models (mouse and NHP) usi animal irradiator (for mice) and LINAC (for NHPs) to identify organ-spectral studies.</li> <li>Establish mouse TBI model for combined hematological and proteon neutron, high-LET) in addition to one already established and evaluate - Test murine model system to assess specific low dose epigenetic material effects and mechanisms of proinflammatory cytokine IL-18 apoptosis pathways.</li> <li>Develop circulating miRNAs profile in γ-irradiated mouse serum using (RT)-real-time-polymerase chain reaction (PCR).</li> <li>Evaluate threshold doses of radiation-induced lymphocyte damage.</li> </ul>	n model in support of dose assessment using multip ng animals involving low-LET exposure with AFRRI ecific radiation injury biomarkers evaluated earlier in nic biodosimetry approach following mixed-field (pho ed for a pure photon (60Co γ-rays, low-LET) exposur arkers. n facility for multiple delayed radiation organ effects. and IL-18BP on radiation-induced cell damage and	le small- low-LET ton and re.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs S	ubtotals	0.208	0.249	0.254		
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics By FY 2015 - Begin analyses of blood samples from mouse and NHP total-body ir - Begin analysis of blood chemistry data collected in NHP dose-respo antibiotics, blood transfusions, etc.) to evaluate radiation damage to s	radiation models to identify novel tissue- and organ- nse study with limited supportive care and in high-do	specific b	iomarkers.				
PE 0602787DHA: <i>Medical Technology (AFRRI)</i> Defense Health Agency	UNCLASSIFIED Page 6 of 16 R-1 Line	#4		Ve	olume 1 - 50		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	<u></u>	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology (AFRRI)	Project (Number/Name) 241A I Biodosimetry (USUHS)
- Begin analysis of results of necropsies performed on NHPs (limited and full s	supportive care) to determine radiation dose-	dependent damage to different organs/tissues
and correlate those results with levels of tissue/organ-specific protein biomark	ers.	
- Provide necessary proof-of-concept dose-response data to transition combin	ed proteomic and hematological concept for	further development of diagnostic devices
(i.e., hand-held, field deployable) and obtain necessary FDA approval.		
<ul> <li>Prepare preliminary report for FDA on combined utility of hematological and</li> <li>Begin to compare results/data from the NHP dose-response TBI (photon/low patients.</li> </ul>		
- Report on dosimetry and radioresponse for use of multiple parameter radiation	on biomarkers in a murine partial-body expos	sure model.
- Identify proteomic markers from irradiated organoid cultures for validation by		
- Initiate studies to evaluate radiation-induced chromosomal damage in murine		
- Measure epigenetic markers in early, mid, and late carcinogenesis samples		
- Identify differences in cell growth rate responses to low and high dose rate ra		
- Measure and compare epigenetic markers in low and high dose rate cell san	ples at single low dose.	
<ul> <li>By FY 2016</li> <li>Evaluate new early-phase and organ-specific damage radiation-responsive to Compare/correlate hematology, blood serum chemistry, protein biomarkers a organs.</li> <li>Compare results/data from NHP dose-response TBI (photon/low LET) studie</li> <li>Continue to refine combination of radiation biomarkers in blood with best bala</li> <li>Evaluate predictive radiation-responsive biomarkers in animal models for AR</li> <li>Continue partial-body exposure study to characterize organ specific injury bio</li> <li>Identify specific gene pathways that differ in early, mid, and late carcinogene</li> <li>Characterize dose rate effects on cell growth to identify gene pathway differe</li> <li>Evaluate role of miR30 on regulation of radiation-induced apoptosis and apoptosis</li> </ul>	and necropsy results in NHP dose-response s s with data collected from radiation accident ance of discrimination, sensitivity and specific S outcome. omarkers using abdomen exposures of mice. sis samples after low dose radiation. ences between low and high dose.	victims and radiation therapy patients. city.
By FY 2017 - Establish partial-body animal radiation models (mouse and NHP) using anim (for NHPs) to identify organ-specific radiation injury biomarkers evaluated earl - Establish mouse TBI model for combined hematological and proteomic biodo already established and evaluated for a pure photon (60Co γ-rays, low-LET) e - Report on use of multiple parameter biodosimetry to characterize partial-bod - Measure leukemia development in vivo after chronic low dose radiation, and - Identify network of miRNAs and their targeting mRNAs in radiation-induced a - Evaluate mechanisms of radiation-induced lymphocyte damage.	ier in low-LET TBI studies. osimetry approach following mixed-field (phot xposure. y exposures using murine model. identify specific genes silenced in early, mid,	ton and neutron, high-LET) in addition to one

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	e Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602787DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> ( <i>AFRRI</i> )	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 241A <i>I Biodosimetry (USUHS)</i>
Develop biomarkers which can identify "treatment-point" after	radiation injury.	
0602787DHA: Medical Technology (AFRRI)	UNCLASSIFIED	Values d

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	ropriation/Budget Activity						am Element (Number/Name) B7DHA / Medical Technology B7DHA / Medical Technology			SUHS)		
COST (\$ in Millions) Prior Years FY 2015 FY 2016 Base					FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
241B: Internal Contamination (USUHS)	0.621	0.109	0.131	0.133	-	0.133	0.143	0.146	0.149	0.152	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bu	dget Item J	ustification		1			·					

Internal Contamination (USU): For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USU), the mission and research objective for Internal Contamination is to determine whether the short-term and long-term radiological and toxicological risks of embedded metals warrant changes in the current combat and post-combat fragment removal policies for military personnel. Additionally, the biological effects of internalization of radioactive elements from Radiological Dispersal Devices (RDDs) and depleted uranium weapons, as well as therapeutic approaches to enhance the elimination of radionuclides from the body are being investigated.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Internal Contamination (USUHS)	0.109	0.131	0.133
<b>Description:</b> Internal Contamination (USU): For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USU), the mission and research objective for Internal Contamination is to determine whether the short-term and long-term radiological and toxicological risks of embedded metals warrant changes in the current combat and post-combat fragment removal policies for military personnel. Additionally, the biological effects of internalization of radioactive elements from Radiological Dispersal Devices (RDDs) and depleted uranium weapons, as well as therapeutic approaches to enhance the elimination of radionuclides from the body are being investigated.			
<ul> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</li> <li>Initiated feasibility study to determine if non-radioactive metals can substitute as template molecules for high-specific activity radionuclides in synthesis of molecularly imprinted polymers.</li> <li>Identified specific epigenetic changes associated with depleted uranium damage in vivo.</li> <li>Measured genes associated with chromatin regulation in depleted uranium leukemia in vivo.</li> </ul>			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> - Evaluate kidney gene pathway changes induced by depleted uranium in vivo. - Design feasibility study to determine if non-radioactive metals can substitute as template molecules for high-specific activity radionuclides in the synthesis of molecularly imprinted polymers.			
FY 2017 Plans: - Design feasibility study to assess chelating potential of molecularly imprinted polymers linked to magnetic nanoparticles.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Def	fense Health Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016	;	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology (AFRRI)		ct (Number/Name) I Internal Contamination (USUHS)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
<ul> <li>Initiate study to determine if depleted uranium and low do by countermeasures.</li> </ul>	se radiation induced changes in chromatin remodeling can be re	versed				
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	0.109	0.131	0.13	
<u>Remarks</u> <u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A						
<ul> <li><u>E. Performance Metrics</u></li> <li>By FY15</li> <li>Initiate feasibility study to determine if non-radioactive me imprinted polymers.</li> <li>Complete in vivo study on the mechanism of depleted ura</li> </ul>	etals can substitute as template molecules for high-specific activit anium-induced leukemia.	ty radion	nuclides in syn	thesis of mo	lecularly	
By FY 16 - Conclude feasibility assessment studies on possibility of radioactive metals. - Continue study to assess novel countermeasure to low d	using non-radioactive templates for the synthesis of molecularly i ose radiation that targeted specific chromatin remodeling.	imprinte	d polymers de	signed to bir	nd	
	d molecularly imprinted polymers for radionuclide de-corporation. with low dose radiation or depleted uranium exposure in vivo.					

Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						am Element 37DHA / <i>Me</i>		- ·	Project (Number/Name) 241C I Radiation Countermeasures USUHS)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
241C: Radiation Countermeasures (USUHS)	4.041	0.704	0.842	0.855	-	0.855	0.916	0.933	0.951	0.970	Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bug Radiation Countermeasures (US research to investigate new cond exposure to ionizing radiation as of biological processes likely to f and mitigating the health conseq counterterrorism mission environ radiological environments by mir	U): For the U cepts and ap well as radia orm the basi uences from ments. New	Uniformed S proaches th ation combi s of technol exposures protective	Services Un nat will lead ned with inj logical solut to ionizing and therape	to advance uries (burns tions, to init radiation, ir eutic strateg	ments in bi s, wounds, l ial feasibility the contex gies will broa	omedical str nemorrhage / studies of t of probabl aden the mil	rategies for ), termed co promising s e threats to litary comm	preventing ombined inj solutions. Pr U.S. forces	and treating ury (CI). Re ogram obje s in current t	the health search ran ctives focu actical, hui	effects of h ges from exp s on prevent manitarian a	uman ploration ting nd	
B. Accomplishments/Planned F	Programs (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Title: Radiation Countermeasure	s (USUHS)									0.704	0.842	0.855	
<b>Description:</b> Radiation Counterr program supports developmental advancements in biomedical stra as well as radiation combined wit exploration of biological processe solutions. Program objectives for in the context of probable threats protective and therapeutic strated environments by minimizing both	, mission dir tegies for pr h injuries (br s likely to fo us on preve to U.S. forc gies will broa	ected resea eventing an urns, wound rm the basi nting and m es in curren uden the mil	arch to invest d treating the ds, hemorrh s of techno nitigating the it tactical, he itary commu	stigate new ne health ef age), terme logical solut e health cor umanitariar ander's opti	concepts a fects of hur d combined tions, to init sequences and counted ions for ope	nd approach nan exposur d injury (CI). al feasibility from expos erterrorism r rating withir	hes that will re to ionizin Research studies of sures to ioni mission env	l lead to g radiation ranges from promising zing radiatio ironments.	on, New				
FY 2015 Accomplishments: - Completed strain comparison si radiation. - Completed strain comparison si induced pancytopenia in mice ex - Identified micro-RNAs involved	udies to esta	ablish the e p-lethal dos	fficacy of 3 e of Co-60	doses of file radiation.	grastim in a	ccelerated r	ecovery fro						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency

Date: February 2016

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	Da	te: February 201	6					
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology       241C / Radiation Countermeasures         (AFRRI)       (USUHS)									
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 20	15 FY 2016	FY 2017					
<ul> <li>Determine efficacy of CDX-301 in gastrointestinal recovery after radiation exp</li> <li>Demonstrated efficacy of TPOm in hematopoietic recovery after radiation exp</li> <li>Completed micro-RNA profiles in serum and kidney of mice exposed to radiat</li> <li>Determined ionizing radiation weakly activates production of inflammatory cyt and ex vivo bone marrow derived macrophages.</li> <li>Combined exposure to ionizing radiation and virus infection increased inflamm pathophysiological exposures.</li> <li>Discovered that, unexpectedly, inflammatory response in macrophages contro (MAPK), not the expected Nuclear Factor kappa B (NF-kB) gene transcription f</li> <li>Determined phenylbutyrate induced suppression of x-ray induced neoplastic t</li> <li>Measured DNA methylation changes in neoplastic bronchial cells that demone of the set of the set</li></ul>	tion followed by hemorrhage. tion followed by hemorrhage. tokines and chemokines in macrophage cell li natory response in macrophages above single olled primarily by Mitogen Activated Kinases factors. transformation of bronchial tissue. strated radiation quality effect. broduction by macrophages when added pre- urs. at report gene promoter activity can be used to ects of response modulators. nd activation by UV light, respectively. ge response to infectious disease agent agon ation to mice, to parallel externally funded pro-	nes e and co ists gram	5 FY 2016	FY 2017					
<ul> <li>(NIAID) that screened countermeasures given after irradiation. (Civilian agencia- Established coculture model comprising human bone marrow endothelial cells human hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells (HSPC).</li> <li>Showed EC and radiation affect expression of differentiation markers on HSP and EC accentuate this process.</li> <li>Discovered subpopulations of HSPC affected differently by EC and radiation.</li> <li>Discovered radiation-responsive genes in EC, some of which are also modula include DNA repair genes and Angiopoietin-1 (Ang-1).</li> <li>Discovered Ang-1 modulated interactions between EC and HSPC.</li> <li>Initiated informatics analysis of gene array data from irradiated, co-cultured E</li> <li>Reported effects and mechanisms of delta-tocotrienol on radioprotection are f microRNA-30, protecting mice and human CD34+ cells from radiation injury.</li> <li>Studied radioprotective efficacy of Ex-RAD in two different strains of mice (CE countermeasure effective across various mice strains.</li> </ul>	es do not fund pre-irradiation countermeasure s (EC) (hematopoietic microenvironment cells C: HSPC remain undifferentiated after radiati ated by the presence of HSPC. These genes C and HSPC. through suppression of radiation-induced	es.) ) and							

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health		Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 241C <i>I Radiation Countermeasures</i> (USUHS)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
<ul> <li>Evaluated efficacy biomarkers of Ex-RAD using in-vitro models (differ pathways.</li> <li>Initiated study of efficacy biomarkers for Ex-RAD in mouse model.</li> </ul>	rent cell lines) and several target proteins of various					
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Perform dose and time optimization and DRF of TPOm.</li> <li>Determine efficacy of DG70 and nano-GT3 administered orally.</li> <li>Determine role of micro-RNA in regulating recovery of hematopoietic progen</li> <li>Evaluate mTOR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling in bone marrow of hemorrhage.</li> <li>Assess modulation and correlation of cytokine profiles in serum and il associated with ileal recovery after radiation CI.</li> <li>Determine effects of oinzing radiation on production of Type I interfer</li> <li>Determine how reporter cells containing more than one transcription f dual reporter system.</li> <li>Develop new interferon detection assay utilizing reporter gene cell line</li> <li>Complete development of oxidation-sensitive drug delivery system turpresent within microenvironment of the cell.</li> <li>Complete development multi-photon-responsive nanocarrier designed ionizing radiation (IR).</li> <li>Improve low dose risk assessment knowledge base by determining w model induces leukemia in comparison to high dose radiation exposure</li> <li>Screen 10 radiation countermeasure candidates administered before (NIAID) that screens countermeasure candidates originating from AFRF</li> <li>Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation complete informatics analysis of irradiated, co-cultured EC and HSPC</li> <li>Determine effects of ionizing radiation on mitochondrial remodeling at Compare radioprotective and mitigative effects of γ-tocotrienol (GT3), hematopoietic system and human hematopoietic progenitor cells.</li> <li>Continue study of efficacy biomarkers for Ex-RAD in mouse model.</li> </ul>	hitors and other cell lines. cells after exposure to gamma-radiation combined wit leum after ghrelin therapy in order to find key cytokine nacrophages by ionizing radiation and virus exposure ron by macrophages. factor can be utilized to gain simultaneous information es. ned to degrade at a rate corresponding to level of oxid d to respond to UV light, near infrared (NIR) light and whether chronic or repeated low dose exposure in mur e. irradiation to mice, to parallel externally funded progr agencies do not fund pre-irradiation countermeasures RI in mouse survival assay. ountermeasures in mice. C. nd mitophagy.	singly from dants ine am				

Approgram Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0602787DHA / Medical Technology       247C / Radiation       Vert (Name)         B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017         Initiate study of efficacy biomarkers for Ex-RAD in nonhuman primate (NHP) model using biosample sharing arrangement with an extramural project.       FY 2017       FY 2018       FY 2017         Initiate study of efficacy biomarkers for Ex-RAD in nonhuman primate (NHP) model using biosample sharing arrangement with an extramural project.       FY 2017 Plans:       FY 2017	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health .	Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	5
<ul> <li>Initial study of efficacy biomarkers for Ex-RAD in nonhuman primate (NHP) model using biosample sharing arrangement with an extramural project.</li> <li><b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> <ul> <li>Determine protective and mitigative effects of citrulline in vitro on human hematopoletic progenitors and other cell lines exposed to radiation.</li> <li>Determine whether oral citrulline before and after radiation enhances survival in mice.</li> <li>Determine effects of citrulline on COI injury in irradiated mice.</li> <li>Evaluate mCDR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling in ex vitro bone marrow mesenchymal cells and in vitro small intestine cells after exposure to gamma-radiation combined with hypoxia.</li> <li>Evaluate mchether gyrelin therapy reduces tissue injury and improves tissue recovery.</li> <li>Determine MAPK and IRF pathway in human ex vivo macrophages and response to bioxid the provide the state radiation and FLUA.</li> <li>Validate pathways resulting in activation of the reporter genes in stably transfected cell lines.</li> <li>Determine MAPK and IRF pathway in human ex vivo macrophages and response during combined exposure to binizing radiation and combined injury which result in activation of stable transcription factor reporters.</li> <li>Measure incidence of leukemia development in vivo after chronic low dose rate radiation or repeated exposure to high dose rate radiation.</li> <li>Screen 10 radiation countermeasure candidates originating from AFRI in mouse survival assay.</li> <li>Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation countermeasures in mice.</li> <li>Initiate studies on role of radiation-induced mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) damage and mitochondrial dysfunction in acute radiation syndrome.</li> <li>Compare mechanisms of radiation-induced mitochondria DNA damage and apoptosis pathways.</li> <li>Evaluate mechanisms of radiation-induced mitochondria DNA damage and apoptosis pathways.</li> <li>Evaluate mechanisms of radiation-induced mitochondrial bina dingtion.</li> <li>Evaluate mechanis</li></ul></li></ul>		241C I Radiation C		ires	
an extramural project.  FY 2017 Plans:  Determine protective and mitigative effects of citrulline in vitro on human hematopoietic progenitors and other cell lines exposed to radiation. Determine whether oral citrulline before and after radiation enhances survival in mice. Determine effects of citrulline on GI injury in irradiated mice. Evaluate mTOR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling in ex vitro bone marrow mesenchymal cells and in vitro small intestine cells after exposure to gamma-radiation combined with hypoxia. Evaluate mTOR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling in ex vitro bone marrow mesenchymal cells and in vitro small intestine cells after exposure to gamma-radiation combined with hypoxia. Evaluate whether ghrelin therapy reduces tissue injury and improves tissue recovery. Determine whether modulation of radiation-virus induced inflammatory response is best inhibited by use of broad MAPK inhibitors or ones selective for specific targeted pathway intermediates. Determine MAPK and IRF pathway in human ex vivo macrophages and response during combined exposure to ionizing radiation and FLUA. Validate pathways resulting in activation of thate proprier genes in stably transfected cell lines. Determine offects of anti-oxidants and other response modifiers of radiation injury, infectious disease inflammatory stimulation and combined injury which result in activation of stable transcription factor reporters. Measure incidence of leukemia development in vivo after chronic low dose rate radiation or parallel externally funded program (NIAID) that screens countermeasure candidates administered before irradiation to mice, to parallel externally funded program (NIAID) that screens countermeasure candiates administered before irradiation and michand countermeasures.) Screen 3 radiation countermeasure candiates ministered before irradiation and michands and index program (NIAID) that screens countermeasures administered before irradiation and michands and incomating and michands and michand and paptosis a thway asay. Optimize	B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<ul> <li>Determine protective and mitigative effects of citrulline in vitro on human hematopoietic progenitors and other cell lines exposed to radiation.</li> <li>Determine whether oral citrulline before and after radiation enhances survival in mice.</li> <li>Determine effects of citrulline on GI injury in irradiated mice.</li> <li>Evaluate mother March Krisgnaling and MARK signaling in ex vitro bone marrow mesenchymal cells and in vitro small intestine cells after exposure to gamma-radiation combined with hypoxia.</li> <li>Evaluate whether phrelin therapy reduces tissue injury and improves tissue recovery.</li> <li>Determine whether modulation of radiation-virus induced inflammatory response is best inhibited by use of broad MAPK inhibitors or ones selective for specific targeted pathway intermediates.</li> <li>Determine effects of anti-oxidants and other response modifiers of radiation injury, infectious disease inflammatory stimulation and FLUA.</li> <li>Validate pathways resulting in activation of the reporter genes in stably transfected cell lines.</li> <li>Determine offects of anti-oxidants and other response modifiers of radiation injury, infectious disease inflammatory stimulation and combined evolution countermeasure candidates administered before irradiation to mice, to parallel externally funded program (NIAD) that screens countermeasure candidates administered before irradiation to mice, to parallel externally funded program (NIAD) that screens countermeasure candidates originating from AFRRI in mouse survival assay.</li> <li>Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new tradiation countermeasures.)</li> <li>Screen 3 radiation countermeasure candidates originating from AFRRI in mouse survival assay.</li> <li>Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new tradiation countermeasures.)</li> <li>Screen 3 radiation-induced mitochondrial DNA damage and mitochondrial dysfunction in acute radiation syndrome.</li> <li>Compare radioprotective effects of DG/DT3/GT3 on mouse gastrointestina</li></ul>	• •	(NHP) model using biosample sharing arrangement	with		
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals 0.704 0.842 0.855	<ul> <li>Determine protective and mitigative effects of citrulline in vitro on huma to radiation.</li> <li>Determine whether oral citrulline before and after radiation enhances s</li> <li>Determine effects of citrulline on GI injury in irradiated mice.</li> <li>Evaluate mTOR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling in ex vitro bone m after exposure to gamma-radiation combined with hypoxia.</li> <li>Evaluate whether ghrelin therapy reduces tissue injury and improves ti</li> <li>Determine whether modulation of radiation-virus induced inflammatory inhibitors or ones selective for specific targeted pathway intermediates.</li> <li>Determine MAPK and IRF pathway in human ex vivo macrophages an and FLUA.</li> <li>Validate pathways resulting in activation of the reporter genes in stably</li> <li>Determine effects of anti-oxidants and other response modifiers of rad and combined injury which result in activation of stable transcription fact Measure incidence of leukemia development in vivo after chronic low of radiation.</li> <li>Screen 10 radiation countermeasure candidates administered before in (NIAID) that screens countermeasure candidates originating from AFRR Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation countermeasure candidates originating from AFRR Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation counterme syndrome.</li> <li>Compare radioprotective effects of DG/DT3/GT3 on mouse gastrointes Determine and compare mechanisms by which DG/DT3/GT3 mediate</li> <li>Evaluate effects of DG/DT3/GT3 on protection and/or mitigation of rad Study radioprotective efficacy of two drug combination acting through t (GT3) and amifostine.</li> </ul>	survival in mice. harrow mesenchymal cells and in vitro small intestine issue recovery. v response is best inhibited by use of broad MAPK ad response during combined exposure to ionizing ra- y transfected cell lines. iation injury, infectious disease inflammatory stimula- tor reporters. dose rate radiation or repeated exposure to high dos rradiation to mice, to parallel externally funded prog igencies do not fund pre-irradiation countermeasure I in mouse survival assay. buntermeasures in mice. A) damage and mitochondrial dysfunction in acute ra- stinal (GI) tract. survival signaling after radiation. a and apoptosis pathways. iation-induced mitochondrial DNA damage. two different mechanisms of action: gamma-tocotrie	e cells adiation ation se rate ram s.) adiation		
		Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals 0.704	0.842	0.855

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heat	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602787DHA I Medical Technology (AFRRI)	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 241C <i>I Radiation Countermeasures</i> (USUHS)
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>		
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A		
<ul> <li>E. Performance Metrics</li> <li>By FY 2015 <ul> <li>Complete toxicity and survival efficacy of DG70, DT3 and GT3 add</li> <li>Complete preliminary survival efficacy of TPOm.</li> <li>Complete study to demonstrate that CDX-301 protects gastrointes</li> <li>Screen 10 radiation countermeasure candidates administered before given after irradiation. (Civilian agencies do not fund pre-irradiation</li> <li>Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation</li> <li>Establish coculture model comprising human bone marrow endoth progenitor cells (HSPC).</li> <li>Show EC and radiation affect expression of differentiation markers</li> <li>Assess whether there are subpopulations of HSPC affected differed</li> <li>Assess radiation-responsive genes in EC; determine whether som</li> <li>Analyze role of Ang-1 in interactions between EC and HSPC.</li> <li>Initiate informatics analysis of gene array data from irradiated, co-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	stinal system in mice exposed to lethal dose of radiation ore irradiation to mice, to parallel externally funded prog countermeasures.) in countermeasures in mice. helial cells (EC) (hematopoietic microenvironment cells) s on HSPC. ently by EC and radiation. he are modulated by presence of HSPC. cultured EC and HSPC.	ram (NIAID) that screens countermeasures
By FY 2016 - Complete time and dose optimization and DRF of TPOm. - Complete study to demonstrate the efficacy of TPOm in hematopo - Complete toxicity and survival efficacy of DG70 and nano-GT3 ad - Analyze signaling pathways in mouse organs after exposure to rac - Complete evaluation of mTOR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling - Complete assessment of modulation and correlation of cytokine por associated with ileal recovery after CI. - Complete identification and kinetics of MAPK signaling pathway m - Complete evaluation of gene activation reporter cells as new and a - Complete identification of MAPK intermediates activated by ionizin	ministered orally. diation using qRT-PCR, Western blots and informatics. in bone marrow cells after exposure to gamma-radiation rofiles in serum and ileum after ghrelin therapy in order the nolecules which are activated by ionizing radiation-virus novel Type I interferon assay.	to find the key cytokine(s) that is/are
DE 0602787DHA: Medical Technology (AEDDI)		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602787DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> ( <i>AFRRI</i> )	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 241C <i>I Radiation Countermeasures</i> (USUHS)
<ul> <li>Complete assessment of nanoparticle constructs ability to modulate macroph agonist exposures.</li> <li>Screen 10 radiation countermeasure candidates administered before irradiati given after irradiation. (Civilian agencies do not fund pre-irradiation counterme</li> <li>Screen 3 radiation countermeasure candidates originating from AFRRI in mo</li> <li>Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation counterme</li> <li>Complete informatics analysis of irradiated, co-cultured EC and HSPC.</li> <li>Determine effects of ionizing radiation on mitochondrial remodeling and mitop</li> <li>Continuation of biomarker identification for radiation countermeasure efficacy</li> <li>Identify additional biomarkers for radiation injury.</li> </ul>	ion to mice, to parallel externally funded prog asures.) buse survival assay. neasures in mice. phagy.	
By FY 2017 - Analyze ERK/MAPK signaling and mRNA responses in endothelial cells to ra - Analyze miRNA and mRNA responses in mice to radiation and radiation cour - Correlate mTOR-AKT and MAPK signaling network and ATP production after - Evaluate mTOR-AKT signaling and MAPK signaling in ex vitro bone marrow combined with hypoxia. - Determine whether ghrelin therapy reduces tissue injury and improves tissue - Complete assessment of timing and duration of response to MAPK pathway - Complete assessment of ex vivo human macrophage response to ionizing ra - Complete assessment of transcription factor reporter cells to test biological re and combined exposures. - Measure incidence of leukemia development in vivo after chronic low dose ra - Screen 10 radiation countermeasure candidates administered before irradiati given after irradiation. (Civilian agencies do not fund pre-irradiation counterme - Screen 3 radiation countermeasure candidates originating from AFRRI in mo - Optimize dose and administration timing of promising new radiation counterme - Initiate studies on role of radiation-induced mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) dama- - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation for - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation for - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation for - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiation and treatment with various radiation of - Transcriptomic analysis after irradiati	ntermeasure CDX-301. r radiation-hemorrhage CI. mesenchymal cells and in vitro small intestin e recovery. inhibitors to alter inflammatory macrophages idiation, viral infection and combined injury. esponse modulators of gene activation induc ate radiation or repeated exposure to high do ion to mice, to parallel externally funded prog asures.) puse survival assay. neasures in mice. age and mitochondrial dysfunction in acute re	exposed to radiation. ed by ionizing radiation, microbial agonists use rate radiation. gram (NIAID) that screens countermeasures

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E						<b>am Elemen</b> )2DHA / <i>Me</i>		Name) Iced Techno	logy (AFRF	RI)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	1.273	0.286	0.305	0.310	-	0.310	0.332	0.338	0.345	0.352	Continuing	Continuing
030A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	0.031	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
242A: Biodosimetry (USUHS)	0.765	0.153	0.183	0.186	-	0.186	0.199	0.202	0.206	0.210	Continuing	Continuing
242B: Radiation Countermeasures (USUHS)	0.508	0.102	0.122	0.124	-	0.124	0.133	0.136	0.139	0.142	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences/ Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute (USUHS/AFRRI), this program supports applied research for advanced development of biomedical strategies to prevent, treat and assess health consequences from exposure to ionizing radiation. It capitalizes on findings under PE 0602787HP, Medical Technology, and from industry and academia to advance novel medical countermeasures into and through pre-clinical studies toward newly licensed products. Program objectives focus on mitigating the health consequences from exposures to ionizing radiation(alone or in combination with other injuries) that represent the highest probable threat to US forces in current tactical, humanitarian and counterterrorism mission environments. Findings from basic and developmental research are integrated into focused advanced technology development studies to produce the following: (1) protective and therapeutic strategies; (2) novel biological markers and delivery platforms for rapid, field-based individual medical assessment; and (3) experimental data needed to build accurate models for predicting casualties from complex injuries involving radiation and other battlefield insults. The AFRRI, because of its multidisciplinary staff and exceptional laboratory and radiation facilities, is uniquely positioned to execute the program as prescribed by its mission.

8. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017	Total
Previous President's Budget	0.279	0.305	0.310	-		0.310
Current President's Budget	0.286	0.305	0.310	-		0.310
Total Adjustments	0.007	0.000	0.000	-		0.000
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.031	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	-	-				
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.024	-				
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)						FY 2016
Project: 030A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests		<u>L</u>				
Congressional Add: 473A – Program Increase: Re	0.031	0.000				

PE 0603002DHA: *Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI)* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 De	fense Health Agency D	ate: February 207	16
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1130: Defense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603002DHA / Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI)		
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includ	les General Reductions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 030	A 0.031	0.00
	Congressional Add Totals for all Projec	s 0.031	0.0
	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0603002-A usiness Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (\$		
FY 2015: Restore core research funding to the DHP R	RDT&E, PE 0603002-Advanced Technology (AFRRI) (+\$0.031 million).		
FY 2016: No Change.			
FY 2017: No Change.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 [	Defense Hea	Ith Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603002DHA / Medical AdvancedProject (Numb 030A / CSI - Co Interests					mber/Name) - Congressional Special		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
030A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	0.031	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bud The FY15 DHP Congressional S Technology (AFRRI). Because of	pecial Intere of the CSI ar	est (CSI) fur nnual struct	nding is direo ure, out-yea				es in Progra			002 - Medic	al Advanced	1	
B. Accomplishments/Planned F Congressional Add: 473A – Pro	• •		*				<u></u>	FY 2015 0.031	FY 2016 0.000	-			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: FY the restoral of core research initia radiation countermeasures (Proje FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Prog	atives in PE ects 242A,B)	0603002. F											
					Congress	ional Adds	Subtotals	0.031	0.000				
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A	<u>nmary (\$ in</u>	<u>Millions</u> )											

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603002DHA <i>I Medical Advanced</i> <i>Technology (AFRRI)</i>			Project (Number/Name) 242A I Biodosimetry (USUHS)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
242A: Biodosimetry (USUHS)	0.765	0.153	0.183	0.186	-	0.186	0.199	0.202	0.206	0.210	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences/Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute (USU/AFRRI), this program supports applied research for advanced development of biomedical strategies to prevent, treat and assess health consequences from exposure to ionizing radiation. It capitalizes on findings under PE 0602787HP, Medical Technology, and from industry and academia to advance novel medical countermeasures into and through pre-clinical studies toward newly licensed products. Program objectives focus on mitigating the health consequences from exposure to ionizing radiation (alone or in combination with other injuries) that represent the highest probable threat to US forces in current tactical, humanitarian and counterterrorism mission environments. Findings from basic and developmental research are integrated into focused advanced technology development studies to produce the following: (1) protective and therapeutic strategies; (2) novel biological markers and delivery platforms for rapid, field-based individual medical assessment; and (3) experimental data needed to build accurate models for predicting casualties from complex injuries involving radiation and other battlefield insults. The AFRRI, because of its multidisciplinary staff and exceptional laboratory and radiation facilities, is uniquely positioned to execute the program as prescribed by its mission.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Biodosimetry (USUHS)	0.153	0.183	0.186
<b>Description:</b> Biodosimetry (USUHS): For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS), this program supports applied research for advanced development of biomedical and biophysical strategies to assess health consequences from exposure to ionizing radiation. It capitalizes on findings under PE 0602787HP, Medical Technology, and from industry and academia to advance novel biological markers and delivery platforms for rapid, field-based individual dose assessment and experimental data needed to build accurate models for predicting casualties from complex injuries involving radiation and other battlefield insults.			
<ul> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</li> <li>Contributed to the further evaluation of discovered new radiation-responsive biomarkers in higher order animal and human models for diagnostic bio-dosimetry applications.</li> <li>Completed NHP-specific ARS category score system based on multiple bio-dosimetric endpoints (i.e., clinical signs, peripheral blood cell counts, and radiation-responsive protein expression profile).</li> <li>Began pilot study using samples from the NHP total-body irradiation model, to permit testing of measurement of novel organ-specific biomarkers in isolated peripheral blood using commercially available antibodies and assays developed at AFRRI.</li> <li>Created multiparametric (hematological and selected protein biomarkers) full dose-response algorithm dose assessment study in NHP total-body irradiation model.</li> </ul>			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agen	Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603002DHA <i>I Medical Advanced</i> <i>Technology (AFRRI)</i>		t <b>(Number/I</b> Biodosimetr	Name) ry (USUHS)	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<ul> <li>Contributed in preparation of summary report for FDA use on diagnostic util approach for triage biodosimetry applications based on combination of hema minipigs and nonhuman primate models.</li> <li>Sustained efforts to provide necessary proof-of-concept dose-response dat concept for further development of diagnostic devices (i.e., hand-held, field d.</li> <li>Continued to create a human baseline data base for evaluated biomarkers</li> <li>Began comparing results from NHP dose-response TBI (photon/low-LET) s victims and radiation therapy patients.</li> <li>Enhanced cytogenetic biodosimetry protocols for radiation dose assessmer aberration frequency, adopting use of karyotyping software utility to screen for response calibration curve to low doses (i.e., 10cGy), and successfully partice lymphocyte metaphase spread dicentric chromosome aberration (DCA) assa</li> <li>Initiated studies to establish premature chromosome condensation (PCC) at high doses (i.e., 20-30 Gy).</li> <li>Used multiple blood cell types (i.e., lymphocyte, neutrophils, and platelets) assessment for extended times after radiation exposure.</li> <li>Transitioned Windows-based software application (i.e., First-responder Rad mobile Android cell phone.</li> <li>Developed radiation risk categorization (RRIC) algorithm using hematology exposed to TBI lethal and nonlethal radiation doses between days 0-30 days - Determined feasibility of discerning early (≤7 days) and/or late (&gt;7 days) rabiomarkers in nonhuman primates for the development of a radiation risk categorization set and comparing results and nonlethal radiation approace.</li> </ul>	atological and proteomic biomarkers results using the to transition combined proteomic and hematol deployable) and obtain necessary FDA approval- for use in human radiation accident cases. Studies with data collected from radiation accider in the expanding database of baseline chromoso or potential clonal aberrations, extending dose- cipating in several blind exercises using the ay. assay to permit assessment of partial-body expo in development of algorithm for radiation dose diological Assessment Triage or FRAT) for use of and serum chemistry parameters for triaging m s. diation-responsive urinary metabolite and protei	ogical nt me sures n inipigs			
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Sustain efforts to establish clinical laboratory quality control and assurance biodosimetry. Expand upon baseline measurements for DCA and PCC assay response calibration curve, and participate in exercises.</li> <li>Continue to provide improved radiation diagnostic tools for use by DOD end application for use on iPhone OS devices. Sustain AFRRI's Biodosimetry To software applications.</li> <li>Contribute to further evaluation of discovered new radiation-responsive bior diagnostic biodosimetry applications.</li> </ul>	ys, continue scoring to establish a robust dose- d-users. Extend transition of mobile FRAT softworks and the set of the s	are and			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	Date:	ebruary 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603002DHA / Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI)		roject (Number/Name) I2A / Biodosimetry (USUHS)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017				
<ul> <li>Continue evaluating new predictive radiation-responsive biomarkers in NHP r humans.</li> <li>Complete NHP-specific ARS category score system based on multiple biodos blood cell counts and chemistry, pathology reports, and radiation-responsive prosustain efforts to provide necessary proof-of-concept dose-response data to a concept for further development of diagnostic devices (i.e., hand-held, field dep - Sustain efforts in comparing results/data from the NHP dose-response TBI (p radiation accident victims and radiation therapy patients.</li> <li>Continue efforts in developing protocol for evaluating newly discovered protei cases.</li> </ul>	simetric endpoints (i.e., clinical signs, periphera rotein expression profile). transition combined proteomic and hematologi ployable) and obtain necessary FDA approval. hoton/low-LET) studies with data collected from	ıl cal n						
<ul> <li>FY 2017 Plans:</li> <li>Report on use of PCC assay for assessment of partial-body exposure includir probes for identification of di-centric aberrations in PCC assay. Expand upon ra-Sustain participation in exercises and establishment of a clinical laboratory ceratiation injury biomarkers evaluated earlier in low-LET TBI studies.</li> <li>Continue evaluating new predictive radiation-responsive biomarkers in NHP r humans.</li> <li>Sustain efforts in comparing results from NHP dose-response TBI (photon/low accident victims and radiation therapy patients.</li> <li>Continue to create human baseline data base for evaluated biomarkers for use</li> </ul>	adiation calibration curves using PCC assay. ertification. re with AFRRI LINAC to identify organ-specific nodels for ARS outcome and their applicability v-LET) studies with data collected from radiatio	in						
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals 0.153	0.183	0.186				
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics By FY 2015 - Report on use of changes in multiple human blood cell counts on assessmen	t of radiation dose.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	se Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603002DHA / Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI)	Project (Number/Name) 242A I Biodosimetry (USUHS)
<ul> <li>Establish Institute's IRB regulatory approvals to permit evalu</li> <li>Provide necessary proof-of-concept dose-response data to t (i.e., hand-held, field deployable) and obtain necessary FDA a</li> <li>Continue evaluation and validation of discovered new radiati applications.</li> <li>Begin to develop protocol on evaluated and newly developed</li> <li>Continue to create a human baseline data base for evaluate</li> <li>Begin to compare results from NHP dose-response TBI (photon)</li> </ul>	transition combined proteomic and hematological concept for approval. ion-responsive biomarkers in higher order animals and humar d protein biomarkers for use in human radiation accident case of biomarkers for use in human radiation accident cases.	further development of diagnostic devices n models for biodosimetric diagnostic es.
By FY 2016 - Report on the current status of AFRRI's capability and capace - Participate in annual performance evaluations to demonstration - Continue studies evaluating new radiation-responsive biomant - Continue evaluating new predictive radiation-responsive biomant - Continue to compare results from NHP dose-response TBI (	te accuracy in dose assessment by cytogenetics. arkers in animal models for early-phase and organ-specific da markers in animal models for ARS outcome and their applicat	pility in humans.
By FY 2017 - Report on development and use of AFRRI's mobile FRAT ap - Characterize robustness of PCC assay for assessment of hi - Establish NHP partial-body animal radiation model involving earlier in low-LET TBI studies. - Continue evaluating new predictive radiation-responsive biol - Sustain efforts in comparing results/data from NHP dose-rest therapy patients. - Continue to create a human baseline data base for evaluate	gh-dose partial-body exposures. low-LET exposure with AFRRI LINAC to identify organ-specif markers in NHP models for ARS outcome and their applicabil sponse TBI (photon/low-LET) studies with data collected from	fic radiation injury biomarkers evaluated ity in humans.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603002DHA / Medical Advanced				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 242B <i>I Radiation Countermeasures</i> (USUHS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
242B: Radiation Countermeasures (USUHS)	0.508	0.102	0.122	0.124	-	0.124	0.133	0.136	0.139	0.142	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Radiation Countermeasures (USU): For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USU), this program supports applied research for advanced development of biomedical strategies to prevent and treat health consequences from exposure to ionizing radiation. It capitalizes on findings under PE 0602787HP, Medical Technology, and from industry and academia to advance novel medical countermeasures into and through pre-clinical studies toward newly licensed products. Program objectives focus on preventing or mitigating the health consequences from exposures to ionizing radiation alone or in combination with other injuries, in the context of probable threats to US forces in current tactical, humanitarian and counterterrorism mission environments. Findings from basic and developmental research are integrated into highly focused advanced technology development studies yielding protective and therapeutic strategies.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Radiation Countermeasures (USUHS)	0.102	0.122	0.124
<b>Description:</b> Radiation Countermeasures (USU): For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USU), this program supports applied research for advanced development of biomedical strategies to prevent and treat health consequences from exposure to ionizing radiation. It capitalizes on findings under PE 0602787HP, Medical Technology, and from industry and academia to advance novel medical countermeasures into and through pre-clinical studies toward newly licensed products. Program objectives focus on preventing or mitigating the health consequences from exposures to ionizing radiation alone or in combination with other injuries, in the context of probable threats to US forces in current tactical, humanitarian and counterterrorism mission environments. Findings from basic and developmental research are integrated into highly focused advanced technology development studies yielding protective and therapeutic strategies.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> - Continued evaluating minipig and nonhuman primate as suitable models for assessing effects of radiation countermeasures on survival and biodosimetry markers after radiation injury.			
FY 2016 Plans: - Continue evaluating minipig and nonhuman primate as suitable models for assessing effects of radiation countermeasures on survival and biodosimetry markers after radiation injury.			
FY 2017 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	se Health Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603002DHA I Medical Advanced Technology (AFRRI)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		ſ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
- Continue evaluating minipig and nonhuman primate as suita survival and biodosimetry markers after radiation injury	ble models for assessing effects of radiation countermeasures	s on			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	btotals	0.102	0.122	0.12
N/A Remarks					
<u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A					
<u>E. Performance Metrics</u> By FY 2015 - Assess biomarkers in context of radiation injury and radiatio	on countermeasure effects.				
By FY 2016 - Assess biomarkers in context of radiation injury and radiatio	on countermeasure effects.				
By FY 2017 - Assess biomarkers in context of radiation injury and radiatio	on countermeasure effects.				

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I E	3A 2: RDT&	E				<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i>			lopment	<u>.</u>		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	2,480.064	1,177.334	1,272.109	220.916	-	220.916	212.794	234.117	240.572	243.942	Continuing	Continuing
300A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	1,864.085	975.057	1,041.539	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
238C: Enroute Care Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	8.351	3.282	1.340	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
238D: Core Enroute Care R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.997	2.045	-	2.045	2.240	2.282	2.328	2.375	Continuing	Continuing
238E: Core Enroute Care R&D - Aerospace Medicine/Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.997	2.045	-	2.045	2.239	2.282	2.327	2.374	Continuing	Continuing
243A: Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)	97.042	31.378	37.580	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
247A: Elimination of Malaria in Southeast Asia (CARB) (Navy)	0.200	0.000	2.060	2.064	-	2.064	1.548	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
247B: Mitigate the Global Impact of Sepsis Through ACESO (CARB) (Navy)	0.425	0.000	1.040	1.135	-	1.135	1.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
284B: USAF Human Physiology, Systems Integration, Evaluation & Optimization Research (Budgeted) (AF)	6.340	2.205	1.700	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
284C: Core Human Performance R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.003	2.349	-	2.349	2.664	2.762	2.817	2.873	Continuing	Continuing
284D: Core Human Performance R&D - Aerospace Medicine/ Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.002	2.348	-	2.348	2.663	2.761	2.816	2.872	Continuing	Continuing
285A: Operational Medicine Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	14.997	1.917	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I B	A 2: RDT&E				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development									
285B: Core Operational Medicine R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.929	1.147	-	1.147	1.350	1.360	1.387	1.415	Continuing	Continuing		
285C: Core Operational Medicine R&D - Aerospace/ Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.928	1.147	-	1.147	1.349	1.360	1.387	1.415	Continuing	Continuing		
307B: Force Health Protection, Advanced Diagnostics/ Therapeutics Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	29.236	10.792	8.173	7.725	-	7.725	5.034	9.230	11.169	11.392	Continuing	Continuing		
307C: Core Force Health Protection R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.500	-	1.500	2.235	2.375	2.463	2.512	Continuing	Continuing		
307D: Core Force Health Protection R&D - Aerospace Medicine/Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.500	-	1.500	2.235	2.375	2.463	2.512	Continuing	Continuing		
308B: Expeditionary Medicine Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	7.616	4.544	1.180	1.160	-	1.160	1.560	1.640	1.673	1.706	Continuing	Continuing		
308C: Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.503	1.500	-	1.500	1.497	1.501	1.531	1.562	Continuing	Continuing		
308D: Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - Aerospace/ Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.502	1.499	-	1.499	1.497	1.500	1.530	1.561	Continuing	Continuing		
309A: Regenerative Medicine (USUHS)	13.908	8.388	9.489	7.323	-	7.323	7.373	8.327	10.209	10.413	Continuing	Continuing		
373A: GDF - Medical Technology Development	296.680	99.064	116.294	139.454	-	139.454	134.790	147.378	147.764	149.276	Continuing	Continuing		
378A: CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (Army)	25.042	7.907	7.299	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing		

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I E	3A 2: RDT&E				<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology Development</i>									
378B: CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (USU)	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.900	-	9.900	9.088	10.280	10.475	10.685	Continuing	Continuing		
379A: CoE-Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence (Army)	22.132	6.909	6.377	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing		
379B: CoE-Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence (USU)	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.655	-	8.655	7.943	8.987	9.158	9.341	Continuing	Continuing		
381A: CoE-Integrative Cardiac Health Care Center of Excellence (Army)	8.496	3.281	3.520	3.051	-	3.051	2.697	2.914	3.118	3.180	Continuing	Continuing		
382A: CoE-Pain Center of Excellence (Army)	6.436	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing		
382B: CoE-Pain Center of Excellence (USUHS)	0.000	2.484	2.823	2.641	-	2.641	2.822	3.310	3.376	3.445	Continuing	Continuing		
383A: CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (USUHS)	21.287	6.303	6.260	7.900	-	7.900	7.250	8.203	8.359	8.526	Continuing	Continuing		
398A: CoE-Neuroscience Center of Excellence (USUHS)	3.679	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-		
429A: Hard Body Armor Testing (Army)	1.356	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-		
431A: Underbody Blast Testing (Army)	31.867	4.397	2.679	1.869	-	1.869	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-		
448A: Military HIV Research Program (Army)	6.663	5.270	6.589	6.070	-	6.070	6.359	7.360	7.877	8.035	Continuing	Continuing		
830A: Deployed Warfighter Protection (Army)	14.226	4.156	5.306	4.889	-	4.889	5.123	5.930	6.345	6.472	Continuing	Continuing		

## A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force - Medical Technology Development: This program element (PE) provides funding for promising candidate solutions that are selected for initial safety and effectiveness testing in animal studies and/or small scale human clinical trials regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration prior to licensing for human use. Research in this PE is designed to address areas of interest to the Secretary of Defense regarding Wounded Warriors, capabilities identified through the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System, and sustainment of DoD and multi-agency priority investments in science, technology, research,

#### Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency

Date: February 2016

#### Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E

**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0603115DHA *I Medical Technology Development* 

and development. Medical research, development, test, and evaluation priorities for the Defense Health Program (DHP) are guided by, and will support, the Quadrennial Defense Review, the National Research Action Plan for Improving Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans, Service Members, and Military Families, the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance, and the National Strategy for Biosurveillance. Research will support efforts such as the Precision Medicine Initiative which seeks to increase the use of big data and interdisciplinary approaches to establish a fundamental understanding of military disease and injury to advance health status assessment, diagnosis, and treatment tailored to individual Service members and beneficiaries, translational research focused on protection against emerging infectious disease threats, the advancement of state of the art regenerative medicine manufacturing technologies consistent with the National Strategic Plan for Advanced Manufacturing, the advancement of global health engagement and capitalization of complementary research and technology capabilities, and the strengthening of the scientific basis for decision-making in patient safety and quality performance in the Military Health System. The program also supports the Interagency Strategic Plan for Research & Development of Blood Products and Related Technologies for Trauma Care and Emergency Preparedness. Program development and execution is peer-reviewed and coordinated with all of the Military Services, appropriate Defense agencies or activities and other federal agencies, to include the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Department of Homeland Security. Coordination occurs through the planning and execution activities of the Joint Program Committees (JPC-8), established to manage research, development, test and evaluation for DHP-sponsored research. The JPCs supported by this PE include medical simulation and information sciences (JPC-6), military o

For the Army Medical Command, the Underbody Blast (UBB) Testing medical research project provides funds to establish a scientific and statistical basis for evaluating skeletal injuries to vehicle occupants during ground vehicle UBB events. Areas of interest to the Secretary of Defense are medical research that provides an understanding of the human response and tolerance limits and injury mechanisms needed to accurately predict skeletal injuries to ground combat vehicle occupants caused by UBB events. This enhanced understanding will support the establishment of an improved capability to conduct Title 10 Live Fire Test and Evaluation and to make acquisition decisions.

For the Army Medical Command, the military human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) research project provides funds to develop candidate HIV vaccines, to assess their safety and effectiveness in human subjects, and to protect military personnel from risks associated with HIV infection.

For the Army Medical Command, the Armed Forces Pest Management Board (AFPMB) Deployed Warfighter Protection project provides for the development of new or improved protection of ground forces from disease-carrying insects.

For the Army Medical Command, three Centers of Excellence (CoE) receive medical technology development funds. The Breast Cancer CoE (Army) provides a multidisciplinary approach as the standard of care for treating breast diseases and breast cancer. The Gynecological Cancer CoE (Army) focuses on characterizing the molecular alterations associated with benign and malignant gynecological disease and facilitates the development of novel early detection, prevention and biologic therapeutics (a medicinal preparation created by a biological process used to treat diseases) for the management of gynecological disease. Management of the Breast and Gynecological Cancer CoEs will transfer from the Army to the Uniformed Services University beginning in FY 2017. The Cardiac Health CoE (Army) provides evidence-based personalized patient engagement approaches for comprehensive cardiac event prevention through education, outcomes research and technology tools, as well as molecular research to detect cardiovascular disease at an early stage to ultimately discover a signature for cardiovascular health, to find new genes that significantly increase risk for heart attack in Service members and other beneficiaries, and identify molecular markers of obesity and weight loss.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)					
0130: Defense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development						

In FY 2015, Congressional Special Interest (CSI) funds were added to support peer-reviewed research programs: Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS), Autism, Bone Marrow Failure Disease, Ovarian Cancer, Multiple Sclerosis, Cancer, Lung Cancer, Orthopedics, Spinal Cord, Vision, Traumatic Brain Injury and Psychological Health (TBI/PH), Breast Cancer, Prostate Cancer, Gulf War Illness, Alcohol and Substance Use Disorders, Medical Research, Alzheimer's, Reconstructive Transplant, Tuberous Sclerosis Complex, Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy, and Epilepsy. CSI funds were also provided for Joint Warfighter Medical Research, Orthotics and Prosthetics Outcomes, HIV/AIDS Program Increase, Global HIV/AIDS Prevention, and Restore Core Research Funding Reduction. Because of the CSI annual structure, out-year funding is not programmed.

For the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, this program element includes funds for research management support costs. The Outside Continental US (OCONUS) laboratories conduct focused medical research on vaccine development for Malaria, Diarrhea Diseases, and Dengue Fever. In addition to entomology, HIV studies, surveillance and outbreak response under the Global Emerging Infections Surveillance (GEIS) program and risk assessment studies on a number of other infectious diseases that are present in the geographical regions where the laboratories are located. The CONUS laboratories conduct research on Military Operational Medicine, Combat Casualty Care, Diving and Submarine Medicine, Infectious Diseases, Environmental and Occupational Health, Directed Energy, and Aviation Medicine and Human Performance.

For the Air Force Medical Service (AFMS), medical research and development programs are divided into five primary thrust areas: En-Route care, Expeditionary Medicine, Operational Medicine (in-garrison care), Force Health Protection (FHP) (detect, prevent, threats), and Human Performance. Expeditionary Medicine is focused on care on the battlefield and in field hospitals prior to transporting patients out of theater to CONUS, and studies trauma resuscitation, hemorrhage control, and other life-saving interventions to keep critically wounded patients alive in the golden hour and to the next level of care. The AFMS is the only service transporting patients on long aeromedical evacuation missions. Therefore, the En-Route care thrust area studies include investigation on the impact of transport, medical technologies for use during transport, and environmental issues affecting physiology on the aircraft), patient safety factors during transport, medical technologies for use during transport, and research to support education and training with simulation for En-Route care providers. The Human Performance thrust area focuses on optimizing airmen physical and psychological performance, assessing the physical and cognitive demands on the operator (pilot/aircrew), facilitating a safe aviation environment through technology and equipment assessment, and improving/sustaining airmen performance through training. Medical development and biomedical technology investments in FHP seek to deliver an improved FHP capability across the full spectrum of operations with research that prevents injury/ illness through improved identification and control of health risks. Under FHP, sub-project areas include Occupational Hazard Exposure (Includes Flight Hazards and Integrated Risk), Targeted Risk Identification, Mitigation and Teratment (Formerly Pathogen ID and Novel Therapeutics and includes Big Data), FHP Technologies Development and Assessment (Assay and disease detection), and Health Surveillance, Infection, Injury & Immunity. FHP a

For the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS), medical development programs include the Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (CoE), the Center for Neuroscience and Regenerative Medicine (CNRM), the Pain CoE, the Breast Cancer CoE, and the Gynecological Cancer CoE. The Prostate CoE, formerly a CSI, was chartered in 1992 to conduct basic, clinical, and translational research programs to combat diseases of the prostate. The Center's mission is fulfilled primarily through its three principal programs -- the Clinical Translational Research Center, the Basic Science Research Program, and the Tri-Service Multicenter Prostate Cancer Database, which encompasses its clinical research work with other participating military medical centers. These affiliated sites contribute data and biospecimens

Chibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency         Date: F										
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)									
	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development									
17, the Breast C	ancer CoE fundir	ng line and the Gynecolo	ogical Cancer CoE fund	ding line are tr	ansferred					
<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017</u>	Total					
226.131	231.051	250.488	-	25	0.488					
1,177.334	1,272.109	220.916	-	22	0.916					
951.203	1,041.058	-29.572	-	-2	9.572					
-	-									
-	-									
-	-									
970.934	1,041.539									
-	-									
-	-									
-19.731	-									
-	-0.481	-	-		-					
				_						
-	-	-38.211	-	-3	8.211					
		40.500			0 500					
-	-	-13.599	-	-1	3.599					
		0.547			0 5 4 7					
-	-	8.547	-		8.547					
		40.004		4	2 604					
-	-	13.091	-	Ĩ	3.691					
s General Red	<u>uctions)</u>			FY 2015	FY 2016					
erosis (ALS) Res	search			7.500	7.50					
Congressional Add: 293A - Autism Research										
Congressional Add: 296A - Bone Marrow Failure Disease Research										
Cancer Researd	ch			20.000	20.00					
rch				5.000	6.00					
Research				50.000	50.00					
	al trials. CNRM I anse Health Age Trians emphasize 17, the Breast C FY 2015 226.131 1,177.334 951.203 - - 970.934 - - - 970.934 - - - - s General Red Prosis (ALS) Res ease Research Cancer Research Cancer Research	FY 2015         FY 2016           226.131         231.051           1,177.334         1,272.109           951.203         1,041.058           -         -     <	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology al trials. CNRM brings together the expertise of clinicians ims emphasize aspects of high relevance to military pop 17, the Breast Cancer CoE funding line and the Gynecold FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 Base 226.131 231.051 250.488 1,177.334 1,272.109 220.916 951.203 1,041.058 -29.572                                   	Prime         Period         Date:           R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development al trials. CNRM brings together the expertise of clinicians and scientists across of mose emphasize aspects of high relevance to military populations, with a primary 17, the Breast Cancer CoE funding line and the Gynecological Cancer CoE funding 226.131         FY 2015         FY 2017 DEos FY 2017 OCO           226.131         231.051         250.488         -           1,177.334         1,272.109         220.916         -           1,041.058         -29.572         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           - <t< td=""><td>Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development         Date: February 201           al trials. CNRM brings together the expertise of clinicians and scientists across disciplines to climic amphasize aspects of high relevance to military populations, with a primary focus on patient of the provided of the provid</td></t<>	Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development         Date: February 201           al trials. CNRM brings together the expertise of clinicians and scientists across disciplines to climic amphasize aspects of high relevance to military populations, with a primary focus on patient of the provided of the provid					

#### Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: February 2016 R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E PE 0603115DHA I Medical Technology Development Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions) FY 2015 FY 2016 Congressional Add: 336A - Peer-Reviewed Lung Cancer Research 10.500 12.000 Congressional Add: 337A - Peer-Reviewed Orthopedic Research 30.000 30.000 Congressional Add: 338A - Peer-Reviewed Spinal Cord Research 30.000 30.000 10.000 Congressional Add: 339A - Peer-Reviewed Vision Research 10.000 Congressional Add: 352A - Traumatic Brain Injury/Psychological Health Research 97,792 105.000 Congressional Add: 380A - Peer-Reviewed Breast Cancer Research 120.000 120.000 Congressional Add: 390A - Peer-Reviewed Prostate Cancer Research 80.000 80.000 Congressional Add: 392A - Gulf War Illness Peer-Reviewed Research 20.000 20.000 Congressional Add: 396A - Research in Alcohol and Substance Use Disorders 4.000 4.000 Congressional Add: 400A - Peer-Reviewed Medical Research 247.500 278,700 Congressional Add: 417A - Peer-Reviewed Alzheimer Research 12.000 15.000 Congressional Add: 439A - Joint Warfighter Medical Research 30.000 30.000 Congressional Add: 452A - Peer-Reviewed Reconstructive Transplant Research 12.000 15.000 Congressional Add: 454A - Orthotics and Prosthetics Outcomes Research 10.000 10.000 Congressional Add: 456A - HIV/AIDS Program 12,900 12.900 7.500 7.500 Congressional Add: 459A - Peer-Reviewed Epilepsy Research Congressional Add: 463A – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Funding Reduction (GDF) 94,584 138,509 Congressional Add: 474A – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Funding Reduction (Army) 7.575 1.457 6.856 Congressional Add: 474B – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Funding Reduction (Navy) 0.000 Congressional Add: 474C – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Funding Reduction (Air Force) 10.228 2.928 Congressional Add: 474D – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Funding Reduction (USUHS) 2.514 2.553 Congressional Add: 495 - Peer-Reviewed Tick-Borne Disease Research 0.000 5.000 Congressional Add: 496 - Trauma Clinical Research Program 10.000 0.000 8.000 Congressional Add: 540A - Global HIV/AIDS Prevention (Navy) 8.000 Congressional Add: 660A - Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC) 6.000 6.000 Congressional Add: 790A - Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy 3.200 3.200 Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 300A 975.057 1,041.539

bit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defen	Dese Health Agency	ate: February 201	6
opriation/Budget Activity Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development		
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	General Reductions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
	Congressional Add Totals for all Project	ts 975.057	1,041.53
	search, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Elem &E, PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Busi		
FY 2015: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) additions t	o DHP RDT&E, PE 0603115-Medical Technology Development (+\$970.93	34 million).	
FY 2016: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) additions t	o DHP RDT&E, PE 0603115-Medical Technology Development (+\$1041.	539 million).	
	ratory Support funding for Navy from the Defense Health Program, Resear 15-Medical Technology Development (-\$38.211 million) to DHP RDT&E, P		
	search, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Elem Account, Budget Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care (+\$13.599		-Medical
FY 2017: Realignment of DHP RDTE PE 0603115 (+\$8.5 0607100 (-\$0.358M) to restore Breast, GYN and Prostate	47M) from PE 0601117 (-1.812M), 0602115 (-\$3.350M), 0604110 (-\$2.39 Cancer Centers of Excellence.	4M), 0605145 (-\$0	).633M), a
FY 2017: Rebalance Joint Program Committees by realig RDT&E PE 0605145 (-0.288M).	ning to DHP RDT&E PE 0603115 (+\$13.691M) from DHP RDTE PE 0604	110 (-\$13.403) an	d from DH

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency										Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2									<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 300A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
300A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	1,864.085	975.057	1,041.539	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

In FY 2015, the Defense Health Program funded Congressional Special Interest (CSI) directed research. The strategy for the FY 2015 Congressionally-directed research is to stimulate innovative research through a competitive, peer-reviewed research program, and focused medical research at intramural and extramural research sites. Specific peer-reviewed research efforts include the following: Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, Autism, Bone Marrow Failure Disease, Ovarian Cancer, Multiple Sclerosis, Cancer, Lung Cancer, Orthopedic, Spinal Cord, Vision, Traumatic Brain Injury and Psychological Health, Breast Cancer, Prostate Cancer, Gulf War Illness, Alcohol and Substance Use Disorders, Medical Research, Alzheimer's Research, Joint Warfighter Medical Research, Reconstructive Transplant, Tuberous Sclerosis Complex, Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy, Orthotics and Prosthetics Outcomes, HIV/AIDS program increase, Global HIV/AIDS Prevention, Epilepsy, and Restore Core Research Funding Reduction. Because of the CSI annual structure, out-year funding is not programmed.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
Congressional Add: 245A - Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Research	7.500	7.500
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest initiative provided funds for research in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS). ALS is a degenerative neuronal disorder that causes muscle weakness and atrophy throughout the body. The ALS Research Program is a broadly-competed, peer-reviewed research program with the goal to contribute to a cure for ALS by funding innovative preclinical research to develop new treatments for ALS. Two award mechanisms were released in March, 2015 the Therapeutic Development Award and the Therapeutic Idea Award. Applications were received in August 2015 followed by scientific peer review in October 2015. Funding recommendations were made at programmatic review in December 2015. Awards will be made by September 2016.		
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Research.		
Congressional Add: 293A - Autism Research	6.000	7.500
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative provided funds for research in Autism Research, to improve treatment outcomes of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD), lead to a better understanding of ASD, and integrate basic science and clinical observations by promoting innovative research. The Autism Research Program funds research at universities, hospitals, nonprofit and for-profit institutions. Two award mechanisms were released in April 2015, the Clinical Trial Award and the Idea Development Award. Applications		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology			umber/Name) I - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	]
were received in October 2015 followed by scientific peer review in December will be made at programmatic review in February 2016. Awards will be made I				
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Autism Re	search.			
Congressional Add: 296A - Bone Marrow Failure Disease Research		3.200	3.000	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest initiative fur marrow failure diseases. The mission of the program is to sponsor innovative understanding of inherited and acquired bone marrow failure diseases, and in individuals living with these diseases, with the ultimate goal of prevention and research proposals focused on bone marrow failure syndromes and their long science and clinical research sectors. In FY 2015, applications were accepted the Idea Development Award, released in March 2015. Applications were received scientific peer review in September 2015. Funding recommendations were marrow November 2015. Award(s) will be made by September 2016.	research that will advance the pprove the health and life of /or cure. This effort has solicited -term effects from the basic I through one funding opportunity, eived in July 2015 followed by			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Bone Marr	ow Failure Disease Research.			
Congressional Add: 310A - Peer-Reviewed Ovarian Cancer Research		20.000	20.000	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest initiative fur In striving to achieve the goal of eliminating ovarian cancer, the Ovarian Cancer is challenging the research community to address high impact, innovative rese supported innovative ideas that provide new paradigms, leverages critical rese multidisciplinary partnerships, and cultivates the next generation of investigator mechanisms were offered: Pilot Award, Clinical Translational Award, Investigator Ovarian Cancer Academy Award recruiting Early-Career Investigators, and the Application submission deadlines were in August 2015 and in September 201 reviews in September and October 2015. Funding recommendations were ma December 2015. Awards will be made by September 2016.	er Research Program (OCRP) earch. The FY 2015 OCRP ources, facilitates synergistic, ors in ovarian cancer. Five award ator-Initiated Research Award, e Outcomes Consortium Award. 5 followed by scientific peer			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Revie	ewed Ovarian Cancer Research.			
Congressional Add: 328A - Multiple Sclerosis Research		5.000	6.000	]
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative fur (MS). The mission of the program is to support pioneering concepts and high-the prevention, etiology (causes or origins of), pathogenesis (the mechanism)	impact research relevant to			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agend	су			Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology			umber/Name) I - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
development of MS), assessment, and treatment of MS. Two award mechanic Initiated Research Award and Pilot Clinical Trial Award. Applications were received by scientific peer review in November 2015. Funding recommendations will be January 2016. Awards will be made by September 2016.	ceived in September 2015 followed			-
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Multiple S	clerosis Research.			
Congressional Add: 335A - Peer-Reviewed Cancer Research		50.000	50.000	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest research in designated by Congress. The goal of the Peer-Reviewed Cancer Research P of life by decreasing the impact of cancer on Service members, their families, funds appropriated by Congress were directed for research in the following an cancer research, kidney cancer, Listeria vaccine for cancer, liver cancer, mela mesothelioma (rare form of cancer developed from the protective lining that c of the body caused by exposure to asbestos), myeloproliferative disorders (al bone marrow), neuroblastoma, pancreatic cancer and stomach cancer. Three these topic areas were released in April 2015: the Career Development Awar Focus, and the Translational Team Science Award. One additional funding or released in July 2015. Applications were received in August and September 2 review in November and December 2015. Funding recommendations will be February 2016. Awards will be made by September 2016.	Program is to improve the quality and the American public. The reas: colorectal cancer, genetic anoma and other skin cancers, cover many of the internal organs bnormal growth of blood cells in a award mechanisms to support rd, the Idea Award with Special poprtunity, the Horizon Award, was 2015 followed by scientific peer			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Revi	iewed Cancer Research.			
Congressional Add: 336A - Peer-Reviewed Lung Cancer Research		10.500	12.000	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest initiative fu The goal of the Peer-Reviewed Lung Cancer Research Program is to eradical better the health and welfare of military Service members, Veterans, their fam research effort offered five award mechanisms in FY 2015: the Career Develop the Concept, the Expansion and the Idea Development Awards. Applications September 2015 followed by scientific peer review in October and November will be made at programmatic review in January 2016. Awards will be made b	ate deaths from lung cancer to nilies, and the American public. This opment, the Clinical Exploration, were received in August and 2015. Funding recommendations			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Revi	iewed Lung Cancer Research.			
Congressional Add: 337A - Peer-Reviewed Orthopedic Research		30.000	30.000	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Techn Development			umber/Name) I - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	]
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest research init research to advance optimal treatment and rehabilitation from neuromusculosk ligament, nerve, and cartilage) injuries sustained during combat or combat-relation of the Peer-Reviewed Orthopedic Research Program is to provide all Warriors sustained in the defense of our Constitution the opportunity for optimal recover Three award mechanisms were offered in FY 2015: Clinical Trial Award, Orthop Consortium Award, and the Applied Research Award. Applications were receives scientific peer review in February 2016. Funding recommendations will be made by September 2016.	eletal (bone, muscle, tendon, ted activities. The overall goal affected by orthopedic injuries y and restoration of function. bedic Care and Rehabilitation ed in the fall of 2015 followed by			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Review	wed Orthopedic Research.			
Congressional Add: 338A - Peer-Reviewed Spinal Cord Research		30.000	30.000	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest research init Injury (SCI) research program (SCIRP). The FY 2015 SCIRP challenged the so innovative research that will foster new directions for and address neglected is research. Applications from investigators within the military Services, and appli collaborations among academia, industry, the military Services, the Department and other federal Government agencies were highly encouraged. The SCIRP is Encouragement for the FY 2015 program: Pre-hospital, enroute care, and early Development, validation, and timing of promising interventions to address conse recovery; Identification and validation of best practices in SCI. Projects focused to SCI were submitted for consideration, provided that sufficient justification wa In FY 2015 four award mechanisms were released in June 2015 including: Clin Research, Qualitative Research, and Translational Research Awards. Pre-appl 2015, and invited full applications were received in October 2015, followed by s December 2015. Funding recommendations were made at programmatic revier be made by September 2016.	cientific community to design sues in the field of SCI-focused cations involving multidisciplinary t of Veterans Affairs (VA), dentified three Areas of v hospital management of SCI; equences of SCI and to improve d on other research areas relevant s included in the application. ical Trial, Investigator-Initiated ications were received in July scientific peer review conducted in			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Review	wed Spinal Cord Research.			
Congressional Add: 339A - Peer-Reviewed Vision Research		10.000	10.000	
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest research efference Research targeted the causes, effects and treatments of eye damage, visual de that, despite their different pathogenesis (mechanisms that occur during diseased)	eficits due to TBI and diseases			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016			
Spropriation/Budget Activity     R-1 Program Element (Number/Name       30 / 2     PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology       Development     Development		,		umber/Name) - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
common end result degeneration of the critical components of the eye and im results of this research are intended to be used for restoration and maintenance sustain combat readiness. Basic, translational and clinical research efforts wer of scientific research will be used to directly benefit the lives of military, Veterar 2015, the VRP focused on 1) prevention and early diagnostic, intervention and injuries, 2) advanced deployable devices to diagnose traumatic eye injuries, an military eye trauma and TBI-related vision dysfunction. To meet the goals of the was used to support vision research, the Translational Research Award. A prog in July 2015, pre-applications were received in September 2015, and applicatio 2015. Scientific peer review was conducted in in February 2016 with programm 2016. Awards will be made by September 2016.	e of visual function to ensure and e sought to ensure that results and civilian populations. For FY mitigation strategies for specific d 3) epidemiological research of e program, one award mechanism gram announcement was released ns were received in December			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Review	wed Vision Research.			
<b>Congressional Add:</b> 352A - Traumatic Brain Injury/Psychological Health Reset <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> The Traumatic Brain Injury and Psychological He Special Interest research program aimed to prevent, mitigate, and treat the effect stress and combat-related TBI on function, wellness, and overall quality of life, the deployment lifecycle for warriors, Veterans, family members, caregivers, and the TBI/PH research program supported projects aligned with the National Res Congressional intent, enabled significant research collaborations, and complem of Defense (DoD) efforts to ensure the health and readiness of our military force optimizing the standards of care for PH and TBI in the areas of prevention, deter rehabilitation. In addition to supporting service-requested nominations, individual applications, and promising ongoing studies, program announcements were rele that address these priorities. The Neurosensory and Rehabilitation Research A supported preclinical research and clinical trials addressing TBI within specific for hearing loss/dysfunction, balance disorders, tinnitus, vision, or physical rehabili FY 2015 Comprehensive Universal Prevention Health Promotion Intervention A was released in September 2015.Scientific peer and programmatic reviews will applications will be made no later than September 2016.	alth (TBI/PH) Congressional octs of combat-relevant traumatic including interventions across d communities. Key priorities of earch Action Plan, addressed nented ongoing Department es by improving upon and ection, diagnosis, treatment, and al Broad Agency Announcement eased to solicit applications ward program announcement focus areas of pain management, tation associated with TBI. The ward program announcement	105.000	97.792	
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Traumatic E Research.	rain Injury/Psychological Health			
Congressional Add: 380A - Peer-Reviewed Breast Cancer Research		120.000	120.000	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			1	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity     R-1 Program Element (Number 130 / 2       130 / 2     PE 0603115DHA / Medical Tech       Development     Development		,		mber/Name) · Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest research. The Breast Cancer Research Program challenged the s addresses the urgency of ending breast cancer. Applications were overarching challenges, which were focused on preventing breast susceptible to cancer, determining why some women get breast c aggressive breast cancer from indolent cancers, conquering the p identifying what drives breast cancer growth and determining how become life-threatening metastases, determining how to prevent r with safe and effective interventions, and eliminating the mortality program's vision of ending breast cancer, five award mechanisms cancer research: Breakthrough Award Levels 1 and 2, Breakthroug Investigator Award, Era of Hope Scholar Award, and Innovator Aw applications under four funding levels, depending on the scope of from initial proof-of-concept to clinical trials. Program Announcem Application submission deadlines were in April, July, November, a were held in June and September 2015 and in February 2016. Pro November 2015 and in January and April 2016. Awards will be marked	scientific community to design research that a required to address at least one of ten a cancer, identifying what makes the breast ancer while others do not, distinguishing roblems of over-diagnosis and overtreatment, to stop it, identifying why some breast cancers recurrence, revolutionizing treatment regiments associated with metastasis. To support the were developed to support meritorious breast tigh Award Levels 3 and 4, Distinguished vard. The Breakthrough Award accepts the research project, which could range ents were released in March and July 2015. and December 2015. Scientific peer reviews ogrammatic reviews were held in August and ade by September 2016.			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is fo				
<b>Congressional Add:</b> 390A - Peer-Reviewed Prostate Cancer Rest <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest The vision for this effort is to conquer prostate cancer by funding r cancer and enhance the well-being of men experiencing the impa- current needs in prostate cancer research and clinical care, the Pr developed four overarching challenges to be addressed by the rest for early detection of clinically relevant disease, (2) distinguish agg diagnosed with prostate cancer, (3) develop effective treatments a for men with high risk or metastatic prostate cancer, and (4) devel mental health of men with prostate cancer. In addition, research p biomarker (biological indicator of health outcomes and disease) do of resistance, survivorship and palliative care, therapy, and tumor goals for FY 2015, the following seven award mechanisms were of Student Summer Training Award, Exceptional Responders Award	research was for Prostate Cancer research. research to eliminate death from prostate ct of the disease. To address the most critical rostate Cancer Research Program (PCRP) search community: (1) develop better tools gressive from indolent disease in men newly and address mechanisms of resistance lop strategies to optimize the physical and rojects are being solicited in the areas of evelopment, genetics, imaging, mechanisms and microenvironment biology. To meet these leveloped: Collaborative Undergraduate HBCU	80.000	80.000	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 3			mber/Name) - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
Development Award, Impact Award, Physician Research Training Award, and F Award. All Program Announcements were released in May 2015. Application su August and September 2015, and scientific peer review was conducted in Octob recommendations for these mechanisms were made at programmatic reviews i Awards will be made by September 2016.	ubmissions were received in per and November 2015. Funding			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Review	ved Prostate Cancer Research.			
Congressional Add: 392A - Gulf War Illness Peer-Reviewed Research		20.000	20.000	
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest research initial research. The program's vision of improving the health and lives of Veterans will known as Gulf War Illness was addressed through the funding of innovative rest treatments, to improve its definition and diagnosis, and to better understand its and functional manifestations of a disease with emphasis on the biological aspective were accepted for FY 2015 through six award mechanisms: the Clinical Trial Ave Evaluation Award, the Investigator-Initiated Research Award, the Investigator-Ir Award, the Gulf War Illness Epidemiology Research Award, and a New Investig were received in October 2015 followed by scientific peer review conducted in a recommendations will be made at programmatic review in March 2016.	no have the complex symptoms earch to identify effective pathobiology (study of structural ects) and symptoms. Applications ward, the Innovative Treatment nitiated Research Expansion gator Award. Applications January 2016. Funding			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Gulf War Illr		4.000	4.000	
<b>Congressional Add:</b> 396A - Research in Alcohol and Substance Use Disorder <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative was Abuse Disorders research. To support the program's vision of decreasing the c and substance abuse, the Alcohol and Substance Abuse Research Program Co Announcement was released in January of 2015. Although initially funded unde for the selected award from this announcement will be supported with FY 2015 mechanism it to organize multidisciplinary team-based translational research ef compounds, conduct proof of principle basic research to determine which comp	for Alcohol and Substance linical impact of alcohol onsortium Award Program r FY 2014, option year two funds. The goal of this award forts to identify promising	4.000	4.000	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	- · · ·	PE 0603115DHA I Medical Technology		umber/Name) I - Congressional Specia
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
human research trials, and conduct proof of principle trials with promisin September 2016.	ng compounds. Awards will be made by			-
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Res Disorders.	earch in Alcohol and Substance Use			
Congressional Add: 400A - Peer-Reviewed Medical Research		247.500	278.700	
Research Program continued to strive for its vision to improve the healt members, Veterans, and beneficiaries by supporting military health-rela- merit. Applications were required to address at least one of the followin topics: Acupuncture, Acute Lung Injury, Advanced Prosthetics, Arthritis Health, Chronic Migraine and Posttraumatic Headache, Congenital Hea- Vaccine Technology for Postexposure Prophylaxis, Dystonia, Focal Seg Allergies, Fragile X Syndrome, Healthcare-acquired Infection Reduction Hydrocephalus, Inflammatory Bowel Disease, Integrative Medicine, Inte Metals Toxicology, Mitochondrial Disease, Nanomaterials for Bone Reg Pathogen-inactivated Dried Plasma, Polycystic Kidney Disease, Post-T Medications, Pulmonary Fibrosis, Respiratory Health, Rheumatoid Arth Tinnitus, Vascular Malformations, and Women's Heart Disease. Five av FY 2015: the Clinical Trial Award, the Discovery Award, the Focused Pl Initiated Research Award, and the Technology/Therapeutic Developme application receipt occurred in July 2015, scientific peer review was cor recommendations were made during programmatic review in Novembe application receipt occurred in October 2015, peer review was conducter recommendations were made during programmatic review in February 2016. <b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer	ted research of exceptional scientific g 41 Congressionally-directed , Burn Pit Exposure, Cardiovascular art Disease, Dengue, Diabetes, DNA gmental Glomerulosclerosis, Food h, Hepatitis B, Hereditary Angioedema, erstitial Cystitis, Lupus, Malaria, generation, Osteoarthritis, Pancreatitis, raumatic Osteoarthritis, Psychotropic ritis, Scleroderma, Sleep Disorders, vard mechanisms were offered in rogram Award, the Investigator- nt Award. For the Discovery Award, nducted in September 2015, and funding r 2015. For the remaining mechanisms, ed in December 2015, and funding 2016. Awards will be made by September			
<b>Congressional Add:</b> 417A - Peer-Reviewed Alzheimer Research		12.000	15.000	
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest research are disease. The Peer-Reviewed Alzheimer Research Program is devoted between TBI and Alzheimer's disease (AD); and (2) reducing the burder especially in the military and Veteran communities. In FY 2015, the program	to (1) understanding the association n on affected individuals and caregivers,			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health	Agency			Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology       Development		PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 300A / CSI - Congre		umber/Name) - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016		
in order to meet the program's mission: the Convergence Science Rese Research Award (QUAL), and Military Risk Factors Research Award (M included (1-Genomics/Proteomics/Bioinformatics, 2-Pathology of Tau, 3 Pathogenesis 4-Imaging, 5-Care Interventions and Quality of Life and 6 Identification). The FY 2015 CSRA mechanism requested research to in AD. The intent of the FY 2015 QUAL mechanism was to fund research to suffering from the symptoms of TBI or AD, while reducing caregiver burn mechanism was to facilitate high-impact, systematic, population-based between TBI and the subsequent development of AD. The FY 2015 Pro the Summer of 2015, with pre-applications and full applications receipt, thereafter. FY 2015 awards will be made by September 2016.	RFA). For FY 2015, the 6 focus areas -Roles of Non-Neuronal Cells in TBI/AD -Caregiver Support, and 7-Novel Target nvestigate the linkages between TBI and with the potential to benefit individuals den. The intent of the FY 2015 MRFA research investigating the association gram Announcements were released in				
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peel	r-Reviewed Alzheimer Research.				
Congressional Add: 439A - Joint Warfighter Medical Research		30.000	30.000		
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> The Joint Warfighter Medical Research P continuing support for promising previously funded Congressional Specto augment and accelerate high priority DoD and Service medical require objectives and yield a benefit to military medicine. The JWMRP directly medical simulation and information sciences, military infectious disease casualty care, radiation health effects, and clinical and rehabilitative mean iterative process of recommendations, prior year CSI-funded projects the Services, Joint Program Committees, and Execution Management A the Service representatives and Joint Program Committees to have the materiel gaps and those projects close to developing a product were invapplication for the next level of effort. The external scientific peer review review occurred in June 2015. Awards will be completed by September	ial Interest (CSI) projects. The focus was rements that are close to achieving their supports military medical research in s, military operational medicine, combat dicine. For the FY 2015 JWMRP, through s were nominated for consideration by Agencies. Those projects deemed by highest priority to fill critical research or vited to submit a pre-application and full v was in May 2015 and the programmatic				
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Join	•				
Congressional Add: 452A - Peer-Reviewed Reconstructive Transplant	t Research	15.000	12.000		
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest resear Transplant Research (RTR) is to accelerate the movement of promising into clinical application. The initiative is intended to support both new an spectrum of disciplines in research projects that are likely to have a maj	ideas in restorative transplantation Id established scientists across a broad				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA I Medical Technology			umber/Name) - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
will include 4 award mechanisms, covering research from early hypothesis Proposal receipt is projected for the first quarter of FY 2016, with peer and the second quarter. These awards will be made by September 2016.	•			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Peer-Research.	eviewed Reconstructive Transplant			
Congressional Add: 454A - Orthotics and Prosthetics Outcomes Researc	h	10.000	10.000	
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> For FY 2015, the Orthotics and Prosthetics O (OPORP) offered two Program Announcements: The Orthotics Outcomes Research Award (PORA). Both Awards are intended the comparative effectiveness of and functional outcomes associated with a and/or other rehabilitation interventions for Service members and Veterans or limb amputation. The results of this research are intended to improve out the implementation of the most effective prosthetic prescription, treatment, effect prevention options for patients, clinicians, other caregivers, and polic clinical research efforts are sought to ensure that results of scientific research the lives of military, Veteran and civilian populations. Studies were sought to approaches, include patient-centric outcome assessments, have the potentible developed into new clinical practice guidelines and/or new prescription a devices, therefore improving patient outcomes, provide information on qual to duty as it pertains to those patients who use a prosthetic or orthotic device also be proposed that consider outcome factors related to health care deliv such as cost, accessibility, adoption of medical policy, and patient preferent focus, and may include methodologies and designs such as surveys, retrost modeling, longitudinal observation, cross sectional observation, case controd designs. Collaboration with military researchers and clinicians was encourae longitudinal outcome studies, were particularly sought. The FY 2015 Progra July 2015 pre-applications and applications were due in August and Novem be held in January 2016, and programmatic review will occur in March 2010 2016.	Research Award (OORA), and the d to support research that evaluates relevant device clinical interventions, who have undergone limb salvage r understanding of and ultimately rehabilitation, and secondary health ymakers. Basic, translational and rch will be used to directly benefit hat: compare different standard care tial to lead to new knowledge that can algorithms for prosthetic and orthotic ity of life, reintegration, and/or return ce due to limb trauma. Studies may ery and clinical decision-making ces. Studies should have a clinical spective data analyses, simulation ol, or qualitative research study and Announcement was released in nber 2015, scientific peer review will 6. Awards will be made by September			
Research.				
Congressional Add: 456A - HIV/AIDS Program		12.900	12.900	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	Health Agency		_	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 3		lumber/Name) I - Congressional Special
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	]
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interest for the HIV/AIDS research program. Several potential vaccine can in human volunteers to study their ability to provoke an immune reasonable vaccine or combination of various subtypes.	ndidates were down-selected for further testing			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for	or HIV/AIDS Program.			
Congressional Add: 459A - Peer-Reviewed Epilepsy Research		7.500	7.500	
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> This Congressional Special Interes Epilepsy Research. This was a new program in 2015. The progra interconnection between traumatic brain injury and epilepsy. Long epilepsy surveillance will be studied within the context of improvir examine how brain injury produces epilepsy and potential preven areas for research. The Idea Development Award Program Anno applications and applications were received in August and Noven February 2015 with programmatic review occurring in April 2016. 2016.	im will support studies to examine the gitudinal epidemiological research, including ng patient care. Mechanistic research to tative avenues will be encouraged as focus uncement were released in July 2015, with pre- nber 2015. Scientific peer review will be held in			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for				_
Congressional Add: 463A – Program Increase: Restore Core Re	esearch Funding Reduction (GDF)	94.584	138.509	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: FY 2015 DHP Congressional Spec restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds suppor simulation and information sciences, military infectious diseases, care, and clinical and rehabilitative medicine (Project 373A).	ted technology development efforts in medical			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (C research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supported technology of information sciences, military infectious diseases, military operation clinical and rehabilitative medicine (Project 373A).	development efforts in medical simulation and			
Congressional Add: 474A - Program Increase: Restore Core R	esearch Funding Reduction (Army)	7.575	1.457	-
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 DHP Congressional Spec restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds suppor				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity     R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       130 / 2     PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology       Development     Development				umber/Name) - Congressional Special	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016		
(Project 378A), Gynecological Cancer CoE (379A), Cardiac Health CoE (381A (431A), Military HIV Research (448A) And Deployed Warfighter Protection (83					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was direc research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supports research for the Cardiac H Research (448A) and Deployed Warfighter Protection (830A).					
Congressional Add: 474B – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Fund	ling Reduction (Navy)	6.856	0.000		
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (Crestoral of core research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supported Navy reserves Resistant Bacteria (Projects 247A,B) and Medical Development Laboratory Support	earch efforts to Combat Antibiotic				
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.					
Congressional Add: 474C – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Fund	ling Reduction (Air Force)	10.228	2.928		
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (C restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supported Air Force (Project 238C), Human Performance (284B), Operational Medicine (285A), Fo Expeditionary Medicine (308B).	research in Enroute Care				
FY 2016 Plans: FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was direct research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supported Air Force research in For					
Congressional Add: 474D – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Fund	ding Reduction (USUHS)	2.514	2.553		
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (C restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supported University Medicine (Project 309A), Prostate Cancer CoE (383A) and Pain CoE (382B).					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was direct research initiatives in PE 0603115. Funds supported University research in Re 309A), Prostate Cancer CoE (383A), Breast Cancer CoE (378B), Gynecologic (382B).	generative Medicine (Project				
Congressional Add: 495 - Peer-Reviewed Tick-Borne Disease Research		0.000	5.000		
FY 2015 Accomplishments: N/A					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> This Congressional Special Interest was new in FY 2016. The research studying under-funded or gap areas of tick borne disease and will inc					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	- · ·	-1 Program Element (Number/Name) E 0603115DHA / Medical Technology evelopment		<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 300A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016		
relevance where applicable. Award mechanisms will be offered throus scientific peer review and programmatic review of submitted proposa will be made by September 2017.					
Congressional Add: 496 - Trauma Clinical Research Program		0.000	10.000		
FY 2015 Accomplishments: N/A					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> This Congressional Special Interest (CSI) was new trauma research. The DoD is creating a coordinated, multi-institution military trauma centers to address the military relevant priorities and Care Research Program of the US Army Medical Research and Matwith core DHP RDTE program funding for future planning and executive award for a Trauma Clinical Research Network.	i, clinical research network of civilian and gaps in trauma care. The Combat Casualty eriel Command will include this CSI funding				
Congressional Add: 540A - Global HIV/AIDS Prevention (Navy)		8.000	8.000		
FY 2015 Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest pr research.	oject supports Global HIV/AIDS Prevention				
Program emphasis is placed on (1) building a national research infra program projects focused on detection; (2) encouraging innovative a and technology with or without supporting preliminary data; and (3) r for careers in research, as well as more senior investigators new to t 2015 Congressional directed research identified above is to stimulate peer reviewed research program, as well as focused medical research sites. Specific research efforts include HIV/AIDS. The HIV/AIDS Pre- to determine eligible areas for technical assistance and resource sup defense forces in the following areas: (1) HIV prevention, which inclu- educators, education of military members, provision of condoms and educational materials such as brochures, posters, and booklets (2) of families to include provision of electronic medical record programs, r physician education, and clinic infrastructure support, (3) treatment s services such as HIV test kits, and other laboratory equipment, and ( to collect information on the effectiveness of HIV treatment and preve- such information to guide treatment and prevention programs.	pproaches to research by funding new ideas ecruiting new, independent investigators the research field. The strategy for the FY e innovative research through a competitive, ch at intramural and extramural research vention program conducts on-site visits oport. The program provides support to udes training of medical personnel and peer l other prevention materials, provision of care for HIV-infected individuals and their nedications to treat HIV-related issues, services including provision of laboratory (4) Strategic Information including systems				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health A	gency			Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Techn</i> <i>Development</i>	,		umber/Name) - Congressional Special		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016			
The HIV/AIDS Prevention Program provided technical assistance and rest forces in FY 2015. Accomplishments include over 59,000 individuals that services for HIV; over 80 testing facilities (laboratories) supported with the 99,155 military members and their dependents targeted with HIV prevent care workers successfully completing an in-service training program; and with HIV testing and counseling services.	received testing and counseling e capacity to perform clinical lab tests; ion interventions; more than 180 health					
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest project supports Glo	bal HIV/AIDS Prevention research.					
Program emphasis is placed on (1) building a national research infrastruct program projects focused on detection; (2) encouraging innovative appro- and technology with or without supporting preliminary data; and (3) recruit careers in research, as well as more senior investigators new to the resear Congressionally directed research identified above is to stimulate innovat peer reviewed research program, as well as focused medical research at sites. Specific research efforts include HIV/AIDS. The HIV/AIDS Prevention to determine eligible areas for technical assistance and resource support. defense forces in the following areas: (1) HIV prevention, which includes educators, education of military members, provision of condoms and other educational materials such as brochures, posters, and booklets (2) care f families to include provision of electronic medical record programs, medic physician education, and clinic infrastructure support, (3) treatment servic services such as HIV test kits, and other laboratory equipment, and (4) Si to collect information on the effectiveness of HIV treatment and prevention such information to guide treatment and prevention programs.	aches to research by funding new ideas iting new, independent investigators for arch field. The strategy for the FY 2015 tive research through a competitive, intramural and extramural research on program conducts on-site visits . The program provides support to training of medical personnel and peer er prevention materials, provision of for HIV-infected individuals and their cations to treat HIV-related issues, ces including provision of laboratory trategic Information including systems					
Annual program data collection is currently being conducted and accomp after the collection is complete. Because of the CSI annual structure, out-	•					
Congressional Add: 660A - Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)		6.000	6.000			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> The Congressional Special Interest researce Complex (TSC) encouraged innovative research to improve the lives of in understanding the pathogenesis and manifestations of TSC and developin approaches. Within this context, the FY 2015 TSC research program encourses	ndividuals with TSC through ing improved diagnostic and treatment					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency				Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Techno Development		<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 300A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016		
program focus areas for mechanisms underlying clinical manifestations and/or This research effort offered three award mechanisms to support TSC research: Hypothesis Development, and Pilot Clinical Trial Awards. Applications were rec scientific peer review conducted in September 2015, and funding recommenda review in December 2015. Awards will be made by September 2016.					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Tuberous S Research.	clerosis Complex (TSC)				
Congressional Add: 790A - Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy	3.200	3.200			
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest initiative was Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (DMD) (gene mutations in skeletal muscle prote 1 in 3,600 boys causing muscle degeneration and eventual death). The goal for to extend and improve the function, quality of life, and lifespan for all individuals supporting research to better inform the development of drugs, devices, and oth their effective clinical testing. This program encourages applications that addres of pharmacodynamic (the biochemical and physiological effects of drugs on the action, and the relationship between drug concentration and effect), prognostic assessment of clinical trial outcomes; 3- extension or expansion of preclinical tri interventions to improve clinical care and quality of life. A total of three award m the Investigator-Initiated Research Award, the Translational Leverage Award an Applications were received in October 2015 with scientific peer review was con programmatic review will be conducted in March 2016. Awards will be made by					
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Duchenne N					
	Congressional Adds Subtotals	975.057	1,041.539		
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>					

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Research proposals will be solicited by program announcements resulting in grants, contracts, or other transactions.

ppropriation/Budget Activity 30 / 2 Performance Metrics //A	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project (Number/Name) 300A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests
WΑ		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	hibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>				Project (Number/Name) 238C / Enroute Care Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
238C: Enroute Care Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	8.351	3.282	1.340	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project area seeks to advance aeromedical transport capabilities through the research and development of rapid, more efficient, and safer patient transport from the point of injury to definitive care and to understand the effects of altitude on injured war fighters. Efforts will focus on translating technological advancements and groundbreaking clinical research into products. The sub-project areas include: Impact of Transport on patients and providers (physiological effects of transport factors on patients and crew and impact of transport times on En-Route Trauma and Resuscitative Care), patient safety (includes En-Route data analytics and the optimization of patient care), medical technologies which includes technology advances and clinical assessment at altitude, and research to support En-Route education and training with simulation.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Enroute Care Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	3.282	1.340	0.000
<b>Description:</b> This project area seeks to advance aeromedical transport capabilities through the research and development of rapid, more efficient, and safer patient transport from the point of injury to definitive care and to understand the effects of altitude on injured war fighters. Efforts will focus on translating technological advancements and groundbreaking clinical research into products. The sub-project areas include: Impact of Transport on patients and providers (physiological effects of transport factors on patients and crew and impact of transport times on En-Route Trauma and Resuscitative Care), patient safety (includes En-Route data analytics and the optimization of patient care), medical technologies which includes technology advances and clinical assessment at altitude, and research to support En-Route education and training with simulation.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Evaluated the life-saving interventions performed or attempted by medics in the pre-hospital/pre-surgical setting to improve training of medics prior to deployment to a combat zone. Informed the development of management strategies that decrease post-treatment morbidity and mortality. Evaluated the current documented care of patients during tactical evacuation (TACEVAC) from point of injury to treatment facility to develop evidence-based clinical practice guidelines (CPGs). Assessed the En-Route use of opioids, ketamine and epidural analgesia for improved treatment of pain in patients transported by Critical Care Air Transport Teams (CCATT). Evaluated a restrictive red cell transfusion approach prior to evaluation to reduce blood use, decrease morbidity, and provide evidence for clinical practice guidelines for traumatically injured and severely burned patients transported or evacuated. Established the Joint En-Route Care Consortium (J-ERC) to integrate and coordinate ERC research efforts and			

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: February 2016							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Eler</b> 03115DHA / opment			238C / I	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 238C I Enroute Care Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)							
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	grams (\$ in N	<u>lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017					
to provide input on the transition of r Comprehensive Adult Extracorporea						olicies. Trar	sitioned the									
of adding additional venous drainag ill patients without traumatic injuries traumatic cardiopulmonary arrest (T resuscitation of traumatic cardiac ar patients in a combat theater. Descri by CCATT to validate existing CCAT Freedom (OIF/OEF) Psychiatric Mee risk and protective factors, aeromed aeromedically evacuated from OEF/ aircraft safety. Develop algorithm ba of further volume resuscitation and t Life Support (ECLS) approach to ma trauma pneumonectomy, retro-hepa initiation and transport across the De deployed environment. Continue res as predictors of acute lung injury, ac validate skill / outcome measures, d perishability of skills. Continue medi	and incorpora CPA) patients rest. Identify in ibe mechanica T clinical prace dical Evacuation ical classificat OIF for psychic sed on sensition o predict pre-hanaging completic tic IVC injuries oD to implement search to identic cute kidney injures evelop simular	ate results in in the battle independent al ventilation ctice guidelin on (MEDEV tion, aerome iatric reason ive and spec hospital prog lex injuries v s, and sever ent a robust tify the effect ury, and trau tion improve	the DoD cri efield and de predictors the methods du nes. Conduct AC) analysis edical transpo- s to facilitate cific markers gnosis in wa which occur re traumatic electronic al ts of altitude umatic brain ements / tech	tical care tra termine if the nat are associating the tran- t an Operation of psycholocortation safe e recomment of renal dar rfighters. Eva in combat sub brain injury ( ert system for on various in injury prior to anologies to	ining curriculey meet the ciated with ir isport of crition Iraqi Free ogical assess ty and dispondations to in nage to aid in aluate the control of the sTBI). Record or identifying njury states o AE. Begin	lum. Retrosp current public reased sur- cally injured dom/Operation ment, diagr sition of mili- prove patie n predicting mbat-feasib ve trauma ward the indica critically ill p and investig simulation re	bectively des ished guidel vival among and ill patien ion Enduring ostic catego ary personn nt, aircrew a the efficacy/ le Extracorp vith exsangu tions for EC batients in a ate biomark esearch prog	scribe ines for TCPA nts g rization, el nd safety oreal ination, LS ers gram:								
FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.																
				Accor	nplishment	s/Planned P	rograms Su	ubtotals	3.282	1.340	0.00					
C. Other Program Funding Summ Line Item • BA-1, PE 0807714HP: Other Consolidated Health Support Remarks	ary (\$ in Millio FY 2015 13.441	ons) FY 2016 13.844	FY 2017 Base 14.259	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u> -	<b>FY 2017</b> <u>Total</u> 14.259	<b>FY 2018</b> 14.655	<u>FY 2019</u> -	FY 2020 -	<u>FY 202</u>	<u>Cost To</u> 1 <u>Complete</u> Continuing	-					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency								
			umber/Name)					
0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	238C I Enr	oute Care Research &					
	Development	Developme	ent (Budgeted) (AF)					

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 238D / Core Enroute Care R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
238D: Core Enroute Care R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.997	2.045	-	2.045	2.240	2.282	2.328	2.375	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project area seeks to advance aeromedical transport capabilities through the research and development of rapid, more efficient, and safer patient transport from the point of injury to definitive care and to understand the effects of altitude on seriously injured war fighters. Efforts will focus on translating technological advancements and groundbreaking clinical research into transitionable products. The sub-project areas include: Physiological Effects of Aeromedical Evacuation on patients and crew which includes the optimization of provider performance and patient care, impact of transport times on En-Route Trauma and Resuscitative Care, and En-Route Patient Safety which includes technology advances and assessment. Because patients experience multiple handoffs between teams of caregivers during transport between austere environments and definitive care, efforts in the En-Route Patient Safety sub-project area examine human factors considerations in order to develop new and enhance existing methods to mitigate risk in all En-Route care environments.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Core Enroute Care R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.997	2.045
<b>Description:</b> This project area seeks to advance aeromedical transport capabilities through the research and development of rapid, more efficient, and safer patient transport from the point of injury to definitive care and to understand the effects of altitude on seriously injured war fighters. Efforts will focus on translating technological advancements and groundbreaking clinical research into transitionable products. The sub-project areas include: Physiological Effects of Aeromedical Evacuation on patients and crew which includes the optimization of provider performance and patient care, impact of transport times on En-Route Trauma and Resuscitative Care, and En-Route Patient Safety which includes technology advances and assessment. Because patients experience multiple handoffs between teams of caregivers during transport between austere environments and definitive care, efforts in the En-Route Patient Safety sub-project area examine human factors considerations in order to develop new and enhance existing methods to mitigate risk in all En-Route care environments.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.			
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Analyze final results of swine study investigating post AE effects on coagulation and inflammation, which will lead to a knowledge platform to develop guidelines for evacuation strategies during transport of combat casualties. Pursuant system build and demonstration of the closed loop ventilation and oxygen delivery system, the data from the pre-hospital use of capnometry and the ventilator registry will be used to define the requirements of a system to perform closed loop ventilation. Continue pursuing the AFMS strategic goal A1 to "Transform the En-route Care System" based on war fighter identified gaps and validated requirements.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	alth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	i		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	238D /	Project (Number/Name) 238D / Core Enroute Care R&D - Clinica Translational Focus (AF)				
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> Begin and/or continue work that will improve mission effectiveness	in the A2AD environment such as closed loon technolog		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
and enabling capabilities leading to autonomous patient transport.		100					
FY16 program cost is \$2.25M; UFR = \$1.253M							
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue pursuing the AFMS strategic goal A1 to "Transform the Er and validated requirements. Begin and/or continue work that will im as closed loop technologies and enabling capabilities leading to aut predictors that are associated with increased survival among patien guidelines to support resulting best practices. Establish database for resolution outcomes.	prove mission effectiveness in the A2AD environment si conomous patient transport. Continue to identify indepen ts in a combat theater and update clinical practice and t	uch dent raining					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	0.000	0.997	2.045		

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 23					<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 238E I Core Enroute Care R&D - Aerospace Medicine/Human Performance Focus (AF)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
238E: Core Enroute Care R&D - Aerospace Medicine/Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.997	2.045	-	2.045	2.239	2.282	2.327	2.374	Continuing	Continuin	
research into translatable practice of provider performance and patie includes efforts to ensure the safe	ent care, Er e transport o	n-Route Mee of patients t	dical Techn hrough the	ologies whi	ch includes	•	•	•	ment, and E	in-Route Pa	atient Safety	which	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P Title: Core Enroute Care R&D - A	• •			mance For					FY	2015 I	<b>FY 2016</b>	<b>FY 2017</b> 2.04	
<b>Description:</b> This project area serapid, more efficient, and safer pa on injured war fighters. Efforts will products. The sub-project areas in on patients and crew and impact of Route data analytics and the optimassessment at altitude, and researched the series and researched the series and researched the series and the series areas and researched the series areas and researched the series areas and researched the series areas areas and researched the series areas areas areas and researched the series areas areas areas areas areas areas areas areas and the series areas	eks to adva tient transp focus on tr nclude: Imp of transport nization of	ance aerom ort from the ranslating te act of Trans times on E patient care	edical trans e point of inju- echnological sport on pat n-Route trans e), medical to	port capabi ury to defin advancem ients and p uma and re echnologies	lities throug itive care ar ents and gr roviders (ph suscitative s which inclu	nd to unders roundbreakin nysiological ( care), patier udes techno	tand the eff ng clinical re effects of tra nt safety (ine	ects of altitiesearch into ansport fact cludes En-	ude o tors				
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.													
FY 2016 Plans: Continue development of the En-Formation various injury states and investinjury prior to AE. Begin simulation technologies to achieve those out work. Continue closed loop medic platforms. Begin to investigate met	tigate bioma n research   comes, unc al intervent	arkers as pr program: va lerstand pe ions resear	redictors of alidate skill / rishability of ch and deve	acute lung outcome n skills. Con elopment. E	injury, acute neasures, d tinue medic Begin to cha	e kidney inju evelop simu al device cli racterize vit	ry, and trau lation impro nical valida pration on tr	imatic brain ovements / tion at altitu ansport	ude				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: February 20							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	238E /	ect (Number/Name) I Core Enroute Care R&D - Aero cine/Human Performance Focus				
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> based on results of prior studies and warfighter gap analyses. Begin developm efficacy and safety of medications and biochemical pain mitigation strategies d		ng	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Investigate operational questions through use of the En-Route care retrospective identify the effects of altitude on various injury states and investigate biomarker injury, and traumatic brain injury prior to AE. Continue simulation research programulation improvements / technologies to achieve those outcomes, understand clinical validation at altitude work. Continue closed loop medical interventions research and development requirements based on results of prior studies and	rs as predictors of acute lung injury, acute kidr gram: validate skill / outcome measures, devel- d perishability of skills. Continue medical devic esearch and development. Continue to charac cacy at altitude. Continue investigating new	op ce					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	0.000	0.997	2.045		

### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

#### <u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency										Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					,				Project (Number/Name) 243A / Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
243A: Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)	97.042	31.378	37.580	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, this program element (PE) includes costs related to laboratory management and support salaries of government employees that are not paid from science/research competitively awarded funding. The Outside Continental U.S. (OCONUS) laboratories conduct focused medical research on vaccine development for Malaria, Diarrhea Diseases, and Dengue Fever. In addition to entomology, the labs focus on HIV studies, surveillance and outbreak response under the Global Emerging Infections Surveillance (GEIS) program, and risk assessment studies on a number of other infectious diseases that are present in the geographical regions where the laboratories are located. The CONUS laboratories conduct research on Military Operational Medicine, Combat Casualty Care, Diving and Submarine Medicine, Infectious Diseases, Environmental and Occupational Health, Directed Energy, and Aviation Medicine and Human Performance.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)	31.378	37.580	0.000
<b>Description:</b> Funding in this project code covers operating and miscellaneous support costs at RDT&E laboratories, including facility, equipment and civilian personnel costs that are not directly chargeable to RDT&E projects. Excluded costs include military manpower and related costs, non-RDT&E base operating costs, and military construction costs, which are included in other appropriate programs.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Provided operating and miscellaneous support costs for eight medical RDT&E labs across 15 research focus areas that aim to protect, treat, rehabilitate and enhance the performance of the Warfighter. Funding supported civilian personnel costs, as well as the acquisition of technologically advanced cutting edge research equipment for research and data acquisition, automated sampling, and real time statistical analysis of biomedical research data utilizing data information systems integral with new equipment. Continued to provide replacement of obsolete, general purpose research equipment.			
FY 2016 Plans: Continue to provide operating support for eight medical RDT&E labs across 15 product lines to develop products and strategies that protect, treat, rehabilitate and enhance the performance of the Warfighter, and enable the labs to meet or exceed science performance metric objectives.			
FY 2017 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency	Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Project (Number/Name) 243A I Medical Development (Lab Support, (Navy)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Funding for Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy) was realign Wide Activities.	ned to Program Element (PE) 0606105 - Medical Progra	m-				
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	31.378	37.580	0.000	
<ul> <li><u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u></li> <li>N/A</li> <li><u>Remarks</u></li> <li><u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u></li> <li>N/A</li> <li><u>E. Performance Metrics</u></li> <li>Metrics include timely and proportionate distribution of funds to lab protect, treat, rehabilitate and enhance the performance of the Wall</li> </ul>		e develop	ment and eva	aluation of pro	oducts that	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2										<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 247A I Elimination of Malaria in Southeast Asia (CARB) (Navy)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
247A: Elimination of Malaria in Southeast Asia (CARB) (Navy)	0.200	0.000	2.060	2.064	-	2.064	1.548	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project seeks to demonstrate that malaria can be eliminated in a specific geographically defined area of endemicity through a comprehensive multi-disciplined approach including enhanced surveillance, research to maximize the impact of intervention strategies, and quality improvement of current tools for malaria elimination. The demonstration will focus on Vietnam where multi-drug resistant malaria is prevalent and as such represents a significant threat to US personnel. Additionally, the Vietnamese military and Ministry of Health have a high level of interest in malaria control and will collaborate in the malaria elimination demonstration project, significantly improving the chances of success of this project. Successful completion of this project could significantly enhance force health protection and global engagement by providing a vetted approach to malaria control in the Southeast Asia region where multi-drug resistant malaria is a major infectious disease threat. This project supports (both directly and indirectly in a priority country - Vietnam) Global Health Security Agenda priorities: Prevent Avoidable Epidemics; Detect Threats Early; and Respond Rapidly and Effectively to biological threats of international concern.

<ul> <li>Description: This project seeks to demonstrate that malaria can be eliminated in a specific geographically defined area of endemicity through a comprehensive multi-disciplined approach including enhanced surveillance, operations research to maximize the impact of intervention strategies, and quality improvement of current tools for malaria elimination. The demonstration will focus on Vietnam where multi-drug resistant malaria is prevalent and as such represents a significant threat to US personnel. Additionally the Vietnamese military and Ministry of Health have a high level of interest in malaria control and will collaborate in the malaria elimination demonstration project significantly improving the chances of success of this project.</li> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments:         <ul> <li>No funding programmed. Targeted year of execution funding will be made available for this Global Health Security Agenda (GHSA) initiative.</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>The first objective of this project, which was to enhance the malaria surveillance in Vietnam, was completed in FY14. The malaria surveillance system was optimized to define exactly where transmission is occurring with novel mapping to support targeted interventions and the monitoring and evaluation of their impact. It built upon existing funded projects, leveraging investments from</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
of endemicity through a comprehensive multi-disciplined approach including enhanced surveillance, operations research to maximize the impact of intervention strategies, and quality improvement of current tools for malaria elimination. The demonstration will focus on Vietnam where multi-drug resistant malaria is prevalent and as such represents a significant threat to US personnel. Additionally the Vietnamese military and Ministry of Health have a high level of interest in malaria control and will collaborate in the malaria elimination demonstration project significantly improving the chances of success of this project. <i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No funding programmed. Targeted year of execution funding will be made available for this Global Health Security Agenda (GHSA) initiative. <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> The first objective of this project, which was to enhance the malaria surveillance in Vietnam, was completed in FY14. The malaria surveillance system was optimized to define exactly where transmission is occurring with novel mapping to support targeted interventions and the monitoring and evaluation of their impact. It built upon existing funded projects, leveraging investments from	<i>Title:</i> Elimination of Malaria in Southeast Asia (CARB) (Navy)	0.000	2.060	2.064
(GHSA) initiative. <b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The first objective of this project, which was to enhance the malaria surveillance in Vietnam, was completed in FY14. The malaria surveillance system was optimized to define exactly where transmission is occurring with novel mapping to support targeted interventions and the monitoring and evaluation of their impact. It built upon existing funded projects, leveraging investments from	of endemicity through a comprehensive multi-disciplined approach including enhanced surveillance, operations research to maximize the impact of intervention strategies, and quality improvement of current tools for malaria elimination. The demonstration will focus on Vietnam where multi-drug resistant malaria is prevalent and as such represents a significant threat to US personnel. Additionally the Vietnamese military and Ministry of Health have a high level of interest in malaria control and will collaborate in the malaria elimination demonstration project significantly improving the chances of success of this project. <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b>			
The first objective of this project, which was to enhance the malaria surveillance in Vietnam, was completed in FY14. The malaria surveillance system was optimized to define exactly where transmission is occurring with novel mapping to support targeted interventions and the monitoring and evaluation of their impact. It built upon existing funded projects, leveraging investments from				
	The first objective of this project, which was to enhance the malaria surveillance in Vietnam, was completed in FY14. The malaria surveillance system was optimized to define exactly where transmission is occurring with novel mapping to support targeted interventions and the monitoring and evaluation of their impact. It built upon existing funded projects, leveraging investments from			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency       Date: February 2016										
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	<b>Project (Number</b> 247A <i>I Elimination</i> Asia (CARB) (Na	n of Malaria in .	Southeast						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017						
In FY15, surveillance efforts started in 2014 expanded to include military perso areas of Vietnam. This population has traditionally been excluded from global malaria burden data is not available. The Vietnamese People's Army Military M sectional study be conducted to determine the parasite carriage rate and propor This study was critical to understanding the malaria burden in this segment of t additional malaria elimination efforts planned for FY16.	malaria control programs and comprehensive Aedicine Department (MMD) requested a cross ortion of drug-resistant parasites within the milit he Vietnamese population and is a pre-requisit	s- ary. e for								
In FY16, after establishing a baseline parasite carriage rate and drug resistant will focus on improving the quality of detecting individuals carrying the malaria adherence to them) and the implementation of rigorous investigation of each ca further infections.	parasite, treatment (the drugs themselves and	the								
The impact of the malaria interventions under study will be evaluated (and re-e practices should be scaled up or if additional interventions are needed. The madifferent epidemiological strata in Vietnam will be determined to select and ther interventions on malaria parasite carriage and disease rates in an on-going iter malaria surveillance and intervention data will be modelled to measure impact of promising intervention or combination of interventions will be recommended for geographic region of study in Vietnam.	ost effective combinations of interventions for a directly evaluate the impact of the selected ative fashion (operations research). Collected of previous interventions in Vietnam. The mos	t								
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continuing FY16 work, FY17 funding will support the modeling of collected malt the impact of previous interventions in Vietnam. The most promising intervention to demonstrate the feasibility of eliminating malaria in defined geographic region to cover complementary therapeutic efficacy trials of antimalarial drugs that will sensitivity in the region. These additional studies will also support the identification resistance.	on or combination of interventions will be deplo ns of Vietnam. FY17 funding will also be used assist investigators to better understand drug	oyed								
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals 0.00	2.060	2.064						
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>										

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,		Date: February 2016
	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	•	<b>umber/Name)</b> nination of Malaria in Southeast B) (Navy)
D. Acquisition Strategy			

N/A

#### E. Performance Metrics

Successful execution of this project will be measured by significant reduction of malaria parasite incidence and prevalence in the geographic area of study. Study results and recommendations will be reported in refereed professional journals and policy recommendations submitted to the Vietnamese and US Governments.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
0130/2				<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 247B <i>I Mitigate the Global Impact of Sepsis</i> <i>Through ACESO (CARB) (Navy)</i>				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
247B: Mitigate the Global Impact of Sepsis Through ACESO (CARB) (Navy)	0.425	0.000	1.040	1.135	-	1.135	1.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project seeks to demonstrate that the impact of sepsis (severe infections) in Egypt can be mitigated through the Austere Environment Consortium for Enhanced Sepsis Outcomes (ACESO) approach of discovering common, host-based pathogenic pathways for improved recognition and management of sepsis and point of care (POC) diagnostic and prognostic biomarker panels. Sepsis is the common path to end-organ damage and death for a large proportion of globally-important infectious diseases. This project will improve the understanding of disease pathogenesis and antimicrobial resistance mechanisms through network and biomarker analysis thus offering unique opportunities for improving sepsis diagnosis and management. Through systematic biology, it will develop Insight into the disease pathogenesis of sepsis, and host factors which predict susceptibility, and sepsis severity provides opportunity for targeted interventions to forestall morbidity and mortality. Furthermore, enhanced knowledge of emerging antimicrobial resistance in strategic regions informs ongoing surveillance and mitigation efforts of critical importance to deployed forces. Successful completion of this project will provide reliable antimicrobial resistance data for forces deploying to Egypt and the region and also document improved methods for the treatment and management of sepsis. ACESO is an international consortium of sepsis researchers led by NMRC that has established a network of sepsis research sites in SE Asia and Sub-Saharan Africa to improve clinical outcomes and advance our understanding of pathogenesis, biomarkers of sepsis and antimicrobial resistance data from the important North African Theater. This project supports (both directly and indirectly) Global Health Security Agenda priorities: Combat Antimicrobial Resistance; Prevent Avoidable Epidemics; Detect Threats Early; and Respond Rapidly and Effectively to biological threats of international concern

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Mitigate the Global Impact of Sepsis Through ACESO (CARB) (Navy)	0.000	1.040	1.135
<b>Description:</b> This project seeks to demonstrate that the impact of sepsis from resistant and other high risk organisms in Egypt can be mitigated through the Austere Environment Consortium for Enhanced Sepsis Outcomes (ACESO) approach of discovering common, host-based pathogenic pathways for improved recognition and management of sepsis. This project will improve understanding of pathogenesis and antimicrobial resistance mechanisms through network and biomarker analysis to offer unique opportunities for improving sepsis diagnosis and management. Most specifically, ACESO will execute biomarker discovery identifying diagnostic and prognostic biomarker panels which may improve sepsis management in all environments including resourced and austere			
FY 2015 Accomplishments:			

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency         Date: February 2016										
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	247B /		a <b>me)</b> Global Impac ARB) (Navy)						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017					
No funding programmed. Targeted year of execution funding will be made avail (GHSA) initiative.	ilable for this Global Health Security Agenda									
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY14 efforts were directed towards the development and approval of research Scientific Review Board and Institutional Review Board, as well as, the develop and supplies, and the recruitment of necessary contract staff to initiate patient	oment of agreements, securing required equipr									
FY15 efforts supported the continuation of the observational study of patients of Hospital, adjacent to NAMRU-3, Cairo. The goals of this study are to 1) identific common pathogenic pathways, 3) describe the spectrum of pathogens causing currently in use, and 5) assess the long-term sequelae. Adult patients with sus inflammation will be considered for enrollment. Laboratory testing will augment microbiology laboratory, and will include diagnostic tests (e.g. blood cultures, n diagnostics (e.g. microarray analysis, multiplex PCR, and sequencing), and as assays and host transcriptome arrays). Sophisticated analytic and statistical a to identify diagnostic and prognostic markers for sepsis and to investigate com	y diagnostic and prognostic markers, 2) investig sepsis, 4) describe the treatment strategies spected infection and evidence of systemic the testing routinely performed at the hospital nalaria smears, HIV tests, and serology), mole says measuring the host-response (biomarker pproaches will be applied to this complex data	gate cular								
FY16 funding will support the continuation of the observational study at the Ab and statistical approaches will be applied to this complex data set to identify dis investigate common pathogenic pathways.	· · ·	-								
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> FY17 funding will support the translation of observational studies at the Abbase analytical and statistical approaches to identify diagnostic and prognostic mark pathogenic pathways. Additionally, antimicrobial resistance patterns determine with the prognostic markers for sepsis and common pathogenic pathway data to	ers for sepsis and to investigate common ed from the observational studies will be combi	ned								
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	0.000	1.040	1.135					
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>										

	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology       247B / Mitigate the Global Impact of Sep         Development       Through ACESO (CARB) (Navy)		PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	247B / Miti	gate the Global Impact of Sepsis

### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

#### E. Performance Metrics

Successful execution of this project will be measured by significant reduction in the mortality rate from sepsis, reduced hospitalization days, and by the number and impact factor of publications in refereed professional journals.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 284 Development Inte				284B I US Integration	Project (Number/Name) 184B I USAF Human Physiology, Systems Integration, Evaluation & Optimization Research (Budgeted) (AF)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
284B: USAF Human Physiology, Systems Integration, Evaluation & Optimization Research (Budgeted) (AF)	6.340	2.205	1.700	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bud	aet Item Jı	ustification											
This project area seeks to enhance carrying out assigned missions. T aircraft operations. The sub-proje which includes training technique	his work ac ct areas inc	Idresses un clude: Cogn	ique Air For itive Perforr	ce operation nance whic	onal environ h includes f	ments such atigue mana	as the mitig agement, P	gation of str hysiologica	ess on per Performa	sonnel invo nce and Tar	lved in remo geted Condi	te piloted tioning	
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	<u>rograms (</u> \$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	′ 2015 🛛 I	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Title: USAF Human Physiology, S	Systems Inte	egration, Ev	aluation & (	Optimizatio	n Research	(Budgeted)	(AF)			2.205	1.700	0.000	
<b>Description:</b> This project area se and alleviation of health effects as environments such as the mitigation include: Cognitive Performance w includes training techniques for op Challenges to Performance.	sociated w on of stress hich include	ith carrying on personies fatigue m	out assigne nel involved nanagement	d missions in remote   , Physiolog	. This work piloted aircr jical Perforn	addresses u aft operatior nance and T	inique Air F ns. The sub argeted Co	orce operation -project are proditioning v	tional as which				
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Collected data to devise a multiva musculoskeletal injury as a survei current Military Medicine Standard	llance prog												
FY 2016 Plans: Expand evaluations of promising for combining over-the-counter stimul high altitude and hypoxia studies to changes. Implement plans to purs program working to define and min and hypoxia. Expand on previous	lants with M to refine this ue human tigate the e	lodafinil, wh s line of res systems inte xtreme physic	nich may stir earch to def egration stu siological de	mulate the fine what is dies, focusi emands of h	need for fur a "safe" alt ing on ident nigher altitu	ther researc itude and po ified gaps. N des to incluc	h. Apply re otentially sp /ature a co de decompr	sults from ur operatior mprehensiv ession sick	'e				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	284B I Ü Integratio	<b>ject (Number/Name)</b> B I USAF Human Physiology, Systems egration, Evaluation & Optimization search (Budgeted) (AF)			
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> magnify each other. Advance understanding of appropriate selection as it perta reduction, and retention.	ains to new accessions, job placement, injury	F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No funding programmed.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals	2.205	1.700	0.000

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

#### Remarks

SEE OTHER PROGRAM FUNDING SUMMARY FOR PROJECT CODE 238C WHICH IS A SUMMARY OF OTHER PROGRAM FUNDING SUPPORT TO ALL PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS IN THIS PE FOR DHP-AF

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Fe	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA / <i>Me</i> ent			284C / C		a <b>me)</b> Performance I Focus (AF)	e R&D -
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	) FY 202	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
284C: Core Human Performance R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.003	2.349	-	2.349	2.664	2.762	2.81	7 2.8	73 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	get Item Ju	ustification	l									
This project area seeks to enhance carrying out assigned missions. T aircraft operations. The sub-project which includes training techniques	his work ac ct areas inc	ddresses ur clude: Cogn	ique Air For itive Perforr	rce operation nance whice	onal environ ch includes f	iments such fatigue mana	as the mitigagement, P	gation of stı hysiologica	ess on pe Perform	ersonnel inv ance and Ta	olved in remo argeted Cond	ote piloted itioning
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pl	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<ul> <li><i>Title:</i> Core Human Performance F</li> <li><i>Description:</i> This project area sea and alleviation of health effects as environments such as the mitigation include: Cognitive Performance with includes training techniques for operformance.</li> <li><i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No funding programmed.</li> <li><i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Introduce early prevention, diagnot Force basic training. Develop clinit teams, to evaluate and improve on the second se</li></ul>	eks to enha sociated wi on of stress hich include otimal perfo osis, treatme cal and trai	ance, optimi ith carrying s on person es fatigue m rmance, an ent, and evi ning protoc	ze & sustain out assigne nel involved nanagement d identificat dence-base ols, in coop	n performan ed missions in remote t, Physiolog ion of solut ed training t eration with	. This work piloted aircr jical Perforr ions related hrough curr military tra	addresses u aft operation nance and T to Operatio	unique Air F ns. The sub Fargeted Co anal and En ification wit	Force opera -project are proditioning v vironmental hin U.S. Air nical treatm	tional eas which	0.000	1.003	2.349
nutrition and augment the capabili Air Force basic military trainees w to determine if gait and activity mo stress fracture and decreases the to non-hypoxic hypobaria induces hyperoxemia/oxidant stress.	ties and pro ith non-frac odification b discharge	ofessional g cture lower of by a certified rate and da	prowth of inc extremity mu athletic tra ys of trainin	lependent o usculoskele iners reduc g lost for lo	duty medica etal injuries ces the risk wer extrem	I technician for clinical a of progressi ity injuries. [	s (IDMTs). nd operatio on to lower Demonstrat	Evaluate U nal outcom extremity e exposure	S. es			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Ag	ency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	i
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 2	<b>Project (Number/N</b> 84C I Core Huma Clinical Translation	n Performanc	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Mature a comprehensive program working to define and mitigate the extre altitudes to include decompression sickness and hypoxia. Expand on prev cognitive overload and how these conditions magnify each other. Advance new accessions, job placement, injury reduction, and retention.	ious studies to understand and mitigate fatigue,	sto		
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Design a comprehensive program to define and evaluate the extreme physitraining students to mitigate fatigue and cognitive overload, reduce injury a of appropriate selection pertaining to new accessions, job placement, injur cognitive and physiological performance. Continue to evaluate model of hysiof the biological/neuropathological indicators. Develop neuroprotection and hyperoxemic brain injury/effects. Integrate high altitude and hypoxia studies to support a mature acceleration and mitigating extreme physiological and physical demands of higher altitude. Continue work to determine operator/aircrew needs to optimize performant changes and determine safe altitudes for long-term exposures. Expand on cognitive overload and how these conditions magnify each other. Continue pertains to new accessions, job placement, injury reduction, and retention.	and improve performance. Advance understanding y reduction and retention. Examine biomarkers for pobaria-related white matter damage for detection d/or neurotreatment therapies designed to mitigate an and altitude research program focused on defining ides to include decompression sickness and hypoxia ce in high altitude environment to inform operational previous studies to understand and mitigate fatigue to advance understanding of appropriate selection			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subto	tals 0.000	1.003	2.349
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the U scientific and technical efforts within this program these agreements are are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determine	supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BA	A) and Intramural	calls for propo	osal

necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	Ith Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 284D / C					(Number/Name) Core Human Performance R&D - ace Medicine/Human Performance AF)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
284D: Core Human Performance R&D - Aerospace Medicine/ Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.002	2.348	-	2.348	2.663	2.761	2.816	2.872	Continuing	Continuing		
as well as remote piloted aircraft of areas include: AF Aircrew Physiol Physiological Performance and Ta Injury Prevention and Performance related to Operational and Environ <b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	logy and C argeted Co e Optimiza nmental Ch	ognition Pe nditioning M tion, Select allenges to	rformance v litigation wh training and Performand	vhich include ich include I simulatior	des pilot per es personali	formance m zed perform	nonitoring a ance and t	nd interven raining tech	tions, fatigu iniques for I personnel	e managen optimal perf , and identif	nent, AF uni formance, A	que viator		
<i>Title:</i> Core Human Performance F	•			Performar	nce Focus (	ΔF)				0.000	1.002	2.348		
<b>Description:</b> This project area see and alleviation of health effects as environments such as the mitigation operations, aviation performance a include: AF Aircrew Physiology an fatigue management, AF unique F performance and training technique training and simulation to optimize Operational and Environmental Ch	eks to enha sociated w on of stress and injury p d Cognition hysiologica les for optir performan	ance, optimi ith carrying on person prevention, a performar al Performar nal perform ce of AF op	ze & sustair out assigne nel involved and persona nce which in nce and Tar ance, Aviato perators and	n performan d missions in piloted a lized optim cludes pilo geted Con- pr Injury Pr	nce of Air Fo . This work aircraft, as v nization of p t performan ditioning Mit evention an	orce person addresses u vell as remo erformance ce monitorir tigation whic d Performan	unique Air F ote piloted a . The sub-p ng and inter ch includes nce Optimiz	orce opera ircraft roject areas ventions, personalize ation, Seleo	tional s					
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.														
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue assessment of in-flight p capturing physiological and cognit in current generation aircraft agair	ive state of	AF pilot an	d operator p	ersonnel.	Evaluate cu	rrent/planne	ed technolog	gies employ						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heal	th Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	j
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>		e R&D - rformance		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		Γ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
performance optimization techniques. Conclude efforts identifying the Modafinil, which may stimulate the need for further research. Apply re of research and potentially spur operational and training changes, and to pursue human systems integration studies, focusing on identified g	esults from high altitude and hypoxia studies to refine to define to define the definition of the defi				
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Complete capability advancement and finalize in-flight pilot respirator measures capable of capturing physiological and cognitive state of Al the integration of high altitude and hypoxia studies to support and init aircrew mission needs. Continue operational based vision research w performance.	pilot and operator personnel. Implement findings fror iate acceleration and altitude research to meet pilot/	n			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	0.000	1.002	2.348

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 [	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i> ent	•	,	285A / Op	umber/Nai erational M ent (Budgei	edicine Res	earch &
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
285A: Operational Medicine Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	14.997	1.917	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing				
A. Mission Description and Bu	dget Item Ju	ustification	<u>)</u>									
The Operational Medicine Thrus beneficiaries. The primary focus coordination. Basic research init disease such as obesity and dia <b>B. Accomplishments/Planned I</b>	areas incluc iatives are d betes. Persc	de: physiolo eveloped an onalized me	gic and psy nd translate dicine focus	chological d into pract	health; sub- tice; advanc	topics inclue ed technolo	de resilienco gy initiative	e, personali s are focus	zed medicir ed on preve esity.	ne, patient s ention and t	safety, and	care
<i>Title:</i> Operational Medicine Rese	•		•							1.917	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The Operational M and treatment to Active Duty men health; sub-topics include resilier are developed and translated into disease such as obesity and diab	mbers and D nce, persona o practice; a	DoD benefic alized medic dvanced tee	iaries. The cine, patient chnology ini	primary foc safety, and tiatives are	us areas ind d care coord focused or	clude: physic dination. Bas prevention	ologic and p sic research and treatm	osychologic i initiatives ent of chror	al			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Evaluated the hyperbaric oxygen allowing for more time to prepare rejection, and subsequently bette negative pressure wound therapy of healing in 3 dimensional defect sustainment program. Evaluated Air Force health care cost saving to improve clinical outcomes for assessment, treatment, long-terr delivering and managing pain me the primary care military health te evidence of a sustainable program	e the patient er outcome, i y (NPWT) sp cts. Transitio effective ad gs and better patients with m manageme edication and eam (PCMs)	for the trans recovery an oonge to min ned a novel juncts to life outcomes Type 2 dia ent, and refe d a training in the man	splant, more id lower me tigate the ne I fractionate estyle interv for our patie betes mellit erral of patie manual for agement of	e precise m dical costs. eed for spo d CO2 lase ention for th ent populati us (T2DM) ents with ch the collabo patients of	atching of a Validated a nge change er therapy tr he preventio on. Provide Developed nronic pain. ration of the chronic pai	allografts res a bioabsorba e and act as eatment for on of diabete d healthy life a stepped Developed e Behavioral n. Provided	sulting in de able and bic a scaffold f hypertrophi es to result estyle coacl care algorit a standardi Health Cor military sys	creased ointegratable or organizat ic scars into in long-term hing session hm for the zed way of nsultants with tem researd	tion a n ns th ch			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ncy		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	y Project (Number/Name) 285A / Operational Medicine Rese Development (Budgeted) (AF)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
patients with chronic pain. Developed operating instructions for the delivery using VTC or Defense Connect Online.	of pain management interventions in primary ca	re			
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No funding programmed.					
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No funding programmed.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	1.917	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)					

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 285B / Co					<b>(Number/Name)</b> Core Operational Medicine R&D - Translational Focus (AF)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
285B: Core Operational Medicine R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.929	1.147	-	1.147	1.350	1.360	1.387	1.415	Continuing	Continuin		
A. Mission Description and Bud The Operational Medicine Thrust	Area devel	ops validate	ed solutions											
beneficiaries. The primary focus coordination. Basic research initia disease such as obesity and diab	atives are d	eveloped a	nd translate	d into pract	ice; advanc	ed technolo	gy initiative	s are focus	ed on preve					
B. Accomplishments/Planned P				es on geno	omic issues	related to a	uusm, asun	na, and obe	-	2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Title: Core Operational Medicine				(AF)						0.000	0.929	1.14		
and treatment to Active Duty men health; sub-topics include resilien are developed and translated into disease such as obesity and diab FY 2015 Accomplishments:	ce, persona practice; a	lized medic dvanced teo	cine, patient chnology ini	safety, and tiatives are	d care coord focused on	lination. Bas	sic research and treatm	i initiatives ent of chror	nic					
No funding programmed.														
FY 2016 Plans: Optimize physiologic conditions d reconstructive reliability. Perform additional donor tissue specific tre animal model. Optimization of tiss will aid in vastly expanding and in term near-normal form and function to reduce the requirement for sys mitigation of ischemia-reperfusion	allo-transpla eatments to sue reliability nproving rec on. Evaluate temic immu	antation wit minimize ir y, minimiza constructive e donor graf nosuppress	h donor tiss nmunoreact tion of inflan outcomes i ft targeted ir sion in recon	ue applied ivity and pro- nmatory re- n injured so nmunomoc structive tr	drug eluting roduce succ sponse, and ervice mem dulation in a	microspheressful immu essful immu eventual ir bers as well vascularize	res, immune unotolerance induction of i as restorated composite	ocloaking, a e in a large mmunotole ion of long- e tissue mo	rance del					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence	су —		Date: F	ebruary 2016	3		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	285B / 0	ect (Number/Name) 3 I Core Operational Medicine R&D - ical Translational Focus (AF)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
clinicopathologic correlation, cellular, antibody, cytokine, proteomic and genor gene and cellular transcripts). Examine Hypertonic saline (HTS) use following the time to primary fascial closure (PFC) and reduce the number of complicati the safety of adding autologous stromal vascular fraction (SVF) cells to a stan cells improve fat graft outcomes in soft tissue to advance new techniques in re subject's own body tissues) of the post-treatment defect. Examine the use of s treatment of acute exacerbations of chronic pain in an emergency department adequate control of pain and to limit the number of adverse effects associated of warriors on long-term opioids for quality and safety of care to decrease adv deaths. Develop and test the feasibility and impact of a prescription monitoring nonmedical use of scheduled opioids. Evaluate the utility of behavioral therap Determine whether clinically available medications that can reverse effects of of synthetic cannabinoids, providing treatment options for emergency room ac with synthetic cannabinoids and suffering from the resulting acute dissociative develop a brief self-report screener for use in military training that will identify Characterize effectiveness measures MiCare implementation on Patient Cent based quality care, ensure appropriate patient utilization/provider productivity, communication and workflow satisfaction.	damage control laparotomy (DCL) to decrease ions associated with an open abdomen. Detern dard fat graft and if the added cryostored SVF egenerative medicine that promote repair (by t sub-dissociative dose ketamine (SDDK) for the t setting to reduce the amount of opioids require d with treatment. Characterize increasing treating erse events and reduce unintentional drug over g surveillance and intervention tool for identifying ies for opioid addiction to protect against relape typical dissociatives might also reverse the effects. Perform longitudinal data analyses to couples at risk for negative relationship outcor ered Medical Home (PCMH) to improve evider	e mine he e red for ment erdose ng se. rects cicated mes.					
FY16 program cost is \$3.929M, UFR = \$3.000M							
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Further identify practical health delivery platforms using health services resear solutions to improve troop to beneficiary health. Pilot feasibility studies and exaresearch to address current high diagnoses rates of musculoskeletal pain, and other chronic disease states. Research health priorities using data analytics to health performance measures to identify degrees of health needed to optimize troop reliability. Initiate research to enhance accession health and minimize/pl and psychological/cultural impact of Women in Combat. Research and incorpor clinical communication networks to train providers and engage beneficiaries the patient genomic information to individualize population health services. Continue transfer to replantation of traumatic amputations and to advanced reconstruction guidance on the clinical impact of the new cell-based therapies as applied to interval.	pand to large scale, standardized implementation xiety/depressive disorders, autism, obesity and obe define and validate occupational and physical e, sustain and enhance health practices to implement training injury patterns. Assess the physical orate health information technology to develop mough integrated communities of care. Utilize hue regenerative/reconstructive research to val on-reconstructable injuries. Expand composite ion with composite tissue allotransplantation. F	tion I rove sical lidate tissue Provide					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	alth Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	285B / Co	c <b>t (Number/Name)</b> I Core Operational Medicine R& al Translational Focus (AF)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
IED and burn wound reconstruction, and beneficiaries with other tra pain following traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, identify non-medical use of opioids in a military setting. Adapt a step military training context and evaluate its effectiveness at improving interpretation of PCM team productivity and clinic workflow post-Mic FY17 program cost is \$3.147, UFR = \$2.000M	and substance abuse. Implement risk mitigation system pped, couple relationship-skills intervention that fits withir future outcomes for military couples. Provide a comprehe	to n a					
		ototals	0.000	0.929			

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 28				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 285C / Core Operational Medicine R&D - Aerospace/Human Performance Focus (/				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
285C: Core Operational Medicine R&D - Aerospace/ Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	0.928	1.147	-	1.147	1.349	1.360	1.387	1.415	Continuing	Continuin	
A. Mission Description and Bud	aet Item Jı	ustification											
area of interest and conversely if Overall research in this project wi B. Accomplishments/Planned P	ll support o	ptimization	of health ca						ocus on high	n-value asse			
<i>Title:</i> Core Operational Medicine	• ·			ance Focus	s (ΔF)					0.000	0.928	1.14	
<b>Description:</b> This project area se specialized handling during routing program members. Research will for these beneficiaries. It will also area of interest and conversely if the general AF/DoD beneficiary pro AF/DoD beneficiaries but will focu	e medical c evaluate a ascertain i here are co ool. Overall	are such as nd determir f conditions onditions or research ir	s pilots, RPA ne if special not found in trends in th n this projec	A operators approache n the gener is populatic	, special tac s to person al patient po on requiring	ctics operato al health an opulation ar attention th	ors and pers d performar e applicable at are not n	sonnel relia nce are req to those ir ormally fou	uired n this nd in				
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.													
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Conduct research into select AF F Evaluate human performance pra- evaluation of aeromedical care se operators and their families.	ctice on gei	neral AF po	pulations id	entifying su	iccess and a	areas of imp	provement r	equired. Pe	erform				
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Further advance understanding of of improvement required to mature methods assessing for efficacy and	e comprehe	ensive resea	arch prograi	ms. Continu	ue to evalua	ite aeromed	ical care se	rvice delive	ery				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	285C	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 285C I Core Operational Medicine R& Aerospace/Human Performance Focu					
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> program to identify biomarkers of traumatic brain injury in warfighter improve aeromedical patient care. Continue development of auton emergent infectious diseases. Explore an integrated operational m comprehensive treatment to improve human health and performan	omously designed DNA-based therapeutic interventions a nedicine approach to characterize individual health and pr	against	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	0.000	0.928	1.147			

### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency							Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2			<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307B <i>I</i> Force Health Protection, Advanced Diagnostics/Therapeutics Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
307B: Force Health Protection, Advanced Diagnostics/ Therapeutics Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	29.236	10.792	8.173	7.725	-	7.725	5.034	9.230	11.169	11.392	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project area seeks to deliver improved capabilities across the full spectrum of operations in the areas of Directed Energy and Occupational and Environmental Health. Research in the Directed Energy sub-project area seeks to develop technologies to "detect to warn" and "detect to protect" AF operators such that they can take appropriate actions to prevent or minimize exposure leading to adverse health effects. Research in the Occupational and Environmental Health sub-project area involves the assessment and implementation of innovative new technologies that enable effective surveillance, detection, identification, and mitigation of hazardous chemical, biological, and physical hazards that present a health risk to our forces and threaten to degrade and disrupt the missions they execute. Air Force FHP efforts focus on health protection across the spectrum of AF air and ground operations. These include hazards presented to high performance and high flyer aircraft crews facing extreme environments within their flight envelopes that are potentially more sensitive to physiologic and cognitive stressors and rely on aircraft systems to provide life support for protection. Because Air Force installations are typically very strategically important in combat execution, they are more often tied to performing ops at fixed locations; therefore, they drive the need to detect and identify the USAF and environment-specific risks posed by chemical, biological, directed energy, and other radiological and physical hazard detection. Research is needed to improve these capabilities and to account for emerging threats. The mission needs driving the ability to detect also drives the need to rapidly reduce or mitigate threats once discovered. State of the art detection and monitoring equipment, therefore, is also an important FHP research need.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Force Health Protection, Advanced Diagnostics/Therapeutics Research & Development (Budgeted) (Air Force)	10.792	8.173	7.725
<b>Description:</b> This project area seeks to deliver improved capabilities across the full spectrum of operations in the areas of Directed Energy and Occupational and Environmental Health. Research in the Directed Energy sub-project area seeks to develop technologies to "detect to warn" and "detect to protect" AF operators such that they can take appropriate actions to prevent or minimize exposure leading to adverse health effects. Research in the Occupational and Environmental Health sub-project area involves the assessment and implementation of innovative new technologies that enable effective surveillance, detection, identification, and mitigation of hazardous chemical, biological, and physical hazards that present a health risk to our forces and threaten to degrade and disrupt the missions they execute. Air Force FHP efforts focus on health protection across the spectrum of AF air and ground operations. These include hazards presented to high performance and high flyer aircraft crews facing extreme environments within their flight envelopes that are potentially more sensitive to physiologic and cognitive			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	2 PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 307 Development Diag				oject (Number/Name) 17B I Force Health Protection, Advanced agnostics/Therapeutics Research & evelopment (Budgeted) (AF)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
stressors and rely on aircraft systems to provide life support for prostrategically important in combat execution, they are more often the need to detect and identify the USAF- and environment-specific rist radiological and physical hazards immediately and on-site so that enhanced monitoring capability, such as man-portable gold-standa capabilities and to account for emerging threats. The mission need reduce or mitigate threats once discovered. State of the art detecting FHP research need.	ed to performing ops at fixed locations; therefore, they driv sks posed by chemical, biological, directed energy, and ot operations can be resumed as quickly as possible. This re ard hazard detection. Research is needed to improve thes as driving the ability to detect also drives the need to rapid	re the her equires e ly						
AFMS Innovation initiatives include demonstration of projects to dr improvements and innovations, leading practices, disruptive and tr an agile culture of innovative through use of an innovations exchar identify gaps in genomic education, and development of education algorithms to identify pharmacogenomics interventions that can im AFMS. Provide further analysis in educational interventions for the for pharmacogenomics for anti-depressants and pain medication w associated with the establishment of an AFMS genome data repose	ansformative innovation into enterprise-wide efforts to enlinge web portal platform. Analyze genomics survey data to all programs to correct these gaps. Utilize patient modeling prove patient health and reduce healthcare costs across to proper use of genetic testing within the AFMS. Research within the AFMS. Analysis of methodologies and challenge	o ng the						
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Initiated Phase II of a Clinical Utilities Study (CUS) of enrolled Air F risk information on health outcomes, provides genetic risk profiles determine how knowledge of genetic risk information can impact a health outcomes, which will impact the future use of genetic risk in digital BioBank to store and analyze genomic data linked with elec specific data. Continued research projects to develop a device for for monitoring tissue oxygenation, multi-layer and micro-needle dru development of laser detection prototype for in cockpit detection ar for detection of Trypanasoma cruzi, the etiological agent of Chagar populations. Developed optimized brain control exercises for reduc protocols. Developed disease/non-battle musculoskeletal injury su developed first-ever characterization of corrective surgery by index microwave (HPW) exposures by characterizing biochemical events early diagnosis and treatment of injuries experienced by affected m	for clinically actionable conditions. The results of this stud participant's behavior, attitudes, healthcare utilization, an formation. Completed requirements development for an A tronic medical record information and other relevant and A non-invasive rapid determination of hydration status, devi ug delivery, and ultrasound transducing fabrics. Continued nd risk to operator health characterization. Validated assa s Disease for urgent testing of high-risk military and civilia cing tinnitus. Achieved IRB approval for initiation of FY16 rveillance program for active-duty service members, and k injury. Investigated potential biological indicators of high s for disease processes associated with HPM exposure for	y will d FMS AF ce d y n power or						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	ealth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	3
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	307B I Fo	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307B I Force Health Protection, Advanced Diagnostics/Therapeutics Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	TY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
in support of early detection of emerging threats by providing accumission-directed, persistent surveillance and real-time hazard iden emerging threat monitoring and event planning for disaster prepare	tification as key elements to deployable, operational and	vided			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue evaluating foreign made, clinical lasers to validate that the investigation of biomarkers associated with laser lesions, which is and biological tissue at optical frequencies. Continue developing a apply data to perform a bioinformatics-based analysis of retinal injumicrowave exposures to establish dose-response relationships. Contaminated food samples from remote locations to an analytical civilian public health sector. Continue research to develop miniatur Continue research to perform high-content, rapid throughput screet possible toxic threats in the aerospace environment. Complete stucclasses of chemicals. Complete the Problem Definition Study (PDS strategy that identifies critical and specific phased research studies and characterize airborne pollution hazards in the deployed environ of smaller/more capable sensors for monitoring remote environme identifying and characterizing health effects associated with exposs directed energy weapons, newly detected operational chemicals. Completing the senses of chemicals in the operational chemicals. Complete for infectious disease three remote sensing. Address the enhancement of health risk assessment light weight and easy to use for Air Force Special Operators to diago Develop nanoparticle sensing prototype for infectious disease three remotes sensing. Address the enhancement of health risk assessment consequences of hazardous health exposures and allowing for the Develop capabilities to efficiently and effectively continuously mon capture in searchable database for future reference. Provide an ar populations to determine if force health protection measures should compact, deployable tool for blood-oxygen-level dependent MRI w cortex and reduce tinnitus symptoms as the first compact tool that	exploring the biophysical interactions between directed er retinal injury atlas database for use by clinicians and furth ury treatment alternatives. Continue studying high-powere ontinue developing and testing prototype devices to detect the threat to exposed aircrew and pilots. Start transition to leak-proof, laboratory-approved transport system for ship laboratory; also, explore technology transfer potential to t rized sensors to identify hypoxic/toxic aircrew environment ening with pluripotent cells allowing for rapid determination dies to further improve HAPSITE capabilities to detect oth S) to develop a Portfolio Management Tool to define a res is and technology developments that are required to detect onment with specific relevance to the AF. Perform field test nucle to AF-relevant emerging exposure hazards; nanomate Continue genomic studies to include analysis of conditions of AFMS needs. Develop methodologies that are extrem gnose pathogens with almost no medical support in the field at identification and surveillance. Develop capabilities for erstoration of safe use of essential contaminated resource itor personnel exposures, securely transmit the information alysis of the Chagas disease threat within high-risk milita d be implemented to decrease exposure risk. Transition a rith neurofeedback to modulate hyperactivity of the auditor	nergy her d t and the AF ping he ts. of earch t ting ue erials, s ely eld. g the ces. n and ry			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heal	Ith Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307B <i>I Force Health Protection, Advance</i> <i>Diagnostics/Therapeutics Research &amp;</i> <i>Development (Budgeted) (AF)</i>				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
members periodically for the efficacy of surgical treatment for their not (e.g., gender- service, and age-specific trends) as well as rates for su- or on the contralateral side. Continue studying high-powered microwal Continue CUS enrollment and data analysis as well as development of transition of nano-biodressing to address wound remediation and hear anti-depressants and anti-psychotics within framework of the NIH ME associated with differential response to trauma. Complete three studie risk testing and coaching, and analysis of epigenetics associated with Clinical Utility Study to include additional enrollment to expand the ex- on study participants, investigation of diseases and conditions of oper and requirements for Air Force Medical System bioinformatics tools a digital Biobank. Increase support for Integrative Medicine efforts to p alternative medicine (CAM) programs to identify safe and effective the adjunct to conventional therapies for a holistic approach to patient ma Diagnostics to include telemedicine initiatives and other advanced teor research. Development of a digital Biobank to be used as a platform to the capability to combine and create genomic data registries for use i and transfer data in a virtual portal and create a test bed for methodo genomic data.	absequent surgery whether at the site of the index injur- ave exposures to establish dose-response relationships of a digital BioBank prototype. Initiate projects to support aling. Initiate research to examine the pharmacogenom EDSEQ infrastructure as well as research to identify var- tes on topics that include statin pharmacogenomics, get in stress and high altitude. Continue support for the AFM disting AFMS cohort, analysis of impact of genomic risk rational importance. Continue to mature methodologies and processes, including the development of the AFMS provide advancement of research into complementary a erapies to treat patients. CAM therapies will serve as a anagement. Continue to expand efforts to identify Adva chnology solutions; and leveraging of computational bid for the clinical implementation of genomic medicine with in research missions which will help collaborators to expand	nd nced plogy h tract			
Advanced Diagnostics program cost is \$2.500M per year; and the Interprograms supports the AFMS' strategic goals under Enterprise Mana Emerging Knowledge, Research and Technology) and E6 (Empower	gement, specifically E3 (Define Requirements and Utili	ze			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue studying high-powered microwave exposures to establish d prototype devices to detect and quantify lasers used to illuminate airc and pilots. Start transition to the AF public health community a recent approved transport system for shipping contaminated food samples fir explore technology transfer potential to the civilian public health sector to identify hypoxic/toxic aircrew environments. Continue research to p pluripotent cells allowing for rapid determination of possible toxic three further improve HAPSITE capabilities to detect other classes of chem	craft and characterize the health threat to exposed aircr tly developed compact, insulated, leak-proof, laboratory from remote locations to an analytical laboratory; also, or. Continue research to develop miniaturized sensors perform high-content, rapid throughput screening with eats in the aerospace environment. Complete studies to	ew /-			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307B <i>I</i> Force Health Protection, Advanced Diagnostics/Therapeutics Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
develop a Portfolio Management Tool to define a research strategy and technology developments that are required to detect and chara with specific relevance to the AF. Perform field testing of smaller/m health hazards and physiological parameters. Continue identifying to AF-relevant emerging exposure hazards; nanomaterials, directer Begin Development of novel tools for pathogen identification. Deve abnormalities. Continue to evaluate leading causes of missed train military readiness, to improve the health and well-being of trainees from the associated medical and non-medical costs, including long eliminating disruptions in the training pipeline. Continue subject em- risk military populations and implement force protection measures f in the area of occupational and environmental health by delivering health hazards at the detector's point of operation and improving ca- personnel by providing rapid detection and notification of the prese of new strategies for prevention, identification, and treatment of inju and other physical threats. Continue to develop rapid, ruggedized, the ongoing evaluation of nanoparticle sensing prototypes for infec- new molecular targets (plasma markers) for enhanced detection ar proteomic and pharmacogenetic testing to advance force health pro- Advanced Diagnostics program cost is \$2.500M per year; and the I programs supports the AFMS' strategic goals under Enterprise Mai Emerging Knowledge, Research and Technology) and E6 (Empow	acterize airborne pollution hazards in the deployed environ ore capable sensors for monitoring remote environmental and characterizing health effects associated with exposur d energy weapons, newly detected operational chemicals lop targeted mitigations for white matter hyperintensity ing time and medical attrition from training, significantly af and active duty service members; save significant money -term disability costs; and improve operational readiness rollment for analysis of the Chagas disease threat within h to decrease exposure risk. Advance force health protectio real time detection and identification of airborne biological apabilities of Air Force Medical Service Preventive Medici nce of infectious disease agents. Continue the development uries caused by emerging biological, chemical, directed er field-forward methodologies to detect health threats, inclu tious disease threat identification and surveillance. Identified approvention. Provide further analysis of genetic, epigener otection measures within the AFMS.	iment e fect py igh- n ne ent nergy ding y tic,			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals 10.792	8.173	7.72	
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements wit scientific and technical efforts within this program these agreeme					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence	ŷ	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (Number/Name)
0130/2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	307B I Force Health Protection, Advanced
	Development	Diagnostics/Therapeutics Research &
		Development (Budgeted) (AF)

are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 3				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307C I Core Force Health Protection R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)			ion R&D -
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
307C: Core Force Health Protection R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.500	-	1.500	2.235	2.375	2.463	2.512	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project seeks to deliver improved capabilities across the full spectrum of operations in the areas of Directed Energy and Occupational and Environmental Health. Research in the Directed Energy sub-project area seeks to develop technologies to "detect to warn" and "detect to protect" AF operators such that they can take appropriate actions to prevent or minimize exposure leading to adverse health effects. Research in the Occupational and Environmental Health sub-project area involves the assessment and implementation of innovative new technologies that enable effective surveillance, detection, identification, and mitigation of hazardous chemical, biological, and physical hazards that present a health risk to our forces and threaten to degrade and disrupt the missions they execute. Air Force FHP efforts focus on health protection across the spectrum of AF air and ground operations. These include hazards presented to high performance and high flyer aircraft crews facing extreme environments within their flight envelopes that are potentially more sensitive to physiologic and cognitive stressors and rely on aircraft systems to provide life support for protection. Because Air Force installations are typically very strategically important in combat execution, they are more often tied to performing ops at fixed locations; therefore, they drive the need to detect and identify the USAF and environment-specific risks possible. This requires enhanced monitoring capability, such as man-portable gold-standard hazard detection. Research is needed to improve these capabilities and to account for emerging threats. The mission needs driving the ability to detect also drives the need to rapidly reduce or mitigate threats once discovered. State of the art detection and monitoring equipment, therefore, is also an important FHP research need.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Core Force Health Protection R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	1.000	1.500
<b>Description:</b> This project seeks to deliver improved capabilities across the full spectrum of operations in the areas of Directed Energy and Occupational and Environmental Health. Research in the Directed Energy sub-project area seeks to develop technologies to "detect to warn" and "detect to protect" AF operators such that they can take appropriate actions to prevent or minimize exposure leading to adverse health effects. Research in the Occupational and Environmental Health sub-project area involves the assessment and implementation of innovative new technologies that enable effective surveillance, detection, identification, and mitigation of hazardous chemical, biological, and physical hazards that present a health risk to our forces and threaten to degrade and disrupt the missions they execute. Air Force FHP efforts focus on health protection across the spectrum of AF air and ground operations. These include hazards presented to high performance and high flyer aircraft crews facing extreme environments within their flight envelopes that are potentially more sensitive to physiologic and cognitive stressors and rely on aircraft systems to provide life support for protection. Because Air Force installations are typically very strategically important in combat execution, they are more often tied to performing ops at fixed locations; therefore, they drive the need to			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Healt	th Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307C / Core Force Health Protection Clinical Translational Focus (AF)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
detect and identify the USAF and environment-specific risks posed by and physical hazards immediately and on-site so that operations can monitoring capability, such as man-portable gold-standard hazard det and to account for emerging threats. The mission needs driving the al mitigate threats once discovered. State of the art detection and monitor research need.	be resumed as quickly as possible. This requires enha tection. Research is needed to improve these capabilit bility to detect also drives the need to rapidly reduce of	inced			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue evaluating foreign made, clinical lasers to validate that the d investigation of biomarkers associated with laser lesions, which is exp and biological tissue at optical frequencies. Continue developing a ref apply data to perform a bioinformatics-based analysis of retinal injury microwave exposures to establish dose-response relationships. Conti and quantify lasers used to illuminate aircraft and characterize the here to the AF public health community a recently developed compact, insu for shipping contaminated food samples from remote locations to an a potential to the civilian public health sector. Continue research to deve environments. Continue research to perform high-content, rapid throu determination of possible toxic threats in the aerospace environment. to detect other classes of chemicals. Complete the Problem Definition define a research strategy that identifies critical and specific phased r required to detect and characterize airborne pollution hazards in the of Perform field testing of smaller/more capable sensors for monitoring r parameters. Continue identifying and characterizing health effects as Proposed expansion of Genomic Studies to include analysis of condit assessment of AFMS needs. Continue AFMS Innovation initiatives in leadings practices, disruptive and transformative technologies. Analysis education, and development of educational programs to correct these pharmacogenomic interventions that can improve patient health and r analysis in educational interventions for the proper use of genetic test for anti-depressents and pain medication within the AFMS. Analysis of	bloring the biophysical interactions between directed en- tinal injury atlas database for use by clinicians and furt treatment alternatives. Continue studying high-powere inue developing and testing prototype devices to detect alth threat to exposed aircrew and pilots. Start transition ulated, leak-proof, laboratory-approved transport syste analytical laboratory; also, explore technology transfer elop miniaturized sensors to identify hypoxic/toxic aircru- ughput screening with pluripotent cells allowing for rapion Complete studies to further improve HAPSITE capabi- in Study (PDS) to develop a Portfolio Management Too- research studies and technology developments that are deployed environment with specific relevance to the AF remote environmental health hazards and physiological sociated with exposure to AF-relevant nanomaterials. tions with operational and clinical importance, based of neluding demonstration projects for process improvements is of genomics survey data to identify gaps in genomi- e gaps. Utilization of patient modeling algorithms to ide- reduce healthcare costs across the AFMS. Provide fur- ting within the AFMS. Research for pharmacogenomic	nergy her ed t t m m rew d lities l to e t to e t n an ents, c entify her			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health A	Agency	Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307C I Core Force Health Protection R& Clinical Translational Focus (AF)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 201	5 FY 2016	FY 2017	
establishment of an AFMS genome data repository for future implementa genomic research within the AFMS, the USAF will continue participation research projects. Continue to develop a high-content, rapid throughput t for a rapid screening of possible threats in the aerospace environment. D and easy to use for Air Force Special Operators to diagnose pathogens, comprehensive study of aircraft breathing air quality across the Air Force needed. Complete evaluating foreign made, clinical lasers to validate tha Complete the investigation of biomarkers associated with laser lesions, w directed energy and biological tissue at optical frequencies. Continue dev clinicians and further apply data to perform a bioinformatics-based analys studying high-powered microwave exposures to establish dose-response devices to detect and quantify lasers used to illuminate aircraft and chara Complete the transition to the AF public health community a recently dev approved transport system for shipping contaminated food samples from the technology transfer to the civilian public health sector. Complete rese toxic aircrew environments. Continue research to perform high-content, r for rapid determination of possible toxic threats in the aerospace environ and assess hazardous chemical, biological, and physical agents relevant studies identified the Problem Definition Study (PDS) and research strate (to include burn pits) in the deployed environment. Continue field testing environmental health hazards and physiological parameters. Continue di exposure to AF-relevant nanomaterials. Continue AFMS Innovation demi leadings practices, disruptive and transformative technologies. Continued initial analysis of impact of genomic risk data on study participants. Analy of operational importance. Continued support for research into education within the AFMS and pharmacogenomics research regarding the use of a Implementation of genomic education program at USAF testing facility to clinical care, and patient outcomes. Pharmacogenomic demonstration pr patie	in National Human Genome Institute pharmacoger toxicological capability with pluripotent cells allowin Develop methodologies that a extremely light weigh with almost no medical support in the field. Perform a fleet to ensure risks are understood and mitigated at the devices meet U.S. safety and health standard which is exploring the biophysical interactions betwee veloping a retinal injury atlas database for use by sis of retinal injury treatment alternatives. Continue e relationships. Continue developing and testing pro- acterize the health threat to exposed aircrew and pi- veloped compact, insulated, leak-proof, laboratory- n remote locations to an analytical laboratory. Comp- earch to develop miniaturized sensors to identify hy rapid throughput screening with pluripotent cells allow of smaller/more capable sensors for monitoring rer lentifying and characterizing health effects associat ionstration initiatives, including process improvement d support for the AFMS Clinical Utility Study to inclu- yais of recruited AF cohorts for diseases and condition anti-depressants and pain medication within the AF or measure impact of education on genetic test utiliza- rojects at AFMS sites and AF MTFs to test the impa- requirements for Air Force Medical System bioinform oank and the integration of genomic data into clinical antion clinical the integration of genomic data into clinical and the integration of genomic data into clinical	a if a if b. b. b. b. b. b. b. b. b. b. b. b. b.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Ag	jency		Date: F	ebruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	307C /	Project (Number/Name) 307C I Core Force Health Protection R&I Clinical Translational Focus (AF)				
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> Records. Continue to develop a high-content, rapid throughput toxicologic screening of possible threats in the aerospace environment.	al capability with pluripotent cells allowing for a ra	pid	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue to evaluate leading causes of missed training time and medical a readiness, to improve the health and well-being of trainees and active duty associated medical and non-medical costs, including long-term disability of disruptions in the training pipeline. Continue subject enrollment for analysis populations and implement force protection measures to decrease expose occupational and environmental health by delivering real time detection are at the detector's point of operation and improving capabilities of Air Force by providing rapid detection and notification of the presence of infectious of strategies for prevention, identification, and treatment of injuries caused by other physical threats. Continue to develop rapid, ruggedized, field-forward the ongoing evaluation of nanoparticle sensing prototypes for infectious di new molecular targets (plasma markers) for enhanced detection and prevention and pharmacogenetic testing to advance force health protection	y service members; save significant money from the costs; and improve operational readiness by elimin is of the Chagas disease threat within high-risk mi- ine risk. Advance force health protection in the are nd identification of airborne biological health hazar Medical Service Preventive Medicine personnel disease agents. Continue the development of new y emerging biological, chemical, directed energy a d methodologies to detect health threats, including sease threat identification and surveillance. Identi- ention. Provide further analysis of genetic, epigen	ating litary a of ds und J fy					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	0.000	1.000	1.500		
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>							

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology					<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 307D / Core Force Health Protection R& Aerospace Medicine/Human Performanc Focus (AF)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
307D: Core Force Health Protection R&D - Aerospace Medicine/Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.500	-	1.500	2.235	2.375	2.463	2.512	Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bud	dget Item J	ustification	1										
This project area conducts resea the industrial (in garrison) enviro impact or long-term health effect mechanistic effects of chemical, potential mission impact. Techno understanding of the risks and en	nment or du (Go vs. No biological, ra ological oppo	ring emerge Go above s adiological, ortunities to	ency respor some pre-de directed en wards non-i	efined haza efined haza ergy, and o nvasive ser	ation gained rd level). Ke other occupa nsing of the	l means risk ey focus area ational expos human and	s are more as include a sure threats	fully unders better und This inclu	tood with r erstanding des subtle	espect to po of dosing, r cognitive ef	otential miss ates of dosin fects where	ion ng, and there is	
B. Accomplishments/Planned F	Programs (	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	( 2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Title: Core Force Health Protecti	on R&D - Ae	erospace M	edicine/Hur	nan Perforr	mance Focu	ıs (AF)				0.000	1.000	1.500	
<b>Description:</b> This project area constrained including all settings such as dependent of the project area of the provided means risks at vs. No Go above some pre-defined mechanistic effects of chemical, is subtle cognitive effects where the human and the environment are appropriate mitigation and treatmeter methods.	loyed, in the are more full ed hazard le biological, ra ere is potent growing and	e aircraft, in y understoc vel). Key fo adiological, ial mission i l can be exp	the industri od with resp icus areas in directed ene impact. Tec	al (in garris ect to poter nclude a be ergy, and o hnological o	on) environ ntial missior etter unders ther occupa opportunitie	ment or duri n impact or lo tanding of do tional expos s towards n	ing emerge ong-term he osing, rates sure threats on-invasive	ncy respons alth effect ( of dosing, . This inclue sensing of	Go and des the				
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.													
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue to develop a high-contess screening of possible threats in the and validate devices or methods pathogens with almost no medical	he aerospac that are ext	e environm remely light	ent that incl weight and	udes genet easy to us	tic uncertair e for Air Foi	ity in the risk rce Special (	< assessme Operators to	nt. Develop o diagnose					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heal	th Agency	Dat	e: February 2016	3			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	307D / Core F	Project (Number/Name) 007D / Core Force Health Protection Ra Aerospace Medicine/Human Performan Focus (AF)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 20 <sup>4</sup>	5 FY 2016	FY 2017			
Air Force fleet to ensure risks are understood and mitigated if needed hazards. Develop capabilities to efficiently and effectively continuous information and capture in searchable database for future reference. effects of low-level exposures from low-level exposures in the challen to study the role of the gut microbiome relevance to deployed airmen	ly monitor personnel exposures, securely transmit the Perform assessment of subtle cognitive and respiratory nging environments associated with AI operations. Con	/					
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue to develop a high-content, rapid throughput toxicological casscreening of possible threats in the aerospace environment that incluand validate devices or methods that are extremely light weight and expathogens with almost no medical support in the field. Perform compared hazards. Develop capabilities to efficiently and effectively continuous information and capture in searchable database for future reference. effects of low-level exposures from low-level exposures in the challent development of automated algorithms that incorporate environmental mitigation actions in real time as hazards are presented in-flight and i microbiome relevance to deployed airmen health and performance.	des genetic uncertainty in the risk assessment. Develo easy to use for Air Force Special Operators to diagnose rehensive study of aircraft breathing air quality across t d. Develop capabilities for remote sensing of environme ly monitor personnel exposures, securely transmit the Perform assessment of subtle cognitive and respiratory nging environments associated with AI operations. Initia sensor and risk assessment to determine appropriate	p he ental / ite					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	ototolo 0	1.000	1.50			

### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

#### <u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
0130/2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	307D / Cor	e Force Health Protection R&D -
	Development	Aerospace	Medicine/Human Performance
		Focus (AF)	

### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology       308B / Expedition         Development       Development       Development						editionary l	Medicine Re	esearch &				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
308B: Expeditionary Medicine Research & Development (Budgeted) (AF)	7.616	4.544	1.180	1.160	-	1.160	1.560	1.640	1.673	1.706	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project area identifies cutting edge techniques and technologies that can be employed by AF medics during contingency operations. Sub-project areas include: Expeditionary Logistics and Expeditionary Casualty Care. Expeditionary Logistics seeks to develop/validate novel procedures, materials, techniques, and tools to reduce size and weight, optimize power requirements, and minimize logistics footprint associated with expeditionary operations. It also examines ways to standardize equipment and supplies used by medical response teams because of the increasing number of missions that find teams from different countries working together. Expeditionary Casualty Care focuses on optimizing existing and developing new casualty care tools and techniques, improving methods and techniques for remote monitoring and triage systems, identifying and mitigating issues related to casualty care in an expeditionary setting, and validation of best-fit technologies in casualty care missions.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Expeditionary Medicine Research & Development (Air Force)	4.544	1.180	1.160
<b>Description:</b> This project area identifies cutting edge techniques and technologies that can be employed by AF medics during contingency operations. Sub-project areas include: Expeditionary Logistics and Expeditionary Casualty Care. Expeditionary Logistics seeks to develop/validate novel procedures, materials, techniques, and tools to reduce size and weight, optimize power requirements, and minimize logistics footprint associated with expeditionary operations. It also examines ways to standardize equipment and supplies used by medical response teams because of the increasing number of missions that find teams from different countries working together. Expeditionary Casualty Care focuses on optimizing existing and developing new casualty care tools and techniques, improving methods and techniques for remote monitoring and triage systems, identifying and mitigating issues related to casualty care in an expeditionary setting, and validation of best-fit technologies in casualty care missions.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Produced the Clinical Standardization Guidelines for use of progesterone in the treatment of Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI). Transitioned hydroxocobalamin as a safe, FDA approved, effective drug to reduces nitric oxide, improve blood pressure and cardiac output, improve inflammation and act as a neuroprotective agent for septic shock, cyanide induced shock and hemorrhage shock. Concluded in-theatre data enrollment of prehospital and en route analgesic use in traumatically injured patients, including number of procedures, type of procedures, effectiveness, perceived necessity and the complication rates of the attempted or performed procedures. Initiated evaluation of new treatments to decrease deaths associated with acute kidney disease (AKI). Developed a model of Aortic Hemostasis and Resuscitation (AHR) to evaluate Advanced Resuscitative Endovascular Balloon Occlusion of the Aorta (REBOA-A) for non-compressible torso hemorrhage and reversal of hemorrhage induced traumatic cardiac arrest (HiTCA). Established model to evaluate endovascular devices for repair of infrarenal aortic injury to reduce mortality due to			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agen	су	Date	February 201	6	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 308B / Expeditionary Medicine Researd Development (Budgeted) (AF)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) major vascular injury from noncompressible torso hemorrhage (NCTH) as the	bloading cause of potentially survivable trauma	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
the battlefield. Evaluated the abdominal aortic tourniquet application, Tactical and spray-dried plasma resuscitation on cardiovascular function, cardiopulme mitigate mortality due to non-compressible, pelvic junctional hemorrhage follo and pelvic disruption. Developed a model of bi-lateral hind limb ischemia repu- will be developed. Characterized the immune-inflammatory and coagulation r of FDA approved immune-inflammatory cloaking compounds that could reduc Prototyped portable sterilization technology for surgical instruments in remote clearance.	I Combat Casualty Care (TCCC) guided resusci onary function and visceral tissue oxygenation to owing traumatic high bilateral extremity amputat erfusion injury using endovascular balloon, occlures responses of traumatic hemorrhage to identify ta ce mortality and morbidity of traumatic hemorrhage	tation on usion urgets			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue research and development of therapeutic interventions to sustain lift research on blood sparing drugs for hemorrhagic shock resuscitation and tre- products, rhabdomyolysis and ischemia-reperfusion injury. Transition multi- clo advanced development. Support advanced development of TS-VIS if nece care testing devices for field use. Continue identification of biomarkers and de predict the need for life saving interventions. Continue research addressing metry Expeditionary Logistics. Investigate lifesaving hemorrhage control product that can be introduced to the interventions. Determine the efficacy of advanced hemorrhage control techno- in models of uncontrolled hemorrhage. Evaluate prehospital and En-Route and decrease post-treatment morbidity and mortality. Conduct a study evaluating with rhabdomyolysis, or the breakdown of skeletal muscle, to decrease death AHR with current and future capability O2-carrying fluids (whole blood [WB], return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) and survival with critical care in an hemorrhage and reversal of hemorrhage induced traumatic cardiac arrest co of the Cytosorb® filter in mitigating the deleterious effects of bi-lateral hind lim of blood to optimize initial hemostatic resuscitation and promote casualty stal damage control resuscitation at the molecular level in blood from patients wit pharmacological intervention on complement activation and coagulation. Eva mortality and morbidity of trauma and hemorrhagic shock. Evaluate long-term Service Member with vascular injury to address late repair success and funct prediction for rapid identification of patients at high risk of AKI with subseque involving delayed evacuation times, this information is vital in order to prioritize	atment for neuroprotection, cryopreserved blood hannel negative pressure wound treatment syste essary. Begin studies to test and compare point evelopment of decision support algorithms which needs related to Expeditionary Casualty Care are the field of combat casualty care as lifesaving blogies including X-Stat and small bore X-Stat halgesic use in traumatically injured patients to Cytosorb®TM for removing myoglobin in patient associated in patients with AKI. Demonstrate t and multi-function resuscitation fluid [MRF]) imp otherwise lethal model of non-compressible tor mpared to standard of care. Evaluate the efficient bischemia reperfusion. Evaluate key compone bilization. Characterize the effects of trauma and h exsanguination shock. Characterize the effect futuate the ability of complement inhibitors to reduce no outcomes and life-long follow-up of the injured tional outcomes. Evaluate improved method for not risk of death. In the context of evolving doctrin	em of n d ts nat roves so sy ints I s of ice AKI ne			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ncy		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	Project (Number/Name) 308B / Expeditionary Medicine R Development (Budgeted) (AF)			Research &
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
allocation of scarce resources in the deployed environment. Investigate the intimal tissue caused by thoracic endograft stents as the first endovascular efficacy of Extra-corporeal life support technologies for "suspended animati physiological modalities for reducing the impact of metabolism and cellular Mesenchymal Stromal Cell Library for use in pre-clinical and translational re therapies for "suspended animation" technologies. Determine efficacy of Ac in reducing or ameliorating physiologic dyshomeostasis induced by severe animation" technologies like deep hypothermia in a small volume, lyophiliza	therapeutic modality for aortic tears. Evaluate th on" approaches that apply both pharmacological damage following traumatic injury. Establish Swi esearch pertaining to acute lung injury and adjun enosine, lidocaine and magnesium (ALM)/Aden controlled hemorrhage to augment "suspended	e and ne ct			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue research and development of therapeutic interventions to sustain research on blood sparing drugs for hemorrhagic shock resuscitation and tr products, rhabdomyolysis and ischemia-reperfusion injury. Continue studie for field use. Continue identification of biomarkers and development of decisineds related to Expeditionary Casualty Care and Expeditionary Logistics. It reatment system to advanced development. Support advanced development hemorrhage control products that utilize alternative technologies to active h more versatile solution to various hemorrhage control pathologies across the AHR to Level II/III emergency care providers to increase survivability of hemorement.	eatment for neuroprotection, cryopreserved bloc s to test and compare point of care testing devic sion support algorithms which predict the need for upport algorithms. Continue research addressing Transition multi-channel negative pressure wour nt of TS-VIS if necessary. Continue to evaluate emostatic coatings to provide a lower-cost, safer e continuum of care. Demonstrate feasibility of t	es or g id novel ` and			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	4.544	1.180	1.160

### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

#### <u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
0130/2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	308B / Exp	editionary Medicine Research &
	Development	Developme	ent (Budgeted) (AF)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	: PB 2017 C	Defense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	a <b>m Elemen</b> I5DHA / Me ent	•	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 308C I Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
308C: Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.503	1.500	-	1.500	1.497	1.501	1.531	1.562	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud This project area identifies cutting Expeditionary Logistics and Expe size and weight, optimize power r and supplies used by medical res Casualty Care focuses on optimiz triage systems, identifying and m	g edge techi editionary Ca requirement sponse team zing existing	niques and asualty Caro ts, and mini ns because g and develo	technologie e. Expeditio mize logistic of the incre oping new c	nary Logist cs footprint asing numb asualty car	ics seeks to associated per of missioner tools and	develop/va with expedi- ons that find techniques,	alidate nove tionary ope I teams fron , improving	l procedure rations. It al n different c methods ar	s, materials lso examine countries wo nd technique	, technique s ways to s orking togethes for remote	s, and tools tandardize e ner. Expedit e monitoring	to reduce equipment ionary g and

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - Clinical Translational Focus (AF)	0.000	1.503	1.500
<b>Description:</b> This project area identifies cutting edge techniques and technologies that can be employed by AF medics during contingency operations. Sub-project areas include: Expeditionary Logistics and Expeditionary Casualty Care. Expeditionary Logistics seeks to develop/validate novel procedures, materials, techniques, and tools to reduce size and weight, optimize power requirements, and minimize logistics footprint associated with expeditionary operations. It also examines ways to standardize equipment and supplies used by medical response teams because of the increasing number of missions that find teams from different countries working together. Expeditionary Casualty Care focuses on optimizing existing and developing new casualty care tools and techniques, improving methods and techniques for remote monitoring and triage systems, identifying and mitigating issues related to casualty care in an expeditionary setting, and validation of best-fit technologies in casualty care missions.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.			
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Investigate lifesaving hemorrhage control product that can be introduced to the field of combat casualty care as lifesaving interventions. Determine the efficacy of advanced hemorrhage control technologies including X-Stat and small bore X-Stat in models of uncontrolled hemorrhage. Evaluate prehospital and En-Route analgesic use in traumatically injured patients to decrease post-treatment morbidity and mortality. Conducted a pilot study evaluating Cytosorb®TM for removing myoglobin in patients with rhabdomyolysis, or the breakdown of skeletal muscle, to decrease death associated in patients with AKI. Demonstrate that AHR with current and future capability O2-carrying fluids (whole blood [WB], and multi-function resuscitation			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	Health Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	i			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	308C / Core Expec	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 308C / Core Expeditionary Medicine Clinical Translational Focus (AF)				
D/2       PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development       308C / Core Expeditional Clinical Translational For Clinical Translational For FY 2015 FY FY Clinical Translational For FY 2015 FY FY 2015 FY FY Clinical Translational For FY 2015 FY FY Clinical Translational For FY 2015 FY FY 2015 FY FY Clinical Translational For FY 2015 FY FY 2015 FY FY FY 2015 FY FY FY FY 2015 FY FY FY FY 2015 FY FY FY FY FY FY 2015 FY FY FY FY 2015 FY FY FY FY 2015 FY FY FY FY 20			FY 2016	FY 2017			
non-compressible torso hemorrhage and reversal of hemorrhage care. Evaluate the efficacy of the Cytosorb® filter in mitigating the Evaluate key components of blood to optimize initial hemostatic re the effects of trauma and damage control resuscitation at the mol Characterize the effects of pharmacological intervention on comp complement inhibitors to reduce mortality and morbidity of trauma life-long follow-up of the injured Service Member with vascular inj Evaluate improved method for AKI prediction for rapid identification In the context of evolving doctrine involving delayed evacuation ti aeromedical evacuation and in the allocation of scarce resources microvascular damage on normal intimal tissue caused by thorac for aortic tears. Evaluate the efficacy of Extra-corporeal life suppor both pharmacological and physiological modalities for reducing the injury. Establish Swine Mesenchymal Stromal Cell Library for use injury and adjunct therapies for "suspended animation" technolog (ALM)/Adenocaine in reducing or ameliorating physiologic dyshor	induced traumatic cardiac arrest compared to standard of e deleterious effects of bi-lateral hind limb ischemia reperfu esuscitation and promote casualty stabilization. Characteria lecular level in blood from patients with exsanguination sho element activation and coagulation. Evaluate the ability of a and hemorrhagic shock. Evaluate long-term outcomes an jury to address late repair success and functional outcomes on of patients at high risk of AKI with subsequent risk of de- mes, this information is vital in order to prioritize patients for in the deployed environment. Investigate the near and lon- ic endograft stents as the first endovascular therapeutic mo ort technologies for "suspended animation" approaches that he impact of metabolism and cellular damage following trau e in pre-clinical and translational research pertaining to acut jies. Determine efficacy of Adenosine, lidocaine and magne- meostasis induced by severe controlled hemorrhage to aug	sion. ze ck. d s. ath. or g-term odality t apply matic te lung esium gment					
FY16 program cost is \$2.047M, UFR = \$0.544							
research on blood sparing drugs for hemorrhagic shock resuscita ischemia-reperfusion injury. Transition multi-channel negative pre	tion and treatment for neuroprotection, rhabdomyolysis and essure wound treatment system to advanced development. e research addressing needs related to Expeditionary Casu morrhage control products that utilize alternative technologi re versatile solution to various hemorrhage control patholog	alty es to					
FY17 program cost is \$2.000M, UFR = \$0.5000M							
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	ototals 0.000	1.503	1.50			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,	Date: February 2016		
ppropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         130 / 2       PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology         Development       Development		308C / Cor	u <b>mber/Name)</b> e Expeditionary Medicine R&D - nslational Focus (AF)	
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)				
N/A				
Remarks				
D. Acquisition Strategy				
Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Arr scientific and technical efforts within this program these agreements are sup are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determination necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)	plemented with Broad Area Announcement (B	AA) and Intr	ramural calls for proposal	

#### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 308D					e <mark>ct (Number/Name)</mark> ) I Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - space/Human Performance Focus (AF,					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017         FY 2017           OCO         Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
308D: Core Expeditionary Medicine R&D - Aerospace/ Human Performance Focus (AF)	0.000	0.000	1.502	1.499	-	1.499	1.497	1.500	1.530	1.561	Continuing	Continuin
A. Mission Description and Bud	lget Item Ju	ustification										
be maintained by field providers. hospital or acute trauma/critical ca	are yet expe	ert delivery	of this care						t.		-	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P Title: Core Expeditionary Medicin			•						F١	<b>2015</b> 0.000	FY 2016 1.502	<b>FY 2017</b> 1.49
<b>Description:</b> This project area se number of missions that find team a lack of air dominance and vast g evacuation care phases of casual be maintained by field providers. I providers with minimal experience in an austere, isolated environment	ns from diffe geographic ty care in R Determinatione in pre-hosp	rent countri distances ir ole II care t on of what i	es working n future thea hat may be s required to	together. E iters that in unavailable o train peac	valuation of creases the e for up to 4 cetime milita	f skills requir tactical fiel 8 hrs after in ary care prov	red in an en d care requi njury and ca viders milita	ivironment v ired and tac asualties wil iry medical	with ctical II			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
FY 2016 Plans: Establish the optimal timing to est and hold patients until movement support (HSS) across service line phases of patient movement and o	is available s. Assess w	, stabilize a /hat resusci	nd treat dur tation goals	ing transpo (e.g. evide	ort, and prov ence-based	vide effective	e, integrated	health ser	vice			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	it R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	308D	Project (Number/Name) 308D / Core Expeditionary Medicir Aerospace/Human Performance F					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
Develop, validate and implement a suite of medical technologies for stabilization and transport without degradation of physiologic								
associated with extended pre-hospital transport times in austere								

Accomplishments/Planned Programs	Subtotals 0.00	1.499

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

**Remarks** 

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Interagency Agreements and Interservice Support Agreements with the US Army, US Navy and the Department of Homeland Security are used to support ongoing scientific and technical efforts within this program -- these agreements are supplemented with Broad Area Announcement (BAA) and Intramural calls for proposal are used to award initiatives in this program and project following determinations of scientific and technical merit, validation of need, prioritization, selection and any necessary legal and/or regulatory approvals (IRB, etc.)

### E. Performance Metrics

Individual initiatives are measured through a quarterly annual project performance reporting system and program management review process -- performance is measured against standardized criteria for cost, schedule and performance (technical objectives) and key performance parameters. Variances, deviations and/or breaches in key areas are reviewed and a decision is rendered on any adjustments through a formalized process of S&T governance.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> I5DHA / <i>Me</i> ent			Project (N 309A / Reg		<b>me)</b> Medicine (U	ISUHS)
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
309A: Regenerative Medicine (USUHS)	13.908	8.388	9.489	7.323	-	7.323	7.373	8.327	10.209	10.413	Continuing	Continuing
<ul> <li>A. Mission Description and Budg</li> <li>For the Uniformed Services Univer of clinicians and scientists across c of high relevance to military popula</li> <li>B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro</li> </ul>	sity of the lisciplines tions, with	Health Scients to catalyze	ences (USU innovative focus on pa	approaches	s to traumat	ic brain inju	ry (TBI) res	earch. CNF	RM Researc	h Program		
Title: Regenerative Medicine (USU	• ·		+							8.388	9.489	7.323
<b>Description:</b> The Center for Neuro scientists across disciplines to cata emphasize aspects of high relevant Medical Center. The CNRM has es <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Through Sep. 2015, CNRM clinical volunteers have enrolled in the CNR Through Nov. 2015, CNRM has ent more study entries are planned by o (Shared and Private) and specifical FITBIR from a DoD study of military Efforts are ongoing to evaluate blass for 7T high resolution MRI of the pa for tau are being developed and wil neuropathological studies to improve To correct PET quantification while PET attenuation correction for the field studies but more broadly support the	lyze innov ce to milita tablished studies ha RM screen cered 24 s end of 201 ly 17% of v service n thological l be valida ve MRI eva using the nead using	ative appro ary population 11 research ave enrolled ning protoco tudies into t (5. 32,912 E FITBIR sha nembers, and for a correst specimens ted in tissue aluation of r Siemens mo a synthetic	aches to tra ons, with a i cores and d 3,795 subjols to be cor the Federal Data records in important sponding ne and of blas es from TBI nild TBI.	aumatic brai primary foc funded 108 jects (1,981 nsidered for Interagency s were subr s). In 2014, precedent. euroimaging st patients v and tauopa oh, core sta ated from M	in injury (TE us on patier research p civilian; 1,8 future stud y TBI Resea nitted to FIT CNRM was signature. vith persistir athy cases. ff have deve RI data. Th	BI) research. Ints at the W projects. B14 military) ies. arch (FITBIF (BIR (11% of s the first to Several cor mg symptom MRI finding eloped a me is advance	CNRM Re alter Reed An addition An addition	search Prog National Mi onal 1,076 e; additional FITBIR reco y enter data dinating effo n, PET trac used to tar used to tar nt in proces e not only C	grams itary 17 rds a into orts cers get s) of			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			5		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development		Number/N egenerativ	<b>lame)</b> ve Medicine (l	USUHS)
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Through Nov. 2015, CNRM has published over 180 peer-reviewed publications numerous national and international conferences.	. In addition, CNRM researchers have presen	ted at			
Awarded 10 new research projects in Feb. 2015. In addition, received 46 pre-prescientific screening, 29 were selected to be submitted as full applications, with a 2016.					
Received several recognitions: Clinical Center Directors award to the Phenotyp recruitment and retention of patients in the CNRM TBI Natural History study, Al entitled, "PET Attenuation Correction Using Synthetic CT from Ultrashort EchoT the Academy of Interactive & Visual Arts for CNRM communication booklet.	aviMandell Award for Dr. S. Roy's publication				
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> CNRM objectives include: (1) Continue interdisciplinary, collaborative studies the WRNMMC, and intramural NIH to address the highest priority TBI research in direlevant to military service members; (2) Continue operational capability of all C with high quality resources and technical expertise; (3)Fund start-up research or maintain translational neuroimaging capability; (4) Define focus areas of next redirections, optimize research teams, and support new research projects pendir findings of CNRM basic, translational, and clinical research; (6) Host internal Cl of expertise and innovative development across basic, translational, and clinical foster interaction between CNRM investigators and other local research organiz clinical studies to qualified federal and academic investigators; (9) Provide hum approved research protocols within CNRM and to other qualified federal and academic funding agencies and commercial entities to advance translation of CNRM reserves neuroscience and regenerative medicine research capabilities at DoD sites in N (TBI) Research Synergy Board (RSB) and contribute to the TBI "Unity of Effort" research on "America's Health Campus."	liagnosis through treatment and recovery as Cores to provide efficient research infrastructur of one new USU Radiology faculty member to esearch stage and best funding format for those and availability of FY16 funding; (5) Dissemina NRM data discussions to foster cross-fertilizat I research; (7) Host annual research symposi- zations; (8) Support open data access to com- an brain and biofluids specimens for use in cademic investigators; (10) Partner with other earch;(11) Support fellowship program to facility ICA.; (12) Participate on the Traumatic Brain	e te ion um to bleted tate Injury			
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> CNRM objectives include: (1) Continue interdisciplinary, collaborative studies the WRNMMC, and intramural NIH to address the highest priority TBI research in direlevant to military service members; (2) Continue operational capability of all C with high quality resources and technical expertise; (3)Fund start-up research of the second	liagnosis through treatment and recovery as Cores to provide efficient research infrastructure	re			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	gency					Date: F	ebruary 2016	6	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Eler</b> 03115DHA <i>l</i> opment	•			ct (Number/N Regenerativ	,	<b>me)</b> Medicine (USUHS)	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in I	<u>/lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
directions, optimize research teams findings of CNRM basic, translation of expertise and innovative develop foster interaction between CNRM in clinical studies to qualified federal a approved research protocols within	al, and clinical ment across b vestigators ar nd academic	research; (6 basic, transla id other loca investigators	6) Host international, and controls I research os; (9) Provide	nal CNRM d clinical resea rganizations e human brai	ata discussion rch; (7) Host ; (8) Support in and bioflui	ons to foster annual rese open data a ds specimer	cross-fertiliz earch sympo access to cor ns for use in	ation sium to mpleted				
funding agencies and commercial e neuroscience and regenerative med (TBI) Research Synergy Board (RS research on "America's Health Carr	ntities to adva dicine researcl B) and contrib	nce translat n capabilities	ion of CNRM s at DoD site	1 research;(1 es in NCA.; (1 Effort" to stra	1) Support f 12) Participa tegically stre	ellowship pr ate on the Tr engthen and	ogram to fac aumatic Brai	ilitate in Injury ƁI	8.388	9.489	7.32	
C. Other Program Funding Summ	arv (\$ in Milli	ons)			• • • •							
	<u>ury (y 111 11111</u>		<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					Cost To	_	
<u>Line Item</u> • BA-1, 0806721HP: Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences	<u>FY 2015</u> 8.912	<u>FY 2016</u> 9.090	<u>Base</u> 9.272	<u>000</u> -	<u>Total</u> 9.272	<u>FY 2018</u> 9.458	<u>FY 2019</u> 9.647	<u>FY 202</u> 9.84		<ol> <li><u>Complete</u></li> <li>Continuing</li> </ol>		
Remarks Provides funding to conduct Natura support personnel.	ll History study	/; Infrastruct	ure to suppo	ort the CNRM	1 program; a	nd salaries o	of neuroscier	nce facult	y and technic	cal and admir	nistrative	

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

### E. Performance Metrics

Center for Neuroscience and Regenerative Medicine: In FY15 through FY17, identify, design protocols, perform scientific and program reviews, and conduct research in Clinical Core activities such as Phenotyping, Imaging and Imaging Analysis, to aid in patient diagnosis and evaluation.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 373A / GDF - Medical Technology Development			,	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
373A: GDF - Medical Technology Development	296.680	99.064	116.294	139.454	-	139.454	134.790	147.378	147.764	149.276	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force - Medical Technology Development provides funds for promising candidate solutions that are selected for initial safety and effectiveness testing in animal studies and/or small-scale human clinical trials regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration prior to licensing for human use. Medical technology development is managed by six Joint Program Committees (JPCs): 1- Medical simulation and information sciences (JPC-1) research aims to coordinate health information technology, simulation, and training research across the Medical Health System. Technology development efforts are directed toward the medical simulation task. 2- Military infectious diseases (JPC-2) research is developing protection and treatment products for military relevant infectious diseases. Technology development efforts are directed against tasks in bacterial diseases, diagnostics development, and viral diseases. 3- Military operational medicine (JPC-5) research goals are to develop and validate medical countermeasures against operational stressors, prevent physical and psychological injuries during training and operations, and to maximize health, performance and fitness of Service members. Technology development efforts are directed against tasks in musculoskeletal injury; brain health and performance risk; behavioral health, wellness and resilience; warfighter physical performance; nutrition and weight balance; psychiatry and clinical psychology disorders; neurosensory performance, injury and protection; blunt, blast and accelerative injury; environmental toxicant exposure; and aircrew health and performance. 4- Combat casualty care (JPC-6) research is optimizing survival and recovery in injured Service members across the spectrum of care from point of injury through enroute and facilities care. Technology development efforts are directed against tasks in hemorrhage, shock, and coagulopathy of trauma; TBI neurotrauma and brain dysfunction; treatments for extremity trauma, tissue injury, craniomaxillofacial injury, lung injury, and burns; pre-hospital tactical combat casualty care; enroute care; and military medical photonics. 5- Radiation health effects (JPC-7) research focuses on core capabilities to support technology development of radiation medical countermeasures development, to include demonstration of improved survivability after treatment with selected therapeutic candidates for acute radiation exposure, and identifying radioprotectants (preventative treatment) for further development. 6- Clinical and rehabilitative medicine (JPC-8) is developing knowledge and materiel products to reconstruct, rehabilitate, and provide care for injured Service members. Technology development efforts are directed against tasks in neuromusculoskeletal rehabilitation, pain management, regenerative medicine, and sensory systems. As research efforts mature, the most promising will transition to advanced concept development funding, PE 0604110. For knowledge products, successful findings will transition into clinical practice guidelines.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: GDF – Medical Technology Development	99.064	116.294	139.454
<b>Description:</b> Funds provide for the development of medical technology candidate solutions and components of early prototype systems for test and evaluation. Promising drug and vaccine candidates, knowledge products, and medical devices and technologies are selected for initial safety and effectiveness testing in small scale human clinical trials.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: FY 2015 Accomplishments:			

lealth Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	6		
D130 / 2 PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 373A / G					
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
em to focus on content creation into a variety of simulation ms. Medical simulation also supported research to improve lume scenario rehearsal as well as for those hard-to-come anguage within a medical context. Medical simulation relea- with technology through gestures or facial expressions that roposals via a program announcement to improve joint en- on the hand-offs and transfer of patients between provide echnology. This included different applications using station in environments that may have intermittent access to the n- pacteriophage (a group of viruses that infect and replicate dy was planned and initiated. The wound infection bacter roject, for detection of bacterial infection in wounds, compli- nd accuracy. Under antimicrobial countermeasures, clinica- ainst multiple drug resistant bacteria and to reduce surgica- wounds. A pre-Investigational New Drug (IND) meeting with ND requirements and the team has been working to addres the FY 2014 program announcement for the development of nitiated. Progressed in developing the capability to detect safety and effectiveness testing), and prepared for transiti- ice for advanced development.	ment re the e-by ased at are froute ers. c (non- etwork. ial leted al al th the ess of ion to h s of al g on SD). I health kills- and risk				
and training scenarios. Validated decision aids for managi	ing				
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development           he development of an open source virtual tissue advance im to focus on content creation into a variety of simulation ms. Medical simulation also supported research to improve ume scenario rehearsal as well as for those hard-to-come inguage within a medical context. Medical simulation releat with technology through gestures or facial expressions that roposals via a program announcement to improve joint er on the hand-offs and transfer of patients between provide echnology. This included different applications using static nenvironments that may have intermittent access to the n bacteriophage (a group of viruses that infect and replicate dy was planned and initiated. The wound infection bacter oject, for detection of bacterial infection in wounds, comp dd accuracy. Under antimicrobial countermeasures, clinications ainst multiple drug resistant bacteria and to reduce surgic younds. A pre-Investigational New Drug (IND) meeting wi ND requirements and the team has been working to addre use FY 2014 program announcement for the development of initiated. Progressed in developing the capability to detect safety and effectiveness testing), and prepared for transit to for advanced development.           rements to operational performance and Warfighter health Verified performance and musculoskeletal health metrics dies designed to determine the effectiveness of behaviorar gnitive behavioral interventions, a type of therapy focusing fighters, and interventions to improve and validates s fighters, and interventions to improve suicide prevention a tht loss in Warfighters and military families, and validated and training scenarios. Validated decision aids for managing the training scenarios.	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development       Project (Number/ 373A / GDF - Med Development         FY 2015       FY 2015         the development of an open source virtual tissue advancement on to focus on content creation into a variety of simulation ms. Medical simulation also supported research to improve the ume scenario rehearsal as well as for those hard-to-come-by inguage within a medical context. Medical simulation released with technology through gestures or facial expressions that are roposals via a program announcement to improve joint enroute on the hand-offs and transfer of patients between providers. echnology. This included different applications using static (non- to environments that may have intermittent access to the network.         bacteriophage (a group of viruses that infect and replicate dy was planned and initiated. The wound infection bacterial oject, for detection of bacterial infection in wounds, completed di accuracy. Under antimicrobial countermeasures, clinical ainst multiple drug resistant bacteria and to reduce surgical vounds. A pre-Investigational New Drug (IND) meeting with the ND requirements and the team has been working to address the FY 2014 program announcement for the development of nitiated. Progressed in developing the capability to detect safety and effectiveness testing), and prepared for transition to	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development         Project (Number/Name) 373A / GDF - Medical Technology Development           medical State         STA / GDF - Medical Technology Development         STA / GDF - Medical Technology Development           medical State         FY 2015         FY 2016           he development of an open source virtual tissue advancement mo focus on content creation into a variety of simulation ms. Medical simulation also supported research to improve the ume scenario rehearsal as well as for those hard-to-come-by inguage within a medical context. Medical simulation released with technology through gestures or facial expressions that are roposals via a program announcement to improve joint enroute on the hand-offs and transfer of patients between providers. echnology. This included different applications using static (non- e environments that may have intermittent access to the network.           pacteriophage (a group of viruses that infect and replicate dy was planned and initiated. The wound infection bacterial oject, for detection of bacterial infection in wounds, completed da accuracy. Under antimicrobial countermeasures, clinical ainst multiple drug resistant bacteria and to reduce surgical wounds. A pre-Investigational New Drug (IND) meeting with the ND requirements and the team has been working to address the FY 2014 program announcement for the development of nitiated. Progressed in developing the capability to detect safety and effectiveness testing), and prepared for transition to ce for advanced development.           rements to operational performance and Warfighter health Verified performance and musculoskeletal health metrics of dies designed to determine the effectiveness of behavioral initive behavioral interventions, a type of therap		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	1	Date	: February 201	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development		,	gy
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		t (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         dical Technology       373A I GDF - Medical Technology         373A I GDF - Medical Technology       Development         FY 2015 FY 2016         Imonary health resulting       FY 2016         Imonary healt	FY 2017	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) chemical exposures (e.g., permethrin, an insecticide used to treat uniforms). Refrom exposures to toxic substances. Combat casualty care: Hemorrhage researchers conducted non-clinical assess bleeding to be administered by first responders at or near the point of injury. Refthe immune inflammatory response in hemorrhage. TBI Neurotrauma task reset The enroute care task conducted research to evaluate enroute care clinical praimobilization litter, and the collection of continuous waveform data on transpotrauma continued to develop a specialized fracture repair product, address treat craniofacial salvage, and improve wound healing by evaluating the immune rest photonics program devised and tested minimally invasive, implanted just below almost continuous readings. Sensors have been supplied to the Army Institute on animals has compared favorably to blood sample testing. Almost continuous buildup is an excellent indicator of insufficient oxygen supply to the body. Photo the program and applied to nerve repair has been transitioned to other funding, surgeons at Walter Reed National Military Medical Center. This collaboration rest within minutes in saline and blood for use as a stent in repairing blood vessels of the neuromusculoskeletal injury rehabilitation, pain management, regenerative medical technologies for restoration and rehabilitation products. Pain management adverse events; developed novel treatments to control pain, including battlefieled pain, and chronic pain after amputation; studied modulation of inflammatory cell	efined biomarkers of pulmonary health resulting sments of new agents to control severe interna- esearchers also evaluated the ability to modul arch screened new TBI diagnostic approaches ctice guidelines, the clinical impact of a spina orted critical care patients. Treatments for extra thments for acute lung injury, enhance limb an sponse 72 hours post injury. The military medi of the skin, miniature lactate sensors, which ca for Surgical Research, where preliminary test is lactate sensing is important because lactate ochemical tissue bonding (PTB), developed un , and a collaboration was developed with militars sulted in the discovery of a glass which disso using PTB.	FY 201	5 FY 2016	FY 2017
neuropathic pain; studied effects of peripherally administered opioids, and deve (joint replacement) in Veterans. Regenerative medicine focused on novel appro damaged muscle tissue, to repair nerve gap injuries, to repair blood vascular in rejection of allografts (a tissue graft from a donor). Sensory systems conducted disorders in blast-exposed Warfighters, evaluated computerized oculomotor vis related oculomotor dysfunctions in a military population, tested cochlear implan assessed pharmacotherapy of hidden noise injury toward a molecular understa	eloped nerve blocks for knee and hip arthropla baches to engineer regeneration and repair of jury, and evaluated methods to prevent tissue research to verify central auditory processing sion screening to expedite the diagnosis of TB its for active-duty Service members, clinically	asty e J II-		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	D	ate: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project (Nun 373A / GDF - Development	Medi		gy
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 20	15	FY 2016	FY 2017
portable mild TBI screening device based on evaluation of a patient's gait, asse synapses, and developed a silica-collagen composite for corneal replacement.	essed ways to prevent noise damage to cochle	ear			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Medical simulation and information sciences research is completing the virtual open source resources to enable developers to create more appropriate virtual addressing issues with providing training to care for wounded Service members. Research evaluating the effectiveness of gaming in virtual environments with c are researching knowledge oriented medical training metrics that can best tran patient outcomes, providing educators the building blocks to create better trainelinking evidence-based training to patient outcomes. Medical simulation is explault learning techniques and neuroplasticity models so that medical personne to treat a patient. Efforts towards other predictive markers that likely constitute providers are being investigated. To further the advancements in augmented resimulation is looking into applications towards medical training that allows for viperformed.	tissue simulations. Enroute training research s during transport and transfer between provid ombat medics is being investigated. Investigat slate into reality and be sustained with optimal ers in the future and begin the long process of oring advanced adaptive tutors that incorporat I are not dependent on gadgets and technolog characteristics between good and poor medica eality technologies for Phase II Option, medica alidation and verification on work presently	is ers. e ies al I			
Military infectious diseases research is supporting an intramural collaborative et trauma wound microbiology and infections linked to well-characterized clinical or microbiome within combat wounds, biofilm production and impact, antimicrobia observed microbes and their impact. The overarching goal of this collaborative research and development groups is to expand understanding of the complex research to lead to improved prevention and treatment. Continue ongoing efforts to infections to identify novel antimicrobial countermeasures as well as better strate assays for selected bacteria commonly found in wound infections are progress diagnostic system to enable quicker diagnosis and treatment. These studies ar Combating Antibiotic Resistance.	data and outcomes. Focus areas include bacter I resistance emergence and impact, and comminter-service effort between DoD clinical and microbiology inherent within combat wounds in the develop antimicrobials and manage wound ttegies to prevent/treat wound infections. Diagoning in development for use on an FDA-approver	erial nonly 1 nostic			
Military operational medicine: Define the neurological consequences of acute a varying intensity and frequency in order to improve exposure standards. Perfor injury standards for application in health hazard assessments, and for predictive development of guidelines relating to the likelihood of musculoskeletal injury in environments. Develop improved criteria for head supported mass, and multise for fixed wing aircraft. Incorporate behavioral intervention regimens into clinical	m research contributing to improved auditory ve models of military performance. Support the military training and applicable to operational ensory cueing in degraded visual environments	6			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	373A /	c <b>t (Number</b> /l GDF - Med opment	Name) ical Technolog	gy
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		Γ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
and substance abuse. Compare cognitive behavioral interventions, which for feelings and behaviors for the treatment of PTSD to current standards of car compressed treatment delivery (daily psychotherapy as compared to once 3-week versus 3-4 month treatment regimens. Initiate large scale study for psychopharmacologic, psychotherapy, and brain stimulation interventions. I to advanced development. Deliver validated interventions for enhanced res accurate suicide prevention screening tools. Develop recommendations on and sustainment of cognitive performance after brain injury. Transition polic Warfighter nutrition during training and operations. Incorporate decision aid into physiological health status monitoring. Develop strategies to mitigate an exposures. Validate stress response biomarkers of pulmonary health result Combat casualty care: Hemorrhage researchers are evaluating immune sys work is aimed at validating diagnostic and therapeutic targets for coagulopa starting to validate a multi-site collaborative TBI endpoints study to improve of TBI diagnostic tools and therapeutic agents. Treatments for Tissue Injury product, address treatments for acute lung injury, enhance limb and craniof Care continues to develop the Resuscitative Endovascular Balloon Occlusis approval, for the treatment of acute life-threatening hemorrhage. Forward S technology to detect cardiovascular collapse. Enroute care research is stud appropriate time to transport injured patients following injury. Military medic the use of advanced optical technologies, including lasers, spectroscopy, a therapeutic tools. The readout system for the lactate sensor is being redesis the need for an internal battery. Commercialization of PTB for multiple clini Radiation health effects research begins technology development efforts in for acute radiation exposure and to develop data to support preparation of a Federal Regulations, Chapter 21, Part 312. Clinical and rehabilitative medicine is transferring current efforts and down-	are. Conclude two large scale projects evaluating per week) for PTSD for equivalency between pre-/post-biomarker changes associated with Refine PTSD blood-based biomarkers for transit iliency in military families and Warfighters and m dietary supplement interventions to promote res cy recommendations to the Services for improvin s for managing thermal physiological work strain dverse health and disease outcomes of chemica ing from exposures to toxic substances. stem modulating drugs to treat hemorrhagic sho athy of trauma. TBI neurotrauma task research is clinical trial design to inform/accelerate FDA ap v continues to develop a specialized fracture repar- facial wound stabilization. Forward Surgical and on of the Aorta (REBOA) which recently gained b Burgical and Critical Care also continues to devel lying the physiological impact of patient transpor al photonics is develop new kinds of diagnostic a gned for greater simplicity, longer life, and to elir ical applications is being explored. FY 2016 to evaluate ARS therapeutic candidate a technical data package as detailed in the Code selecting products to industry for neuromusculos	ion lore iliency g l l ck; proval air Critical FDA op t and us on nd ninate			
injury rehabilitation, pain management, regenerative medicine, and sensory injury. Supporting development of preclinical and pilot/early-phase clinical e regeneration, rehabilitation, and reintegration strategies and medical produc research efforts focused on rehabilitation and reintegration strategies and d	evaluations of candidate technologies for restora cts. Neuromusculoskeletal injury is continuing	tion,			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)Project (Number/Name)PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology373A / GDF - Medical TechnologyDevelopmentDevelopment				
0 / 2       PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology       373 A / GDF - Medical Technology         0 / 2       Development       373 A / GDF - Medical Technology       373 A / GDF - Medical Technology         20 / 2       Development       Development       Development		FY 2016	FY 2017		
methods of using the brain and/or nerves in the arms and legs for cossification (bone formation in soft tissue following injury). Pain marabuse; develop novel methods and therapeutics to control pain, incorpain after amputation; study modulation of inflammatory cells as an study effects of peripherally administered opioids; and develop nervin Veterans. Regenerative medicine is developing methods for limb reconstruction; scarless wound healing; repair of skin injury resultin organ transplantation between genetically different individuals) and genitourinary (genital and urinary organs) restoration. Studying apprimprove outcomes and control rejection following vascularized com Sensory systems research is advancing diagnosis, restoration and	device control) and the prevention and treatment of heter nagement efforts continue to track pain-related substance cluding battlefield pain, burn pain, neuropathic pain, and on approach to mitigate spinal cord injury neuropathic pain ve blocks for knee and hip arthroplasty (joint replacement of and digit salvage; craniomaxillofacial (skull, face and jaw ing from burns; composite tissue allotransplantation (tissue associated immune system modulation technologies; an proaches for immunomodulation and immune engineering posite allotransplantation (hand and face transplantation rehabilitation of injured and dysfunctional sensory system	e chronic ; t) v) e/ id g to ). ns,			
existing medical simulators or future advanced modular manikins to to make combat decisions. Will invest in existing environmental, per may provide data/information on needed military medical intelligence injuries or incorporation of updated treatment options for injuries. R Learning/Artificial Intelligence tools to improve predictive models th which may lead to policy changes for sustained training. This project System with better metrics to make evidence-based policy decision designs from Phase I and will include preliminary test and evaluation medical training. Will advance medical simulation systems interope	b better equip military healthcare personnel with data and ersonnel, and other related sensors in order to assess if th ce to improve rapid turn-around times on training tools for essearch and development will occur in the area of Machi- nat will address medical skill acquisition or minimize skill of ct will enhance patient safety and provide the Military Hea ns. Options on Gesture Interface will be awarded to the be on of prototyped Gesture Interface controls and sensing of erability to share more content, data, information, etc. that her or to a System of Systems framework. Will conduct a	l tools ney ne lecay alth est luring n			
Military infectious diseases research will continue supporting the in- development groups to expand understanding of the complex micro improved prevention and treatment. Results of studies to develop a management will be evaluated for down-selection. Will progress in	obiology inherent within combat wounds in order to lead t antibacterial and clinical guidelines for better wound infec	tion			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heat	alth Agency	Date:	ebruary 2016	5
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project (Number/ 373A / GDF - Mea Development	,	gу
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
found in wound infections for use on an FDA-approved diagnostic s guide better treatment approaches Program announcements in dev be released to address critical research focus areas such as the abi infections with multi-drug resistant organisms. These studies are in Resistance.	eloping antimicrobials and treating wound infection will ility to predict infection and better treatment options for			
Military operational medicine: Researchers will collect data to valida criteria to determine the optimal spacing of blast exposures to preve improved predictive auditory injury models in order to update acous development of tools to optimize return to duty after lower extremity chronic injury predictive models for mounted and dismounted enviror for aircrew performance optimization in degraded visual environmer for dietary supplement use and correlate usage patterns with assoc effects of healthy cooking on food choice behaviors, nutritional statu families. Will continue studies evaluating the physical demands assis to develop gender-neutral Military Occupational Speciality assignment and substance abuse prevention and treatment intervention guideling for promoting resilience in military families and Service members. Will begin clinical trials to test the efficacy of the interventions. Will conce pharmacologic, psychotherapy, and augmented psychotherapy (virt treatments for PTSD. Will continue to build larger scale human PTS with NRAP guidelines. Will validate candidate biomarkers for expose develop medical guidance for adverse health risk assessments. Will operational task performance in extreme environments.	ent cumulative mild TBI. Will continue research to develo tic injury standards for health hazard assessment. Will be (foot and ankle) injury, and head supported mass acute onments. Collect data to improve multisensory cueing crit hts. Will utilize data collected in longitudinal assessments iated negative and positive health effects. Will evaluate t us, and psychological states in Wounded Warriors and th ociated with selection to historically male military occupa ent standards. Will complete studies to inform alcohol nes. Will continue work to deliver validated interventions Vill deliver interventions to prevent suicide behaviors and lude several large scale intervention studies evaluating tual reality and/or pharmacologic cognitive enhancement SD data and specimen banks for meta-analyses, consiste sure to inhaled or ingested toxic substances and begin to	ent		
Combat casualty care: Researchers within the hemorrhage task will treat hemorrhagic shock. Work will also be aimed at validating diago Inflammatory modulation work will begin to shift focus to the time per care). New work in this area will begin to focus on the pathophysiolor resuscitation approaches in prolonged field care scenarios where ev continue validating a multi-site collaborative TBI endpoints study to of TBI diagnostic tools and therapeutic agents while taking full adva DoD grand alliance to study TBI research. Treatments for extremity product and novel fracture stabilization techniques, address treatment	nostic and therapeutic targets for coagulopathy of trauma eriod 4 to 72 hours post injury (relevant to prolonged field ogical impacts of using advanced hemorrhage control an vacuation may be delayed. TBI neurotrauma task resear- improve clinical trial design to inform/accelerate FDA app intage of the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NC trauma will continue to develop a specialized fracture re	d ch will proval AA)- pair		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	lealth Agency	Date:	ebruary 2016	j
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project (Number 373A / GDF - Mec Development	ĴУ	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
and maxillofacial wounds. Forward Surgical and Critical Care will Occlusion of the Aorta (REBOA), which recently gained FDA appr Forward Surgical and Critical Care also continues to develop tech hospital research will be transitioning to advanced development, i hospital and intensive care units. The enroute care task will devel patient care and hand-offs, and the development of expanded enr non-invasive monitoring technologies. The military medical photor for combat casualty care and transition to advanced development photo-acoustic imaging, and demonstrating its application to detec pulmonary artery. Photochemical cross-linking (the use of light to arteries in wounded warrior surgery will be demonstrated, as will t light to create new molecular bonds) in reducing scarring and adf be to develop miniaturized sensors and actuators which can be in therapeutic benefit.	roval, for the treatment of acute life threatening hemorrhage mology to detect cardiovascular collapse. In addition, pre- ncluding the vascular shunt and decision-assisted tools for op the specifications of an integrated system to support safe route care interventions and treatment capabilities, to include hics program will develop light-based technologies and syste. Particular emphasis will be on creating a portable platform cting blood pooling in the abdomen and oxygen content in t create new molecular bonds) to strengthen veins for grafting the post-surgical benefits of photochemical bonding (the us hesions. A general theme of the medical photonics program iserted or implanted for important new kinds of diagnostic a	n pre- fe de tems n for the ng to e of n will nd		
Chapter 21, Part 312. Efforts will demonstrate general military uti for use in FDA approved trials.				
Clinical and rehabilitative medicine will conduct early human trials promising treatments, and test FDA-licensed products in the area regenerative medicine, and/or sensory systems (hearing, vision, a neuromusculoskeletal injuries to provide products and information after service-related injuries. Will evaluate novel therapeutics and and efficacy of immunomodulatory technologies, skin substitutes to treatments for segmental bone defects, and nerve conduits for ne advance diagnosis, restoration and rehabilitation of injured and dy roting, antic nerve), hearing (heir cells, tumpanic membrane, coel	s of neuromusculoskeletal injury, pain management, and balance) after traumatic injury. Will support clinical trials a solutions for diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation outcor devices for pain management. Will evaluate preclinical saf to treat burn injury, treatments for volumetric muscle loss, rve injury. Will conduct pre-clinical and early clinical trials to	mes ety		
retina, optic nerve), nearing (nair ceils, tympanic membrane, coch				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016
0130/2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	•	<b>umber/Name)</b> F - Medical Technology ent
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
<u>Remarks</u>			

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Mature and demonstrate safety and effectiveness of medical procedures, medical devices, and drug and vaccine candidates intended to prevent or minimize effects from battlefield injuries, diseases, and extreme or hazardous environments. Milestone B packages will be developed to transition products into advanced development.

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

Research is evaluated through in-progress reviews, DHP-sponsored review and analysis meetings, quarterly and annual status reports, and is subject to Program Sponsor Representative's progress reviews to ensure that milestones are met and deliverables are transitioned on schedule. The benchmark performance metric for transition of research conducted with medical technology development funding is the attainment of maturity level that is typical of Technology Readiness Level 6 or the equivalent for knowledge products.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 [	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i> ent					<b>me)</b> ancer Cente	r of
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
378A: CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (Army)	25.042	7.907	7.299	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Buc The Breast Cancer CoE (Army) p prevention, screening, diagnosis, research. The project is based or tissue repository with advances in objective of this research is to rea	provides a m treatment a a discover biomedica duce the inc	nultidisciplin and continu y science p al informatic cidence, mo	ary approad ing care, ind aradigm, lev s leading to rbidity (illnes	corporation veraging highypothesis	of advance gh-throughp generating	s in risk red out molecula discoveries	uction, biom ir biology te s that are th	nedical infor chnology a en tested ir	matics, tiss nd our uniq hypothesis ancer amo	ue banking ue clinically s-driven exp ng all milita	and transla well-charac periments. T	tional cterized he ries.
B. Accomplishments/Planned P Title: Breast Cancer Center of Ex	•	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015   7.907	FY 2016 7.299	FY 2017 0.000
<b>Description:</b> Provides a multidise <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> The Clinical Breast Care Project p and support of a robust laboratory relevant and laboratory research- decision making; continued devel breast knowledge base to suppor System as the data analysis tool main electronic medical record; ic risk reduction strategies; performe cancer, cancer found in the breas publications and at national meet	performed w y information linked prosp opment of a t clinical and and integrat lentified and ed targeted st ducts and	vhole genor n managem pective, data an analytica d research a ted Armed F d counseled research by	ne DNA sec ent system abase to su I system for activities in Forces Heal patients at conducting	uencing or to ensure p pport transl integrative the Breast th Longitud high risk fo g DNA and	n cases of b proper track lational rese data analys Cancer CoE linal Techno protein ana	reast cance ing of data a earch and ul sis and mini E; utilized Cl ology Applica ent of breas lysis of Stag	r; continued acquisition a timately sup ng, and furt inical Labor ation data fr t cancer, ar ges I, II, and	I developme and a clinica oport physic her refined ratory Work rom the mili and employe I III breast	ally ian a flow tary's d			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The Clinical Breast Care Project i diversity) and metastasis (second outcomes. The program continue donor consented samples in the correlation between environmenta conducting human epidermal grow	lary maligna s to collect a Tissue and l al chemical	ant growths and catalog Blood librari burden and	at a distanc breast can es for analy molecular a	e from a pr cer tumors vsis. Also co aberrations	imary cance and blood f onducting st with breast	er site) with rom DoD be tudies to def cancer pati	breast cance neficiaries a ermine if the ent outcome	cer patient and include ere is a es, as well a	as			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Ager	псу		Date: F	ebruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	378A	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 378A <i>I</i> CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (Army)				
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> of the molecular changes associated with alterations in HER2 expression. Recustomized treatment plans of patients diagnosed with HER2+ breast cance		and	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
FY 2017 Plans: No funding programmed. Funding for Breast Cancer Center of Excellence tra			7.907	7.299	0.000		
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	DIOLAIS	7.907	7.299	0.00		

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and development through articles in peer-reviewed journals, revised clinical practice guidelines, incorporation into training curriculum throughout the Military Health System, and other applicable means.

### E. Performance Metrics

Performance is judged on the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer-reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 378B / CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (USU)						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
378B: CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (USU)	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.900	-	9.900	9.088	10.280	10.475	10.685	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud The Breast Cancer CoE provides prevention, screening, diagnosis, research. The project is based or tissue repository with advances in B. Accomplishments/Planned P	a multidisc treatment a a discover biomedica	iplinary app and continui y science pa I informatics	roach as the ng care, inc aradigm, lev s leading to	corporation	of advance gh-throughp	s in risk red out molecula	uction, biom Ir biology te	nedical infor chnology a	matics, tiss nd our uniqu hypothesis	ue banking ue clinically -driven exp	and transla well-charac periments.	tional cterized
<i>Title:</i> Breast Cancer Center of Ex			<u>&gt;)</u>						Fĭ	2015 F	<b>Y 2016</b> 0.000	<b>FY 2017</b> 9.900
<ul> <li>Description: Breast Cancer CoE breast cancer.</li> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed.</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans: No funding programmed.</li> </ul>	provides a	multidiscipli	nary approa	ach as the s	standard of	care for trea	ating breast	diseases a	nd			
FY 2017 Plans: The Uniformed Services Universit Center of Excellence (CoE) begin through study of the increased bro in the DoD's biorepository, using use our unique collection of breas Ductal Carcinoma In Situ (DCIS) better outcomes for our patients ( integrative data analysis and mini Breast Cancer CoE/Clinical Breas immunohistochemistry within sub- combination therapies. Will use st study the mechanisms of cell inve	ning in FY 2 east cancer the reposito and Invasive DoD Active ng, and dev st Cancer Pi classes of b cate-or-the-a	2017.The Br incidence ra ry for intram ospecimens e Ductal Ca Duty, Bene relop a brea rogram (CB reast cance art 3D cell cu	reast Cance ate in the ac nural/extram to study an rcinoma (ID ficiaries and st knowledg CP). Will co er to provide ulture techn	er CoE will of ctive duty for ural collab giogenesis (C). Will con d Retirees). gebase to s onduct quar e better pati iques and i	continue to orce by the orations and and lymph ntinue using Will further support clini- ntitative ana ent selectio modern app	enhance ac process of b d secondary ogenesis in g scientific re- develop an cal and rese lysis of ther n into clinica proaches to	tive duty fer panking bios vusage rese different gra esearch to p analytical s earch activiti apy relevan al trials for ta	male readin specimens earch. Will ades of produce system for les in the t proteins b argeted and	ess y			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health		Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 378B I CoE-Breast Cancer Center of Excellence (USU)			er of
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		ſ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
The Breast Cancer CoE will identify genetic changes in low- and high- evolutionary process of breast cancer and to identify a protein signatur allowing for more accurate diagnosis and risk assessment. Will contin proteomic datasets related to breast cancer into our data warehouse to of new hypotheses regarding breast cancer development, progression mass spectrometric technology companies, such as BERG in support ways to improve the diagnostic stratification and treatment of women we strengthen our capacity to understand, diagnose, and prevent the occu- which strike the active duty force disproportionately, thereby affecting	re that can discriminate low- from high-grade breast t inue to incorporate the rapidly growing public genomic to be able to mine the combined data sets for the gen and treatment. Will further collaborations with innova of proteomic profiling of breast cancer tumors and fin with breast cancer. Our overall mission in FY17 will b urrence of the particularly virulent forms of breast can	umors, and eration ative, d e to			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	htatala	0.000	0.000	9.90

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

**Remarks** 

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and development through articles in peer-reviewed journals, revised clinical practice guidelines, incorporation into training curriculum throughout the Military Health System and other applicable means.

### E. Performance Metrics

Performance is judged on the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer-reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Febr	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2			PE 0603115DHA I Medical Technology 379A				379A / Col	ject (Number/Name) A I CoE-Gynecological Cancer Center of sellence (Army)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
379A: CoE-Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence (Army)	22.132	6.909	6.377	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and But The Gynecological Cancer Cent	-			characteria	zina the mol	ecular alter	ations asso	ciated with	benian and	malignant (	wnecologic	al disease
and facilitates the development or research is to reduce the incider	of novel early	y detection,	prevention	and novel	biologic the	rapeutics for	the manag	ement of g	ynecologica			
B. Accomplishments/Planned I	Programs (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015 F	Y 2016	FY 2017
Title: Gynecological Cancer Cen	ter of Excell	ence (Army	)							6.909	6.377	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The Gynecological with benign and malignant gynecologic therapeutics for the man	ological dise	ease and fa	cilitates the									
FY 2015 Accomplishments:												
The Gynecological Cancer Center												
studies of biomarker candidates and racial disparities, and new st	•		•••	•	•							
cancer outcome. These investiga	ations relied	on internally	collected s	specimens	as well as e	xternal colle	ections of a	nnotated				
biospecimens (materials taken fr analysis) from the Gynecological		•		•			•		4			
collaborating institutions. Pre-clir									л 			
of candidate biomarkers, oncoge	nes, tumor s	suppressors	and signal	ing molecul	les using im	mortalized a	and maligna	nt models o				
human gynecological cancer. Th predictors of response to the che												
of progesterone/progestin and vit	•	•	-	-	•			,				
evaluated using models of subty						•	• •	•	,			
was overexpressed in ovarian ar resulted in an exploratory safety												
dosing, safety, immunomodulato	ry activity an	d preventio	n of ovariar	and endor	metrial canc	er recurrenc	ce and deat	h complete	d			
accrual with remaining patients r	eceiving vac	cine booste	rs and/or in	follow up.	The random	nized trial to	evaluate th	e effects of	a			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: F	Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		ect (Number/Name) I CoE-Gynecological Cancer Center of Ilence (Army)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
biobehavorial intervention to reduce stress and anxiety versus a monitoring an survival in ovarian cancer with evaluations of biomarker changes in serial bioflu		nd			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence is conducting both discovery a relevant biomarkers and molecular targets for the treatment and management effect of stress intervention on the recurrence of ovarian cancer, works with the Cancer Risk and Prevention Clinic to develop a Clinical Practice Guideline for the hereditary cancer risk syndromes, performs prospective, retrospective, longitud host factors as well as biomarker panels to advance early detection, preventior malignancies and is developing strategies to overcome chemotherapy drug- ar The program seeks to understand the initiation of gynecological cancer at its m on and off cancer development with a focus on the tumor suppressor genes AF investigating inhibitors of DNA damage response signaling, specifically the ATI to enhance treatment efficacy of multiple modalities of cancer treatment. The p biomarkers that have diagnostic, prognostic, predictive and therapeutic value. Searly detection as well as for prediction of risk of death, disease progression, tr The program seeks to directly impact clinical care and outcome by furthering o I peptide vaccines, E39 and J65 with GM-CSF developed in collaboration with trials evaluating combinations and novel therapeutics in gynecological cancers development of progestin- Vitamin D combinations and surrogates as well as we based preclinical studies and prevention trial. Inflammatory cytokines, chemoki biomarkers are being examined in clinical trials and our randomized intervention to support all of our long term research goals and objectives.	of ovarian and endometrial cancers, evaluates to a Walter Reed National Military Medical Center cancer screening and prevention in patients with dinal and preclinical evaluations of external and n, management and treatment of gynecological and radiation-resistance in gynecologic cancer ce nolecular origins by evaluating genes that turn RID1A, BRCA1/2 and p53. Additionally we are R protein kinase (an enzyme with a specific gen program is developing assays for clinical and can Specific focus is being given to biomarkers for reatment resistance, and therapeutic response. ur laboratory studies of the therapeutic FOLR- the COE, as well as clinical trials and window . Furthermore, chemoprevention efforts focus of vays to include metformin and statins in prevent ines as well as tumor-derived and circulating	he n IIs. e), ncer			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No funding programmed. Funding for Breast Cancer Center of Excellence trans	sferred from Army to USUHS starting in FY 201	7.			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subto	otals 6.909	6.377	0.000	
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	 umber/Name) E-Gynecological Cancer Center of (Army)

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and development through articles in peer-reviewed journals, revised clinical practice guidelines, incorporation into training curriculum throughout the Military Health System, and other applicable means.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Performance of the Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence is judged on the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer-reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 E	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i> ent	•	,	Project (N 379B / Col Excellence	E-Gynecolo	<b>me)</b> ogical Cance	er Center of
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
379B: CoE-Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence (USU)	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.655	-	8.655	7.943	8.987	9.158	9.341	Continuing	Continuing
<ul> <li>A. Mission Description and Bu</li> <li>The Gynecological Cancer Cent</li> <li>facilitates the development of no</li> <li>research is to reduce the incider</li> <li>B. Accomplishments/Planned</li> </ul>	er of Excelle ovel early det nce, morbidit	nce focuses ection, prev y (illness), a	s on charact vention and and mortality	novel biolo	gic therape	utics for the	manageme	ent of gyneo	ological dis neficiaries.	ease. The		
Title: Gynecological Cancer Cer	ter of Excell	ence								0.000	0.000	8.655
<b>Description:</b> The Gynecological with benign and malignant gynecibiologic therapeutics for the man <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> No Funding Programmed.	ological dise	ease and fa	cilitates the									
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
FY 2017 Plans: The FY 2017 program will build of progression, and metastatic spre- and improving clinical care and of interventions in gynecological on bedside translation and clinical a of gynecological malignancies the response to treatment, and disea of risk, outcome, natural history, analysis, interpretation and ultim assessments and interventions in pathways leading to cancer throu Biomarker-based assays for early	ad of cance outcome thro cology using pplication er at will have a ase monitorir lifestyle, sta ate deploym n gynecologi ugh both ani	r) and drug ugh evalua pre-clinica nphasizing a major imp ng. Member ging and tre ent of nove cal oncolog mal modelir	resistance, tions of nove I studies an early detect act on diagr s of the GYI atment in g I biomarkers y. Focus wi ig with pote	developing el therapeu d clinical tri ion, molecu nosis, treatr N-COE coll ynecologica s, next gene Il turn to fur ntial for hur	and deploy tics, preven als. These ular profiling ment efficac aborate in p al oncology eration assa ther testing nan trials co	ing clinical l tion strategi efforts are n and integra y as well as oppulations- to inform th nys, therape of actionab	biomarkers ies, assessin notivated by ated system assessme based invest e design, ev utics, preve le events an rough extern	and assays ments and bench to is level ana nt of progno stigations valuation, intion strate nd targets in nal partners	lysis osis, gies, n the s.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,	Date: F	ebruary 2016	j i
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Project (Number/I 379B / CoE-Gynec Excellence (USU)	,	er Center of	
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> to prepare for prospective human testing, and when merited in window trials as continually growing Tissue and Data Network with our associated biorespositor	y and data center with robust clinical, cancer		FY 2016	FY 2017
treatment and outcome data, an array of Registries both public and military-cer national and internal investigative multidisciplinary team, we will continue to inte molecular profiling and integrated systems biology and networking to identify, v and next generation assays for predicting disease, risk and outcome in gyneco ensuring readiness, containing costs, improving clinical care and outcome in we impact.	egrate advances in science, technology, medi alidate and deploy clinical biomarkers, risk sc logical cancer patients, preventing disease,	cine,		
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals 0.000	0.000	8.655
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>				
<b>D. Acquisition Strategy</b> Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and develop incorporation into training curriculum throughout the Military Health System, an		ls, revised clinical p	actice guideli	nes,
<b>E. Performance Metrics</b> Performance of the Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence is judged on the	ne number of active protocols, the number of a	articles that annear i	n neer-review	red

Performance of the Gynecological Cancer Center of Excellence is judged on the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer-review journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 381A / CoE					u <b>mber/Name)</b> -Integrative Cardiac Health Care Excellence (Army)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
381A: CoE-Integrative Cardiac Health Care Center of Excellence (Army)	8.496	3.281	3.520	3.051	-	3.051	2.697	2.914	3.118	3.180	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Integrative Cardiac Health Center of Excellence (Army), also known as the Integrative Cardiac Health Project (ICHP), the focus is the investigation of cuttingedge patient-centric approaches to cardiovascular disease (CVD), risk assessment and risk reduction by incorporating biomolecular (pertaining to organic molecules occurring in living organisms) research to detect CVD at an early stage, and identifying markers of increased risk for heart attack in Service members. Using a systems biology outcomes research approach, ICHP characterizes relationships between CVD, other cardio-metabolic disease states and maladaptive lifestyle behavior patterns unique to Service members such as pre-diabetes, stress, obesity and sleep disorders with the aim of targeting these disorders in their pre-clinical phase and achieving ideal/optimal cardiovascular health goals outlined by the American Heart Association. ICHP's ultimate goal is to translate the evidence-based research findings for application into clinical practice in an effort to achieve the following research aims: (1) improve Force Health by better understanding the CVD risk susceptibility of military-specific populations such as Wounded Warriors through leading-edge research using novel tools and technologies, (2) investigate and create transformational models of healthcare delivery through personalized CVD prevention tracks as an adjunct to traditional care, and (3) refine individualized prevention strategies through statistical data modeling to define the most cost-effective and sustainable approaches in promoting cardiovascular health throughout the military lifecycle.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Integrative Cardiac Health Center of Excellence (Army)	3.281	3.520	3.051
<b>Description:</b> The focus is the investigation of cutting edge patient-centric approaches to cardiovascular disease (CVD), risk assessment and risk reduction by combining bimolecular research with lifestyle change strategies to detect CVD at an early stage, and identifying markers of increased risk for heart attack in Service members.			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> The Integrative Cardiac Health Center of Excellence (Army), also known as the Integrative Cardiac Health Project (ICHP), conducted research studies initiated in FY 2013-2014. Data collection from approved FY 2013-2014 protocols was analyzed and synthesized. ICHP continued translating and communicating best practices to the services in order to augment existing clinical practice. Utilizing a Knowledge-to-Action framework, ICHP continued incorporating findings from its studies for new hypothesis generation and development of new protocols for FY 2015- 2019 to expand the use of point-of-care technology in the ICHP model. These new protocols were developed to include whole-genome sequencing for early cardiovascular disease (CVD) detection, and investigating the use of serum biomarker maps for personalized CVD risk assessment in Wounded Warriors. <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i>			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,	Date: F	ebruary 2016	i
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	roject (Number/I 81A / CoE-Integra Center of Excellen	ative Cardiac I	Health Care
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
The Integrative Cardiac Health Center of Excellence (Army), ICHP, continues to for cardiovascular and overall health, conducts clinical studies to investigate the (nutrition, sleep, stress, and exercise) specifically designed for the Active Duty lifestyle behavior change can change the negative trajectory of effects on preci- deposits in artery) measures and pre-diabetes, an atherosclerosis equivalent. I biomolecular studies to understand the cardiovascular risk in Wounded Warrior indicators of disease) over time. Recruitment is ongoing. ICHP is actively recru lifestyle intervention on vascular function in the young military population with h early disease detection. The ICHP cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) is testing symptoms (a CVD risk factor for heart attack and common issue in military pop	e effectiveness of lifestyle change interventions (AD) population. These studies investigate how inical disease such as atherosclerosis (plaque CHP's outcomes-driven research includes rs exploring predictive biomarkers (biological iting patients to investigate the effects of the ICI high lifetime risk using biomolecular markers for g the impact of CBT as a tool to relieve insomnia			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> The Integrative Cardiac Health Center of Excellence, ICHP, will impact clinical support tools and new models for cardiovascular and overall health; will conduct Active Duty force by investigating the effectiveness of personalized (gender spectrument in the study to investigate the effects of lifestyle intervention on vas lifetime CVD risk but who currently do not have clinical heart disease. ICHP will (CVD) risk assessment and detection by exploring novel biomolecular markers will collaborate with the Mayo Clinic and Cleveland Clinic for these efforts. ICHP health interventions and build resiliency in the military population before disease project will explore Cardiovascular Risk in the amputee and injured Warfighter significantly advance the precision of risk detection to better tailor health intervention for the spectrum of the test of the spectrum of the match intervention of the match intervention of the spectrum of the spe	ct research studies to improve the health of the ecific) lifestyle change interventions specifically perosclerosis (plaque in arteries). ICHP will cont scular function in the AD Service members with I improve the precision of cardiovascular diseas and tests as indicators for early disease. ICHP P will use this information to tailor personalized e affects quality of life. The Wounded Warriors examining novel biomolecular markers designed	nue iigh e		
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subto	tals 3.281	3.520	3.051
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and develop training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.	ment through articles in peer reviewed journals.	revised clinical pr	actice guidelin	nes, and

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence	у		Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	(	umber/Name)
0130 / 2	PE 0603115DHA I Medical Technology	381A / Col	E-Integrative Cardiac Health Care
	Development	Center of E	Excellence (Army)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Integrative Cardiac Health Care Center of Excellence performance is judged on high impact discoveries, development of new diagnostic and treatment strategies, identification of emerging issues of disease feature and patterns, the amount of extramural funding received, the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of medical students, residents and post-doctoral fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Feb	oruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i> ent	•	ology		<b>ct (Number/Name)</b> I CoE-Pain Center of Excellence ')			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
382A: CoE-Pain Center of Excellence (Army)	6.436	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00	Continuing	Continuing	
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> The Pain Center of Excellence (A effective methods of relieving the Pain Center of Excellence is an ir center that supports world-class of approved clinical research and In organization for developing enter	Army) exami acute pain ntegral part clinical pain astitutional A	nes the rela caused by of the Defe services, p nimal Care	ationship be combat trau nse and Ve rovides edu and Use C	ima and the terans Cen cation on a ommittee-a	e effect pain ter for Integ III aspects o pproved ba	has through rative Pain I f pain mana sic laborato	hout the co Managemen gement, co ry and trans	ntinuum of c nt (DVCIPM ordinates ar slational pair	care to reh ) whose m nd conduc n research	abilitation a hission is to ts Institution h, and serve	nd reintegra become a re nal Review E s as the adv	tion. The eferral 8oard-	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Million	s <u>)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Title: Pain Center of Excellence (	Army)									0.000	0.000	0.000	
<b>Description:</b> The Pain Center of implementing, and evaluating the has throughout the continuum of <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> No funding programmed. Funding	most effect care to reha	ive method bilitation ar	s of relieving nd reintegrat	, g the acute									
FY 2016 Plans: No funding programmed. Funding	g transferred	I to USUHS	).										
FY 2017 Plans: No funding programmed. Funding	transferred	to USUHS	i.										
					Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Subt	otals	0.000	0.000	0.000	
C. Other Program Funding Sum	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>											

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,		Date: February 2016
	PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology	382A / Col	<b>umber/Name)</b> E-Pain Center of Excellence
	Development	(Army)	

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and development through articles in peer-reviewed journals, revised clinical practice guidelines, incorporation into training curriculum throughout the Military Health System, and other applicable means.

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

Performance by the Pain Center of Excellence is judged on the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency	1					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2							t (Number/ dical Techn	,	Project (Number/Name) 382B / CoE-Pain Center of Excellence (USUHS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
382B: CoE-Pain Center of Excellence (USUHS)	0.000	2.484	2.823	2.641	-	2.641	2.822	3.310	3.376	3.445	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Pain Center of Excellence examines the relationship between acute and chronic pain and focuses on finding, implementing, and evaluating the most effective methods of relieving the acute pain caused by combat trauma and the effect pain has throughout the continuum of care to rehabilitation and reintegration. The Pain Center of Excellence is an integral part of the Defense and Veterans Center for Integrative Pain Management (DVCIPM) whose mission is to become a referral center that supports world-class clinical pain services, provides education on all aspects of pain management, coordinates and conducts Institutional Review Board-approved clinical research and Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee-approved basic laboratory and translational pain research, and serves as the advisory organization for developing enterprise-wide pain policy for the Military Health System. In FY 2015, management of the Pain CoE was transferred from Army to USUHS.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Pain Center of Excellence (USUHS)	2.484	2.823	2.641
<b>Description:</b> The Pain Center of Excellence examines the relationship between acute and chronic pain and focuses on finding, implementing, and evaluating the most effective methods of relieving the acute pain caused by combat trauma and its impact on rehabilitation and recovery.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: The Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS) assumed the research oversight of the Defense and Veterans Center for Integrative Pain Management (DVCIPM) beginning in FY 2015. DVCIPM led MHS effort to formally establish the PASTOR/PROMIS program and the PASTOR Steering Committee within the Defense Health Agency. DVCIPM serves as the ex- officio chair of this Tri-Service Committee that will oversee the enterprise wide roll-out and administration of the PASTOR program. DVCIPM established a REDCap-based research version of PASTOR termed PASTOR Research that supports IRB approved clinical research projects outside of the EMR and offers enhanced patient question flexibility. Federal medicine's PASTOR program is serving as a model for obtaining patient reported outcomes data and was noted as an exemplary program within the recently released NIH National Pain Strategy.			
DVCIPM continued to explore pain management therapeutic options to develop and optimize best practice guidelines for the treatment of pain. The research program conducted protocols focused on; evaluation of medications such as Ketamine for improved pain management; clinical studies of integrative medicine modalities such as battlefield acupuncture (BFA) for which1,850 providers have been trained and yoga; and the exploration of the pathophysiology; and molecular mechanisms of pain. DVCIPM continues its role to provide subject matter expertise, coordination, and guidance to the military health system			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence	су		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>			ame) enter of Excel	llence
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
and the Veterans Health Administration regarding pain-related issues and sup Management Task Force Report recommendations.	oport for implementation of the DoD/VHA Pain				
DVCIPM presented a briefing to request designation as a Defense Center of I The CoE Oversight Board members voted to recommend DCoE designation of					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The DVCIPM has developed a 5-year plan for FY15-19 that will focus on furth Tool and Outcomes Registry (PASTOR); to include developing a patient pain through predictive modeling to assist providers with pain management decisic complementary and integrative pain management (CIPM) through clinical ass yoga and massage; evaluation of novel analgesics; and interventional technol will continue to serve as the MHS's coordinating organization for pain education continued transformation of DoD pain management.	registry and biobank. The registry will be levera on-making. DVCIPM will continue to focus on imilation studies of modalities such as; acupunc logies for improved pain management. DVCIPI	ture ⁄I			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> The DVCIPM has developed a 5-year plan for FY15-19 that will focus on furth and Outcomes Registry (PASTOR); to include developing a pain registry biob predictive modeling to assist providers with pain management decision-makin and integrative pain management (CIPM) through clinical assimilation studies yoga and massage; evaluation of novel analgesics; and interventional technol	ank, establishing a research database; and utili: g. DVCIPM will continue to focus on compleme of modalities such as; battlefield acupuncture (I	zing ntary			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals	2.484	2.823	2.641
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy					

Disseminate medical knowledge products resulting from research and development through articles in peer-reviewed journals, revised clinical practice guidelines, incorporation into training curriculum throughout the Military Health System, and other applicable means.

### E. Performance Metrics

Performance by the Pain Center of Excellence is judged on the number of active protocols, the number of articles that appear in peer reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the training of residents and fellows in the Military Health System.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i> ent	•	,	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 383A / CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (USUHS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
383A: CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (USUHS)	21.287	6.303	6.260	7.900	-	7.900	7.250	8.203	8.359	8.526	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences' (USUHS), Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (CoE), formerly a Congressionally enacted program (Public Law 102-172 1991) was chartered to conduct state-of-the-art clinical and translational research with emphasis on precision medicine. In essence, the goal is to enhance the readiness of active duty personnel juxtaposed with the continuum of medical care for military retirees and beneficiaries. The CPDR enriches the training of the next generation of physicians/scientists who directly benefit the quality, outcomes, and stability of the military health care delivery system. The program's mission is fulfilled primarily through its three principal programs-the Clinical Translational Research, the Basic Science Research and the Tri-Service Multicenter Database which includes five participating military medical centers. The CPDR has been conducting patient centric cutting - edge translational research to improve the management of all stages of prostate cancer for over 23 years as recognized by nearly 450 scientific publications. The CPDR is also committed to the research training of the next generation of DoD physicians and scientists (USU medical /graduate students and Walter Reed/USU residents). Many of the trainees are now service chiefs and program directors in prestigious military and civilian medical centers

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (USUHS)	6.303	6.260	7.900
<b>Description:</b> The CPDR is at the forefront of "cutting-edge" clinical, basic science and epidemiologic research. The emphasis is on improving diagnosis, prognosis and treatment of prostate cancer involving new modalities such as MRI guided biopsy, gene- based biomarkers, and precision medicine strategies targeting causal gene alterations in prostate cancer. The CPDR multi- center database is a unique programmatic resource, enrolling over 27,500 DoD health care beneficiaries under suspicion for prostate cancer, with longitudinal follow up to 23 years. This database continues to highlight emerging issues in prostate cancer management such e.g., treatment outcomes, racial/ethnic differences, quality of life and discovery of novel molecular prognostic markers. In light of current issues related to overtreatment of early detected prostate cancers and poorly understood biology of prostate cancer, CPDR's long-term biospecimen banks, high-impact discoveries and collaborations are leading towards better diagnostic and prognostic molecular markers and therapeutic targets with promise in improving the management of the disease. The CPDR's health disparity research focus has uniquely benefited from studying a prostate cancer patient cohort, with a high representation of African American men, in an equal-access military health care system. Ground-breaking studies of the most validated prostate cancer gene, ERG, in over 1,500+ patients provide the first definitive information on prostate cancer biology underscoring racial/ethnic differences with potential to enhance personalized medicine. The CPDR's state-of-the-art research infrastructure and framework is providing education and training for over 100 next generation physicians, scientists, medical and graduate students within DoD medical institutions.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	383A / Co	roject (Number/Name) 33A I CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of xcellence (USUHS)						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	( 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017				
<ul> <li>Precision Medicine Research Focus:</li> <li>First evaluations of the MRI-ultrasound fusion image guided biopsy in a DoD</li> <li>Validation of a new biopsy-based 17-gene Genomic Prostate Score (Oncotyp DoD prostate cancer patient population.</li> <li>Health Disparity Research:</li> <li>CPDR led world-wide collaborations reveal striking ethnic differences of the r</li> <li>Prostate cancer genome evaluation of African American patients led to grour in aggressive prostate cancers. CPDR has recently published this discovery re aggressive prostate cancers of African Americans (Petrovics et al, E-Biomedici Press and Lancet]; Commentary by Zhaoming Wang, EBiomedicine on line ver to impact future care of African American prostate cancer patients within the M Development of Molecular Diagnostic and Prognostic Tools:</li> <li>Streamlined evaluation of ERG defects in prostate cancer led by CPDR ERG researchers of the prostate cancer field) in improving prostate cancer diagnosis Novel Strategies for Androgen Receptor Targeted Stratification and Treatment:</li> <li>Continued evaluation of a CPDR androgen receptor function index (ARFI) ge prostate cancers with attenuated androgen signaling emerging during the prographostate cancer. The CPDR Education and Training program:</li> <li>Three urology residents from WRNMMC and five USU medical students components of the components of the components from WRNMMC and five USU medical students components of the components from WRNMMC and five USU medical students components components for the prostate cancer for the components of the components from WRNMMC and five USU medical students components cancer components for WRNMMC and five USU medical students components components cancers with attenuated and components cancer for the components cancer cancers cancer for the program:</li> </ul>	be DX Prostate Cancer Test) in a racially diver most common prostate cancer driver gene, EF nd-breaking discovery of a prevalent gene def porting a first high frequency genomic deletion ine online version Nov 8, 2015 [supported by or sion, Nov 24, 2015]. This discovery has pote HS and civilian setting. G-MAb continues to open new opportunities (les and prognosis.	RG. ect n in Cell ential eading							
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Clinical Research Focusing on Precise Diagnosis and Therapy:</li> <li>Assess new FDA approved therapies; e.g., Enzalutamide, Abiraterone Acetate therapies.</li> <li>Evaluate the newest aspects for prostate biopsy procedure using MRI-ultrasou diagnosis of clinically significant cancer.</li> <li>Leverage the vision of long-term biospecimens and database for timely collabor validation study of the Oncotype DX-Prostate Cancer prognostic panel to different aggressive disease.</li> <li>Develop more accurate prognostic models to predict organ-confined (curable) treatments.</li> <li>Conduct long-term comparisons of efficacy, morbidity, mortality and quality-offor early stage prostate cancer.</li> </ul>	und fusion image technology for improving orative studies, complete the collaborative entiate indolent prostate cancers from the and outcome (survival) after the above-noted								

e Health Agency	Date:	February 2016	5		
<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 383A I CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (USUHS)				
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
are detection in the diagnosis phase, optimal treatment decision w-up phase. If or evaluating patient diagnosis, progression, and treatment clinical research at the CPDR and other institutions. If a are linked to tissue and serum data banks to support molect phonology, medical oncology and other residents, fellows, and with long post-treatment follow up for the identification of ear postic assay with Genomic Health, Inc. to distinguish between posy specimens. Trican American patients by NextGen sequencing technologie reloped at CPDR for the detection of prostate cancer by imm is assessing the association of BRCA1&2 mutations in aggre prostate cancer. Information systems requirements of the CPDR programs.	sis, on in t cular d ly es. une- ssive ial	FY 2016	FY 2017		
tate cancer in high-risk groups focusing on African-American proteins using established and new experimental models.					
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development           cer, to include the tracking of changing stage, age at diagno urvival.           er detection in the diagnosis phase, optimal treatment decision v-up phase.           of or evaluating patient diagnosis, progression, and treatment dinical research at the CPDR and other institutions.           a are linked to tissue and serum data banks to support moler oncology, medical oncology and other residents, fellows, and with long post-treatment follow up for the identification of ear basic assay with Genomic Health, Inc. to distinguish between osy specimens.           cican American patients by NextGen sequencing technologie eloped at CPDR for the detection of prostate cancer by imm s assessing the association of BRCA1&2 mutations in aggree prostate cancer.           formation systems requirements of the CPDR programs.           improving prostate cancer diagnosis and prognosis.           cer gene defects between African American and Caucasian ized medicine in diverse population represented in DOD equ poclonal antibody (100% specific for prostate cancer detection f prostate cancer with in DoD and civilian setting.           arry detected cancer targeting the most common ERG positi w generation of prostate cancer therapeutics.	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development         Project (Number/ 383A / CoE-Prosta Excellence (USUF           FY 2015         FY 2015           cer, to include the tracking of changing stage, age at diagnosis, urvival.         FY 2015           er detection in the diagnosis phase, optimal treatment decision in v-up phase.         FY 2015           of evaluating patient diagnosis, progression, and treatment         diagnosis, arvival.           are linked to tissue and serum data banks to support molecular boncology, medical oncology and other residents, fellows, and         with long post-treatment follow up for the identification of early usitic assay with Genomic Health, Inc. to distinguish between boy specimens.           ican American patients by NextGen sequencing technologies. eloped at CPDR for the detection of prostate cancer by immune- s assessing the association of BRCA1&2 mutations in aggressive prostate cancer.           iformation systems requirements of the CPDR programs.           improving prostate cancer diagnosis and prognosis. cer gene defects between African American and Caucasian ized medicine in diverse population represented in DOD equal           boconal antibody (100% specific for prostate cancer detection) f prostate cancer with in DOD and civilian setting.           rarly detected cancer targeting the most common ERG positive w generation of prostate cancer therapeutics.           tate cancer in high-risk groups focusing on African-American men.	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development       Project (Number/Name) 383A / CoE-Prostate Cancer Ce Excellence (USUHS)         FY 2015       FY 2016         cer, to include the tracking of changing stage, age at diagnosis, urvival.       FY 2015       FY 2016         er detection in the diagnosis phase, optimal treatment decision in v-up phase.       FY 2015       FY 2016         ior evaluating patient diagnosis, progression, and treatment       Inicial research at the CPDR and other institutions.       For evaluating patient follow up for the identification of early         oncology, medical oncology and other residents, fellows, and       with long post-treatment follow up for the identification of early         sitic assay with Genomic Health, Inc. to distinguish between by specimens.       sassessing the association of BRCA1&2 mutations in aggressive prostate cancer.         iormation systems requirements of the CPDR programs.       improving prostate cancer diagnosis and prognosis.         cer gene defects between African American and Caucasian ized medicine in diverse population represented in DOD equal         pochonal antibody (100% specific for prostate cancer detection) f prostate cancer targeting the most common ERG positive w generation of postate cancer therapeutics.		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project ( 383A / Co Excellenc	oE-Prosta	te Cancer Ce	enter of	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
<ul> <li>Continue to enhance hormonal mechanisms for more precise and effective the by androgen ablation therapies.</li> <li>Leverage the CPDR discovery platforms for frequent and potentially causal preceducation and Training Program:</li> <li>Foster education and training in prostate cancer basic science and translation doctoral fellows, residents, visiting scientists, medical and graduate students a Utilize the CPDR developed structured molecular oncology training program in Invite leading experts in prostate cancer field to give state-of-the-art lectures a fellows, residents, graduate students and research staff.</li> <li>Sponsor research investigator programs for DOD physicians and scientists or therapeutic advances.</li> <li>Collaborate with other DOD, government, and private agencies in promoting a education.</li> <li>Material and Knowledge Products - Continue to:</li> <li>Support new knowledge products through in-house initiatives and collaborativ biotechnology companies.</li> <li>Leverage the largest (27,500+ subjects) and long term (22+ years) multi-center more precise diagnostic and prognostic biomarkers and nomograms towards e on ethnically diverse patient population within the DOD.</li> <li>Enhance CPDR Biospecimen Bank which is considered to be a national treas biomarkers and therapy targets.</li> <li>Leverage the growing intellectual property portfolio of USU-CPDR for develop and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet and the property portfolio of USU-CPDR for develop and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet and technologies to enhance the care of prostate cancer patients within the Mitmet a</li></ul>	rostate cancer gene alterations using cutting en- nal research and provide opportunities for pos- and summer interns. In prostate cancer for physician and scientists as a part of education and training of post-doc in prostate cancer research diagnosis, treatme and sponsoring prostate disease research we efforts with leading medical institutions and er CPDR database within the DOD for develo enhancing personalized medicine with special sure for new discoveries of prostate cancer bing innovative diagnostic and therapeutic pro	edge t- toral nt and ping focus				
<ul> <li>FY 2017 Plans:</li> <li>Precision Medicine Focus:</li> <li>Continue to focus on studies addressing the utility of MRI-ultrasound fusion i clinically significant cancers.</li> <li>Further enhance the collaborative validation study of novel prognostic and di</li> <li>Continue to leverage the unique DoD prostate cancer research resource interdatabases through advanced informatics platforms.</li> </ul>	iagnostic biomarker panels.	r				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence		Date: F	ebruary 2016	;				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	383A /	Project (Number/Name) 383A / CoE-Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence (USUHS)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
<ul> <li>Conduct long-term comparisons of efficacy, morbidity, mortality and quality-for early stage prostate cancer leading to more accurate prognostic models to (survival) following treatments.</li> <li>Health Disparity Research: <ul> <li>Leverage CPDR's lead towards identification of genes that will enhance dia prostate cancer patients in MHS.</li> <li>Develop alliance with USU/CHIRP initiative to perform whole-genome and v cohort of African American and Caucasian American patients with defined clir progression versus indolent disease).</li> </ul> </li> <li>New Therapeutic Targets in Prostate Cancer: <ul> <li>Accelerate the pre-clinical development of the novel therapeutic inhibitors o with promise for a paradigm shift in new generation of prostate cancer therape Development of Molecular Diagnostic and Prognostic Tools:</li> <li>Continue to enhance the prognostic builty of the CPDR-ERG monoclonal ar</li> <li>Accelerate the development of the cost-effective CPDR UCAP assay for uri</li> <li>Leverage the discovery of prognostic biomarker candidates from whole-gen an ethnicity-informed prognostic panel for prostate cancer.</li> <li>Novel Strategies for Androgen Receptor Targeted Stratification and Treatmen</li> <li>Continue to develop novel concepts in facilitating degradation of androgen r castration resistant prostate cancer. Develop small molecules to facilitate AR Education and Training Program:</li> <li>Continue to utilize the CPDR developed structured training programs for fos military physicians and scientists in state-of-the-art translational research.</li> <li>Material and Knowledge Products:</li> <li>Biospecimen Bank (230,000 units of various types of molecular and clinical 1993).</li> <li>ERG monoclonal antibody for the diagnosis of prostate cancer (in clinical us 0 noctypeDX Prostate Cancer – biopsy based prognostic genomic assay va ERG inhibitor (ERGi-USU) for therapeutics (patent application) Knowledge products:</li> <li>OPDR National Database 28000+ subjects with longitudinal follow up (up to disc</li></ul></li></ul>	predict organ-confined (curable) and outcome gnosis, prognosis and treatment of ethnically di vhole-transcriptome sequencing on a large CPI nical attributes (patients with aggressive disease f ERG, such as, USU-ERGi for early detected of eutics. ntibody in the context of ethnicity. ne-based detection of prostate cancer. ome and whole-transcriptome analyses for defi t: receptor, a central player in development of protein degradation. etering education and training of next generation specimens linked to longitudinal follow up since se, Biocare Medical Inc.). lidation (in clinical use, Genomic Health Inc.).	iverse DR e cancer ining n of						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health A	Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		[	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
• Gene panel for the detection of prostate cancer (patent application).						
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	6.303	6.260	7.900	
<u>Remarks</u> <u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A						
<u>E. Performance Metrics</u> Prostate Cancer Center of Excellence: Performance is judged on high in emerging issues of disease feature and patterns, the amount of extramu- reviewed journals, and the number of contact hours in support of the tra	ural funding received, the number of active protocol	s, the nu	mber of articl	es that appea	ar in peer	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Fe	bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology 398					roject (Number/Name) 98A I CoE-Neuroscience Center of xcellence (USUHS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
398A: CoE-Neuroscience Center of Excellence (USUHS)	3.679	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	- 00	-	
A. Mission Description and Bud	-												
For the Uniformed Services University Special Interest program, was characteristic U.S. service members and militar warfighters through a multi-site reneuroscience education and rese investigators across these facilities	artered in 2 y beneficial search prog arch endea	002 to cond ries. The C gram that co	luct basic, c enter's miss ollaborates	clinical, and sion is to im broadly wit	translation prove preve h military, c	al research s ention, diagi ivilian and fe	studies of m nosis, and t ederal medi	nilitarily relev reatment of cal institutio	/ant neuro neurologic ns. The M	ogical disc al disorde CNCoE go	orders affecting that direct or that direct or that direct or that direct or the second structure of t	ng ly affect supporting	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						F	( 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
<i>Title:</i> CoE-Neuroscience Center of <i>Description:</i> The Military Clinical treatment of neurological disorder with military, civilian and federal m potential of military treatment facil collaborations between investigate <i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> None, MCNCoE research has bee	Neuroscier s that direc nedical insti ities across ors across t	nce Center of tly affect wa tutions. The the DOD s hese faciliti	of Excellence arfighters the MCNCoE's ystem as w es.	rough a mu s approach ell as the n	Ilti-site resea to its goals ational capi	arch prograi includes su	m that collal	borates broa e research		0.000	0.000	0.000	
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.	en merged i			ng in Ft 20	/15.								
FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.													
					Accomplis	shments/Pl	anned Prog	grams Subt	otals	0.000	0.000	0.000	
<u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>	<u>mary (\$ in</u>	<u>Millions)</u>											

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense		Date: February 2016				
ppropriation/Budget Activity 130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 398A I CoE-Neuroscience Center of Excellence (USUHS)				
Acquisition Strategy						
J/A						
. Performance Metrics						
I/A						
E 0603115DHA: Medical Technology Development	UNCLASSIFIED					
		Volume 1 - 1				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 [	Defense He	alth Agency	/					Date: Fe	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 15DHA <i>I Me</i> ent			roject (Number/Name) 29A I Hard Body Armor Testing (Army)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	
429A: Hard Body Armor Testing (Army)	1.356	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	- 0	-
A. Mission Description and Buc The Hard Body Armor project pla human skull fracture injury criteria against blunt trauma and will be f severity based on biomechanics on true protection outcomes.	ins to develo a for focuse fully compat	op a surface d blunt impa tible with the	e-mounted s acts to the l	human head sting metho	d. This rese d. The ado	earch develo ption of arm	ops and vali	idates a me net design :	thod for ass standards th	sessing bo nat estimat	dy armor pe te injury type	erformance e and
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	Programs (S	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<i>Title:</i> Hard Body Armor <i>Description:</i> Develop a surface-right develops human skull fracture inju- <i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No Funding Programmed. <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed. <i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.					man head.		-			0.000	0.000	0.000
					Accomplis	shments/Pl	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Disseminate to the DoD testing c shape, mass)that includes the ca landmine or improvised explosive	community a	an improved			```							

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	,		umber/Name) rd Body Armor Testing (Army)

#### E. Performance Metrics

Principal investigators will participate in In-Progress Reviews, DHP-sponsored review and analysis meetings, submit quarterly and annual status reports, and/or are subjected to Program Sponsor Representative progress review to ensure that milestones are being met and deliverables will be transitioned on schedule.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Febr	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2										Number/Name) nderbody Blast Testing (Army)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
431A: Underbody Blast Testing (Army)	31.867	4.397	2.679	1.869	-	1.869	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

To better protect mounted warriors from the effects of underbody blast (UBB) caused by landmines or Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs), the Underbody Blast (UBB) Testing medical research project will provide new data on the biomechanics of human skeletal response that occurs in an attack on a ground combat vehicle. The data will provide a biomedical basis for the development of a Warrior-representative blast test manikin (the Warrior Injury Assessment Manikin or WIAMan project) and the required biomedically-valid injury criteria that can be used in Title 10 Live Fire Test and Evaluation (LFT&E) to characterize dynamic events, the risk of injury to mounted warriors, and to support acquisition decisions. This new data will also benefit the overall DoD effort in vehicle and protection technology for the UBB threat. This work is needed to overcome the limitations of the current test manikin and injury criteria which were designed for the civilian automotive industry for frontal crash testing and as such are not adequate in the combat environment. The current manikins do not represent the modern Warrior and were not designed for the vertical acceleration environment associated with UBB events. Consequently, current LFT&E crew survivability assessment methodologies are limited in their ability to predict the types and severity of injuries seen in these events. Due to this technology gap, military ground vehicles are being fielded without fully defined levels of injury risk and crew survivability for UBB events. The data produced by this project will be used to satisfy a critical need for a scientifically valid capability for analyzing the risk of injury caused by UBB.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Underbody Blast Testing	4.397	2.679	1.869
<b>Description:</b> Will provide an understanding of the biomechanics of skeletal injuries that occur in a combat vehicle UBB event involving a landmine or IED, and will provide the biomedical basis for the development of a Warrior-representative blast test manikin and associated biomedically-validated injury criteria that can be used to characterize dynamic events and injury risks for live-fire test and evaluation (LFT&E) crew survivability assessments and vehicle development efforts to better protect Warriors from UBB threats.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> The Underbody Blast Testing project continued medical research in the areas initiated in FY 2014 but with the emphasis shifting during the year from non-injurious conditions to those which cause injuries. This enabled the development of initial human injury probability curves that account for influences unique to the military and to the underbody blast environment. All data transitioned into the Warrior Injury Assessment Manikin (WIAMan) project to enable the fabrication of the first and second generation prototype anthropomorphic test devices (ATDs; manikins or crash test dummies). Validation studies contrasted injuries observed in theater			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 431A / Underbody Blast Testing (Army)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
with those created in the testing program to prioritize further resear technology development and the modeling and simulation initiative		ction			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The Underbody Blast Testing project is continuing medical researce shifting to perform matched pair testing of the first generation WIAN between the human injury probability curves and the responsivene and underbody blast environments. This work is informing the develop protective technology for use in the underbody blast environment.	Man prototype. This is enabling a pairwise comparison ss of the WIAMan first generation prototype in the military				
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Will continue to develop body region specific injury criteria under bl blast tests. Various hypotheses will be tested to determine how to a injuries (i.e., complex fractures). The goal will be to predict injury w protective equipment. Supported hypotheses from preliminary com update human injury probability (dose-response) curves and injury	create the first injury (i.e., fracture) and subsequent sever vith enough resolution to make decisions between compet uponent testing will be used in finalized tests to generate a	e ing and			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	ototals	4.397	2.679	1.869
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Produce biofidelity response corridors (BRC) and human injury pro	obability curves (HIPC) for human skeletal response and t				onment and
for use with WIAMan manikin to support vehicle and protection tec	st manikin and for general use in the RDT&E community.	Develop	injury assess	sment referer	nce curves

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project (Number/Name) 431A / Underbody Blast Testing (Army)
ogress review to ensure that milestones are being met and de onducted to ensure the medical research is scientifically valid a		
0603115DHA: Medical Technology Development	UNCLASSIFIED	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 448A I Military HIV Research Program (Army)						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
448A: Military HIV Research Program (Army)	6.663	5.270	6.589	6.070	-	6.070	6.359	7.360	7.877	8.035	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project funds research to develop candidate HIV vaccines, to assess their safety and effectiveness in human subjects, and to protect the military personnel from risks associated with HIV infection. All HIV technology development is conducted in compliance with US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations. Evaluations in human subjects are conducted to demonstrate safety and effectiveness of candidate vaccines, as required by FDA regulation. Studies are conducted stepwise: first, to prove safety; second, to demonstrate the desired effectiveness of the drug, vaccine, or device for the targeted disease or condition in a small study; and third, to demonstrate effectiveness in large, diverse human population trials. All results are submitted to the FDA for evaluation to ultimately obtain approval (licensure) for medical use. This project supports studies for effectiveness testing on small study groups after which they transition to the next phase of development for completion of effectiveness testing in larger populations. This program is jointly managed through an Interagency Agreement between USAMRMC and the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID). This project contains no duplication with any effort within the Military Departments or other government organizations. The cited work is also consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense, Research and Engineering Science and Technology focus areas.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Military HIV Research Program	5.270	6.589	6.070
<b>Description:</b> The Military HIV Research Program aims to develop candidate HIV vaccines, to assess their safety and effectiveness in human subjects, and to protect the military personnel from risks associated with HIV infection.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Conducted initial testing in humans for safety and effectiveness at CONUS and OCONUS sites with down-selected HIV-1 multivalent vaccine candidates, either a single vaccine or a combination of several sub-types. Prepared methods for large scale production of vaccine candidates from various world-wide subtypes. These candidates are being used in future large scale clinical studies.			
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Complete large scale production and characterization of selected vaccine candidates. Initiate large scale safety and effectiveness trials with one or more vaccine candidates either as single vaccine or combination of several sub-types representing major worldwide distribution.			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Will perform an Early Capture HIV Cohort study in Uganda, Kenya and Tanzania with the purpose of characterizing recruitment, retention, HIV prevalence, HIV incidence and biological characteristics of acute HIV infection in high-risk volunteers. Will initiate a human population study that will provide knowledge about the earliest HIV events to provide possible clues in developing an			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health A	Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA <i>I Medical Technology</i> <i>Development</i>		•	Name) Research Pro	ogram
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
effective HIV vaccine or help identify ways to achieve a functional cure. With the best combination vaccine candidate.	Nill test extended safety/dosing/immunogenicity st	udies			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su	btotals	5.270	6.589	6.070

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Mature and demonstrate candidate HIV vaccines, prepare and conduct human clinical studies to assess safety and effectiveness of candidate HIV vaccines. All HIV technology development activities are conducted in compliance with FDA regulations. Best selected candidates will be transitioned to advanced development through Milestone B.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Performance of the HIV research program will be monitored and evaluated through an external peer review process, with periodic reviews by the HIV Program Steering Committee and the Military Infectious Diseases Research Program Integrating Integrated Product Team (IIPT) and in-process reviews (IPR).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						5DHA I Me	<b>t (Number</b> /l dical Techno	ology	•	umber/Nan bloyed Warfi	<b>1e)</b> ighter Prote	ction
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
830A: Deployed Warfighter Protection (Army)	14.226	4.156	5.306	4.889	-	4.889	5.123	5.930	6.345	6.472	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Armed Forces Pest Management Board (AFPMB), the Deployed Warfighter Protection project plans to develop new or improved protection for ground forces from disease-carrying insects. The focus of this program is to develop new or improved systems for controlling insects that transmit malaria, dengue, chikungunya and other emerging infectious diseases under austere, remote, and combat conditions; understand the physiology of insecticidal activity to develop new compounds with greater specific activity and/or higher user acceptability; examine existing area repellents for efficacy and develop new spatially effective repellent systems useful in military situations; develop new methods or formulations for treating cloth to prevent vector biting; and expand the number of active ingredients and formulations of public health pest pesticides, products and application technologies available for safe, and effective applications. The AFPMB partners with the President's Malaria Initiative and the WHO Global Malaria Program to lead development of new tools for insect-borne disease prevention.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Deployed Warfighter Protection	4.156	5.306	4.889
<b>Description:</b> The Deployed Warfighter Protection project will develop new or improved protection for ground forces from disease-carrying insects.			
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: The Deployed Warfighter Protection (DWFP) research program focused research efforts on critical gaps identified by the Services and Combatant Commands to control insect disease vectors to provide solutions in three thrust areas: personal protection systems, new insecticides, and vector control/insecticide application technologies. Within the enhanced personal protection systems, DWFP evaluated the feasibility of bite-proof fabrics, studied the durability of factory permethrin-treated uniforms, and searched for a replacement insecticide that safely outperforms the current treated uniforms. Regarding spatial repellents, the DWFP down-selected and evaluated a chemical to augment the use of personal topical repellents, such as DEET, which require frequent application, suffer from low levels of user acceptability, and are short lived (lasting only hours). Such a spatial repellent promises to protect personnel when not in uniform and when DEET or other skin repellents are not used. Conducted early field tests of prototype passive area/spatial-repellent dispensers; and conducted a preregistration meeting with the parent commercial company and the EPA to determine steps required for regulatory approval of the repellent in the US. To counter the rising problem of mosquito resistance to existing insecticides and the issue of currently approved insecticides being removed due to more stringent regulatory requirements, focused on developing the next generation of insecticides which will be more effective at protecting deployed personnel while also being safer for humans and the environment. The DWFP collaborated with multiple industry partners to develop such new insecticides for EPA registration. For vector control technologies, targeted pesticide delivery methods that are more effective, efficient, and sustainable in austere and tropical environments. In addition to materiel solutions/			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	Date: F	ebruary 2016	6			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603115DHA / Medical Technology Development	Project (Number/I 830A / Deployed V (Army)	,	er Protection			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
products, DWFP priorities included knowledge products that support vector cor current practices used in the field.	ntrol and disease risk reduction to include imp	roving					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> In FY 2016 the Deployed Warfighter Protection (DWFP) research project is developed to the protect themselves and control biting insects, primarily mosquitoes and sand flit. This is being accomplished through research, testing and evaluation of product registrations for new insecticides. The DWFP is maintaining its focus on persor vector control/insecticide application technologies. For enhanced personal prote being reviewed pending results of the FY 2015 evaluations of prototype bite protof the alternative to permethrin for treating combat uniforms is being completed Forces Pest Management Board (AFPMB) and the EPA for approval and regist spatial repellents, the DWFP is expanding field tests focused on the best performing for FY 2015 and is working with the EPA and associated industry partner to purse insecticides, the DWFP is down selecting top performing novel molecular pestic conducting faster, more efficient, lab based screening of potential plant-derived candidate compounds; and is executing field testing of insecticide sidentifi application technologies, lab and field testing of insecticide sprayer products id conducted with a focus on remotely operated and/or autonomous spraying cap technologies tested in FY 2015 are transitioning to industry partners for comme addition to the National Stock System.	tes, which transmit force degrading diseases. ts, patent submissions, licensing, and EPA nal protection systems, new insecticides, and ection systems, protective clothing efforts are of fabric for commercialization; efficacy testin and, if effective, will be submitted to the Armo- tration. Within this same focus area, under are rming area/spatial-repellent dispensers evalua- sue EPA registration for military use. For new cides tested in FY 2015 for expanded field tes and synthetic insecticides to identify promisir ed in FY 2015. For vector control/insecticide entified as promising tools in FY 2015 are bein abilities. Best performing products/sprayers an	ng ed ea/ ated ting; ng ng nd					
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> In FY 2017 the Deployed Warfighter Protection (DWFP) research project will let tools that protect against emerging infectious disease threats and enable deplot biting insects, primarily mosquitoes and sand flies, which transmit force degrad research, testing and evaluation of products, patent submissions, licensing, and protection tools. The DWFP will maintain its focus on three priority areas: persor vector control/insecticide application technologies. For enhanced personal prote proof fabric) will be patented and will transition to the US Army Natick Soldier F for advanced development; pending results of efficacy testing and EPA registration into area under area/spatial repellents, FY 2016 results and EPA registration of trar and licensing agreements for fielding an area/spatial-repellent device to provide insecticides development portfolio, the exploration of natural/biopesticides with	byed forces to better protect themselves from ling diseases. This will be accomplished throug d EPA registrations for new insecticides and b onal protection systems, new insecticides, and ection systems, protective clothing technology Research, Development and Engineering Cent ation of the alternative to permethrin for treatin of future combat uniforms. Within this same for insfluthrin will drive commercialization strategie e passive protection from mosquito biting. In the	vite I V (bite ter g cus es ne					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	5
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Project (Number/Name) 830A / Deployed Warfighter Prote (Army)			
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> will continue. Molecular pesticide development and testing partnerships with Field evaluation of first generation, species-specific molecular insecticides of the AFPMB led Vector Control Capabilities Gap Analysis, the AFPMB per gaps, which will drive FY 2017 funding for pesticides-related R&D. For vect silent backpack sprayer developed by DWFP, licensed by industry in FY 20 2016 will be commercially available. New technology to enable remotely op will be explored. Partners will add data to two vector control mobile apps w entomologists. Technology developed will provide solutions to prevent mal	argeting mosquitoes will start; following completion sticides committee will identify priority insecticide or control/insecticide application technologies, a ne 15 and improved by the commercial partner in FY erated and/or autonomous insecticide application nich serve as decision support tools for deployed	n ew	FY 2016	FY 2017
partners in the WHO Global Malaria Program.	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals 4.156	5.306	4.88

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Develop, mature and field new or improved products and strategies that protect US forces from disease-carrying insects. Secure registered trademarks, patents, commercial partners, and/or EPA registration of new or improved insecticides, application technologies and repellent systems. Continue to partner with industry to field products and coordinate with the Services and relevant Program Executive Offices (PEOs) to transition efforts.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Performance for the Deployed Warfighter Protection Program is measured by the insecticides and other products given EPA registration and added to the military stock system, changes in pest management techniques or technologies used by the military to control biting/disease causing insects, patents, and peer-reviewed scientific manuscripts. The Program conducts an annual Research Review during which a panel of DoD subject matter experts provides input on programmatic alignment and strategic priorities.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	Health Age	ency					Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E					<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development</i>						nent	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	648.887	146.411	175.518	96.602	-	96.602	114.382	131.866	143.793	148.111	Continuing	Continuing
374A: GDF-Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development	525.045	85.628	99.443	92.602	-	92.602	110.382	127.866	139.793	144.031	Continuing	Continuing
400Z: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	116.933	60.783	72.075	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
434A: Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development (AF)	6.909	0.000	4.000	4.000	-	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.080	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force (GDF) - Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development: This program element (PE) provides funding to support: 1-advanced concept development of medical products that are regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), 2-clinical and field validation studies supporting the transition of FDA-licensed and unregulated products and medical practice guidelines to the military operational user, 3-prototyping, 4-risk reduction and product transition efforts for medical information technology applications such as coordination with the Program Execution Office for possible integration into the Military Health System, and 5-medical simulation and training system technologies. Research in this PE is designed to address areas of interest to the Secretary of Defense regarding Wounded Warriors, capabilities identified through the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System, and sustainment of DoD and multiagency priority investments in science, technology, research, and development. Medical research, development, test, and evaluation priorities for the Defense Health Program (DHP) are guided by, and will support, the Quadrennial Defense Review, the National Research Action Plan for Improving Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans, Service Members, and Military Families, the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance, and the National Strategy for Biosurveillance. Research will support efforts such as the Precision Medicine Initiative, translational research focused on protection against emerging infectious disease threats, the advancement of state of the art regenerative medicine manufacturing technologies consistent with the National Strategic Plan for Advanced Manufacturing, the advancement of global health engagement and capitalization of complementary research and technology capabilities, and the strengthening of the scientific basis for decision-making in patient safety and quality performance in the Military Health System. The program also supports the Interagency Strategic Plan for Research and Development of Blood Products and Related Technologies for Trauma Care and Emergency Preparedness. Program development and execution is peer-reviewed and coordinated with all of the Military Services, appropriate Defense agencies or activities and other federal agencies, to include the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Department of Homeland Security. Coordination occurs through the planning and execution activities of the Joint Program Committees (JPCs), established to manage research, development, test and evaluation for DHP-sponsored research. The JPCs supported by this PE include medical simulation and information sciences, military infectious diseases, military operational medicine, combat casualty care, and clinical and rehabilitative medicine. As the research efforts mature, the most promising will transition to medical products and support systems development funding, PE 0605145.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defe	nse Health Ager	псу		Date:	February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity		R-1 Program El	ement (Number/Name)		
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		PE 0604110DH	A I Medical Products Su	oport and Advanced Co	oncept Development
The Army Medical Command received DHP Congressional Spe					
Health, Joint Warfighter Medical Research, and Restore Core R					Sciences received CSI
funding for the Therapeutic Service Dog Training Program. Beca	ause of the CSI	annual structure	, out-year funding is not	programmed.	
For the Air Force Medical Convice funding in this pressure class			was not far the venicl trans		he and conchilition from
For the Air Force Medical Service, funding in this program eleme Air Force laboratories, and the ability to perform modifications/e					
military operating environment. Ability to enhance or modify exi					
appropriate technology at hand to care for wounded at the point					
schedule possible. Significant benefits can be obtained from rap					
enter the acquisition life-cycle at high TRL levels that can readily					
a materiel component cannot be ensured without correctly progr					
lifecycle. This PE ensures viability of S&T and translational rese					
transition of those activities in the product development lifecycle		·		, C	
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total
Previous President's Budget	97.787	103.443	129.137	<u></u>	129.137
Current President's Budget	146.411	175.518	96.602	-	96.602
Total Adjustments	48.624	72.075	-32.535		-32.535
Congressional General Reductions	-0.173	-	-02.000		-02.000
Congressional Directed Reductions	-	-			
Congressional Rescissions	-	-			
Congressional Adds	60.783	72.075			
Congressional Directed Transfers	-	-			
Reprogrammings	-3.463	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-8.523	-			
<ul> <li>Rebalance Joint Program Committees</li> </ul>	-	-	-13.403	-	-13.403
<ul> <li>DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget Activity Group</li> </ul>	-	-	-9.738	-	-9.738
(BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care					
<ul> <li>Health Information Technology Optimization</li> </ul>	-	-	-7.000	-	-7.000
Reduction					
<ul> <li>Restore USUHS Breast, GYN, and Prostate</li> </ul>	-	-	-2.394	-	-2.394
Cancer Centers of Excellence					
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	s General Redu	ictions)			FY 2015 FY 2016
Project: 400Z: CSI - Congressional Special Interests					
Congressional Add: 427A - Traumatic Brain Injury / P	sychological He	alth			20.000 21.37
<b>.</b>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

it R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense	se Health Agency Da	te: February 201	6
p <b>riation/Budget Activity</b> Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products Support and Advanced</i>	Concept Develo	pment
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	General Reductions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
Congressional Add: 441A - Joint Warfighter Medical Re	esearch Program	20.000	20.000
Congressional Add: 455A - Therapeutic Service Dog Ti	raining Program (USUHS)	3.000	0.000
Congressional Add: 464A – Program Increase: Restore	e Core Research Funding Reduction (GDF)	17.783	30.700
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 4002	2 60.783	72.075
	Congressional Add Totals for all Project	s 60.783	72.075
Development (-\$0.173 million).	Center (FFRDC) Reduction (FFRDC), PE 0604110-Medical Products Supp to DHP RDT&E, PE 0604110-Medical Products Support and Advanced Co		
\$60.783 million).	o Drif TADTAL, TE 0004 TTO-medical Troducts Support and Advanced Co		siit ( '
FY 2016: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) Additions t	o DHP RDT&E, PE 0604110-Medical Products Support and Advanced Co	ncent Developme	
\$72.075 million).			ent (+
	ical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development (-\$13.403 mill ncing of the Joint Program Committees (+\$13.403 million).		·

nibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defer	nse Health Agency	Date: February 2016
bropriation/Budget Activity 0: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		ducts Support and Advanced Concept Development
FY 2017: Realignment from DHP RDTE PE 0604110-Me Health Information Technology Optimization review.	dical Products Support and Advanced Concept	Development (-\$7.000 million) as a result of DoD CIO
FY 2017: Realignment from DHP RDTE PE 0604110-Me 0603115-Medical Technology Development for Breast, G	dical Products Support and Advanced Concept ynecological and Prostate Cancer Centers of E	Development (-\$2.394 million) to DHP RDTE PE Excellence (+2.394 million).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2			<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products</i> <i>Support and Advanced Concept</i> <i>Development</i>			<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 374A / GDF-Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
374A: GDF-Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development	525.045	85.628	99.443	92.602	-	92.602	110.382	127.866	139.793	144.031	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force (GDF)-Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development: This funding supports 1- clinical trials of promising technologies that may provide solutions for the most pressing medical needs of the Warfighter, 2- accelerated transition of promising technologies to the field, and 3- promulgation of new, evidence-based approaches to the practice of medicine as clinical practice guidelines. Medical products advanced concept development is managed by the Joint Program Committees (JPCs) in the following areas: 1- Medical simulation and information sciences. This JPC seeks to promote long-term efficiencies by defining processes improving the electronic healthcare record/other medical related systems, and the implementation of new trends and advancements in technology to improve healthcare access, availability, continuity, cost effectiveness, quality, and patient safety through improved decision making via training, education, and informatics. Initial candidates will be selected from those funded by medical research sponsors in the Department of Defense, and from external sources such as academia and industry, including efforts funded with prior year Congressional Special Interest funding. 2- Military infectious diseases. This JPC supports the advanced development of antimicrobial countermeasures and infectious agents), as well as efforts related to the prevention and management of wound infections and the development of antimicrobial countermeasures and infectious disease-related diagnostic systems. 3- Military operational medicine. This JPC supports clinical status monitoring, interventions for hearing loss and tinnitus, enhancement of military family and community health and resilience, real-time physiological status monitoring, interventions for hearing loss and tinnitus, enhancement of military family and community health and resilience, real-time physiological status monitoring, interventions for hearing loss and tinnitus, enhancement of military family and community hea

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: GDF – Medical Product Support and Advanced Concept Development	85.628	99.443	92.602
<b>Description:</b> Product support and advanced concept development of medical products that are regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA); the accelerated transition of FDA-licensed and unregulated products and medical practice guidelines to the military operational user through clinical and field validation studies, prototyping, risk reduction, and product transition efforts for medical information technology applications, and medical training systems technologies.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Medical simulation and information sciences conducted research in two primary research tasks medical simulation and health information technology (IT). Under the medical simulation task: Began development on Phase 1 of the Advanced Modular Manikin, a training platform for medical intervention procedures. Phase 1 consists of the development of a core (torso) portion,			

PE 0604110DHA: *Medical Products Support and Advanced Co...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Hea	alth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	3
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products</i> <i>Support and Advanced Concept</i> <i>Development</i>	me) Project (Number/Name) 374A / GDF-Medical Products St Advanced Concept Development			
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)</b> which will be used in identifying the mechanical requirements for fut direct observation and automated assessment tool for multiple-casu other measurable parameters. Under the health IT task: Continued research to Warfighter care and mitigate program risk for the Militar	alty scenarios that augments human observations with coordination on electronic medical information technolog y Health System. Identified options to reduce potential ne	ear-	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
and long-term risks associated with IT development and legacy syst Defense modernized Electronic Health Record. Research continued management, and advancing the ability to capture data from the poi data transmission initiatives, new clinical decision support algorithm consent, privacy, and security.	I on closing gaps related to mobile health and personal h int of injury to the point of definitive care. This effort invol	nealth			
Military infectious diseases performed initial optimization of polymer chikungunya to be used on the Next Generation Diagnostic System skin and soft tissue infection in military trainees at Fort Benning, Ge	for Combat Support Hospitals. Supported clinical study				
Military operational medicine applied the results of clinical trials to the psychotherapies (psychological treatment of mental disorders) for the Continued Veterans Affairs-DoD clinical trials studying the use of phesymptoms of PTSD (e.g., improving sleep, reducing nightmares). Contended to support families throughout the deployment lifecycle and development of an objective, blood-based biomarker assay for PTS of daily psychotherapy sessions for (compressed schedule) PTSD to Validated data from human studies on nutrition and dietary supplement physiologic status monitoring systems based on end-user feedback potential pharmaceutical intervention for hearing loss and tinnitus in new active and passive hearing protection device that increases situ noise.	the treatment of post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD). Inarmaceuticals for the treatment of deployment-related continued clinical trials examining the efficacy of a program d promote positive behavioral health outcomes. Continue D screening. Initiated a multi-service clinical trial for valid reatment, preliminary to knowledge product dissemination thents. Continued integration of actionable algorithms into from field studies. Completed a phase II clinical trial of a a military training environment. Completed development	m ed Jation m. t of a			
Combat casualty care. Hemorrhage: Continued safety study in hum spray-dried plasma product. Supported studies on the prehospital u Initiated clinical studies on the use of tranexamic acid, a drug to help device killing infectious organisms in fresh whole blood collected on assessment of a Burr Hole Trainer prototype instruct on the proper to pressure. Assessed the effectiveness of non-invasive neuroassessr	se of plasma for treating patients with traumatic hemorrh o control severe bleeding. Supported clinical trials on a the battlefield for transfusion. Neurotrauma: Completed technique for drilling a cranial burr to relieve intracranial				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6		
0130 / 2 PE 0604110DHA / Medical Products 37			<b>roject (Number/Name)</b> 74A I GDF-Medical Products Support and dvanced Concept Development				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
traumatic brain injury (TBI) biomarker point-of-care devices in conj Continued to develop the Biomarker Assessment for Neurotrauma clinical trials on the Portable Neuromodulation Stimulator as a trea testing/validation and system refinement of the smooth pursuit eye safety, effectiveness, and dose studies of NNZ-2566 in patients wi affected subjects. Pre-hospital and Enroute Care: Advanced the de advanced intensive care capabilities to first responders and frontlin Clinical and rehabilitative medicine continued clinical trials for rege (arms and legs) and digit (fingers, thumbs and toes) salvage. Tran management product, to the Advanced Developer to initiate Phase Solicited applications for tri-Service translational research at Militar requested to focus on advanced concept development efforts in co clinical and rehabilitative medicine, and/or health services research regarding access to care and health care disparities.	Diagnosis and Improved Triage System) diagnostic. Supplement for mild TBI-associated balance disorders. Continue e tracking device for the detection of mild TBI. Continued th moderate to severe TBI and began enrollment of mildly evelopment of a communication/ data transfer system to p the Military Treatment Facilities. Enerative medicine-based approaches for restoration of lim- isitioned management of Sufentanil Nanotab, a battlefield a 3 FDA-regulated clinical trials. Try Treatment Facilities with awards pending. Applications ombat casualty care, operational medicine, infectious dise	oorted ed rovide b pain were ases,					
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Medical simulation and information sciences conducts research in information technology (IT). Under the medical simulation task: Co effort, a core (torso) portion for use in the training of medical interv inoculation simulation training methodologies, technologies, and te psychological stresses and trauma. Conduct a preliminary assess to simulate ophthalmic tissues. Under the health IT task: Continue gaps such as capturing and transmitting point of injury data, transit and Veterans Affairs health systems, and resolving technology issu Military infectious diseases continue optimization on the malaria, d reaction-based assay panel to be used on the Next Generation Dia infection clinical study in military trainees at Fort Benning, Georgia Combating Antibiotic Resistance.	entinue the Advanced Modular Manikin Phase 1 developm rention procedures. In addition, assess the value of stress echniques to protect Warfighters from deployment related ment of a 3-D printer and/or fabricating synthetic material efforts towards filling theater information technology resea tioning theater health information into Department of Defe ues related to a theater environment. lengue, and chikungunya infectious disease polymerase c agnostic System. Continue to support skin and soft tissue	ent fibers arch nse hain					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heal	Ith Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	6		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				al Products Support and		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Military operational medicine continues the development and validation to validate injury models, and mobile technology designed to reduce Center of Excellence (DCoE) to develop clinical practice guidelines for mental disorders) for post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), for the urelated symptoms of PTSD (e.g., improving sleep and reducing night abuse and suicide prevention. Complete a study evaluating the effica Service members throughout the deployment lifecycle. Continue developments. Continue advanced development innitus. Continue studies to validate clinical protocols for the use of r safety and efficacy. Develop gender-specific and gender-neutral start to reduce injuries in the total force. Support the refinement of algorith physiological work strain from real-time non-invasive measurements health status monitoring system for the end user.	al populations, the evaluation of biofeedback sensors as lower back pain in the military. Collaborate with Defension or improved psychotherapies (psychological treatment use of pharmaceuticals for the treatment of deployment imares), and interventions related to alcohol and substa- acy of an intervention designed to support families and elopment of an objective, blood-based PTSD biomarke ment of pharmaceutical interventions for hearing loss a nutritional strategies and dietary supplements and confi- indards that apply across garrison and combat operation mus to reliably predict core body temperature and estim- (e.g., skin temperature and heart rate) into a physiolog in that support FDA Biologic License Application for a se effectiveness study. Continue clinical studies on the pr rhage. Continue clinical studies on the use of tranexam nd analyze data on a device killing infectious organisms cal trials on an intracavitary hemostatic product to contri- thas demonstrated the potential to prolong patient sur- program into advanced development; ; ; continue initia n patients. Transition Ethinyl Estradiol 3 Sulfate, a drug g severe bleeding after trauma, from the Defense Adva d begin preparation for clinical trials. Start clinical studi- es for mild TBI; begin clinical trials on a point-of-care to cific assay system. Validate pivotal clinical trial results fr mild TBI-associated balance disorders. Perform interim of mild TBI and continue to recruit subjects. Finish recru NZ-2566 in patients with moderate to severe TBI, analy d TBI subjects for of safety, effectiveness, and dose trial	s tools se of ance r nd rm ns ate ical spray- re- nic s ol vival al for anced es TBI ol for om o data itment ze ls of				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Heat	alth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	3	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products</i> <i>Support and Advanced Concept</i> <i>Development</i>	e) Project (Number/Name) 374A I GDF-Medical Products S Advanced Concept Developmen				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		ſ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
fill knowledge gaps in the treatment of casualties with moderate to se to mitigate the progression of TBI and secondary brain injury. Forwat the development of a system to provide advanced intensive care ca injury, mainly in the field of decision assist tools using a physiologica to evaluate and promote the development of technologies with the p Research Program.	ard Surgical and Critical Care and Enroute Care is advar pabilities, and data collection systems for battlefield poir al opened loop system. Treatments for Tissue Injury con	ncing nt of itinues				
Clinical and rehabilitative medicine initiates clinical trials to support heterotopic ossification, a process by which bone tissue forms outsi enrollment for Sufentanil Nanotab, a battlefield pain management p Start FY 2015 tri-Service translational research studies at Military T	de the skeleton. Support Phase 3 FDA-regulated clinica roduct, and submit a New Drug Application to the FDA.	l trial				
recruitment, screening, and enrollment of patients. These efforts for casualty care, operational medicine, infectious diseases, clinical and	cus on advanced concept development efforts in combat					
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Medical simulation and information sciences will conduct research in Information Technology (IT). Under the Medical Simulation task: Wi of an individual's insertion into military medical teams in order to imp current augmented reality (AR) capabilities, assess AR capability ga to current industry practices, and explore anticipated future AR need reduce risk associated with the modernization of existing Military He Management System Modernization Electronic Health Record imple prototype, test, and support the transition of technology products an technology capability gaps, such as capturing and transmitting point Will incorporate Theater Operational Medicine health information inte systems to support the Precision Medicine Initiative.	Il initiate studies to optimize individual learning/optimal ti prove the quality of care and patient safety. Will evaluat aps related to military medical applications as compared ds. Under the Health IT task: Will implement options to ealth System legacy systems in support of Healthcare ementation and future integrated MHS applications. Will nd services to address operational medicine health inform t of injury data to improve quality of care and patient safe	ming e nation ety.				
Military infectious diseases will complete optimization and prepare f chikungunya) polymerase chain reaction-based assay panel to be u skin and soft tissue infection clinical study in military trainees at For- treatment of skin and soft tissue infections. Will test and evaluate pr development of antibacterials. These studies will support the Nation	used on the Next Generation Diagnostic System. Will co t Benning, GA, and apply results towards the prevention romising antibacterials, solicit proposals focused on adva	mplete and				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	374A I GL	ect (Number/Name) A I GDF-Medical Products Support and anced Concept Development				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Military operational medicine will validate lower extremity injury the efficacy of omega-3 supplementation to prevent and/or reduct the association between diet composition and health status. Will to improve Warfighters' omega-3 fatty acid status in a garrison optimizing suicide prevention interventions. Will continue object with an industry partner. Will initiate psychopharmacologic study Psychopharmacologic Intervention Target meeting to be held in interventions that may prevent and/or minimize musculoskeleta measuring thermal work strain using non-invasive measurement for military tasks to a physiological status monitoring system. W physiologic status monitor system that will provide actionable pl member and unit leader. Will begin Phase III clinical trials of pha- Combat casualty care. Hemorrhage: Will initiate safety, effective Application for a spray-dried plasma product. Will complete the hemorrhage. Will complete clinical studies on the use of tranexa clinical trials on an intracavitary hemostatic product to control bl effectiveness studies in humans, and will continue safety, effect assessment of its ability to prolong patient survival after severe humans using Ethinyl Estradiol 3 sulfate, a drug for low volume bleeding after trauma, and support ongoing clinical trials assess continue clinical trial to extend the shelf life of platelets in theatr of traumatic brain injury (TBI) biomarker detection tools with print treatment. Will continue clinical trials on a point-of-care tool for specific assay system and downselect one device for use in the mildly affected TBI subjects for of safety, effectiveness, and dos Will identify and clinically relevant TBI endpoints, across the spe applicability for use in research tests and clinical trials with the ta approval. Continue studies to advance knowledge of treatment the point of injury and during transport in order to mitigate the p Critical Care and Enroute Care will advance a system to provide of automated systems to enroute care clinicians to include an u	Lice suicide behaviors. Will conduct clinical studies to evaluate Il perform studies to evaluate the efficacy of a dietary interve feeding environment. Will begin to conduct studies aimed at tive, blood-based PTSD biomarker screening assay develop y(s) via a RFP process following State-of-the-Science for PT a late spring of 2016. Will begin to evaluate nutritional and ot l injury in female Warfighters. Will transition a predictive mod its (e.g., skin temperature and heart rate) and energy consur- fill continue to test and refine algorithms to be embedded into hysiological health status information in real-time to the Serv armaceutical interventions for hearing loss and tinnitus. eness, and dose studies supporting FDA Biologic License clinical studies on the pre-hospital use of plasma for trauma amic acid, a drug to help control severe bleeding. Will contin leeding (Wound Stasis System). Will complete safety/initial tiveness, and dose studies on valproic acid as part of an hemorrhage. Will complete safety/initial effectiveness studie resuscitation of patients with hemorrhagic shock following s sing the ability of similar low volume resuscitation drugs. Will e. Neurotrauma: will pursue studies advancing the develop mary objective of monitoring progression of injury condition v diagnosing TBI in conjunction with the validation of a bio-ma e forward operating environment. Will complete recruitment of se trials of NNZ-2566, analyze results, and prepare final repo- ectrum of injury severity, to support regulatory approvals and ultimate goal of improving clinical trial design and acceleratir and management of casualties with moderate to severe TBI rogression of TBI and secondary brain injury. Forward Surgi e advanced intensive care capabilities such as the implemer	e ntion ment SD her del mption o the ice tic ue tic ue es in evere hent with rker of ort. d g FDA from cal and ntation				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	alth Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products</i> <i>Support and Advanced Concept</i> <i>Development</i>	Medical Products 374A I GDF-Medical Products Supp						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		ſ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
the impact on patient outcomes. Will start testing decision assist too intravenous anesthesia closed loop device will be moving through th Tissue Injury will continue to evaluate and promote the development Peer Reviewed Orthopedic Research Program. Clinical and rehabilitative medicine will continue efforts in the areas medicine. Complete Phase 3 FDA-regulated clinical trials for Sufert Implement inter-agency clinical trials on individualized (precision me Continue FY 2015 efforts, and begin FY 2016 tri-Service translation recommended for funding. Applications will be solicited to focus on	he FDA approval process in the next 3-5 years. Treatment of technologies with the potential to be transitioned from of military-relevant pain management and regenerative tanil Nanotab, a battlefield pain management product. edicine), integrative pain management for Wounded War al research studies at Military Treatment Facilities advanced concept development efforts in combat casua	nts for m the riors.						
care, operational medicine, infectious diseases, clinical and rehabili		btotale	95 629	00 443	92.60			
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy Test and evaluate medical device prototypes, medical procedures,	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Su		85.628	99.443				

required for military and regulatory requirements prior to production and fielding, to include Food and Drug Administration approval and Environmental Protection Agency registration.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Research is evaluated through In-Progress Reviews, DHP-sponsored review and analysis meetings, quarterly and annual status reports, and is subject to Program Office or Program Sponsor Representatives progress reviews to ensure that milestones are met and deliverables are transitioned on schedule. In addition, Integrated Product Teams, if established for a therapy or device, will monitor progress in accordance with the DoD Instruction 5000 series on the Operation of the Defense Acquisition System. The benchmark performance metric for transition of research supported in this PE will be the attainment of a maturity level that is typical of Technology Readiness Level 7.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification:	PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 060411	am Elemen IODHA / Me Ind Advanced ent	dical Produ		Project (Number/Name) 400Z / CSI - Congressional Special Inter				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
400Z: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	116.933	60.783	72.075	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bu	daet Item Ju	ustification	1										
The FY 2015 DHP Congressiona Joint Warfighter Medical Resear								raumatic Br	ain Injury a	nd Psychol	ogical Healt	h, and	
B. Accomplishments/Planned I	Programs (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>					FY 2015	FY 2016				
Congressional Add: 427A - Tra	umatic Brair	n Injury / Ps	ychological	Health				20.000	21.375				
FY 2015 Accomplishments: Th													
Special Interest research program stress and combat-related TBI or													
deployment lifecycle for warriors													
TBI/PH research program are to	support proj	ects aligned	d with the N	ational Res	earch Action	n Plan for In	nproving						
Access to Mental Health Service				•			-						
intent; enable significant researc to ensure the health and readine													
care for PH and TBI in the areas		•	•	• •									
Agency Announcement application	on for the Mi	litary Suicio	le Research	Consortiu	m was recor	mmended fo	or funding						
and will build upon prior work to													
interventions to the DoD. Among Federal Interagency TBI Researd													
prevention of the progression of						otootion oup	aointico,						
FY 2016 Plans: This Congression	onal Special	Interest initi	iative is for ⊺	Fraumatic E	Brain Injury /	Psychologi	cal Health.						
Congressional Add: 441A - Join	nt Warfighter	Medical R	esearch Pro	gram				20.000	20.000				
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> The support for promising research p focus is to augment and accelerate achieving their objectives, and yi development and engineering an	reviously fun ate high prior elding a ben	ided under ity DoD and efit to milita	Congression d Service m ary medicine	nal Special edical requ . Project fu	Interest pro irements that nding is divi	ograms. The at are close ided into tec	to hnology						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/</b> PE 0604110DHA / Medical Produces Support and Advanced Concept Development			l <b>umber/Name)</b> I - Congressional Special Interest
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	
medical research in military infectious diseases, combat casualty care, military simulation and information sciences, and clinical and rehabilitative medicine. T of recommendations, prior year CSI-funded projects were nominated for consider Program Committees, and Execution Management Agency activities. Those program Committees to have the highest priority to fill critical research or mate to developing a product were invited to submit a pre-application and full application. The scientific peer review was in May 2015 and programmatic review occurred completed by September 2016.	hrough an iterative process deration by the Services, Joint rojects deemed by the Joint eriel gaps, and those projects close ation for the next level of effort.			
FY 2016 Plans: This Congressional Special Interest initiative is for Joint Warfig	ghter Medical Research Program.			
Congressional Add: 455A - Therapeutic Service Dog Training Program (USL	3.000	0.000		
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: This Congressional Special Interest research init Dog Training Program (USUHS).	tiative is for Therapeutic Service			
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed. Therapeutic Service Dog Training I Account.	Program transferred to DHP O&M			
Congressional Add: 464A – Program Increase: Restore Core Research Fund	ling Reduction (GDF)	17.783	30.700	
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (C the restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0604110. Funds supported advar medical simulation and information sciences, military operational medicine, an 374A).	nced development efforts for			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) spending of core research initiatives in PE 0604110. Funds supported advanced develop simulation and information sciences, military operational medicine, and comba	oment efforts for medical			
	Congressional Adds Subtotals	60.783	72.075	]
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense I	Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0604110DHA <i>I Medical Products</i> <i>Support and Advanced Concept</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 400Z / CSI - Congressional Special Interest
<b>D. Acquisition Strategy</b> Prior year CSI funded research will be assessed for developmen development criteria are met, follow-on development will be solic		ced development funding. If advanced
E. Performance Metrics		
N/A		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 060411	<b>am Elemen</b> 10DHA / <i>Me</i> nd Advanced ent	dical Produ	,	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 434A I Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development (AF)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
434A: Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development (AF)	6.909	0.000	4.000	4.000	-	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.080	Continuing	Continuing	
on materiel solution investment d programmed funding to address Program ensures viability of S&T those activities in the product dev	capabilities and transla	that enter th itional resea	ne acquisitio	on life-cycle	at high TR	L levels that	t can readily	/ be implem	nented with	significant ι	upside poter	ntial.	
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015 F	Y 2016	FY 2017	
Title: Medical Products Support a	and Advance	ed Concept	Developme	ent (AF)						0.000	4.000	4.000	
<b>Description:</b> Rapidly transition kerevaluation and minor modification performance parameters. Provide Provide core capability to logically (6.1-6.3) into material solutions are fielded in an effective, timely a	or enhance core capat progress in	ement of so pility to rapio nitiatives an	lutions to ac dly transitior id concepts	ddress threa h key, high in the S&T	shold opera value and ir and transla	tional requir npact techn itional/know	rements and lologies to c ledge-focus	d associated operational ( ed program	d key use. าร				
			ed developh	nent and tra	ansition acti	vities neede	ed to ensure	e those proc	lucts				

engineering activities to ready the device for inclusion in advanced clinical trials and guiding it to the FDA regulatory approval pathway. Began evaluation of developing a next generation multichannel infusion pump via a modified-commercial approach to rapidly and safely deliver drugs and therapeutics to DoD wounded, ill and injured personnel in the field, in the air and while awaiting evacuation to definitive care.

FY 2016 Plans:

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	alth Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0604110DHA / Medical Products       434A / Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept         Development       Development       Advanced Concept							
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
Award effort to begin development of a next generation multi-chann to provide medics with the ability to rapidly and safely deliver multip personnel in the field, in the air and while awaiting evacuation to de for aortic hemostasis and resuscitation balloon treatment for comba We are reaching a point where an Advanced Development investm inserts for FDA approval and clinical trials. Evaluate the Cardiovas clinical trials by improving sensitivity and specificity and form factor of turbulent blood through partially occluded arteries - target level o and planned clinical trials for submission of the 510K predicate devi generation multi-channel and prepare for predicate device submissi	le drugs and therapeutics to DoD wounded, ill and injured finitive care. Will also begin transitioning of 59 MDW projec at casualty care under the Expeditionary Medicine portfolio. ent needs to be made to get a catheter with packaging and cular Sonospectrographic Analyzer (CSA), technology throu enhancements to device that can process sound signatures f sensitivity is CT angiographyinclude device in ongoing ice application to the FDA. Continue efforts to develop a ne	t ugh s					
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue development and refinement of the multichannel infusion and therapeutics simultaneously to DoD wounded, ill and injured per definitive care. Will transition 59 MDW project for aortic hemostasis under the Expeditionary Medicine portfolio in preparation of develop eventual FDA approval and pending clinical trials. Evaluation of var performance, modifiable for field use. Evaluation of candidate techn of various technologies to assess operator physiological health and technologies to assess airmen environmental hazards.	and resuscitation balloon treatment for combat casualty ca oing a prototype field catheter with packaging and inserts fo rious technologies to assess operator physiological health a nologies to assess airmen environmental hazards. Evaluat	n to re r and ion					
		otals 0.000	4.000	4.00			

**Remarks** 

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Partnership with the US Navy, AFRL and the Department of the Interior in inter-agency agreements and use (award of delivery orders and task assignments) to engineering and manufacturing development IDIQ vehicles awarded under SBIR phase III provisions. Utilization of Small Business Innovative Research program direct awards for Phase III transition efforts and a Cooperative Agreement structure through Foundations supporting military medical research and development programs. Will also utilize the Request for Proposal (RFP) process managed by the Life Cycle Management Center LCMC and awarded by the Air Force Aeronautical Systems Center, Wright-Patterson AFB.

PE 0604110DHA: *Medical Products Support and Advanced Co...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity	Project (N	umber/Name)	
0130/2	PE 0604110DHA I Medical Products	434A / Me	dical Products Support and
	Support and Advanced Concept	Advanced	Concept Development (AF)
	Development		

## E. Performance Metrics

Achievement of required TRL for each advanced concept development/product support project and fulfillment of established KPPs for same.

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	n Justificat	ion: PB 20 <sup>-</sup>	17 Defense	Health Age	ency	ncy Date: February 2016						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I E	3A 2: RDT&	E			<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	263.991	19.399	19.312	25.340	-	25.340	28.814	24.142	25.370	26.235	Continuing	Continuing
239B: Health Services Data Warehouse (Air Force)	1.112	0.654	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
239F: IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)	6.065	1.644	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
239G: Clinical Enterprise Intelligence Program (CEIP) (DHA)	0.000	0.000	0.908	0.962	-	0.962	1.436	1.461	1.490	1.520	Continuing	Continuing
239H: IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force) at DHA	0.000	0.000	1.844	1.837	-	1.837	2.222	2.686	2.740	2.795	Continuing	Continuing
283C: Medical Operational Data System (MODS) (Army)	4.856	3.114	2.601	2.678	-	2.678	2.705	2.732	2.759	2.787	Continuing	Continuing
283D: Army Medicine CIO Management Operations	3.605	0.000	0.867	0.794	-	0.794	3.491	4.655	4.729	4.977	Continuing	Continuing
283F: Army Warrior Care and Transition System (AWCTS)	0.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
283H: Psychological and Behavioral Health - Tools for Evaluation, Risk, and Management (PBH-TERM)	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.080	-	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
283I: Workload Management System for Nursing-Internet	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
283J: Multi-Drug Resistant Surveillance Network (MRSN)	1.374	0.738	0.844	0.878	-	0.878	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
283K: Veterinary Services Systems Management (VSSM)	0.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
283L: Pharmacovigilance Defense Application System	0.000	0.274	0.275	0.400	-	0.400	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	Continuing	Continuing
283M: Business Intelligence Competency Center (BICC)	1.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	n Justificatio	n: PB 2017	Defense H	ealth Age	ency					Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I E	BA 2: RDT&E				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development								
283N: Corporate Dental System (CDS)	0.709	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
283P: Mobile HealthCare Environment (MHCE)	0.273	0.000	0.362	0.300	-	0.300	0.417	0.331	0.473	0.364	Continuing	Continuing	
385A: Integrated Electronic Health Record Inc 1 (Tri-Service)	135.319	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
386A: Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record (VLER) HEALTH (Tri- Service)	14.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
423A: Defense Center of Excellence (FHP&RP)	3.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
423B: Defense Center of Excellence (Army)	0.000	1.116	1.346	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
423C: Defense Center of Excellence (T2T) (DHA)	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.369	-	1.369	1.395	1.422	1.450	1.479	Continuing	Continuing	
435A: NICOE Continuity Management Tool	2.855	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
446A: Disability Mediation Service (DMS)	0.539	0.348	0.433	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
480B: Defense Medical Human Resources System (internet) (DMHRSi) (Tri-Service)	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
480C: Defense Medical Logistics Standard Support (DMLSS) (Tri- Service)	9.848	3.862	1.933	2.326	-	2.326	2.363	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
480D: Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System - Industrial Hygiene (DOEHRS-IH) (Tri- Service)	8.052	0.000	0.000	6.140	-	6.140	6.025	5.559	6.416	6.901	Continuing	Continuing	
480F: Executive Information/ Decision Support (EI/DS) (Tri- Service)	5.936	0.000	2.551	1.791	-	1.791	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	Justification	: PB 2017	Defense H	ealth Age	ency					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I B	A 2: RDT&E				<b>R-1 Progra</b> PE 0605013			lame) hnology Dev	elopment			
480G: Health Artifact and Image Management Solution (HAIMS) (Tri-Service)	5.828	2.295	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
480K: integrated Federal Health Registry Framework (Tri-Service)	2.591	1.061	0.450	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
480M: Theather Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)	28.731	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
480P: Other Related Technical Activities (Tri-Service)	4.123	0.016	0.000	1.683	-	1.683	3.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
480R: Joint Disability Evaluation System IT (DHA)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.445	-	0.445	0.588	0.666	0.679	0.692	Continuing	Continuing
480Y: Clinical Case Management (Tri-Service)	2.925	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
480Z: Patient Assessment Screening Tool Outcome Registry (Tri-Service)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.828	-	0.828	0.538	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
481A: Theather Enterprise Wide Logistics System (TEWLS) Tri- Service)	5.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
482A: E-Commerce (DHA)	5.526	2.277	2.766	2.829	-	2.829	3.704	4.200	4.284	4.370	Continuing	Continuing
490I: Navy Medicine Chief Information Officer	6.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
490J: Navy Medicine Online	1.369	2.000	2.052	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
Program MDAP/MAIS Code:		I	L.			L.	1					

Project MDAP/MAIS Code(s): 465

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Army Medical Command received PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key technologies to overcome medical and military unique technology barriers. Programs include Army service level support for the Medical Operational Data System (MODS); Army Medicine CIO Management Operations; Psychological and Behavioral Health – Tools for Evaluation, Risk, and Management (PBH-TERM); Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN); Pharmacovigilance Defense Application System; Corporate Dental System (CDS); Mobile HealthCare Environment (MHCE); and the Defense Center of Excellence (DCoE).

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development	t

The Navy Medical Command RDT&E funding supports the development required for those systems which are integral to Navy Medicine (i.e., Navy Medicine Online (NMO)). Navy Medicine also funds, when appropriate, a number of small-scale, opportunistic business improvements when the technology makes a sudden advance. These projects are generally not in the scope of the TRICARE Management Activity (TMA) Central Programs such as the development/integration of Defense Optical Fabrication Enterprise Management System (DOFEMS) into a fully automated system to support workload distribution, performance metrics, staffing requirements, supply management, calculation of operating costs from the current independently or manually DOFEMS system. This effort will be a web based centralized management tool and provide a standalone standard set of Lab Management software for all 26 Navy labs. Additionally, the re-design of HIV Management System (HMS) will be more user friendly, less time to perform everyday tasks and prevents the need to maintain separate databases. The re-design will also automate and minimize functions that require manual assistance and assist in fulfilling new requirements.

For the Air Force Medical Service (AFMS), this program element supports IM/IT development requirements within four AFMS Chief Information Officer defined core capabilities as essential to Air Force Medical Service IM/IT mission support. Data warehousing, reporting services, systems integration, and custom application development are featured in almost all IM/IT systems and application requests. The information needs of the AFMS are growing in volume, complexity, and delivery formats. In order to meet future requirements, aggregation of more and varied data sources require increasingly complex data warehousing capabilities. Demand for dynamic analytic capability will require investments in business intelligence, predictive analytic tools, open source research data models, and emerging personalized medicine analysis. Information is still largely produced in an ad hoc manner without standard methodologies, mapping of business requirements, transparent analytic models, and distributed by office productivity software. Centralized production of standard reports, balance sheets, and dynamic query tools would relieve many managers and action officer of routine work and increase leadership decision support. AFMS medical readiness reporting and tracking has set the standard in the DoD for over a decade but multiple applications now encompass what has merged into a common process of tracking unit capability and personal health assessments. Consolidation of medical readiness applications would streamline disability, medical readiness, deployment surveillance, and flying status tracking and reporting who currently must move between multiple applications.

For the Air Force, the funding in this program element provides for sustainment of the IM/IT Test Bed (IMIT-TB) capability, which is a dedicated OT location and staff encompassing the entire spectrum of healthcare services and products available in MTFs, to provide risk controlled testing of designated core and interim medical applications in a live environment.

Defense Health Agency (DHA) Health Information Technology (HIT) [previously known as Tri-Service IM/IT] - DHA HIT activities, under the Military Health System, include: Innovation and Advanced Technology; Infrastructure & Operations; Solution Delivery; Information Delivery; Cyber Security; and Portfolio Management and Customer Relations. RDT&E program includes funding for development/integration, modernization, test and evaluation for the Defense Health Agency initiatives, and any special interest that are shared within all components of the Defense Health Program (DHP), excluding the Integrated Electronic Health Record, Defense Medical Information Exchange and the DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization Program (DHMSM).

The DHP RDT&E appropriation includes the following TMA initiatives: Electronic Commerce System (E-Commerce): This system was developed for centralized collection, integration, and reporting of accurate purchased care contracting and financial data. It provides an integrated set of data reports from multiple data sources to management, as well as tools to control the end-to-end program change management process. E-Commerce is composed of several major applications including: Contract Management (CM), utilizing Prism software to support contract action development and documentation; Resource Management (RM), employing Oracle

-	Defense Health Ager	су		Date:	February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity			ement (Number/Name)		
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		PE 0605013DHA	I Information Technolo	gy Development	
Federal Financials and TED interface software to support th Document software to provide electronic storage, managem provide reports to assist in the management and tracking of Contractor's Resource Center web sites that provide up-to-or and expenditures for MTF enrollee purchased care and sup and production. E-Commerce is employed by several hund ensure that the needs of the disparate organizations are me remain current with respect to security policies, user authori coordinated on a daily basis.	ent, and retrieval of changes to the mar date financial inform plemental care. E-C red users in more th et without influencing	contract files; M naged care contra ation for both TM Commerce includ an 7 different org system perform	anagement Tracking ar acts as well as current a IA and the Services con es an infrastructure of c ganizations. Project ove ance or support to any i	nd Reporting, utilizing c and out year liabilities; t icerning the military trea over 60 servers support ersight and coordination individual user. Server	ustom software to he Purchased Care and atment facilities (MTFs), ing development, test, must be provided to configurations must
Disability Mediation Service (DMS): The VTA (Veteran's Tra Disability Evaluation System) process. The VTA is schedule to another application creates the requirement to allow data IT application. The BEC (Benefits Executive Council) is lool The DMS will facilitate the improvement of non-medical case DoD (Department of Defense), improving data quality by ca	ed to sun-set, by VA exchange between king to create a DMS e management track	(Veterans Affair Service non-med S (Disability Med king and IDES da	s), and the data is being dical case management iation Service), which is ata/information manager	g moved to another app and new VA DES (Dis an integrator between ment. It will eliminate re	lication. Migration of VTA ability Evaluation System the Services and VA. edundant data entry within
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a	allowing the Services	s to continue usir	•	systems without requi	ring retraining on a new
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancement	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD	s in the other systems ar systems, but will require
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancemen	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD	s in the other systems ar systems, but will require
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will proallow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements <b>8. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b>	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s."	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems ar systems, but will require Services will assume
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a opplications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro- allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u>	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u>	ng their existing/planned late each system from c ge. This IT solution will r ll support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u>	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems at systems, but will require Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u>
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a pplications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro- illow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data come modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancement . <b>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c ge. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will require Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679
Intry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a spplications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will provide the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data ome modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements. <b>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
ntry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a pplications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will provide the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data ome modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements. <b>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments • Congressional General Reductions	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
ntry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a pplications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will provide the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data ome modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements. <b>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
<ul> <li>Intry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a spplications.</li> <li>The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will profile the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data ome modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements.</li> <li>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</li> <li>Previous President's Budget</li> <li>Current President's Budget</li> <li>Total Adjustments</li> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
Intry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a supplications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will provide the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data ome modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements. <b>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments • Congressional General Reductions • Congressional Directed Reductions • Congressional Rescissions	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399 -2.297	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro- allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to esponsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancement <b>Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments • Congressional General Reductions • Congressional Directed Reductions • Congressional Rescissions • Congressional Adds	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399 -2.297	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro- allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements <b>5. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments • Congressional General Reductions • Congressional Directed Reductions • Congressional Rescissions • Congressional Adds • Congressional Directed Transfers	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399 -2.297 - - - 2.000	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will requir Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro- allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements <b>8. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments • Congressional General Reductions • Congressional Directed Reductions • Congressional Rescissions • Congressional Adds • Congressional Directed Transfers • Reprogrammings	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenanc <u>FY 2015</u> 21.696 19.399 -2.297 - - 2.000 - - -2.888	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will require Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340
entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by a applications. The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will pro- allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data some modifications and enhancements to those systems to responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements <b>3. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)</b> Previous President's Budget Current President's Budget Total Adjustments • Congressional General Reductions • Congressional Directed Reductions • Congressional Adds • Congressional Directed Transfers • Reprogrammings • SBIR/STTR Transfer	ovide a mediation se a that we capture du support the date ex nts, and maintenance FY 2015 21.696 19.399 -2.297 - - - 2.000 - - -2.888 -1.409 -	ervice to help isol ring the exchang change. WCP wi ce in the out year <u>FY 2016</u> 19.312 19.312	ng their existing/planned late each system from c je. This IT solution will r Il support development s." <u>FY 2017 Base</u> 19.679 25.340 5.661	hanges and uniquenes not replace current DoD costs for these efforts.	s in the other systems a systems, but will require Services will assume <u>FY 2017 Total</u> 19.679 25.340 5.661

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development	t

#### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605013-Information Technology Development (-\$1.409 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$1.409 million).

FY 2016: No change.

FY 2017: Investment to the efense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605013-Information Technology Development (+\$5.661 million).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA / Info ent	•	,	<b>Project (N</b> 239B I Hea (Air Force)			ehouse
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
239B: Health Services Data Warehouse (Air Force)	1.112	0.654	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	dget Item Ju	ustification	<u> </u>									
Previously known as Assessmen (AFMS) Data Strategy under the databases and transition to a SO models will allow rapid developm	DoD and Al A architectu	F Net Centr ure. Progra	ic Enterpris m will impro	e Services. ove data col	HSDW wil llection, agg	l develop ar regation, ar	n Enterprise	Data Ware	house (ED	N) and Dat	a Marts cor	solidating
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned F</b>	Programs (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015 F	Y 2016	FY 2017
Title: 239B - Health Services Dat	ta Warehous	se								0.654	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> AFMS will purchase COTS software will expedite const tools. These efforts will be used	solidation ar	nd cleansing	g of data, m	easure data	a quality, m							
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> AFMS will continue to use COTS will expedite consolidation and cle will be used to complete the tran	eansing of d	lata, measu	re data qua	ility, merge								
Due to funding delays, planned F 30 Sep 15, for execution of the pl Warehouse (HSDW).												
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Requirements and funding rolled transferred to Defense Health Ag with the stand up of Defense Hea	ency Health	Information	n Technolog		· · ·	•			•			
FY 2017 Plans:												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	fication: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag							bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology 239						Project (Number/Name) 239B I Health Services Data War (Air Force)			rehouse	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Prog	grams (\$ in I	<u>//illions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Requirements and funding rolled up transferred to Defense Health Agence with the stand up of Defense Health	y Health Info	rmation Tec	hnology (DH									
I	<u> </u>	0		Accor	nplishment	s/Planned P	rograms Su	btotals	0.654	0.000	0.000	
C. Other Program Funding Summa	arv (\$ in Milli	ons)								· · ·		
<b>VV</b>			<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					Cost To		
Line Item • BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management/ Information Technology	<u>FY 2015</u> 11.267	<u>FY 2016</u> 0.000	<u>Base</u> 0.000	<u>000</u> -	<u>Total</u> 0.000	FY 2018 0.000	<u>FY 2019</u> 0.000	<u>FY 2020</u> 0.000		Complete Continuing	<u>Total Cos</u> Continuine	
<u>Remarks</u>												
<u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A												
<u>E. Performance Metrics</u> N/A												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					<b>o</b> ( )				Project (Number/Name) 239F / IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
239F: IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)	6.065	1.644	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Dedicated operational test (OT) location and staff encompassing the entire spectrum of healthcare services and products available in Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs), to provide realistic, risk controlled testing of designated core and interim medical applications in an operationally realistic environment. Critical component of ongoing capability development & fielding efforts, ensuring that each is supported by an independent, unbiased assessment of effectiveness, suitability, security, and survivability in a realistic operational environment as required by the FAR 46.103, DoD 5000, and AFI 99-103. The AFMISTB is a complementary service to existing MHS developmental, integration, interoperability, and security testing facilities, forming a logical test process continuum leading to effective deployment decisions. Outcomes include decreasing life-cycle costs of IM/IT products by catching errors early in the acquisition process where they are less costly to fix, and increasing patient safety by fielding operationally tested medical information systems.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: 239F IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)	1.644	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> Provide realistic, risk controlled testing of designated core and interim medical applications in an operationally realistic environment. Critical component of ongoing capability development & fielding efforts, ensuring that each is supported by an independent, unbiased assessment of effectiveness, suitability, security, and survivability in a realistic operational environment as required by the FAR 46.103, DoD 5000, and AFI 99-103. The AFMISTB is a complementary service to existing MHS developmental, integration, interoperability, and security testing facilities, forming a logical test process continuum leading to effective deployment decisions. Outcomes include decreasing life-cycle costs of IM/IT products by catching errors early in the acquisition process where they are less costly to fix, and increasing patient safety by fielding operationally tested medical information systems.			
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: Provided realistic, risk controlled testing to \$13B of Central and Service programs. Conducted independent, unbiased assessment of effectiveness, suitability and survivability In Accordance With FAR 46.103, DoD 5000, and AFI 99-103 for the Theater Medical Information Program (TMIP) and Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX), both under the Congressional oversight list, and the Enterprise Blood Management System (EBMS). AFMISTB also supported complementary service to existing MHS developmental, integration and interoperability efforts to establish the Defense Health Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) Operational Medicine (OM) Government Approved Laboratory (GAL) at the AF SG5T Test site at Fort Detrick, MD. Finally, test development and support were provided to half a dozen other ACAT III programs, including the Health Artifact and Imaging Management (HAIMS). Internally, AFMISTB progressed from Initiation to Phase III of the DoD Information			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	gency					Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06		nent (Numb Information			t (Number/N IM/IT Test B	a <b>me)</b> ed (Air Force,	)
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in I	<u>Millions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Assurance Certification and Re-acc Antonio, Bldg 1. Also, engaged in s					•	,		San			
FY 2016 Plans: Conduct realistic, risk controlled tes for TMIP, DMIX and HAIMS at Initia half a dozen other ACAT III program new EHR OM program at AF SG5T at least half a dozen AF SG HPTs a Operational control of funding was t Health Information Technology (DH initiative IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force) FY 2017 Plans: Operational control of funding was t Health Information Technology (DH initiative IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)	Il Operational ns. Assist Join site in Fort De and requireme transferred fro A HIT) with th at DHA Project transferred fro A HIT) with th	Capability sin of Operational etrick, MD. ( ont reviews. M Air Force le stand up o ct Code 2398 M Air Force le stand up o	tes. Continu al Medicine I Complete DI Medical Info of Defense H H. Medical Info of Defense H	ie ongoing c nformation S ACAP reacc rmation Tec ealth Agency	apability dev Systems (JO reditation fo hnology (IT) y beginning hnology (IT)	relopment & f MIS) to deve AF SG5T V to Defense H in FY16. Rep to Defense H	fielding effor lop and test PN. Particip Health Agen oorted under	ts for the ate in cy			
				Accon	nplishment	s/Planned P	rograms Su	ubtotals	1.644	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Summ	ary (\$ in Milli	ions)	<u>FY 2017</u>	FY 2017	<u>FY 2017</u>					Cost To	
Line Item • N/A: <i>N/A</i> Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A	<u>FY 2015</u> 0.000	<u>FY 2016</u> 0.000	<u>Base</u> 0.000	000	<u>Total</u> 0.000	<u>FY 2018</u> 0.000	<u>FY 2019</u> -	<u>FY 202</u> (	0 <u>FY 202</u> -	Complete	Total Cost Continuing

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA / Info ent	•	,	239G / Clii	umber/Nai nical Enterp CEIP) (DHA	orise Intellige	ence
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
239G: Clinical Enterprise Intelligence Program (CEIP) (DHA)	0.000	0.000	0.908	0.962	-	0.962	1.436	1.461	1.490	1.520	Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Bu</b> The goal of the Clinical Enterprise and thus transforming our enter the ability to use enterprise clinic Warehousing, Application Porta	se Intelligenc prise to a rap cal data. The	e Program id learning collection	(CEIP) stra organization of these ca	n. The CEI pabilities er	IP platform i nables CEIF	s a combina P projects. T	ation of harc hese capab	lware, softv ilities are ir	vare and tee the followi	chnologists ng: Prograr	that togethen n Managem	er deliver ent, Data
clinical dashboards, reports, dat B. Accomplishments/Planned			•	data-mart.		-			FY	2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017
<i>Title:</i> CEIP platform integration			<b>2</b> 4							0.000	0.908	0.962
<b>Description:</b> The CEIP platform enterprise clinical data.	i is a combina	ation of har	dware, softv	vare and te	chnologists	that togethe	er deliver th	e ability to	use			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Previous accomplishment captur Defense Health Agency Health I up of Defense Health Agency be	nformation T	echnology			•		•					
FY 2016 Plans: The Clinical Enterprise Intelligen management for the Health Infor This program enables DHA to co constituent military treatment fac healthcare delivery informatics p is a combination of hardware, so collection of these capabilities en Warehousing, Application Portal of projects enabled by this platfor the Health Services Data Wareh Population Health Portal(PHP), I	rmatics progr pontinue their cilities (MTF). latform that i oftware and to nables CEIP , Infrastructu orm include c ouse and va	ams and su operations f The Clinica s transform echnologists projects. Th re, Operation linical dashl rious other	bject matte to monitor, e al Enterprise ing our enter s that togeth nese capabi ons, Applica poards, rep data source	r expertise extract, and e Intelligend erprise to a her, deliver lities are in tion Suppo orts, data fe s. The CEI	to sustain t make avail ce Program rapid learni the ability to the followir rt, Business eeds, ad-ho P contains t	he clinical in lable busine (CEIP) is ar ng organiza o use enterp ng: Program o Intelligence c data reque he Health Ir	formation s ss medical n advanced tion. The Cl prise clinical Manageme e, and Analy ests, and da nformatics S	ystems. data from patient-cer EIP platforr data. The ent, Data trics. Types ta-marts fro Suite (HIS),	n S Dm			

		2017 Defens	se Health Ag	gency					Date: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06		ment (Numb I Information		239G /	t <b>(Number/N</b> Clinical Ente m (CEIP) (D	erprise Intellig	gence
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pre	ograms (\$ in N	<u>lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
multiple data marts, Business Intell Management System (RMS), Care Medical Informatics (HSMI) Infrastr Service Delivery Assessment (SDA (BICC). CEIP is also in the process Performance Management System	Point Application ucture & Progra ), Electronic D of developing	on Portal (CA am Office (F ata Quality (	AP)(CHAS II O), BDQAS eDQ), Analy	II) , CHAS I & Support, Co /tics, and Bu	& II, ORISE ommunity of siness Intell	Fellowship, H Responsible	lealth Syste Choices(Co petency Cen	ms DRC), ter			
The Clinical Enterprise Intelligence management for the Health Informa This program enables DHA to cont constituent military treatment facilit healthcare delivery informatics plat is a combination of hardware, softw collection of these capabilities enables	atics programs inue their opera ies (MTF). The form that is tran vare and techno	and subject ations to more Clinical Enter reforming out plogists that	matter expenitor, extract erprise Intell ur enterprise together, de	ertise to sust t, and make ligence Prog to a rapid le eliver the abil	ain the clinic available bu ram (CEIP) earning orga lity to use er	cal informations isiness media is an advance nization. The interprise clini	n systems. cal data from ed patient-c CEIP platfo cal data. Th	entered orm			
Warehousing, Application Portal, Ir of projects enabled by this platform the Health Services Data Warehou Population Health Portal(PHP), Dia multiple data marts, Business Intell Management System (RMS), Care Medical Informatics (HSMI) Infrastr Service Delivery Assessment (SDA (BICC). CEIP is also in the process	frastructure, O include clinica se and various betes Informat igence(BI), Con Point Applicatio ucture & Progra s), Electronic D	perations, A I dashboard other data s ion Technolo mposite Occ on Portal (CA am Office (P ata Quality (	pplication S s, reports, d ources. The ogy System upational He AP)(CHAS II PO), BDQAS eDQ), Analy	upport, Busin ata feeds, ac CEIP conta ( DITS) , He ealth and Op II) , CHAS I & Support, Co <i>t</i> ics, and Bu	ness Intellig d-hoc data r ains the Hea balth System beration Risl & II, ORISE community of isiness Intell	ence, and Ar equests, and Ith Informatic s Data Ware < Tracking (C Fellowship, H Responsible igence Com	alytics. Typ data-marts s Suite (HIS house (HSD OHORT), R lealth Syste Choices(Co betency Cen	from ), W) with eferral ms DRC), ter			
Warehousing, Application Portal, Ir of projects enabled by this platform the Health Services Data Warehou Population Health Portal(PHP), Dia multiple data marts, Business Intell Management System (RMS), Care Medical Informatics (HSMI) Infrastr Service Delivery Assessment (SDA	frastructure, O include clinica se and various betes Informat igence(BI), Con Point Applicatio ucture & Progra s), Electronic D	perations, A I dashboard other data s ion Technolo mposite Occ on Portal (CA am Office (P ata Quality (	pplication S s, reports, d ources. The ogy System upational He AP)(CHAS II PO), BDQAS eDQ), Analy	upport, Busin ata feeds, ac e CEIP conta ( DITS) , He ealth and Op II) , CHAS I & Support, Co /tics, and Bu inical Data M	ness Intellig d-hoc data r ains the Hea alth System beration Risl & II, ORISE community of isiness Intell fart (CDM) a	ence, and Ar equests, and Ith Informatic s Data Ware < Tracking (C Fellowship, H Responsible igence Com	alytics. Typ data-marts s Suite (HIS house (HSD OHORT), R lealth Syste Choices(CO betency Cen MHS Revie	from ), W) with eferral ms DRC), ter w	0.000	0.908	0.96
Warehousing, Application Portal, Ir of projects enabled by this platform the Health Services Data Warehou Population Health Portal(PHP), Dia multiple data marts, Business Intell Management System (RMS), Care Medical Informatics (HSMI) Infrastr Service Delivery Assessment (SDA (BICC). CEIP is also in the process Performance Management System	afrastructure, O include clinica se and various betes Informat igence(BI), Con Point Applicatio ucture & Progra ), Electronic Da of developing s (PMS).	perations, A I dashboard other data s ion Technolo mposite Occ on Portal (CA am Office (P ata Quality ( and modern	pplication S s, reports, d ources. The ogy System upational He AP)(CHAS II PO), BDQAS eDQ), Analy	upport, Busin ata feeds, ac e CEIP conta ( DITS) , He ealth and Op II) , CHAS I & Support, Co /tics, and Bu inical Data M	ness Intellig d-hoc data r ains the Hea alth System beration Risl & II, ORISE community of isiness Intell fart (CDM) a	ence, and Ar equests, and Ith Informatic s Data Ware < Tracking (C Fellowship, H Responsible igence Comp and SECDEF	alytics. Typ data-marts s Suite (HIS house (HSD OHORT), R lealth Syste Choices(CO betency Cen MHS Revie	from ), W) with eferral ms DRC), ter w	0.000		L
Warehousing, Application Portal, Ir of projects enabled by this platform the Health Services Data Warehou Population Health Portal(PHP), Dia multiple data marts, Business Intell Management System (RMS), Care Medical Informatics (HSMI) Infrastr Service Delivery Assessment (SDA (BICC). CEIP is also in the process Performance Management System	afrastructure, O include clinica se and various abetes Informat igence(BI), Con Point Applicatio ucture & Progra b), Electronic Da of developing s (PMS).	perations, A I dashboard other data s ion Technolo mposite Occ on Portal (CA am Office (P ata Quality ( and modern	pplication S s, reports, d sources. The ogy System upational He AP)(CHAS II PO), BDQAS eDQ), Analy izing the Cli	upport, Busin ata feeds, ac e CEIP conta ( DITS) , He ealth and Op II) , CHAS I & Support, Co /tics, and Bu inical Data M Accon	ness Intellig d-hoc data r ains the Hea alth System beration Risl & II, ORISE bommunity of isiness Intell fart (CDM) a <b>nplishment</b>	ence, and Ar equests, and Ith Informatic s Data Ware < Tracking (C Fellowship, H Responsible igence Comp and SECDEF s/Planned P	alytics. Typ data-marts s Suite (HIS house (HSD OHORT), R lealth Syste Choices(CO betency Cen MHS Revie	from ), W) with eferral ms DRC), ter w Ibtotals		<u>Cost To</u>	<u>)</u>
Warehousing, Application Portal, Ir of projects enabled by this platform the Health Services Data Warehou Population Health Portal(PHP), Dia multiple data marts, Business Intell Management System (RMS), Care Medical Informatics (HSMI) Infrastr Service Delivery Assessment (SDA (BICC). CEIP is also in the process	afrastructure, O include clinica se and various betes Informat igence(BI), Con Point Applicatio ucture & Progra ), Electronic Da of developing s (PMS).	perations, A I dashboard other data s ion Technolo mposite Occ on Portal (CA am Office (P ata Quality ( and modern	pplication S s, reports, d ources. The ogy System supational He AP)(CHAS II PO), BDQAS eDQ), Analy izing the Cli	upport, Busin ata feeds, ac e CEIP conta ( DITS) , He ealth and Op II) , CHAS I & Support, Co rtics, and Bu inical Data M	ness Intellig d-hoc data r ains the Hea alth System beration Risl & II, ORISE community of isiness Intell fart (CDM) a mplishment	ence, and Ar equests, and Ith Informatic s Data Ware < Tracking (C Fellowship, H Responsible igence Comp and SECDEF	alytics. Typ data-marts s Suite (HIS house (HSD OHORT), R lealth Syste Choices(CO betency Cen MHS Revie	from ), W) with eferral ms DRC), ter w	) <u>FY 202</u>		o a <u>Total Cos</u>

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
0130/2	PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology	239G / Clir	nical Enterprise Intelligence
	Development	Program (0	CEIP) (DHA)

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources. Performance metrics for specific projects may be viewed at the OMB Federal IT Dashboard website.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2									Project (Number/Name) 239H / IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force) at DHA			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
239H: <i>IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)</i> at DHA	0.000	0.000	1.844	1.837	-	1.837	2.222	2.686	2.740	2.795	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Continue to provide realistic, risk controlled testing of designated core and interim medical applications in an operationally realistic environment. Critical component of ongoing capability development & fielding efforts, ensuring that each is supported by an independent, unbiased assessment of effectiveness, suitability, security, and survivability in a realistic operational environment as required by the FAR 46.103, DoD 5000, and AFI 99-103. The AFMISTB is a complementary service to existing MHS developmental, integration, interoperability, and security testing facilities, forming a logical test process continuum leading to effective deployment decisions. Outcomes include decreasing life-cycle costs of IM/IT products by catching errors early in the acquisition process where they are less costly to fix, and increasing patient safety by fielding operationally tested medical information systems.

#### Previously reported under initiative IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force) Project Code 239F.

Operational control of funding was transferred from Air Force Medical Information Technology (IT) to Defense Health Agency Health Information Technology (DHA HIT) with the stand up of Defense Health Agency beginning in FY16. However, functionality for operational testing will remain with Air Force Medical IT. Funding will be transferred to Air Force Medical IT during year of execution.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Operational Testing Service	0.000	1.844	1.837
<b>Description:</b> A dedicated operational testing service, Test Bed conduct tests on various Air Force Medical Systems (AFMS). It provides risk controlled testing for designated core & interim medical applications in an operationally realistic environment.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: Previously reported under initiative IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force) Project Code 239F.			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> DHA will transfer the funding back to Air Force Medical IT during year of execution. Air Force Medical IT will conduct realistic, risk controlled testing for the new \$11B DHMSM Electronic Health Record; also Follow on Test and Evaluation for TMIP, DMIX and HAIMS at Initial Operational Capability sites. Continue ongoing capability development & fielding efforts for half a dozen other ACAT III programs. Assist Joint Operational Medicine Information Systems (JOMIS) to develop and test the new EHR OM program at AF SG5T site in Fort Detrick, MD. Complete DIACAP reaccreditation for AF SG5T VPN. Participate in at least half a dozen AF SG HPTs and requirement reviews.			
FY 2017 Plans:			

alth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016							
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         Development       Development										
	F	<b>Ý 2015</b>	FY 2016	FY 2017						
g: DHMSM Electronic Health Record, JOMIS, Legacy TM s) will be conducted for the DHMSM Fixed Facility sites a y development & fielding efforts for half a dozen other AC	/IIP, nd the AT III									
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals	0.000	1.844	1.83						
	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development ear of execution. Air Force Medical IT will continue realisti g: DHMSM Electronic Health Record, JOMIS, Legacy TM s) will be conducted for the DHMSM Fixed Facility sites and y development & fielding efforts for half a dozen other AC r AF SG5T VPN for virtualization of IT Test Bed. Participa Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology       239H / IM         Development       239H / IM         ear of execution. Air Force Medical IT will continue realistic, risk       FN         g: DHMSM Electronic Health Record, JOMIS, Legacy TMIP,       s) will be conducted for the DHMSM Fixed Facility sites and the         s) will be conducted for the DHMSM Fixed Facility sites and the       r AF SG5T VPN for virtualization of IT Test Bed. Participate in         Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals       Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development       239H I IM/IT Test B         Sear of execution. Air Force Medical IT will continue realistic, risk g: DHMSM Electronic Health Record, JOMIS, Legacy TMIP, s) will be conducted for the DHMSM Fixed Facility sites and the gy development & fielding efforts for half a dozen other ACAT III r AF SG5T VPN for virtualization of IT Test Bed. Participate in       0.000         Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals       0.000	PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development       239H / IM/IT Test Bed (Air Force)         FY 2015       FY 2016         ear of execution. Air Force Medical IT will continue realistic, risk g: DHMSM Electronic Health Record, JOMIS, Legacy TMIP, s) will be conducted for the DHMSM Fixed Facility sites and the y development & fielding efforts for half a dozen other ACAT III r AF SG5T VPN for virtualization of IT Test Bed. Participate in       0.000         Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals       0.000       1.844						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 L	efense He	alth Agency	/					Date: ⊦e	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					-	<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA I Info ent	•				ame) rational Data	System
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283C: Medical Operational Data System (MODS) (Army)	4.856	3.114	2.601	2.678	-	2.678	2.705	2.732	2.759	2.78	7 Continuing	g Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud The Army Medical Command rec to enhance Army Unit and Individ information management data sys such as Electronic Profile, Behav	eived PE 06 ual Medical stem for all	605013 fund I Readiness categories	ding for the Reporting. of military a	MODS pro Ind civilian I	ovides Army	y leadership	with a resp	onsive and	reliable hu	man resou	irce and read	diness
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Medical Operational Data S	ystem (MO	DS)								3.114	2.601	2.678
<b>Description:</b> Information manage all categories of military and civilia <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2015 certification/funding mad System using the Three-Tiered O validated by a senior Federally-Fu applications used this model in pa	an medical a e it possible bject-Orient inded Rese	and support e for the MC ed Architec arch and D	DDS progra UDS progra ture. In add	m to comple lition, all de t (FFRDC) <sup>-</sup>	ete develop sign proces Team – MIT	mental desi ses and pro RE. The Hu	gn of the El iducts were iman Resou	ectronic Pro verified an	ofile d			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 funds are being used to and technically upgrade existing of engineering and acquisition effect	apabilities,	and use fee										
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> FY 2017 funds will be used to res and technically upgrade existing of engineering and acquisition effect strengthen the scientific basis for	apabilities, iveness ser	and use fee vices. The	derally fund se technolo	ed researcl gy upgrade	h and devel es will suppo	opment cen ort the syste	ter resource m's ability t	es for syste				
					Accomplis	shments/PI	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	3.114	2.601	2.678
									I	I	L	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	fication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity					rogram Eler	•			Number/Na		
0130 / 2		PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development (MODS) (Army)									
C. Other Program Funding Summa	ary (\$ in Milli	ons <u>)</u>									
			<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					<u>Cost To</u>	-
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	FY 2016	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	<u>Complete</u>	Total Cost
• BA-1, 0807781HP: Non-	12.461	12.596	12.984	-	12.984	13.385	13.628	13.878	13.937	Continuing	Continuing
Central Information Management/											
Information Technology											
• BA-3, 0807721HP:	0.420	0.120	0.620	-	0.620	0.300	0.400	0.200	0.202	Continuing	Continuing
Replacement/Modernization											
Remarks											

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Select the business, technical, and contract actions that will minimize cost, reduce program risk, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives.

#### E. Performance Metrics

1. MEASURE: Data Warehouse reduces total number of database maintenance hours. METRIC: % database maintenance hours = number of monthly database maintenance hours/total database maintenance hours of previous year average.

2. MEASURE: Data Warehouse supports queries and reports with few data errors (information quality/accuracy). METRIC: % of reports and queries that contain data errors = total number of reports and queries with data errors /total number of reports and queries.

3. MEASURE: Data Warehouse provides the data needed by users and applications (information quality/completeness). METRIC: % post-Data Warehouse = total number (post-Data Warehouse) queries and reports/total number (pre + post-Data Warehouse) queries and reports.

4. MEASURE: Three-Tier Object Oriented Architectural Design (3TOOAD) benefits are reduced costs for implementation of new functionalities. METRIC: % of labor cost = cost of MSR for functional implementation/average cost of similar MSR from previous year(s).

5. MEASURE: Organizational and individual impact of Data Warehouse, 3TOOAD, and Robust Business Intelligence. METRIC: >= 8.5 avg. benchmark score (0 to 10 scale) on quarterly quality and impact surveys from users.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Fe	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology 283 Development Ope					bject (Number/Name) BD / Army Medicine CIO Management erations					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283D: Army Medicine CIO Management Operations	3.605	0.000	0.867	0.794	-	0.794	3.491	4.655	4.729	4.97	7 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bu	dget Item Ju	ustification	<u>l</u>									
The Army Medical Command re technology barriers. The Army I Medicine CIO Management Ope compliance with Congressional,	Medicine CIC erations enco Office of Ma	D Managem ompasses th inagement a	ent Operatione Army Me and Budget,	ons progra dical CIO's	m includes of Information	developmen Manageme	it projects fo ent/Informat	or Army ser ion Techno	vice level s logy (IM/IT)	upport. Sp developn	pecifically, th nent activities	e Army s to ensure
B. Accomplishments/Planned	•		•						F۱	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: 283D - Army Medicine CIC	) Manageme	ent Operatio	ns							0.000	0.867	0.794
<b>Description:</b> The Army Medicine requirements of interim Army me Congressional, Office of Manage	dical applica	ations in an	operationall	y realistic,	risk controll	ed test envi	•	•	1			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.												
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> For FY 2016, the Army Medicine development, engineering, and t of designated core and interim m	esting requir	ements of A	Army Medica	al application	ons, which p	provides real						
FY 2017 Plans: For FY 2017, the Army Medicine development, engineering, and t testing of designated core and in will support the Army's ability to b within the MHS.	esting requir terim medica	ements of A al applicatio	Army Medica	al applicationally	ons, which v realistic env	vill provide r rironment. T	ealistic, risk hese syster	c controlled n developm	ients			
					Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.867	0.794
									L			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	fication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	ency				Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 06	ogram Eler 05013DHA / opment	•	283D / Ai	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 283D I Army Medicine CIO Management Operations						
C. Other Program Funding Summa	ary (\$ in Milli	ons <u>)</u>									
			FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To	
Line Item	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	<b>Complete</b>	Total Cost
• BA-1, 0807781HP: <i>Non-</i>	37.537	39.323	26.312	-	26.312	27.163	27.345	27.320	27.352	Continuing	Continuing
Central Information Management/										-	-
Information Technology											
• BA-1, 0807721HP:	1.665	0.060	3.186	-	3.186	8.792	9.773	10.339	10.560	Continuing	Continuing
Replacement/Modernization											
• BA-1, 0807798HP:	3.975	2.463	2.890	-	2.890	2.940	2.992	3.044	3.044	Continuing	Continuing
Management Headquarters											
• BA-1, 0807796HP:	2.805	0.498	0.510	-	0.510	0.522	0.536	0.536	0.536	Continuing	Continuing
Base Operations										_	-
Pomarke											

## <u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Periodic management evaluation based on ability to provide system development, engineering, and testing requirements of new Army medical applications.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification:	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	Ith Agency	/					Date: Fel	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						013DHA / //	ent (Number Information Te	283F / Ar	ject (Number/Name) F I Army Warrior Care and Transition tem (AWCTS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 201 OCO	7 FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283F: Army Warrior Care and Transition System (AWCTS)	0.488	0.000	0.000	0.000		- 0.00	0.000	0.000	0.00	0 0.00	0 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	dget Item Ju	ustification	1									
The Army Medical Command rec technology barriers. The Army V AWCTS is a family of systems th	Varrior Care	and Transi	tion System	(AWCTS)	program	includes dev	/elopment pr	ojects for A	rmy service	e level supp	ort. Specific	cally, the
B. Accomplishments/Planned F	<u>Programs (</u> \$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Army Warrior Care and Tra	Insition System	em (AWCT	S)							0.000	0.000	0.000
the Warrior Transition Command FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed. FY 2016 Plans: No funding programmed. FY 2017 Plans: No funding programmed.												
No funding programmed.					Accomp	lichmonte/l	Planned Pro	arame Sub	totale	0.000	0.000	0.000
<u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> Line Item	<u>nmary (\$ in</u> FY 20		<u>FY 2</u> 016 B	2017 FY ase		FY 2017		FY 2019	FY 2020		<u>Cost To</u>	Total Cost
• BA-1, 0807714HP:	1.6			.830	-	0.830	0.416	0.614	0.000	<u>- 1 2021</u>		Continuing
Other Health Activities • BA-1, 0807781HP: Non Central IMIT	0.8	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing
Remarks PE 0605013DHA: Information Tec	chnology Dev	velopment		_							Vol	ume 1 - 228
Defense Health Agency				г	2000 20 0	f 0 0		D 1   in a #	D		101	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,		Date: February 2016
	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development	(	umber/Name) ny Warrior Care and Transition WCTS)

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

1. MEASURE: Increase Soldier's ability to access career and education, and communication with transition coordinators. METRIC: Days from submitting request to an appointment or obtaining information

2. MEASURE: Provide the capability for staff to be able to gain visibility of a Soldier's transition status. METRIC: Days from submitting request to receiving status of Soldier.

3. MEASURE: Provide the capability for staff to analyze metrics and business processes. METRIC: Days from requesting metrics/BP reports until receipt of data.

4. MEASURE: Provide the capability for automated workflow processes to decrease manual and decentralized processes. METRIC: Percentage of automated processes versus manual processes

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	Justification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Fe	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology 283H Development Heal					oject (Number/Name) 3H I Psychological and Behavioral ealth - Tools for Evaluation, Risk, and anagement (PBH-TERM)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283H: Psychological and Behavioral Health - Tools for Evaluation, Risk, and Management (PBH-TERM)	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.080	-	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.000	0.00	0 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bu The US Army Medical Comman level support. The PBH-TERM p Command (GH risk Managemen deliver ongoing user support an reporting.	d (MEDCON platform addr nt module/BH	l) and Defer esses two c IRM and wi	nse Centers congression thin primary	ally manda care settin	ted initiative lgs (FIRST-	es including STEPS).	the behavio Further dev	oral health n elopment ef	nanageme forts allow	nt within the expansion	e Warrior Tra of capabilitie	ansition es to
B. Accomplishments/Planned	Programs (	in Million	<u>5)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Psychological and Behavi	oral Health –	Tools for E	valuation, R	lisk, and Ma	anagement	(PBH-TERN	Л)			0.000	0.080	0.080
<b>Description:</b> PBH-TERM is a w supports evidence-based, stand the Warrior Transition Command <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b>	ardized and	integrated E	BH risk and	case mana	gement initi	atives as we	ell as progra		on for			
No Funding Programmed.												
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 funds are being used to system visibility.	o add self-se	rvice functic	onality with o	direct input	by the eligil	ole beneficia	aries, which	improve he	alth			
FY 2017 Plans:												
Funding will be used to continue enhanced visibility by authorized These system enhancements w of improved mental health.	d BH provide	rs. Adds pr	ogram man	agement m	odule for m	arriage and	family thera	apy program				
					Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.080	0.080

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	fication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency		Date: Fel	Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 06	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology DevelopmentProject (Number/Name) 283H / Psychological and B 									
C. Other Program Funding Summa	ary (\$ in Milli	ons <u>)</u>									
			<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	FY 2017					Cost To	
Line Item	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	FY 2020	<u>FY 2021</u>	<b>Complete</b>	Total Cost
• BA-1, 0807781HP: <i>Non-</i>	0.090	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	Continuing	Continuing
Central Information Management/											
Information Technology										<b>.</b>	<b>•</b> • • •
• BA-1, 0807714HP: other health Activities	0.040	0.060	0.080	-	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.082	Continuing	Continuing
• BA-1, 0807793DHA: MHS Tri- Service Information Management/	0.000	0.074	0.074	-	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	Continuing	Continuing
Information Technology (IM/IT)											

#### <u>Remarks</u>

BAG 104 funding moved to DHA starting on 01 Oct 2015 per FY 2016 POM MOA.

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting congressional mandates and program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

FY16

Measure: Improved user efficiencies through automation of support/training modules and guidelines.

Baseline: January 2014, 25% user efficiency rating.

Target: March 2018, 90% user efficiency rating.

Source: Audits and analysis performed by Defense Centers of Excellence, Patient-Centered Behavioral Health personnel.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						r <b>am Eleme</b> 13DHA I Int nent		2831 / Wor	ect (Number/Name) I Workload Management System for ing-Internet			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283I: Workload Management System for Nursing-Internet	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Budg</b> The Army Medical Command rece technology barriers. The Workloa Specifically, the WMSNi supports	ived PE 06 d Manager	605013 fund ment Syster	ding to iden n for Nursir	ig – Interne	t (WMSNi)	program in	cludes deve	lopment pro	jects for Ar	my service	level suppo	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pr	ograms (\$	in Millions	<u>5)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<i>Title:</i> Workload Management Syst <i>Description:</i> The Army Medical C technologies to overcome medical Internet (WMSNi) program include staff scheduling, based on known a	ommand re and militar s developn	eceived PE y unique te nent project	0605013 fu chnology ba s for Army s	arriers. The service leve	e Workload el support.	l Manageme Specifically	ent System the WMSN	for Nursing -	-	0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
FY 2016 Plans: No funding programmed.												
FY 2017 Plans: No funding programmed.												
					Accompli	shments/P	lanned Pro	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sumr	nary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>										
Line Item • BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management/ Information Technology <u>Remarks</u>	FY 20 0.6		01 <u>6</u> E	2017 FY 3ase .297	<u>2017</u> F OCO -	Y 2017 <u>Total</u> <u>I</u> 0.297	F <u>Y 2018</u> 0.296	<u>FY 2019</u> 0.297	<u>FY 2020</u> 0.298	<u>FY 2021</u> -		<u>Total Cost</u> Continuing
<u> </u>												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016	
		Project (Number/Name)
0130/2		2831 I Workload Management System for
	Development	Nursing-Internet

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting congressional mandates and program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

1. MEASURE: All Tier 2 tickets were resolved as required.

METRIC: Maintain application including software components resolving 100% of all problems resolvable at the Tier 2 level

2. MEASURE: Hosted Environment up time maintained at 98%.

METRIC: Provide an operational readiness up time of 98% for the hosted environment, excluding scheduled maintenance windows

3. MEASURE: Execute required security patches to enterprise systems IAW Army directives. METRIC: 95% of Security Patches and critical updates executed within required timeframe

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						ram Elemer 013DHA I Inf nent		283J / Mul	oject (Number/Name) 3J / Multi-Drug Resistant Surveillance etwork (MRSN)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283J: Multi-Drug Resistant Surveillance Network (MRSN)	1.374	0.738	0.844	0.878	-	0.878	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
The Army Medical Command rece technology barriers. The Multi-Dru MRSN is the Enterprise effort to co <b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Pr</b> <i>Title:</i> Multi-Drug Resistant Surveill <b>Description:</b> MRSN is the Enterpr management and antibiotic selection <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Completed the development and te Update which places the Phase 3 ff <b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Funding is being used to continue ff <b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Funding will be used to finalize the into production. These system development	ig Resistan ollect and c ograms (\$ ance Netw ise effort to on. esting of th eatures int the develo developm	nt Surveillar characterize <u>in Millions</u> ork (MRSN o collect and e Phase 2 f to productic pment and ent and dep	nce Network bacterial is <u>b</u> ) d characteri features of M n. testing of th	k (MRSN) p solates to in ze bacteria MRSN. Also he Phase 3 of the Syste	orogram ind nform best al isolates to o, started to features of m Updates	o inform bes o develop ar	opment pro ch as patien t practice, s ad deploy th were deplo es the new l	jects for Arr t managem uch as patie e First Syst yed in FY 2 Phase 3 fea	ny service le ent and anti FY ent em 015. tures	evel suppo ibiotic selec	rt. Specifica	
decision-making for antibiotic treat	ment.				Accompli	ishments/Pl	anned Pro	grams Sub	totals	0.738	0.844	0.878
C. Other Program Funding Sumn	nary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>	<b>F</b> \/ /		0047 5	W 2047			l	I		
Line Item • BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management/ Information Technology <u>Remarks</u>	<u>FY 20</u> 0.5		016 E	2017 FY <u>3ase</u> .544	<u>2017</u> F <u>OCO</u> -	T <u>Y 2017</u> <u>Total</u> <u>F</u> 0.544	Y 2018 0.757	<b>FY 2019</b> 0.775	FY 2020 0.790			Total Cost Continuing

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (Number/Name)	
0130/2	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology	283J I Multi-Drug Resistant Surveillance	
	Development	Network (M	IRSN)

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Business metrics: 1. Turn-around time from receipt of isolate shipment to initial test results being available on MRSN System. Current Performance : 2 weeks Target Performance: 4 days Data Source: Comparison of isolate receipt date and test result date

Time to prepare monthly Antibiogram Report
 Current Performance: 8 weeks
 Target Performance: 2 weeks
 Data Source: Number of days following the end of the month that the report is distributed/posted

3. Antibiogram (or other major product) Report Views Current Performance: N/A (not currently implemented) Target Performance: 30 per month Data Source: Server logs

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency	/					Date: Fel	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						13DHA I In	nt (Number formation To				rvices Syste	ems
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283K: Veterinary Services Systems Management (VSSM)	0.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	get Item Ju	stification										
The Army Medical Command rec technology barriers. The Veterina VSSM will capture veterinary hea	ary Services Ith care trea	Systems N Nument infor	Aanagemen mation to in	t (VSSM) p	program inc	ludes deve	lopment pro	jects for Arr	ny service l s.	evel suppo	ort. Specifica	ally, the
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	•		•						F۱	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Veterinary Services System	s Managem	ent (VSSM	)							0.000	0.000	0.000
<ul> <li>Description: VSSM is a worldwid to include laboratory findings of M dependent owned animals.</li> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.</li> </ul>												
FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.												
					Accompli	shments/P	lanned Pro	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sum	mary (\$ in	Millions)										
	•		<u>FY 2</u>	<u>017</u> FY	<u>2017</u> F	Y 2017					Cost To	
Line Item	<u>FY 20</u>			<u>ase</u>	000		FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	<u>FY 2021</u>	<b>Complete</b>	Total Cost
BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management Information Technology	1.2	08 0.0	000 0.	000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	Continuing	Continuing
• BA-3, 0807721HP: Replacement/Modernization	0.0	00 0.	000 0.	000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	Continuing	Continuing
		· .										

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fel	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	-	nent (Numb Information	er/Name) Technology	283K / Ve	Number/Na eterinary Se nent (VSSM	rvices Syste	ems
C. Other Program Funding Sumn	nary (\$ in Millio	ons <u>)</u>		I				l.			
			<u>FY 2017</u>	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To	
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	<u>Complete</u>	Total Cos
<b>D. Acquisition Strategy</b> Evaluate and use the most approp remain within schedule while meet					•	•	•			•	, and
E. Performance Metrics MEASURE: The success of Comm external commercial laboratories, r			ce will be the	e capability i	n VSSM to e	lectronically	request and	receive labo	oratory test	results from	approved
METRIC: The electronic laboratory	r test result data	a will be time	ely, accurate	e, and allow	alerts for pot	ential diseas	se surveillanc	es to be trig	gered in VS	SSM.	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Fel	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA / Info ent				-	i <b>me)</b> lance Defens	se
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283L: Pharmacovigilance Defense Application System	0.000	0.274	0.275	0.400	-	0.400	0.350	0.350	0.35	0.35	0 Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> The Army Medical Command rec technology barriers. The Pharma Administration (FDA) after a drug	eived PE 06 acovigilance ´s release to	605013 fund Defense A o market.	ding to ident pplication S						ent Safety	reports fror	n the Food a	and Drug
B. Accomplishments/Planned P Title: Pharmacovigilance Defense	• •		-						F	<b>Y 2015</b> 0.274	FY 2016 0.275	<b>FY 2017</b> 0.400
<ul> <li>Description: The Pharmacovigilar reports from the Food and Drug A</li> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</li> <li>FY 2015 funding allowed the Pharmacovigilar health system formulary decisions benefit information for military phy</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Funds are being used to finalize to decisions, better visibility into medimilitary physicians.</li> <li>FY 2017 Plans:</li> <li>Funding will be used to continue to decisions. This process improvements</li> </ul>	nce Defens dministratic macovigila s, better visi vsicians. he process dical practic he process nent will also	that will provide b	on System ( er a drug's to start the edical pract e improved i g patient sa ovide improve	release to process tha ice enhanc nformation fety, and gr ved informa	market. at provides i ing patient s for making reater acces	improved inf safety, and g military hea ss to drug ris king military	formation fo greater acco Ith system f sk/benefit in health syst	or making m ess to drug formulary iformation formation formation	illitary risk/ or			
access to drug risk/benefit informa	ation for mil	itary physic	lans.		Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Proc	arams Sub	totals	0.274	0.275	0.400
								<u> </u>				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency       Date: February 2016													
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Ele</b> r 05013DHA <i>l</i> opment			283L I Ph	Number/Na armacovigi on System	i <b>me)</b> lance Defen	se			
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)														
			<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					<u>Cost To</u>				
Line Item	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	FY 2020	FY 2021	<b>Complete</b>	Total Cost			
• BA-1, 0807781HP: Non-	1.118	1.205	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing			
Central Information Management/										-	-			
Information Technology														
• BA-1, 0807714HP:	0.035	0.000	0.980	-	0.980	0.996	1.053	2.061	2.011	Continuing	Continuing			
Other Health Activities										-	-			
• BA-1, 0807798HP:	1.395	1.418	1.500	-	1.500	1.550	1.600	1.650	1.700	Continuing	Continuing			
Management Headquarters										Ū	·			
<u>Remarks</u>														

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

1. MEASURE: All Tier 2 tickets were resolved as required.

METRIC: Maintain application including software components resolving 100% of all problems resolvable at the Tier 2 level

2. MEASURE: Hosted Environment up time maintained at 98%.

METRIC: Provide an operational readiness up time of 98% for the hosted environment, where the application is never inoperable for longer than 3 business days

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						ram Elemer 013DHA I Int nent			Project (N 283M / Bu Center (Bl	siness Inte	<b>me)</b> Iligence Cor	npetency
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283M: Business Intelligence Competency Center (BICC)	1.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> The Army Medical Command red technology barriers. The Busines actionable data at the point of se	eived PE 06 ss Intelligen	605013 fund ce Compete	ding to ident ency Center	(BICC) is	the busine	ss intelligen	ce capability	/ and mana	gement prod	cesses, foc	used on pro	
B. Accomplishments/Planned F			· ·						· .		FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Business Intelligence Com	• •		+							0.000	0.000	0.000
Description: The Business Intelli processes, focused on providing MTF Commanders, AMEDD Lead FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed. FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed. FY 2017 Plans:	actionable c	lata at the p										
No Funding Programmed.												
					Accompl	ishments/P	lanned Pro	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sum	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>										
Line Item • BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management Information Technology • BA-3, 0807721HP: Replacement/Modernization	FY 20 1.5	65 0.	000 0.	2017 FY Base .000	<u>2017</u> <u>OCO</u> -	<u>Total</u> <u>Total</u> 0.000 0.000	<b>FY 2018</b> 0.000 0.000	FY 2019 0.000 0.000	FY 2020 0.000 0.000	<u>FY 2021</u> - -	Continuing	Total Cost Continuing Continuing

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification: PB			Date: Fe	bruary 2016						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Ele</b> r 05013DHA <i>I</i> opment	•	er/Name) Technology			a <b>me)</b> elligence Con	npetency
C. Other Program Funding Sum	nmary (\$ in Milli	ons <u>)</u>									
Line Item Remarks	FY 2015	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Base</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	<u>Cost To</u> Complete	<u>Total Cost</u>	

O&M Funding transferred to DHA starting on 01OCT2015, per FY16POM MOA.

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	stification:	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						013DHA / /	ent (Numbe nformation	e <b>r/Name)</b> Technology	Project (N 283N / Co		<b>me)</b> ntal System	(CDS)
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	7 FY 201 Total	7 FY 201	B FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
283N: Corporate Dental System (CDS)	0.709	0.000	0.000	0.000	)	- 0.0	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.000	0 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	aet Item Ju	ustification										
The Army Medical Command rece technology barriers. The Corpora	eived PE 06	605013 fund	ding to ident								al and milita	ry unique
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pl	<u>rograms (</u> \$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						F۱	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Corporate Dental System (C	DS)									0.000	0.000	0.000
Description: The Corporate Denta	al System (	(CDS) is the	e Dental digi	tal web ba	sed DICO	M image ca	apture and v	iewing applic	ation.			
FY 2015 funds were used to finaliz store, and forward. Corporate Den patient metadata within DEERS. C for image enhancement and filterin <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed. <i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.	tal Imaging DI 1.0 can	g (CDI) 1.0 g now captur	brovides the re images us	capability	to scan th	ne patient's	CAC which	also verifies				
					Accomp	lishments/	Planned Pr	ograms Sub	ototals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sum	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>						•				
			<u>FY 2</u>			FY 2017			EV 2020		Cost To	Total Coat
Line Item • BA-1, 0807781HP: <i>Non-</i>	<u>FY 20</u> 2.4			<u>Base</u> .111	000	<u>Total</u> 0.111	<u>FY 2018</u> 0.112	<u>FY 2019</u> 0.114	<u>FY 2020</u> 0.115		Continuing	Total Cost
Central Information Managment/ Information Technology	2.4	.04 1.	436 0		-	0.111	0.112	0.114	0.115	0.117	Continuing	Continuing
• BA-1, 0807715HP:	8.2	.60 8.	758 12	.772	-	12.772	13.051	13.386	13.656	13.851	Continuing	Continuing
Dental Care Activities • BA-3, 0807721HP: Replacement/Modernization	2.1	00 2.	541 0	.600	-	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	Continuing	Continuing
PE 0605013DHA: Information Tech	nology De	velopment		UN		IFIED					Vol	ıme 1 - 242

Defense Health Agency

Page 34 of 83

R-1 Line #8

Volume 1 - 242

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project	Justification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	у			PE 06	r <b>ogram Eler</b> 05013DHA <i>l</i> opment	•	er/Name) Technology		Number/Na orporate De	a <b>me)</b> ental System (CDS)
C. Other Program Funding Su	ummary (\$ in Milli	ons <u>)</u>								
Line Item Remarks	<u>FY 2015</u>	FY 2016	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Base</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	Cost To Complete Total Co

## D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

N/A

stification	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Feb	oruary 2016		
				PE 0605	013DHA <i>I Inf</i>						nment	
Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	7 FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
0.273	0.000	0.362	0.300		- 0.300	0.417	0.331	0.473	0.364	4 Continuing	Continuing	
eived PE 06 HealthCare evice.	605013 fund Environme	ding to ident nt (MHCE) i						ata exchan	ge betweer	n patients, p		
• ·											0.300	
clinics using be utilized to ealth record be utilized to systems, sp vstem enhan	any electro o expand th , and enterp o continue t ecifically a p ncements w	e MHCE fur prise system he expandir patient's per vill support tl	nctionality t ns such as ng of the M rsonal healt ne Army's a	o include their elect HCE func th record,	data exchang ronic health i tionality deplo and enterpris	ge with othe ecord. byed in FY is se systems	er systems, 2016, which such as the	will				
				Accomp	lishments/P	anned Pro	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.362	0.300	
<b>FY 20</b> 1.2	<u>15 FY 2</u>	016 E	lase	<u>2017</u> <u>OCO</u>		T <mark>Y 2018</mark> 1.416	<u>FY 2019</u> 1.489	<u>FY 2020</u> 1.564				
	Prior Years 0.273 Iget Item Ju ceived PE 06 HealthCare levice. Programs (\$ ment (MHCI Care Enviror clinics using be utilized to systems, spo ystem enhar and quality mary (\$ in FY 20	Prior Years       FY 2015         0.273       0.000         Iget Item Justification ceived PE 0605013 fund HealthCare Environme levice.         Programs (\$ in Millions ment (MHCE)         Care Environment (MHCE)         Care Environment (MHCE)         Care Environment (MHCE)         be utilized to expand the ealth record, and enterprise         be utilized to continue to systems, specifically a program of mary (\$ in Millions)         Imary (\$ in Millions)         FY 2015       FY 2 1.226	Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016         0.273       0.000       0.362         dget Item Justification revived PE 0605013 funding to ident HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is levice.         Programs (\$ in Millions) ment (MHCE)         Care Environment (MHCE) is the calclinics using any electronic device.         be utilized to expand the MHCE fur ealth record, and enterprise system         be utilized to continue the expandir systems, specifically a patient's per ystem enhancements will support the and quality performance within the         mary (\$ in Millions)         EY 2015       FY 2016         1.226       1.285	Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       Base         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300         dget Item Justification served PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capal levice.       state         Programs (\$ in Millions) ment (MHCE)       ment (MHCE)       sthe capability of state         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability of state       state       state         De utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to ealth record, and enterprise systems such as       state         be utilized to continue the expanding of the M systems, specifically a patient's personal heal year enhancements will support the Army's at and quality performance within the MHS.         mmary (\$ in Millions)       FY 2017 EY 2015       FY 2016 Base 1.226       Base 1.350	PE 0605         Developin         Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       Base       OCO         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -         Aget Item Justification       seived PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and dem         HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of selevice.       Programs (\$ in Millions)         Programs (\$ in Millions)       ment (MHCE)         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bid       capability of secure, bid         Clinics using any electronic device.       Secure and enterprise systems such as their elect         be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality to include eatth record, and enterprise systems such as their elect         be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality to h and quality performance within the MHS.         Accomp         Image (\$ in Millions)         Image (\$ in Millions)       Image (\$ 0.000         Image (\$ 1.285       I.350       Image (\$ 0.000	Prior       Program Element         Prior       FY 2015       FY 2016       Base       OCO       FY 2017         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300         Iget Item Justification       eived PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key         HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirect         Programs (\$ in Millions)         ment (MHCE)         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional methods using any electronic device.         be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record, and enterprise systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise ystem enhancements will support the Army's ability to help strengthe and quality performance within the MHS.         Accomplishments/PI         mary (\$ in Millions)         FY 2017 FY 2017 FY 2017         FY 2017 FY 2017         FY 2017 FY 2017 FY 2017         FY 2015 FY 2016 Base OCO Total F         Accomplishments/PI	R-1 Program Element (Number PE 0605013DHA / Information To Development         Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       Base       OCO       FY 2017       FY 2018         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417         Iget Item Justification       eviced PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information       HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional mess levice.         Programs (\$ in Millions)       ment (MHCE)       Sace Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging an clinics using any electronic device.         be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange with othe ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.         be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality deployed in FY systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems system enhancements will support the Army's ability to help strengthen the scien and quality performance within the MHS.         Accomplishments/Planned Protocolspan="3">Accomplishments/Planned Protocolspan="3">Accomplishments/Planned Protocolspan=3         FY 2015           EY2017       FY 2017       FY 2018       F	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development         Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2018       FY 2019         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331         Interview of the systems         get Item Justification         eived PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologi         HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and device.         Programs (\$ in Millions)         ment (MHCE)       is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exclusions using any electronic device.         be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange with other systems, ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.         be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality deployed in FY 2016, which systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their strengthen the scientific basis fo and quality performance within the MHS.         Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub         Margin fry 2016         FY 2017       FY 2017         FY 2015       FY 2017	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development       Project (N 283P / Mo (MHCE)         Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017 Base       FY 2017 OCO       FY 2017 Total       FY 2018       FY 2019       FY 2020         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473         Iget Item Justification weived PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overce HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange levice.       Fr         Programs (\$ in Millions)       FY         ment (MHCE)       S the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange clinics using any electronic device.       Fr         be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange with other systems, ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.       Fr         be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality deployed in FY 2016, which will systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their ystem enhancements will support the Army's ability to help strengthen the scientific basis for and quality performance within the MHS.         Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals         Imary (\$ in Millions)         FY 2015       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2017 <td colspa<="" td=""><td>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development       Project (Number/Na 2887 I Mobile Health (MHCE)         Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2018       FY 2019       FY 2020       FY 2021         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473       0.364         10.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473       0.364         Iget Item Justification       eved PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overcome medic       HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange between levice.         Programs (\$ in Millions)       FY 2015       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange       FY 2015       0.000       0.000         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability to include data exchange with other systems, eaith record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.       0.000       0.000         Systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems subh as their electro</td><td>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         Project (Number/Name) 283P / Mobile HealthCare Enviro (MHCE)           Prior Years         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017         FY 2017         FY 2018         FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         Cost To Complete           0.273         0.000         0.362         0.300         -         0.300         0.417         0.331         0.473         0.364         Continuing           tiget Item Justification reved PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overcome medical and milita HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange between patients, pr levice.         FY 2015         FY 2015         FY 2016           Programs (\$ in Millions)         FY 2015         FY 2016         0.000         0.362           Chart Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange plinics using any electronic device.         FY 2015         FY 2016           be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange with other systems, ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.         0.000         0.362           be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality deployed in FY 2016, which will system specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their return enhancements will support the Army's ability to help strengthen the sci</td></td>	<td>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development       Project (Number/Na 2887 I Mobile Health (MHCE)         Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2018       FY 2019       FY 2020       FY 2021         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473       0.364         10.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473       0.364         Iget Item Justification       eved PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overcome medic       HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange between levice.         Programs (\$ in Millions)       FY 2015       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange       FY 2015       0.000       0.000         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability to include data exchange with other systems, eaith record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.       0.000       0.000         Systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems subh as their electro</td> <td>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         Project (Number/Name) 283P / Mobile HealthCare Enviro (MHCE)           Prior Years         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017         FY 2017         FY 2018         FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         Cost To Complete           0.273         0.000         0.362         0.300         -         0.300         0.417         0.331         0.473         0.364         Continuing           tiget Item Justification reved PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overcome medical and milita HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange between patients, pr levice.         FY 2015         FY 2015         FY 2016           Programs (\$ in Millions)         FY 2015         FY 2016         0.000         0.362           Chart Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange plinics using any electronic device.         FY 2015         FY 2016           be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange with other systems, ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.         0.000         0.362           be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality deployed in FY 2016, which will system specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their return enhancements will support the Army's ability to help strengthen the sci</td>	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology Development       Project (Number/Na 2887 I Mobile Health (MHCE)         Prior Years       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2018       FY 2019       FY 2020       FY 2021         0.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473       0.364         10.273       0.000       0.362       0.300       -       0.300       0.417       0.331       0.473       0.364         Iget Item Justification       eved PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overcome medic       HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange between levice.         Programs (\$ in Millions)       FY 2015       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000       0.000         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange       FY 2015       0.000       0.000         Care Environment (MHCE) is the capability to include data exchange with other systems, eaith record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.       0.000       0.000         Systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their systems, specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems subh as their electro	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         Project (Number/Name) 283P / Mobile HealthCare Enviro (MHCE)           Prior Years         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017         FY 2017         FY 2018         FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         Cost To Complete           0.273         0.000         0.362         0.300         -         0.300         0.417         0.331         0.473         0.364         Continuing           tiget Item Justification reved PE 0605013 funding to identify, explore, and demonstrate key information technologies to overcome medical and milita HealthCare Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange between patients, pr levice.         FY 2015         FY 2015         FY 2016           Programs (\$ in Millions)         FY 2015         FY 2016         0.000         0.362           Chart Environment (MHCE) is the capability of secure, bidirectional messaging and data exchange plinics using any electronic device.         FY 2015         FY 2016           be utilized to expand the MHCE functionality to include data exchange with other systems, ealth record, and enterprise systems such as their electronic health record.         0.000         0.362           be utilized to continue the expanding of the MHCE functionality deployed in FY 2016, which will system specifically a patient's personal health record, and enterprise systems such as their return enhancements will support the Army's ability to help strengthen the sci

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project	ibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	,			PE 06	rogram Eler 05013DHA / opment	•	<b>er/Name)</b> Technology		Number/Na obile Health	<b>ime)</b> Care Enviror	ment		
C. Other Program Funding Su	C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)												
Line Item Remarks	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	<u>Cost To</u> Complete	Total Cost				

# D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 [	Defense He	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA <i>I Inf</i> e ent				-	<b>me)</b> ctronic Heal	th Record
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
385A: Integrated Electronic Health Record Inc 1 (Tri-Service)	135.319	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	Continuing	Continuing
Project MDAP/MAIS Code: 465												
A. Mission Description and Buc The integrated Electronic Health Veterans Affairs (VA). Commensurate with the OSD AT been restructured within the DoD (DHMSM) program and a redefin iEHR RDT&E is reported under t out.	Record (iEl &L Acquisit to pursue t led iEHR pro	HR) was ap ion Decision wo separat ogram. The	proved to p n Memoran e but relate se program	da (ADM), d d healthcar s report thr	dated July 2 e informatio ough the PE	21, 2013 and in technolog EO DoD Hea	d January 2, yy efforts, th althcare Ma	, 2014, the e DoD Hea nagement \$	former joint Ithcare Mar Systems (D	DoD and Nagement S HMS) to th	/A iEHR pro System Mode e USD (AT&	gram has ernization L).
B. Accomplishments/Planned F	Programs (	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F۱	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Integrated Electronic Health	h Record (iE	EHR) Inc 1 (	Tri-Service	)						0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The iEHR primary r share Health Care Resources to investment is deeply embedded i of existing legacy systems. This i instances) of GOTS and COTS p	improve acc n the MHS I nvestment v	cess to, and Enterprise F	l quality and Roadmap as	l cost effect s both Depa	tiveness of, artments ha	health care ve need for	as mandate modernizat	ed by law. T ion/ replace	This ement			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.												
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
					Accomplis	shments/Pl	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency       Date: February 2016													
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 06	rogram Eler 05013DHA / opment	•	e <b>r/Name)</b> Technology		-	<b>me)</b> ectronic Hea	lth Record					
C. Other Program Funding Summ	n <mark>ary (\$ in Milli</mark>	ons <u>)</u>	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To			
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	<u>000</u>	Total	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>		Total Cost		
• BA-1, 0807793HP: MHS Tri-Service Information	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00		
Bomarka													

#### Remarks

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach.

		PB 2017 L	etense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA <i>I Information Technology</i> <i>Development</i>				386A I Virt	Project (Number/Name) 386A / Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record (VLER) HEALTH (Tri-Service)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
386A: Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record (VLER) HEALTH (Tri- Service)	14.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
The primary goal of the VLER He Federal and private sector partner health information using national engaging patients in their own ca	ers which me standards, f ire. The VLI	eets Meanir that informa	ngful Use (N ntion can su	IU) requirei pport tracki	ments to im ng key clini	prove health cal conditior	ncare quality ns, commur	y, safety, an licating that	nd efficiency information	<ol> <li>By electron</li> <li>to better c</li> </ol>	onically sha oordinate ca	aring are, and	
medical errors, paperwork and ha			althcare cos	ts. These I	penefits, in t	turn, align w	ith the MHS	s quadruple	aim by ens	uring that t	ne military fo	orce is	
medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt	litary benefi thcare is red	ciary popula luced throug	althcare cos ation remair gh the reduc	ts. These I ns healthy t ction of was	benefits, in t hrough focu ste and focu	turn, align w ised preven is on quality	vith the MHS tion; patient '.	S quadruple care is cor	aim by ens venient, eq	uring that t	ne military fo	orce is	
medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt VLER Health funding will be refle	litary benefi thcare is red ected in the I	ciary popula luced throug ntegrated E	althcare cos ation remain gh the reduc Electronic H	ts. These I ns healthy t ction of was	benefits, in t hrough focu ste and focu	turn, align w ised preven is on quality	vith the MHS tion; patient '.	S quadruple care is cor	aim by ens nvenient, eq out.	uring that t uitable, saf	ne military foe, and of the	orce is e highest	
medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt VLER Health funding will be refle	litary benefi thcare is red ected in the I	ciary popula luced throug ntegrated E	althcare cos ation remain gh the reduc Electronic H	ts. These I ns healthy t ction of was	benefits, in t hrough focu ste and focu	turn, align w ised preven is on quality	vith the MHS tion; patient '.	S quadruple care is cor	aim by ens nvenient, eq out.	uring that t uitable, saf	ne military fo	orce is	
medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt VLER Health funding will be refle	ilitary benefi thcare is red ected in the I <b>Programs (\$</b>	ciary popula luced throug ntegrated E in Millions	althcare cos ation remair gh the reduc Electronic H	ts. These I ns healthy t ction of was ealth Recor	benefits, in t hrough focu ste and focu	turn, align w ised preven is on quality	vith the MHS tion; patient '.	S quadruple care is cor	aim by ens nvenient, eq out.	uring that t uitable, saf	ne military foe, and of the	orce is e highest	
medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt VLER Health funding will be refle <u>B. Accomplishments/Planned F</u> <i>Title:</i> Virtual Lifetime Electronic F <i>Description:</i> Work with Departm	litary benefi thcare is red ected in the I Programs (\$ Record (VLE	ciary popula luced throug ntegrated E <u>in Millions</u> R) HEALTH	althcare cos ation remair gh the reduc Electronic H b) I (Tri-Servic	ts. These I hs healthy t ction of was ealth Recor	penefits, in t hrough focu ste and focu rd Program	turn, align w ised preven is on quality Element 06	vith the MHS tion; patient v. 05023 in FN	S quadruple care is cor 2014 and	e aim by ens avenient, eq out.	uring that t uitable, saf 2015 F	ne military for e, and of the <b>FY 2016</b>	orce is e highest FY 2017	
medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt VLER Health funding will be refle <b>B. Accomplishments/Planned F</b>	litary benefi thcare is red ected in the I Programs (\$ Record (VLE	ciary popula luced throug ntegrated E <u>in Millions</u> R) HEALTH	althcare cos ation remair gh the reduc Electronic H b) I (Tri-Servic	ts. These I hs healthy t ction of was ealth Recor	penefits, in t hrough focu ste and focu rd Program	turn, align w ised preven is on quality Element 06	vith the MHS tion; patient v. 05023 in FN	S quadruple care is cor 2014 and	e aim by ens avenient, eq out.	uring that t uitable, saf 2015 F	ne military for e, and of the <b>FY 2016</b>	orce is e highest FY 2017	

No Funding Programmed.

## FY 2017 Plans:

No Funding Programmed.

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

0.000 0.000

0.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	gency					Date: Fel	oruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	•	nent (Numb Information	<b>er/Name)</b> Technology	386A / Vi	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 386A / Virtual Lifetime Electronic (VLER) HEALTH (Tri-Service)			
C. Other Program Funding Summ	ary (\$ in Milli	<u>ons)</u>	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To		
Line Item • BA-1, 0807793HP: <i>MHS</i> <i>Tri-Service Information</i>	<u>FY 2015</u> -	<u>FY 2016</u> -	<u>Base</u>	<u>0C0</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u> -	<u>FY 2019</u> -	<u>FY 2020</u> -	<u>FY 2021</u> -		<u>Total Cost</u>	

#### **Remarks**

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency										Date: Febr	uary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development					Project (Number/Name) 423A I Defense Center of Excellence (FHP&RP)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
423A: Defense Center of Excellence (FHP&RP)	3.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

#### Note

In FY15, transferred from FHP&R (Project Code 423A) to Army (Project Code 423B).

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury (DCoE) is a United States Department of Defense (DoD) organization that provides guidance across DoD programs related to psychological health (PH) and traumatic brain injury (TBI) issues. The organization's mission statement is: "DCoE assesses, validates, oversees and facilitates prevention, resilience, identification, treatment, outreach, rehabilitation, and reintegration programs for PH and TBI to ensure the Department of Defense meets the needs of the USA's military communities, warriors and families." DCoE focuses on education and training; clinical care; prevention; research; and service member, family and community outreach. In collaboration with the Department of Veterans Affairs, the organization supports the Department of Defense's commitment of caring for service members from the time they enter service and throughout the completion of their service. DCoE also seeks to mitigate the stigma that still deters some from reaching out for help for problems such as post-traumatic stress disorder and TBI. The organization has a leadership role in collaborating with a national network of external entities[1] including non-profit organizations, [2] other DoD agencies, academia, Congress, [3] military services and other federal agencies.[4] Public health service and civil service workers, including personnel from the Department of Veterans Affairs and individuals from all the military services as well as contract personnel comprise the staff of DCoE. DCoE's goals include providing the necessary resources to facilitate the care of service members who experience TBI or PH concerns and ensuring that appropriate standards of care exist and are maintained across the Department of Defense. DCoE seeks to create, identify and share best practices, conducting necessary pilot or demonstration projects to better inform quality standards when best practices or evidence based recommendations are not readily available. Other DCoE goals include ensuring that program standards are executed and guality is consistent and creating a system in which individuals across the United States expect and receive the same level and quality of service regardless of their service branch, component, rank or geographic location. DCoE comprises eight directorates and six component centers responsible for TBI/PH issues. These DCoE entities execute programs, provide clinical care, conduct research, identify and share best practices and provide strategic planning for PH and TBI across the DoD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Defense Center Of Excellence (FHP&RP)	0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> DCoE programs and products are developed to drive innovation across the continuum of care by identifying treatment options and other clinical and research methods that deliver superior outcomes. Products range from tools customized for health care providers to electronic resources for service members and families.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense I	Health Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	130 / 2 PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
No Funding Programmed.						
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.						
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.						
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A						
PE 0605013DHA: Information Technology Development	UNCI ASSIFIED					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency	У					Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Budget Activity         R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         Project (Number/Name)           PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         423B / Defense Center           Development         Development					,	nce (Army)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
423B: Defense Center of Excellence (Army)	0.000	1.116	1.346	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### Note

Transferred from FHP&R (Project Code 423A) to Army (Project Code 423B) in FY 2015. Transferred from Army (Project Code 423B) to DHA (Project Code 423C) in FY 2017.

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury is administratively managed under the United States Army Medical Command (MEDCOM) that provides guidance across DoD programs related to psychological health (PH) and traumatic brain injury (TBI) issues. DCoE focuses on education and training; clinical care; prevention; research; and Service Member, Family, and community outreach. In collaboration with the Department of Veterans Affairs, DCoE supports the DDo's commitment of caring for Service Members from the time they enter service and throughout the completion of their service. DCoE also seeks to mitigate the stigma that still deters some from reaching out for help for problems such as post-traumatic stress disorder and TBI. The organization has a leadership role in collaborating with a national network of external entities to include: 1. Non-profit organizations, 2. Other DoD agencies, academia, and Congress, 3. Military services and ther federal agencies and, 4. Public Health Service and civil service workers, to include personnel from the Department of Veterans Affairs and individuals from all military services as well as contractor personnel assigned to DCoE. DCoE's goals include providing the necessary resources to facilitate the care of Service Members who experience TBI and/or PH concerns and ensuring that appropriate standards of care exist and are maintained across the DoD. DCoE seeks to create, identify, and share best practices; conducting necessary pilot or demonstration projects to better inform quality standards when best practices or evidence-based recommendations are not available. Additional goals include ensuring that program standards are executed and quality is consistent for all individuals throughout the United States so that they receive the same level and quality of service regardless of service branch, component, rank, or location. DCoE is comprised of a HQs element and three component centers responsible for PH/TBI issues. These DCoE directorates an

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Defense Center of Excellence (Army)	1.116	1.346	0.000
<b>Description:</b> DCoE programs and products are developed and implemented to drive innovation across the continuum of care by identifying treatment options and other clinical and research methods that deliver superior healthcare outcomes. Products range from tools customized for healthcare providers to electronic resources such as online games and mobile apps for Service Members and their Families.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	fication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Eler</b> 05013DHA <i>l</i> opment		<b>er/Name)</b> Technology		(Number/N Defense Cer		Excellence (Army	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Prog	grams (\$ in N	<u>/lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
FY 2015 funds were used to continue websites, and longitudinal services in websites are improving the PH outco of RDT&E funds for the Deployment Psychological and Behavioral Health primary care.	n support of th omes for DoD Health Clinic	he T2 Toolki Service Me al Center's (	t portfolio. T mbers, their DHCC) deve	This new ger Families, an elopment of a	neration of P nd Veterans. a module (F	H mobile app Continued t RST STEPS	os, games, a for 2016 is th 6) in support	nd ne use of				
FY 2016 Plans: FY 2016 funds are being used to con above. The T2 toolkit and its sub-con access to tools. RDT&E funding will applications. In addition, the DHCC data by individual service, and monite also add healthcare facilitators in beh FY 2017 Plans:	mponents wil be utilized to FIRST STEP or conditions	ll be more fu continue de S module wi such as smo	lly develope evelopment o ill continue to oking cessat	d in order to of mobile app o evolve and tion and obe	allow for fur plications, 3I l develop ca sity/weight n	her collabor ) games, we pabilities to t nanagement	ation and rei bsites, and c ailor reportin	mote other ig, track				
Management of funds is transferred f	from Army to	DHA effectiv	ve in FY 201	7.								
				Accon	nplishment	/Planned P	rograms Su	ıbtotals	1.116	1.346	0.000	
C. Other Program Funding Summa	<mark>nry (\$ in Milli</mark>	<u>ons)</u>	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To		
Line Item	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	Total	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	<u>FY 2020</u>	FY 2021		Total Cos	
• BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management/ Information Technology	1.786	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuin	
• BA-1, 0807724HP: <i>Military</i> Unique - Other Medical	0.268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuin	
Remarks O&M Dollars were transferred back t	to DCoE duri	ng tha 16DB	PCD which	to all affect								

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development	 lumber/Name) fense Center of Excellence (Army)

## E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	1						Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2										Project (Number/Name) 423C I Defense Center of Excellence (7 (DHA)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
423C: Defense Center of Excellence (T2T) (DHA)	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.369	-	1.369	1.395	1.422	1.450	1.479	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury is administratively managed under the United States Army Medical Command (MEDCOM) Organization that provides guidance across DoD program related to psychological health (PH) and traumatic brain injury (TBI) issues. The organizational mission statement is: "DCoE's mission is to improve the lives of our nation's Service Members, Families, and Veterans by advancing excellence in psychological health and traumatic brain injury prevention and care." DCoE focuses on education and training; clinical care; prevention; research, and Service Member, Family, and community outreach. In collaboration with the Department of Veterans Affairs, DCoE supports the DoD's commitment of caring for service members from the time they enter service and throughout the completion of their service. DCoE also seeks to mitigate the stigma that still deters some from reaching out for help for problems such as post-traumatic stress disorder and TBI. The organization has a leadership role in collaborating with a national network of external entities to include: 1. Non-profit organizations, 2. Other DoD agencies, academia, and Congress, 3. Military services and other federal agencies and, 4. Public Health Service and civil service workers, to include personnel from the Department of Veterans Affairs and individuals from all military services as well as contractor personnel assigned to DCoE. DCoE's goals include providing the necessary resources to facilitate the care of service members who experience TBI and/or PH concerns and ensuring that appropriate standards of care exist and are maintained across the DoD. DCoE seeks to create, identify, and share best practices; conducting necessary pilot or demonstration projects to better inform quality standards when best practices or evidence-based recommendations are not available. Additional goals include ensuring that program standards are executed and guality is consistent for all individuals throughout the United States so that they receive the same level and guality of service regardless of service branch, component, rank, or location. DCoE is comprised of a HQs element and three component centers responsible for PH/TBI issues. These DCoE directorates and centers execute programs, provide clinical care, conduct research, and identify and share best practices and provide strategic planning for all PH and TBI throughout the DoD. Management of IMIT funds are transferred from Army to DHA effective in FY 2017.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Defense Center of Excellence (DHA)	0.000	0.000	1.369
<b>Description:</b> DCoE programs and products are developed and implemented to drive innovation across the continuum of care by identifying treatment options and other clinical and research methods that deliver superior healthcare outcomes. Products range from tools customized for healthcare providers to electronic resources such as online games and mobile apps for Service Members and their Families.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.			
FY 2016 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justi	fication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Ele</b> r 05013DHA <i>I</i> opment	•	<b>er/Name)</b> Technology	-	Project (Number/Name) 423C I Defense Center of Excellen (DHA)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Prog	grams (\$ in N	<u>lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
No Funding Programmed.													
Management of funds is transferred development, and to transition to sus Toolkit (T2T) and its sub-component tools. RDT&E funding will be utilized	stainment for s will be more	the electronic fully develo	ic capabilitie	s deployed in to allow for pplications,	n FY16. The further colla 3D games, v	e Telehealth boration and vebsites, and	and Technolo I remote acce	ss to ations.	0.000	0.000	1.369		
C. Other Program Funding Summa	arv (\$ in Milli	ons)			•				I				
	- <b>,</b> , ,		FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To			
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	FY 2016	Base	000	Total	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	<u>FY 202</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	Complete	Total Cos		
• BA-1, 0807793DHA: MHS Tri- Service Information Management/ Information Technology (IM/IT)	0.000	0.000	2.159	-	2.159	2.198	2.239	2.28	4 2.330	Continuing	Continuin		
• BA-1, 0807724DHA: Military Unique Requirements - Other Medical - Health Care	0.000	0.000	3.733	-	3.733	3.768	3.808	3.86	3 3.940	Continuing	Continuin		
<u>Remarks</u>													

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	istification:	РВ 2017 [	Jetense Hea	alth Agency	R-1 Progra	am Elemen I3DHA I Info				Date: Febr umber/Nar	ne)	ment Too	
010072					Developme			chilology			DE Continuity Management Tool		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base			FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
435A: NICOE Continuity Management Tool	2.855	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuir	
A. Mission Description and Bud The NICoE Continuity Manageme	-			lligence too	l to perform	healthcare	modeling a	nd analysis	of NICoF a	activities			
end-to-end system, and were pric Training and Education Subsyste Continuity Management Subsyste intake, pre-admission, admission,	m, Administer, Administer, Administer, Administer, Administer, Administer, Administer, Administer, Administer,	tration Subs	system. raction with	a particula	-		-	-				-	
Scheduling Subsystem: Captures including treatment rooms, moda	s, organizes	, displays tł	ne complex	schedules	of the NICol	E. Used to r	manage pat	ient appoint	tments, the	utilization o	f facility reso	ources	
Clinical Subsystem: A clinical app data. Allows the visualization of a												ent clinic	
Research Subsystem: Consists o NICoE to aggregate data from dis purpose and direction supported	sparate syst	ems, both v	within the N	ICoE and fr	om partner	organizatio	ns, helping	the researc	h move fast	ter, with mo	re agility, an	d with	
Training and Education Subsyste	m: Provides	the ability	to share rel	evant resea	arch, diagnc	osis, treatme	ent informat	on with aut	horized use	ers.			
Administration Subsystem: Provid functions in the NICoE.	des the abili	ty to manaç	ge a portfoli	o of projects	s related to	continuity o	f care, clinio	al operatio	ns, researcl	h, training a	nd educatio	n	
The NCMT is supported by Three Turns NICoE Ideas and Goals int Implementation Planning).													

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	gency			te: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06		nent (Numb Information	e <b>r/Name)</b> Technology		(Number/N IICOE Cont	<b>ame)</b> inuity Manag	ement Tool
1) Explore novel, promising, and furpsychological injuries;	uturistic solutic	ons to the co	mplex spect	rum of comb	at brain inju	y from TBI to	o posttrauma	tic stress d	lisorder (PT	SD) and othe	er
2) Ensure – through continuous ou	itreach and hig	gh quality he	alth care – tl	nat America	embraces th	ose who hav	ve served and	d sacrificed	l so much c	n its behalf;	and
3) Train the next generation of pro	viders in the m	nost effective	e approache	s to preventio	on, detectior	, and treatm	nent options.				
Currently the established AHLTA s clinical operations and research. A										ry to support	NICoE
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in I	<u> Millions)</u>						F	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: NICOE Continuity Manageme	ent Tool								0.000	0.000	0.000
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No funding programmed. FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed. FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.											
No Funding Frogrammed.				Accor	nlichmont	/Plannod P	Programs Sul	btotale	0.000	0.000	0.000
				ACCON	ipnsninena	SFIAIIIIEU F	Tograms Su	biolais	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Summ	hary (\$ in Milli	ons)								- · -	
Line Item	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u>	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	FY 2020	EV 2024	<u>Cost To</u> Complete	
• 4187 807783: NCMT	0.000	0.000	<u>Base</u> 0.000		0.000	0.000	<u>F12019</u> -	<u>F1 2020</u>	<u>F1 2021</u>	•	Continuing
• 4187 807781: NCMT	3.961	4.107	4.259	_	4.259	4.332	_	_	_	Continuing	
	0.000	0.000	0.000	_	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	
• 1690 807781: HEIS		0.000	0.000	_	0.000	0.000	-	-	_	Continuing	
<ul> <li>1690 807781: HEIS</li> <li>4859 807781: JMED</li> </ul>	0.000										Continuin
<ul> <li>1690 807781: HEIS</li> <li>4859 807781: JMED</li> <li>4940 807781: JTFCMI</li> </ul>	0.000 40.792	41.610	42.395	-	42.395	43.267	-	-	-	Continuina	
• 4859 807781: JMED			42.395 0.000	-	42.395 0.000	43.267 0.000	-	-	-	Continuing Continuing	Continuin

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	-	nent (Numb Information	<b>er/Name)</b> Technology		<b>ject (Number/Name)</b> A I NICOE Continuity Management Tc			
C. Other Program Funding Summ	nary (\$ in Milli	ons <u>)</u>										
			FY 2017	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					Cost To		
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	<u>FY 2020</u>	FY 2021	<u>Complete</u>	Total Cost	
<ul> <li>4280 807721: Engineering</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
and Deployment												
• 4361 807781: <i>IA</i>	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
Operational Resiliency												
<ul> <li>4126 807781: Computer</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
Network Defense												
• 4111 807781: Computer	0.473	0.482	0.492	-	0.492	0.502	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
Network Defense												
• 4165 807781: Computer	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
Network Defense												
• 4177 807781: Computer	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
Network Defense	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000						
• 4364 807781:	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing	
Workforce Development												

#### **Remarks**

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

This requirement is currently contracted through the USA Medical Research Activity. The vender is Evolvent Technologies Inc.

#### E. Performance Metrics

This performance metrics or milestones shall include, but is not limited to:

Coordination with Government representatives

Review, evaluation and transition of current support services

Transition of historic data to new contractor system

Government-approved training and certification process

Transfer of hardware warranties and software licenses

Transfer of all System/Tool documentation to include, at a minimum: user manuals, system administration manuals, training materials, disaster recovery manual, requirements traceability matrix, configuration control documents and all other documents required to operate, maintain and administer systems and tools If another contractor follows this contractor with work related to this work, this contractor will provide any developed source code (compiled and uncompiled, including all versions, maintenance updates and patches) with written instructions for the source code on which this contractor has worked, so that an experienced software

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA <i>I Information Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 435A I NICOE Continuity Management Tool
engineer, previously not familiar with the source code can understand and effer software engineer (or person of comparable work level) with significant experie Orientation phase and program to introduce Government personnel, programs Disposition of Contractor purchased Government owned assets, including faci Transfer of Government Furnished Equipment (GFE) and Government Furnish Applicable TMA debriefing and personnel out-processing procedures Turn-in of all government keys, ID/access cards, and security codes.	ence working with the source code, to assist the s, and users to the Contractor's team, tools, me lities, equipment, furniture, phone lines, compu	e new contractor ethodologies, and business processes uter equipment, etc.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						13DHA I Info	t (Number/ ormation Te		<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 446A <i>I Disability Mediation Service (DMS)</i>			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
446A: Disability Mediation Service (DMS)	0.539	0.348	0.433	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

#### "Disability Mediation Service (DMS):

The VTA (Veteran's Tracking Application) has been the primary system to track, record, and report data for the IDES (Integrated Disability Evaluation System) process. The VTA is scheduled to sun-set, by VA (Veterans Affairs), and the data is being moved to another application. Migration of VTA to another application creates the requirement to allow data exchange between Service non-medical case management and new VA DES (Disability Evaluation System) IT application. The BEC (Benefits Executive Council) is looking to create a DMS (Disability Mediation Service), which is an integrator between the Services and VA.

The DMS will facilitate the improvement of non-medical case management tracking and IDES data/information management. It will eliminate redundant data entry within DoD (Department of Defense), improving data quality by capturing more data for operational reporting from the Services and WCP, decrease backlog by eliminating data entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by allowing the Services to continue using their existing/planned systems without requiring retraining on a new applications.

The DMS will be created from existing technology. It will provide a mediation service to help isolate each system from changes and uniqueness in the other systems and allow the Services and WCP to report and drill down on data that we capture during the exchange. This IT solution will not replace current DoD systems, but will require some modifications and enhancements to those systems to support the date exchange. WCP will support development costs for these efforts. Services will assume responsibility and POM costs for modifications, enhancements, and maintenance in the out years."

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Disability Mediation Service (DMS)	0.348	0.433	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The VTA (Veteran's Tracking Application) has been the primary system to track, record, and report data for the IDES (Integrated Disability Evaluation System) process. The VTA is scheduled to sun-set, by VA (Veterans Affairs), and the data is being moved to another application. Migration of VTA to another application creates the requirement to allow data exchange between Service non-medical case management and new VA DES (Disability Evaluation System) IT application. The BEC (Benefits Executive Council) is looking to create a DMS (Disability Mediation Service), which is an integrator between the Services and VA. The DMS will facilitate the improvement of non-medical case management tracking and IDES data/information management. It will eliminate redundant data entry within DoD (Department of Defense), improving data quality by capturing more data for operational reporting from the Services and WCP, decrease backlog by eliminating data entry duplication, and minimize impact to DoD Services by allowing the Services to continue using their existing/planned systems without requiring retraining on a new applications.			

e Health Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 446A <i>I Disability Mediation Service (DM</i>			
	F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
nd WCP to report and drill down on data that we capture during is, but will require some modifications and enhancements to th lopment costs for these efforts. Services will assume responsil ance in the out years."	g the ose bility			
oject Code 480R since responsibility has moved to new progra	am			
oject Code 480R since responsibility has moved to new progra	am			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	0.348	0.433	0.00
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         Development	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (N         PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology       446A / Dis         Development       446A / Dis         e a mediation service to help isolate each system from changes       F         ad WCP to report and drill down on data that we capture during the       s, but will require some modifications and enhancements to those         opment costs for these efforts. Services will assume responsibility       F	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology       446A / Disability Me         development       FY 2015         e a mediation service to help isolate each system from changes       FY 2015         e a mediation service to help isolate each system from changes       FY 2015         of WCP to report and drill down on data that we capture during the       s, but will require some modifications and enhancements to those         opment costs for these efforts. Services will assume responsibility       ance in the out years."         oject Code 480R since responsibility has moved to new program       oject Code 480R since responsibility has moved to new program	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology       446A / Disability Mediation Server         development       FY 2015         FY 2015       FY 2016         e a mediation service to help isolate each system from changes       FY 2015         id WCP to report and drill down on data that we capture during the       s, but will require some modifications and enhancements to those         opment costs for these efforts. Services will assume responsibility       ance in the out years."         oject Code 480R since responsibility has moved to new program       program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Jetense Hea	aith Agency	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)ProgramPE 0605013DHA / Information Technology480					Date: February 2016 Dject (Number/Name) DB I Defense Medical Human Resource stem (internet) (DMHRSi) (Tri-Service)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
480B: Defense Medical Human Resources System (internet) (DMHRSi) (Tri-Service)	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin
A. Mission Description and Bud The Defense Medical Human Re	-		-									
human resource data. It standard Reserve, Guard, civilian, contract improve data quality for manager cost data. B. Accomplishments/Planned P	tor, and volu ment decisio	unteer medi on making a	cal personn Ind managir	el); improv	es reporting	of medical	personnel r	eadiness ar	nd; streamli ed labor cos	nes busine sts and is s	ss processe	es to
<i>Title:</i> Defense Medical Human R	•		•	PSi) (Tri So	nvice)				Fĭ	0.000	0.000	0.00
<b>Description:</b> The Defense Medic optimize the management of hum that enables improved decision m medical human resource informat Reserve, Guard, civilian, contract streamlines business processes t Tri-Service visibility of associated	an resource haking by fac- tion and pro or, and volu o improve d	e assets acr cilitating the vides enter inteer medie lata quality	oss the Mili collection a prise-wide v cal personn for manage	tary Health and analysi risibility for el); improve ment decisi	System (M s of critical all categorie s reporting ion making	HS). DMHR human reso es of human of medical	Si is a Web urce data. I resources personnel r	b-based syst t standardiz (Active Duty eadiness an	es /, id;			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.												
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
					Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Subt	otals	0.000	0.000	0.00
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A	imary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>										

0130 / 2       PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development       480B / Defense Medical Human Resources System (internet) (DMHRSi) (Tri-Service)         C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)         Remarks         D. Acquisition Strategy N/A         E. Performance Metrics	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agen	ncy	Date: February 2016
Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics	Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology	480B I Defense Medical Human Resources
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics	C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
N/A E. Performance Metrics	<u>Remarks</u>		
N/A E. Performance Metrics	D. Acquisition Strategy		
	N/A		
	E. Performance Metrics		
	N/A		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016		
0130 / 2 PE 06050					PE 060501	PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology 480C / Def					<b>Jumber/Name)</b> fense Medical Logistics Standard DMLSS) (Tri-Service)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
480C: Defense Medical Logistics Standard Support (DMLSS) (Tri- Service)	9.848	3.862	1.933	2.326	-	2.326	2.363	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

DMLSS provides the Military Medical Departments one standard Department of Defense (DoD) medical logistics system. The DMLSS suite of applications provides the healthcare driven capability to support the medical logistics needs of the DoD community for critical medical commodities - pharmaceuticals and medical/surgical supplies across the continuum of care from the battlefield to tertiary care at a major DoD military treatment facility (MTF). This capability is enabled by the partnership of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Defense Supply Center Philadelphia and the Military Health System (MHS) providing an industry to practitioner supply chain for the medical commodity. The DMLSS Defense Logistics Agency Wholesale (DMLSS-W) applications are funded by Defense Logistics Agency while the garrison medical treatment facilities and theater applications are funded by the Defense Health Program. The current DMLSS system provides full spectrum capability for medical logistics management. Basic functionality includes stock control, Prime Vendor operations, preparation of procurement documents, research and price comparison for products, property accounting, biomedical treatment facility physical plant and supports Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO) accreditation requirements. DMLSS, in coordination with the Theater Medical Information Program – Joint (TMIP-J), is providing to the Services and the Combatant Commanders the functional logistics capabilities necessary to rapidly project and sustain joint medical capabilities for medical logistics management of theater medical maintenance orders. Primarily focused on the theater environment, DCAM automates the Class VIII supply process at the lower levels of care, and allows non-logisticians, who maintain their medical supplies as an additional duty, to electronically exchange catalog, order, and status information with their supply activity.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Defense Medical Logistics Standard Support (DMLSS) (Tri-Service)	3.862	1.933	2.326
Description: Development, integration and modernization of DMLSS modules.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Made the following critical functional and technical changes in the Medical Logistics: (1) Implemented additional pharmaceutical ordering logic and catalog data; (2) Implemented additional business logic to support equipment maintenance planning and equipment lifecycle management; (3) Expanded the Master Ordering Facility functionality to support Department of Defense support of Civil Authorities contingency operations; (4) Provided foundational support for regionalization of DMLSS application, reducing the deployed footprint without compromise in performance and quality. <b>FY 2016 Plans:</b>			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	gency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	-	nent (Numb Information	er/Name) Technology	480C / L	Project (Number/Name) 80C I Defense Medical Logistics Stan Support (DMLSS) (Tri-Service)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in M	<u>/lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
Objectives are (1) to continue to su (Hardware (HW) and License), with information; (2) create standard me establish foundational data objects, Security Act.	out compromises aging for Me	se in perform edical Materi	nance and q al Quality C	uality, and in ontrol (MMQ	creasing ac C) recalls a	cess to near nd hazard al	real time erts: (3) and	Chain						
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Objectives are to continue to suppo authoritative data sources as well a base changes required by The Drug	s to continue t	o acquire for	undational d											
				Accon	nplishment	s/Planned P	rograms Su	btotals	3.862	1.933	2.32			
C. Other Program Funding Summ	ary (\$ in Milli	ons)												
Line Item • BA-1, 0807793DHA: <i>MHS</i> <i>Tri-Service Information</i> Remarks	<u>FY 2015</u> 35.755	<u>FY 2016</u> 30.889	FY 2017 Base 32.511	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u> -	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Total</u> 32.511	<u>FY 2018</u> 33.075	<u>FY 2019</u> 33.639	<u>FY 2020</u> 34.313	<u>FY 2021</u> 34.999		Total Cos			

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources. Performance metrics for specific projects may be viewed at the OMB Federal IT Dashboard website.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Feb	ruary 2016			
0130 / 2						PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology 480 Development Envi - Ind					<b>roject (Number/Name)</b> 80D I Defense Occupational and Invironmental Health Readiness System Industrial Hygiene (DOEHRS-IH) (Tri- Service)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
480D: Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System - Industrial Hygiene (DOEHRS-IH) (Tri- Service)	8.052	0.000	0.000	6.140	-	6.140	6.025	5.559	6.416	6.901	Continuing	Continuing		
A. Mission Description and Bud Defense Occupational and Envir provides a single point for assem data, personnel protective equip the definition, collection and anal assessment, identify similar expo exposure-based medical surveilla	onmental He nbling, comp ment usage lysis platforr osure groups ance and ris	ealth Readir varing, using data, obser n to generat s, establish k reduction.	ness Syster g, evaluating vation of wo te and main a longitudin	g, and storir ork practice tain a Serv	ng occupations data, and ice Member	onal person employee ł r´s Longitud	nel exposur nealth hazai inal Exposu	e information d education re Record.	on, workplac nal data. Do DOEHRS- follow-up, a	ce environn OEHRS-IH IH will desc and provide	nental monit will provide ribe the exp information	oring for posure to enable		
B. Accomplishments/Planned F	•		•	Natana la	مار بملية ما البرم			Comilac)	FY		FY 2016	<b>FY 2017</b> 6.140		
<i>Title:</i> Defense Occupational and Environmental Health Readiness System - Industrial Hygiene (DOEHRS-IH) (Tri-Service) <i>Description:</i> Configure, enhance and interface DOEHRS-IH modules.									0.000	0.000	0.140			
<ul> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2017 Plans: Funding for the Critical User Enh. Occupational Environmental Hea will remain unable to fully utilize I and reporting across the range of health operations, and in associa OEH risk assessment and manage</li> </ul>	Ith Integrate DOEHRS-IH f military ope tion with pul	d Product T effectively erations (RC blic health e	eam (OEH) to efficiently MO). OEF mergency r	PT)-identifi meet the r surveilland	ed Critical U mission of lo ce data collo nt supports	User Enhan ongitudinal e ected in gar joint OEH d	cements, th exposure re rison, during ata manage	e end users cordkeeping g deployme ement, infor	g ent ms					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	tification: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	gency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	rogram Eler 05013DHA / opment		per/Name) Technology	Project (Number/Name)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in N	<u>/lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
application: Managing and Validating of Exposu Management and Control of Functi critical areas which are key to incre system and the value of the OEH s	onality by Role asing user sat	, Workflow a isfaction with	and End Use	er Experience tion and, the	e, and resolvereby, increa	ring technica sing usage o	al SCRs in the	se RS-IH	0.000	0.000	6.140		
	······	>					iogramo ca		0.000	0.000	0.110		
C. Other Program Funding Summ	<u>nary (\$ in Milli</u>	<u>ons)</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					<u>Cost To</u>			
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>Base</u>	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	FY 2020	<u>) FY 2021</u>	<u>Complete</u>	Total Cos		
BA-1, 0807793DHA: MHS     Tri-Service Information	6.600	9.579	12.262	-	12.262	14.835	14.886	15.864	17.030	Continuing	Continuin		
• BA-3, 0807721DHA: Replacement/Modernization	0.239	0.113	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin		
<u>Remarks</u>													

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources. Performance metrics for specific projects may be viewed at the OMB Federal IT Dashboard website.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 [	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA I Info ent			<b>Project (N</b> 480F / Exe Support (E	ision		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
480F: Executive Information/ Decision Support (EI/DS) (Tri- Service)	5.936	0.000	2.551	1.791	-	1.791	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
EI/DS is comprised of a central da Tool (M2), Electronic Surveillance Encounter Data (TED) & Patient I receipt, processing, and storage of data include inpatient dispositions order pharmacy patient encounte data, customer satisfaction surve various data marts, to managers, <b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	e System fo Encounter F of over 155 s, outpatien r records, b ys, and data clinicians, a	r the Early Processing terabytes o t encounter peneficiary o a associate and analyst	Notification and Reporti f data from s, laborator lemographi d with the V s for the ma	of Commui ng (PEPR) both Militar y, radiology cs, MTF wo /ounded W	nity-based E . Many of th ry Treatmen /, and pharn orkload and /arrior care.	Epidemics (E ese operate t Facilities ( nacy worklo cost informa EI/DS provi	ESSENCE), within a Br MTF) and th ad, TRICAF ation, eligibi des centrali	and Purcha usiness Obj ne TRICAR RE network lity and enro	ased Care ( ects XI (BO E purchase patient enc ollment, Phi on, storage	Dperations XI) environ d care netw ounter reco armacy Dat and availa	Systems -TI ment. EI/DS /ork system: rds, TRICAI /a Transactio	RICARE 6 manages s. These RE mail on Service
<i>Title:</i> Executive Inforamtion/Decis	• •		-							0.000	2.551	1.791
<i>Description:</i> Development, mode <i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No Funding Programmed.	••	. , .	,	r various E	I/DS module	es.				0.000	2.001	1.791
FY 2016 Plans: ESSENCE • Develop the Enhanced Query ca • Develop an Enhanced Referenc • Develop an Enhanced System A definitions, etc. TED • Provide capability to download N Identifier (NPI) and Provider Reco	e table mar dministratio lational Pla	nagement c on to mainta n and Provi	apability to ain mapping	update key tables, site	reference ta e Identificati	ables within on, case-sp	ESSENCE ecific defini	tions, site	ər			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	Date: February 2016													
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	r <b>ogram Eler</b> 05013DHA / opment		e <b>r/Name)</b> Technology	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 480F <i>I Executive Information/Decision</i> <i>Support (EI/DS) (Tri-Service)</i>						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Press	•	<u>/lillions)</u>						[	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
<ul> <li>Modify PEPR to report revenue contraction</li> </ul>	odes and NPI													
EI/DS will continue to: (1) improve and reporting efforts; (3) improve s applications to continue and improve managers, clinicians, and analysts.	haring capabili ve business pro	ties among i	nternal and	external orga	anizations; (	4) sustain ar	id maintain							
FY 2017 Plans:														
<ul> <li>ESSENCE</li> <li>Expand data storage/maintenanc</li> <li>Implement geographic information of counts by patient's residence thr</li> </ul>	n system (GIS)	capability w					ts and point s	ource						
<ul> <li>Provide analysis of encounter-relation</li> </ul>	0													
<ul><li>determine the proportion of Influent</li><li>Design (preliminary only) access</li></ul>		• •	•			ne or catego	ory.							
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotal									0.000	2.551	1.79 <sup>2</sup>			
C. Other Program Funding Sumn	nary (\$ in Milli	ons)												
			FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					Cost To	-			
<u>Line Item</u> • BA-1, 0807793DHA: <i>MHS</i> <i>Tri-Service Information</i>	<u>FY 2015</u> 26.280	<u>FY 2016</u> 31.070	<u>Base</u> 32.080	<u>000</u> -	<u>Total</u> 32.080	<u>FY 2018</u> 32.586	<u>FY 2019</u> 33.298	<u>FY 202</u> 33.96		<ol> <li><u>Complete</u></li> <li>Continuing</li> </ol>	<u>Total Cos</u> Continuine			
<u>Remarks</u>														

#### \_\_\_\_\_

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources. Performance metrics for specific projects may be viewed at the OMB Federal IT Dashboard website.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	oruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology 4800					<b>oject (Number/Name)</b> )G I Health Artifact and Image nagement Solution (HAIMS) (Tri-Servio						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
480G: Health Artifact and Image Management Solution (HAIMS) (Tri-Service)	5.828	2.295	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	) Continuing	Continuing
The Health Artifact and Image Ma images (A&I) generated during th that have been registered with the (PACs). As patients move through moves seamlessly and simultane Wounded Warrior scanned docur external A&I both inside and outs	e healthcar e central "sy h the contin ously with t nents, and	e delivery p ystem", curr nuum of care he patient. an alternativ	rocess. HA ently on loc from Cont This advand ve to finding	IMS will pro al workstat inental Unit ces several g storage sp	ovide the ne ions and Mi ted States to MHS strate pace for pap	w capability litary Treatn o Theater ar gy initiative per records o	y for users the nent Facility nd then retu s such as a of merging l	nroughout th (MTF) Picto rn to DoD so chievement	ne MHS to b ure Archive ustaining ba of paperles	e aware a and Com ases facilit s record, g	nd have acc munications ies, healthca global acces	cess to A&I Systems are A&I s of
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Health Artifact and Image M	lanagemen	t Solution (H	HAIMS) (Tri	-Service)						2.295	0.000	0.000
Description: Integrate new functi	onality into	HAIMS.										
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Supported operational test and ev \$2M O&M of the FY15 \$3.6M O&I						E. This addit	tional \$2M F	RDT&E fund	ls			
will extend the Service Treatment configuration using Agile principle the Information Assurance certific of the solution into production with support the evaluation of the STR	s, b) integra ation and a n a limited r	ation, c) ong ccreditation number of us	poing testing process to sers for 6 m	g and evalu support an ionths to a y	ation activit Authority T	ies, d) docu o Operate (	mentation, ATO), and f	e) completic ) developme	ent			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
					Accomplis	shments/Pl	anned Prog	grams Subt	otals	2.295	0.000	0.000

Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)       Project (Number/Name)         0130 / 2       PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology       480G / Health Artifact and Imag         0130 / 2       Development       480G / Health Artifact and Imag         0130 / 2       EX 2017       FY 2017       FY 2017         0130 / 2       EX 2015       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2017         0130 / 2       EX 2015       EX 2016       EX 2016       EX 2017	
<u>FY 2017</u> <u>FY 2017</u> <u>FY 2017</u> <u>Cost Te</u>	
Line Item EV 2015 EV 2016 Base OCO Total EV 2018 EV 2010 EV 2020 EV 2021 Complete	
Line Item FY 2015 FY 2016 Base OCO Total FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 Complete	Total Cost
• BA-1, 0807793DHA: MHS 17.054 17.575 25.634 - 25.634 25.298 22.398 22.919 23.377 Continuing	Continuing
Tri-Service Information	-
• BA-3, 0807721DHA: 1.991 9.500 12.500 - 12.500 12.604 13.732 14.007 14.287 Continuing	Continuing
Replacement/Modernization	-

### Remarks

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)         Project (Number/Name)           PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology         480K / integrated Federal           Development         Framework (Tri-Service)						ral Health Registry						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
480K: integrated Federal Health Registry Framework (Tri-Service)	2.591	1.061	0.450	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The purpose of an integrated Federal Health Registry capability is to provide a viable solution to fulfill a critical need for improved sharing and exchange of Service member and Veteran health information and data between the Department of Defense - Health Affairs and the Department of Veterans Affairs Veterans Health Administration communities of interest (COIs) as mandated in Section 1635 of the 2008 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA, 2008). This ability to share and exchange vital health care data between the respective specialties of care is essential to conduct longitudinal analyses necessary to improve patient care and quality of life outcomes. To maximize efficiencies and most effectively meet the needs of the functional communities, the Centers of Excellence (CoEs) have developed a consolidated framework solution for an integrated Federal Health Registry capability. This effort provides a comprehensive solution that meets the specialty care needs of each of the Services and Veteran Affairs that are represented by the Joint DoD and VA CoEs, (Army-Extremity Trauma and Amputation Center of Excellence; Defense Health Agency-Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury; Navy-DoD/VA Vision Center of Excellence; Air Force-Hearing Center of Excellence; and National Capital Region-National Intrepid Center of Excellence). Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: integrated Health Registry Framework (Tri-Service)	1.061	0.450	0.000
<b>Description:</b> Develop, integrate and test a common registry.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Funding to support a consolidated technical approach for the Centers of Excellence, which will provide a repeatable process that includes integration of their registry requirements into federated subspecialty clinical data elements that were determined by representative subject matter experts from the Tri-Services and Veteran's Affairs.			
FY 2016 Plans: Additional funding added in FY 2016 to finalize all development and testing necessary for a consolidated technical approach.			
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	1.061	0.450	0.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	ification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	ency					Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 06	r <b>ogram Ele</b> r 05013DHA <i>I</i> opment	•	Number/Name) egrated Federal Health Registry rk (Tri-Service)								
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)												
			<u>FY 2017</u>	FY 2017	2017 FY 2017			<u>Cost To</u>				
Line Item	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	Total	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	FY 2020	<u>FY 2021</u>	Complete	<b>Total Cost</b>	
• BA-1, 0807793DHA: <i>MHS</i>	3.207	2.838	2.865	-	2.865	2.913	2.962	3.018	3.079	Continuing	Continuing	
Tri-Service Information • BA-3, 0807721DHA:	0.000	0.015	0.094	_	0.094	0.066	0.040	0.041	0.042	Continuing	Continuing	
Replacement/Modernization	0.000	0.015	0.094	-	0.094	0.000	0.040	0.041	0.042	Continuing	Continuing	

### Remarks

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

### E. Performance Metrics

Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach as required for Major Automated Information Systems (MAIS) per DoD Directives and Instructions.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency				Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	0/2						t (Number/ ormation Te		<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 480M / Theather Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
480M: Theather Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)	28.731	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) integrates components of the Military Health System sustaining base systems and the Services' medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission. TMIP-J enhances the clinical care and information capture at all levels of care in Theater, transmits critical information to the Theater Commander, the evacuation chain for combat and non-combat casualties, and forges the theater links of the longitudinal health record to the sustaining base and the Department of Veterans Affairs. TMIP-J is the medical component of the Global Combat Support System. TMIP-J provides information at the point of care and to the Theater tactical and strategic decision makers through efficient, reliable data capture, and data transmission to a centralized Theater database. This delivers TMIP-J's four pillars of information support through the electronic health record, integrated medical logistics, patient movement and tracking, and medical command and control through data aggregation, reporting and analysis tools for trend analysis and situational awareness. TMIP-J fulfills the premise of "Train as you fight" through the integration of components which are identical or analogous to systems from the sustaining base. TMIP-J adapts and integrates these systems to specific Theater requirements and assures their availability in the no- and low- communications settings of the deployed environment through store and forward capture and transmission technology.

TMIP-J RDT&E is reported under the program element 0605013 through FY 2013 inclusive, but will be reported under new program element 0605023 for FY 2014 and out.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Theather Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)	0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) integrates components of the Military Health System sustaining base systems and the Services' medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission. TMIP-J enhances the clinical care and information capture at all levels of care in Theater, transmits critical information to the Theater Commander, the evacuation chain for combat and non-combat casualties, and forges the theater links of the longitudinal health record to the sustaining base and the Department of Veterans Affairs. TMIP-J is the medical component of the Global Combat Support System. TMIP-J provides information at the point of care and to the Theater database. This delivers TMIP-J's four pillars of information support through the electronic health record, integrated medical logistics, patient movement and tracking, and medical command and control through data aggregation, reporting and analysis tools for trend analysis and situational awareness. TMIP-J fulfills the premise of "Train as you fight" through the integration of components which are identical or analogous to systems from the			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/		Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development	480M /		<b>lame)</b> ledical Inform MIP-J) (Tri-Se	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
sustaining base. TMIP-J adapts and integrates these systems to specific Thea in the no- and low- communications settings of the deployed environment throut technology.		n			
TMIP-J RDT&E is reported under the program element 0605013 through FY 20 program element 0605023 for FY 2014 and out.	013 inclusive, but will be reported under new				
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No Funding Programmed.					
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.					
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>					
D. Acquisition Strategy					
N/A					
<u>E. Performance Metrics</u> N/A					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency	1					Date: Fe	bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>gram Eleme</b> 013DHA <i>I In</i> ment		480P / 0	<b>oject (Number/Name)</b> OP I Other Related Technical Activities -Service)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 201 OCO	7 FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 202	0 FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
480P: Other Related Technical Activities (Tri-Service)	4.123	0.016	0.000	1.683		- 1.683	3 3.500	0.000	0.0	00 0.00	0 Continuing	continuing	
A. Mission Description and Bud Other Related Technical Activities associated with any one individua up the new Defense Health Agend the delivery of enterprise-wide su The MHS Shared Services Portfo services HIT portfolio rationalization B. Accomplishments/Planned Planned Planne	includes fu I Tri-Servic cy (DHA) or port servic lio Rational on.	inding for Ir e initiative, n October 1 es to the M ization (MH	nformation T which incluc , 2013, one ilitary Health S SSPR) is	les enterpr of the sign System (l	ise Messa ature effo MHS). Or	aging and oth rts of the rec le of the five	her common organization shared serv	IT services is the estab ices in DHA	requirem lishment is Health ed out se	ents. Additi of a Shared Information	onally, in sta Services mo Technology nplement th	nding del for (HIT). e share	
<b>Title:</b> Other Related Technical Act	• ·		<u>5)</u>							0.016	<b>FY 2016</b> 0.000	FY 2017 1.683	
<b>Description:</b> Activities common to Tri-Service initiative, which include <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Activities common to multiple or al initiative such as interest penalty.	o multiple o es MHS SS	r all Tri-Ser PR.	-					-					
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.													
FY 2017 Plans: Funding in support of Health Inform	nation Tecl	nnology Sha	ared Service	es investme	ent.								
					Accomp	lishments/P	lanned Pro	grams Sub	totals	0.016	0.000	1.683	
C. Other Program Funding Sum	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>	<b>E</b> V 0	047 EV	0047						Oc et Te		
Line Item • BA-3, 0807721DHA: Replacement/Modernization <u>Remarks</u>	<u>FY 20</u> 0.0			<u>017 FY</u> <u>ase</u> 310	<u>2017</u> <u>OCO</u> -	FY 2017 Total 2.310	<u>FY 2018</u> 2.730	FY 2019 0.000	<u>FY 2020</u> 0.000			Total Cost Continuing	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
0130/2	PE 0605013DHA I Information Technology	480P / Oth	er Related Technical Activities
	Development	(Tri-Service	e)

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

### E. Performance Metrics

Each activity establishes performance measurements. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. Since this is an enterprise initiative which crosses multiple initiatives, performance metrics of the common activities are part of and/or contributing factors in the measurement of the performance metrics of the individual initiatives.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Fel	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 13DHA I Info ent		Project (N 480R / Joii (DHA)		a <b>me)</b> ly Evaluation	System IT	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
480R: Joint Disability Evaluation System IT (DHA)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.445	-	0.445	0.588	0.666	0.679	0.69	2 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	lget Item Ju	ustification	<u>1</u>									
JDES-IT will provide case level m increased transparency of a case components, between the Servic Resources (HR) and medical sys IT.	e through an es, and with	n automated n Veterans /	IT solution Affairs. The	. Case files	s and DES i ironment wo	nformation volute also inc	will be elect	ronically tra ation excha	insferred an ange capabi	d shared v lity with ex	within Servic kisting Huma	e In
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<i>Title:</i> Joint Disability Evaluation S	System IT (J	DES-IT)								0.000	0.000	0.445
<b>Description:</b> JDES-IT will provide System (DES) processors and sta <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Funding will be used for JDES-IT	akeholders i	increased tr	ransparency	of a case	through an	automated I		bility Evalu	ation			
FY 2016 Plans: Funding will be used for JDES-IT	requiremen	nts when a a	approach ha	as been det	ermined an	d finalized.						
FY 2017 Plans: Funding will be used for JDES-IT	requiremer	its when a a	approach ha	as been det	ermined an	d finalized.						
					Accomplis	shments/Pl	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.445
<ul> <li><u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> N/A</li> <li><u>Remarks</u></li> <li><u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> To be determined when an approx</li> <li><u>E. Performance Metrics</u> To be determined when an approx</li> </ul>	bach has be	en finalized										
PE 0605013DHA: Information Tec.				IIN	CLASSIF	IFD						
PE 0005013DHA. Information rec	mology De	velopment						D 1 Line #	<b>,</b>		Vol	ume 1 - 279

Page 71 of 83

R-1 Line #8

Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						am Elemen I3DHA / Info ent			<b>Project (N</b> 480Y / Clir Service)		<b>me)</b> Managemei	nt (Tri-
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
480Y: Clinical Case Management (Tri-Service)	2.925	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	) Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> Provides a seamless view of the relevant events, information, doc provide the ability to collect clinic	care and the	e health of t other data	he patient f to support t	he overall i	mprovemen	t of the pati	ent's condit	ion utilizing	medical Ca	ase Manag	ement pract	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Clinical Case Management	(Tri-Service	e)	-							0.000	0.000	0.000
<ul> <li>Description: Provides a seamless the need for that episode of care. improvement of the patient's condition in support of the media</li> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.</li> </ul>	It will captu lition utilizin	ure relevant g medical C	events, info Case Manag	ormation, d gement prac	ocuments a ctices. It wil	nd other da	ta to suppor e ability to c	rt the overa	II			
					Accomplis	shments/Pl	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>						-				

cation:	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Feb	ruary 2016			
80Z: Patient Assessment       0.000       0.000       0.000         Begistry (Tri-Service)       0.000       0.000       0.000         A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification         PASTOR is a GOTS system based recommendations from the P         Dain assessment with an outcome registry to promote consistence         Measurement Information System (PROMIS) to deliver computer         Support for patients and clinical staffs.         When deployed, PASTOR will support tracking/reporting of Warri         PASTOR will also be used to evaluate performance/impact of Pa         Patient Centered Medical Home. It will provide clinicians and MH         Management procedures and techniques. It will also provide a coutcomes. This initiative will enable more consistent pain treatment         Specialty care referrals; and greater fidelity on impact of pain on Table.         Current capabilities completed with advanced concept technology.         Current capabilities completed with advanced concept technology.         Current capabilities completed with advanced concept technology.					13DHA I Info		480Z I Pat	I Patient Assessment Screening Tool					
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.828	-	0.828	0.538	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing		
ltem Ju	ustification	<u>l</u>											
gistry to ROMIS) - t trackir e perfor Il provic ues. It nore co	o promote co ) to deliver o ng/reporting rmance/imp de clinicians will also pro onsistent pa	onsistency i computerize g of Warrior act of Pain and MHS o ovide a cap in treatment	n pain care ad adaptive Transition Departmen decision ma ability to ma t; greater ad	delivery, a testing thro Care, preso ts, Interdiso akers with d eet emergin ccuracy in r	and from Na ough various cription opioi ciplinary Pair lata related to ng Joint Com nodeling rec	d analgesic n Managem to the appro- mission rec quirements f	ute of Heal n communic s usage, po pent Centers opriateness quirements for pain me	th (NIH) Pa cation moda bly-pharmac s, and pain and effectiv for measuri dicine, pers	atient-Repo lities and p cy, and sole manageme veness of a ng and repo onnel, equi	rted Outcon rovide decis prescriber nt programs spectrum o prting patier	nes sion program. s in f Pain t reported		
•	•	•					violal ficali				FY 2017		
•		•	OR) (Tri-S	ervice)							0.828		
sed clin n care c TRP) ir nd mair estionna al or in t self- e rt for sta ends ov	delivery. d concept te nitiative, at p ntain patien aire with co the clinic se entered data aff based on ver time, mo	echnology re bilot facilities t reported re mputer ada etting. a (ie. dashbo n data colle edication or	e-moderniza s include: esponses to ptive testin pard, visual cted from p der sets, ev	des standar ation fundin o outcome r g on self-er representa atient ( i.e. valuate effe	g, reported neasuremen ntered electro ition, trends identify risk ctiveness of	under the M nt questions onic data de reports, and or potential intervention	IHS Informa a. evice either d summarie problems, ns).	ation es).		0.000	0.020		
	rior ears 0.000 tem Ju comme istry to COMIS t tracki e perfou l provid ues. It pore co delity o ams (S cool Ou ed clirr o care o vanceo TRP) in d main estionn al or in self- e t for st ends o	rior ears FY 2015 0.000 0.000 tem Justification commendations fr istry to promote co 20MIS) to deliver of tracking/reporting performance/imp I provide clinicians ues. It will also pro- nore consistent pa delity on impact of <b>ams (\$ in Millions</b> Tool Outcome Reg red clinical information of care delivery. vanced concept te TRP) initiative, at p ad maintain patient estionnaire with co al or in the clinic set self- entered data t for staff based of ends over time, maintain patient	rior         FY 2015         FY 2016           0.000         0.000         0.000           tem Justification         0.000         0.000           commendations from the Pair istry to promote consistency is 20MIS) to deliver computerized         0.001S) to deliver computerized           t tracking/reporting of Warrior         0.001S)         0.001S)           ams (sing/reporting of Warrior         0.001S)         0.001S)           t tracking/reporting of Warrior         0.001S)         0.001S)           tool outcome Registry (PAST	rior         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017           pars         FY 2015         FY 2016         Base           0.000         0.000         0.000         0.828           tem Justification         commendations from the Pain Managem           commendations from the Pain Managem         stry to promote consistency in pain care           cOMIS) to deliver computerized adaptive         tracking/reporting of Warrior Transition of a performance/impact of Pain Departmen           provide clinicians and MHS decision mains         use. It will also provide a capability to me           ans (\$ in Millions)         Tool Outcome Registry (PASTOR) (Tri-S           red clinical information system that provide a care delivery.         vanced concept technology re-modernized responses to the ador in the clinic setting.           self- entered data (ie. dashboard, visual tor in the clinic setting.         self- entered data (ie. dashboard, visual tor staff based on data collected from p	FY 2015         FY 2016         Base         OCO           0.000         0.000         0.000         0.828         -           tem Justification         Coco         OCO         OCO           commendations from the Pain Management Taskfor         istry to promote consistency in pain care delivery, a         COMIS) to deliver computerized adaptive testing throws           tracking/reporting of Warrior Transition Care, presone         performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisco           provide clinicians and MHS decision makers with o         uses. It will also provide a capability to meet emerging           ool Outcome Registry (PASTOR)         (Tri-Service)           read clinical information system that provides standare acare delivery.           wanced concept technology re-modernization funding TRP) initiative, at pilot facilities include:           ad maintain patient reported responses to outcome restionnaire with computer adaptive testing on self-ereal or in the clinic setting.           self- entered data (ie. dashboard, visual representat tor staff based on data collected from patient ( i.e.	R-1 Program Element PE 0605013DHA / Info Development           rior pars         FY 2015         FY 2016         Base         FY 2017         FY 2017 OCO         FY 2017 Total           0.000         0.000         0.000         0.828         -         0.828           tem Justification         commendations from the Pain Management Taskforce (PMTF)         0.828         -         0.828           tem Justification         commendations from the Pain Management Taskforce (PMTF)         0.828         -         0.828           ttacking/reporting of Warrior Transition Care, prescription opioi         performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain         performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain           provide clinicians and MHS decision makers with data related the performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain         provide clinicians and MHS decision makers with data related the performance/impact of pain on Traumatic Brian Injury (TBI) and content on the clinic and non Traumatic Brian Injury (TBI) and content on the clinical information system that provides standardized pain and care delivery.           vanced concept technology re-modernization funding, reported TRP) initiative, at pilot facilities include:           ad maintain patient reported responses to outcome measurement estionnaire with computer adaptive testing on self-entered electral or in the clinic setting.           self- entered data (ie. dashboard, visual representation, trends t for staff based on data collected from patient ( i.e. identify r	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0605013DHA / Information Te Development           rior sars         FY 2015         FY 2016         Base         OCO         Total         FY 2018           0.000         0.000         0.000         0.828         -         0.828         0.538           tem Justification         commendations from the Pain Management Taskforce (PMTF) to adopt a clisity to promote consistency in pain care delivery, and from National Instit ROMIS) to deliver computerized adaptive testing through various information           t tracking/reporting of Warrior Transition Care, prescription opioid analgesic performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain Managem I provide clinicians and MHS decision makers with data related to the approvales. It will also provide a capability to meet emerging Joint Commission real foore consistent pain treatment; greater accuracy in modeling requirements is felity on impact of pain on Traumatic Brian Injury (TBI) and co-morbid beha ams (\$ in Millions)           Tool Outcome Registry (PASTOR) (Tri-Service)           ed clinical information system that provides standardized pain assessment care delivery.           vanced concept technology re-modernization funding, reported under the N TRP) initiative, at pilot facilities include: an anitain patient reported responses to outcome measurement questions stoinnaire with computer adaptive testing on self-entered electronic data da al or in the clinic setting. self-entered data (ie. dashboard, visual representation, trends reports, and t for staff based on data collected from patient ( i.e. identify risk or potential ends over time, medication order sets, evaluate effectiveness of interventio	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development           rior pars         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017         FY 2017         FY 2017         FY 2018         FY 2019           0.000         0.000         0.000         0.828         -         0.828         0.538         0.000           tem Justification         commendations from the Pain Management Taskforce (PMTF) to adopt a clinical informistry to promote consistency in pain care delivery, and from National Institute of Heal ROMIS) to deliver computerized adaptive testing through various information communic           tracking/reporting of Warrior Transition Care, prescription opioid analgesics usage, por performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain Management Centers           provide clinicians and MHS decision makers with data related to the appropriateness use. It will also provide a capability to meet emerging Joint Commission requirements for pain me delity on impact of pain on Traumatic Brian Injury (TBI) and co-morbid behavioral healt           ams (\$ in Millions)         ************************************	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development       Project (N 480Z / Pat Outcome / Development         rior sars       FY 2015       FY 2016       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2017       FY 2018       FY 2019       FY 2020         0.000       0.000       0.000       0.828       -       0.828       0.538       0.000       0.000         tem Justification       commendations from the Pain Management Taskforce (PMTF) to adopt a clinical information systemistry to promote consistency in pain care delivery, and from National Institute of Health (NIH) PatOMIS) to deliver computerized adaptive testing through various information communication modal         t tracking/reporting of Warrior Transition Care, prescription opioid analgesics usage, poly-pharmator       performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain Management Centers, and pain         l provide clinicians and MHS decision makers with data related to the appropriateness and effectives.       frv         istry to impact of pain on Traumatic Brian Injury (TBI) and co-morbid behavioral health conditions       frv         of Outcome Registry (PASTOR)       (Tri-Service)       read clinical information system that provides standardized pain assessment with an outcome is care delivery.         vanced concept technology re-modernization funding, reported under the MHS Information TRP) initiative, at pilot facilities include:       frv         id maintain patient reported responses to outcome measurement questions.       setf-ente	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology DevelopmentProject (Number/Name) 4802 / Patient Assess Outcome Registry (Tri 4802 / Patient Assess Outcome Registry (Tri COFY 2017 TotalFY 2018 FY 2019FY 2019 FY 2019FY 2020 FY 2021FY 2021 FY 20210.0000.0000.828-0.8280.5380.0000.0000.000tem Justification commendations from the Pain Management Taskforce (PMTF) to adopt a clinical information system that pro istry to promote consistency in pain care delivery, and from National Institute of Health (NIH) Patient-Repo ROMIS) to deliver computerized adaptive testing through various information communication modalities and pain performance/impact of Pain Departments, Interdisciplinary Pain Management Centers, and pain manageme to provide a capability to meet emerging Joint Commission requirements for measuring and rep tore consistent pain treatment; greater accuracy in modeling requirements for pain medicine, personnel, equil lelity on impact of pain on Traumatic Brian Injury (TBI) and co-morbid behavioral health conditions.FY 2015Fams (\$ in Millions)FY 2015FFcool Outcome Registry (PASTOR) (Tri-Service)0.0000.000ed clinical information system that provides standardized pain assessment with an outcome to care delivery.0.000vanced concept technology re-modernization funding, reported under the MHS Information rCP) initiative, at pilot facili	Image: Second		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus										ebruary 2016	
D130 / 2 PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology 4							<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 480Z I Patient Assessment Screening Tool Outcome Registry (Tri-Service)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in M	lillions <u>)</u>						Γ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.											
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.											
Development/integration to:											
<ol> <li>Provide pain patient focused out</li> <li>Provide pain patient focused out</li> <li>Develop data driven and military</li> <li>Obtain critical data to assure need</li> <li>Integrate existing validated outcome</li> </ol>	specific clinical eds based align	l practice gu	uidelines ources and	ollected and	-		ograms Sul	ototals	0.000	0.000	0.82
<ol> <li>Provide pain patient focused out</li> <li>Develop data driven and military</li> <li>Obtain critical data to assure need</li> </ol>	specific clinical eds based align ome measures i	l practice gu ment of res into PASTO	uidelines ources and	ollected and	-		ograms Sul	ototals	0.000	0.000 Cost To	<u> </u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources. Performance metrics for specific projects may be viewed at the OMB Federal IT Dashboard website.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Fe	bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> I3DHA / Info ent			481Ă / T	Project (Number/Name) 481A / Theather Enterprise Wide Logistics System (TEWLS) Tri-Service)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 202	) FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
481A: Theather Enterprise Wide Logistics System (TEWLS) Tri- Service)	5.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00	0 Continuing	Continuing	
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> Theater Enterprise-Wide Logistics and deployed units into a single b care in the theater through a sing 's modern, non-contiguous battles infrastructure concepts to manage	s System (1 pusiness en le custome field at the	EWLS) sup vironment. r facing port regional, CC	oports critica It creates th tal. It remov DCOM, and	e necessar es disparat Service lev	y links for p e data and i els by lever	lanners, cor replaces it v raging emer	mmercial pa vith a single ging Medic	artners, and instance of	AMEDD f actionat	logisticians le data. TE\	to accomplis VLS support	h essential s today	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						Ĩ	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
<ul> <li><i>Title:</i> Theather Enterprise Wide L</li> <li><i>Description:</i> Theater Enterprise-Vina a net-centric environment. It ties necessary links for planners, com single customer facing portal. It retoday's modern, non-contiguous be Executive Agency and Theater Lee base to the end user.</li> <li><i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No Funding Programmed.</li> <li><i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.</li> <li><i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.</li> </ul>	Wide Logisi s the nation mercial par moves disp pattlefield a	tics System hal, regional tners, and A parate data t the region	(TEWLS) s , and deploy AMEDD logi and replace al, COCOM	upports crit yed units in sticians to a s it with a s , and Servio	to a single t accomplish single instan ce levels by the entire m	business en essential ca ice of action leveraging edical supp	vironment. are in the th able data. emerging N ly chain from	It creates th eater throug TEWLS sup ledical Mate m the indus	gh a ports eriel trial	0.000	0.000	0.000	
					Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000	
<u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> N/A	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>											

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agence	y	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA <i>I Information Technology</i> <i>Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 481A / Theather Enterprise Wide Logistics System (TEWLS) Tri-Service)
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		
E. Performance Metrics		
N/A		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development				Project (Number/Name) 482A I E-Commerce (DHA)							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
482A: E-Commerce (DHA)	5.526	2.277	2.766	2.829	-	2.829	3.704	4.200	4.284	4.370	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The DHP, RDT&E appropriation includes the following TMA initiatives: Electronic Commerce System(E-Commerce): This system was developed for centralized collection, integration, and reporting of accurate purchased care contracting and financial data. It provides an integrated set of data reports from multiple data sources to management, as well as tools to control the end-to-end program change management process. E-Commerce replaces multiple legacy systems. E-Commerce consists of several major subsystems including: CM subsystem utilizing Prism software to support contract action development and documentation; the RM subsystem utilizing Oracle Federal Financials and TED interface software to support the budgeting, accounting, case recoupment, and disbursement processes; the document management subsystem utilizing Documentum software to provide electronic storage, management, and retrieval of contract files; Management Tracking and Reporting subsystem utilizing; the Purchased Care Web site that provides up-to-date financial information for both TMA and the Services concerning the military treatment facilities' (MTFs') expenditures for MTF enrollee purchased care and supplemental care. E-Commerce includes 5 major subsystems and over 60 servers supporting development, test, and production. The system will be utilized by several hundred users in more than 7 different organizations. Project oversight and coordination must be kept current in terms of security policies, user authorizations, and interactions with other systems and functions. All of these activities must be managed and coordinated on a daily basis.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: E-Commerce (DHA)	2.277	2.766	2.829
<b>Description:</b> The DHP, RDT&E appropriation includes the following TMA initiatives: Electronic Commerce System(E-Commerce): This system was developed for centralized collection, integration, and reporting of accurate purchased care contracting and financial data. It provides an integrated set of data reports from multiple data sources to management, as well as tools to control the end-to-end program change management process. E-Commerce replaces multiple legacy systems. E-Commerce consists of several major subsystems including: CM subsystem utilizing Prism software to support contract action development and documentation; the RM subsystem utilizing Oracle Federal Financials and TED interface software to support the budgeting, accounting, case recoupment, and disbursement processes; the document management Tracking and Reporting subsystem utilizing custom software to provide reports to assist in the management and tracking of changes to the managed care contracts as well as current and out year liabilities; the Purchased Care Web site that provides up-to-date financial information for both TMA and the Services concerning the military treatment facilities' (MTFs') expenditures for MTF enrollee purchased care and supplemental care. E-Commerce includes 5 major subsystems and over 60 servers supporting development, test, and production. The system will be utilized by several hundred users in more than 7 different organizations. Project			

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health AgencyDate: February 2016							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		t (Number/N E-Commerc					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
oversight and coordination must be provided to ensure that the needs of the dis the system performance or support to any individual user. Server configuration user authorizations, and interactions with other systems and functions. All of the on a daily basis.	is must be kept current in terms of security pol	icies,					
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> - Continue compliance enhancements and modernization of financial processing to respond to changes in health care policy and guidance, to improve operation personnel with effective financial, contract management, and acquisition suppor financial processing to accommodate changes in health care requirements and and deliverable processing. Implement accounting improvements to support us and audit reporting, and enterprise budget management. Finally, implement so DoD, to accommodate financial application health care policy modifications, an	al efficiency, and to continue providing operat rt capabilities. Enhance health care claims an to improve contractor performance assessme ser interface processing, audit support, financi oftware changes, mandated by Congress and t	ional d nt al					
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Continue compliance enhancements and modernization of healthcare financial reporting. Enhance application functionality to respond to changes in healthcare efficiency, and to continue providing DHA operational personnel with effective f management capabilities. Enhance healthcare claims and financial processing support processing changes in healthcare requirements, and to improve private and deliverable processing. Enhance accounting and finance capabilities to im refunds, dispute handling, collections, and case management. Implement accounting operations, financial audit support, financial reporting, and private s software changes, mandated by Congress and the DoD, to accommodate finant BEA SFIS changes, and PDS compliance.	re policy and guidance, to improve operational inancial, contract management, and acquisitio to accommodate new healthcare contracts, to e sector care contractor performance assessm prove the tracking of pharmaceutical manufac punting improvements to support healthcare ector care budget management. Finally, imple	n ent turer					
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Continue compliance enhancements and modernization of healthcare financial reporting. Enhance application functionality to respond to changes in healthcare efficiency, and to continue providing DHA operational personnel with effective f management capabilities. Enhance healthcare claims and financial processing support processing changes in healthcare requirements, and to improve private and deliverable processing. Enhance accounting and finance capabilities to im refunds, dispute handling, collections, and case management. Implement accounting operations, financial audit support, financial reporting, and private s	re policy and guidance, to improve operational inancial, contract management, and acquisitio to accommodate new healthcare contracts, to e sector care contractor performance assessm prove the tracking of pharmaceutical manufac punting improvements to support healthcare	n o ent turer					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justif	ication: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	jency					Date: F	ebruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	rogram Eler 05013DHA / opment	•	<b>er/Name)</b> Technology	-	ect (Number/Name) A I E-Commerce (DHA)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Prog	rams (\$ in N	<u>/lillions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
software changes, mandated by Cong BEA SFIS changes, and PDS complia	-	e DoD, to ac	commodate	financial ap	plication hea	Ilthcare polic	y modificatior	ıs,				
				Accon	nplishment	s/Planned P	rograms Sub	ototals	2.277	2.766	2.829	
C. Other Program Funding Summar Line Item • BA-1, 0807752HP: Miscellaneous Support Activities • BA-3, 0807721HP:	ry (\$ in Milli FY 2015 14.443 0.000	ons) FY 2016 14.615 0.000	FY 2017 Base 14.933 0.000	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>OCO</u> -	FY 2017 <u>Total</u> 14.933 0.000	<u>FY 2018</u> 14.438 0.000	<u>FY 2019</u> 14.286 0.549	<b>FY 20</b> 14.5 0.5	43 -	Continuing	Total Cos Continuing Continuing	
Replacement/Modernization <u>Remarks</u> Program transfer from project 480R.												
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics												

The benchmark performance metric for transition of research supported in this PE will be the attainment of a maturity level that is typical of TRL8.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Jus	stification	: PB 2017 C	Defense He	alth Agency	y					Date: Fe	bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						ogram Elem 5013DHA / / pment				Number/Na vy Medicine	a <b>me)</b> e Chief Inforr	mation
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 20 <sup>2</sup> OCO		7 FY 201	B FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
490I: Navy Medicine Chief Information Officer	6.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	)	- 0.0	0.00	0.000	0.00	0 0.00	0 Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Budg Navy Medicine CIO Management IT CIO Governance will monitor pr	Operations	s - IM/IT RD	T&E reque		vetted thr	ough the Bu	reau of Nav	y Medicine (E	BUMED) G	overnance	Process. Bl	JMED IM/
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned Pr</b>	rograms (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Navy Medicine Chief Informa	ation Office	er (CIO) Mai	nagement (	Operations						0.000	0.000	0.000
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> No Funding Programmed. <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed. <i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.												
					Accom	plishments/	Planned Pr	ograms Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
C. Other Program Funding Sumr <u>Line Item</u> • BA-1, 0807781HP: Non- Central Information Management/	<b>FY 20</b> 160.2	015 FY 2	<u>016</u>	<b>2017 FY Base</b> 2.427	<u>( 2017</u> <u>OCO</u> -	FY 2017 Total 82.427	<b>FY 2018</b> 83.778	<b>FY 2019</b> 68.129	<b>FY 2020</b> 71.102		Cost To Complete Continuing	
Information Technology • BA-1, PE 0807795HP: Base Communications - CONUS	16.7			7.153	-	17.153	17.458	17.793	18.151		Continuing	-
• BA-1, PE 0807995HP: Base Communications - OCONUS • BA-3, PE 0807721HP: Replacement/Modernization	2.4 1.1			2.552 ).000	-	2.552 0.000	2.599 0.000	2.646 0.000	2.696 0.000		Continuing Continuing	-
PE 0605013DHA: Information Tech Defense Health Agency	nology De	velopment			ICLASS Page 80 (			R-1 Line #	8		Volu	ume 1 - 288

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	ibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency										Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA <i>I Information Technology</i> <i>Development</i>					<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 4901 / Navy Medicine Chief Information Officer					
C. Other Program Funding Summa	ary (\$ in Milli	ons)						I						
			FY 2017	<u>FY 2017</u>	FY 2017					Cost To				
<u>Line Item</u> Remarks	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>Base</u>	<u>000</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	<u>Complete</u>	Total Co			
<b>D. Acquisition Strategy</b> N/A														
E. Performance Metrics														
N/A														

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju		Date: Febr	uary 2016									
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/Na         0130 / 2       PE 0605013DHA / Information Tech         Development       Development									Project (N 490J / Nav		,	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
490J: Navy Medicine Online	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing			

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

NMO provides for management of Navy medical/dental data in a data warehouse to support Navy operational commanders and Navy Medicine/Dental personnel in managing and reporting individual medical/dental readiness. This data is received from all Navy ships/submarines from source applications/ modules/systems such as Theater Medical Information Program-Maritime (TMIP-M), Maritime Medical Modules (MMM), and Dental Common Access System (DENCAS). The data is then provided to other systems/applications/modules such as Medical Readiness Reporting System (MRRS) to support medical readiness reporting, including individual readiness. NMO also provides logistic reporting for Navy operational units that allows analysis of the Navy's Authorized Minimum Medical Allowance List/Authorized Dental Allowance List (AMMAL/ADAL) data. In addition, NMO provides case management tools that provide an automated means to input and track waiver requests through their approval or disapproval. The tools are used to support medical waiver requests for USN/USMC officer accessions programs, medical waiver requests for USMC enlistments, medical waiver requests for basic training medical issues for USN/USMC, incapacitation of dependent waiver requests, special duty medical waivers requests for submarines, spec ops, etc., and it also tracks medical issues that may impact USNA midshipmen service selection and commissioning.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Navy Medicine Online (NMO)	2.000	2.052	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The Navy Medicine Online System (NMO) is the designated data broker for Navy Medicine. Funding transferred to Defense Health Agency starting in FY 2016.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: This is an ongoing activity recently enacted by the Navy Medicine IM/IT process which further defines/transforms future IM/IT Medical Program Enhancements and Medical Capabilities.			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Funding transferred from Navy Medical Information Technology to Defense Health Agency Health Information Technololgy in FY 2016. RDT&E funds for mobility will be used for application platform usability and interoperability to deliver apps for patients and staff. Will continue research on secure communications, as well hosting and accessing data at rest.			
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	2.000	2.052	0.000

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agen	су	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605013DHA / Information Technology Development	Project (Number/Name) 490J / Navy Medicine Online
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
<u>Remarks</u>		
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A		
E. Performance Metrics		
N/A		

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	n Justificat	ion: PB 20 <sup>-</sup>	17 Defense	Health Age	ncy				-	Date: Febr	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity						am Elemen						
0130: Defense Health Program I E	3A 2: RDT&	E			PE 060502	3DHA I Inte	egrated Elec	ctronic Hea	Ith Record (	iEHR)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	19.912	28.514	0.248	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin
444A: Integrated Electronic Health Record Inc 1/ Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX)	12.634	28.514	0.248	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin
444B: Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)	4.720	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin
449A: Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record (VLER) HEALTH	2.558	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin
A. Mission Description and Bud In March 2008, the MHS embarke (EHRWA). In March 2011, the Program was Integrated Electronic Health Reco	ed upon Ele expanded t	ctronic Hea o include th	Ith Record	. ,			C					
Secretary Hagel's Memorandum t	· / ·	C C	onic Health	Records," o	dated May 2	2013, provid	ed addition	al direction	to the progr	ram:		
<ul> <li>DoD shall continue near-term co priority separately from the longer</li> </ul>				•				rability. Thi	s near-term	goal shall b	be pursued a	as a first
DoD shall pursue a full and oper	n competitio	on for a core	e set of cap	abilities for I	EHR moder	nization.						
To fulfill Secretary Hagel's directive for Acquisition, Technology and L and VA Integrated Electronic Hea	ogistics (US	SD (AT&L))	Acquisition	Decision M	lemoranda	(ADM), date	ed June 21,	2013 and J	lanuary 2, 2	014, the for	rmer joint De	oD

and VA Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) program was restructured to pursue two separate but related healthcare information technology efforts, the DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) program and a newly defined iEHR focused on providing seamless integrated sharing of electronic health

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defe	ense Health Ager	псу		Date:	February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity			ement (Number/Name)						
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E			A I Integrated Electronic	. ,					
data between the DoD and VA to be called Defense Medical In only the Medical Single Sign-on/Context management (MSSO/					significantly de-scoped to				
iEHR RDT&E is reported under the program element (PE) 0608 element 0605023 for FY 2014.	5013 through FY	2013 inclusive, I	but iEHR, VLER Health	and DHMSM will be rep	ported under new program				
In FY 2015, PE 0605023 will report only iEHR and VLER Health since DHMSM will have its own PE starting in FY 2015.									
In FY 2016 and out, only iEHR Increment 1 will be reported in F 06050039 is established for DMIX for FY 2016 and out. DMIX v					However, new PE				
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total				
Previous President's Budget	68.267	9.216	8.125	-	8.125				
Current President's Budget	28.514	0.248	0.000	-	0.000				
Total Adjustments	-39.753	-8.968	-8.125	-	-8.125				
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-							
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-8.968							
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-							
Congressional Adds	-	-							
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-							
Reprogrammings	-26.699	-							
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-13.054	-							
<ul> <li>FY 2017 Component Directed Realignment of Funding to DHMSM</li> </ul>	-	-	-8.125	-	-8.125				

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605023-Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) (-\$13.054 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$13.054 million).

FY 2015: Net of reprogramming actions to the Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605023-Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) (-\$26.699 million).

FY 2016: Congressional Directed Reduction to the Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605023-Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) (-\$8.968 million).

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: Februa							
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)						
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	efense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E PE 0605023DHA / Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR)						

FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605023-Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) (-\$8.125 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605026- DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) (+\$8.125 million).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2017 E	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 060502	am Elemen 23DHA / Inte cord (iEHR)	egrated Ele	444A I Inte	Number/Name) tegrated Electronic Health nc 1/ Defense Medical Information e (DMIX)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
444A: Integrated Electronic Health Record Inc 1/ Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX)	12.634	28.514	0.248	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
Project MDAP/MAIS Code: 465					1	1		1		1	1	
A. Mission Description and Bur In March 2008, the MHS embark (EHRWA).	•		=	(EHR) mod	lernization p	blanning, es	tablishing th	ne initial Ele	ctronic Hea	Ith Records	Way Ahea	d
In March 2011, the Program was Integrated Electronic Health Rec			ne VA in a jo	oint initiative	e to implem	ent a new, ii	ntegrated e	lectronic he	alth record	for both De	partments, o	called the
Secretary Hagel's Memorandum	titled "Integ	rated Electr	onic Health	Records,"	dated May	2013, provid	ded additior	al direction	to the prog	ram:		
<ul> <li>DoD shall continue near-term of priority separately from the longer</li> </ul>								rability. Thi	s near-term	goal shall l	be pursued	as a first
DoD shall pursue a full and ope	en competitio	on for a core	e set of cap	abilities for	EHR mode	rnization.						
To fulfill Secretary Hagel's direct for Acquisition, Technology and and VA Integrated Electronic He Healthcare Management System data between the DoD and VA to only the Medical Single Sign-on/	Logistics (U alth Record Moderniza b be called [	SD (AT&L)) (iEHR) prod tion (DHMS Defense Me	Acquisition gram was re M) program dical Inform	Decision M structured and a new ation Excha	/lemoranda to pursue tw /ly defined i ange (DMIX	(ADM), date wo separate EHR focuse (). The rema	ed June 21, but related d on provid aining iEHR	2013 and healthcare ing seamles Increment	lanuary 2, 2 information ss integrate 1 (iEHR Inc	2014, the fo technology d sharing o 1) was sigr	rmer joint D / efforts, the f electronic	oD DoD health
B. Accomplishments/Planned I	Programs (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Integrated Electronic Healt					•	, ,	,			28.514	0.248	0.000
<b>Description:</b> The iEHR Increme Deployment milestone by May 20												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605023DHA <i>I Integrated Electronic</i> <i>Health Record (iEHR)</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 444A I Integrated Electronic Health Record Inc 1/ Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		Γ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Lovell Federal Health Care Center (JAL FHCC) health care information technol management (MSSO/CM). Program funding is also included to maintain DoD						
<ul> <li>The DoD/VA Interagency Program Office (IPO) was re-chartered on December and coordinating the establishment of a clinical and technical standards profile create seamless integration of health data for DoD and VA. The IPO will lever open architecture design principles to preserve flexibility, and foster data intero commercial entities. The IPO will enhance existing DoD and VA efforts with Th Health Information Technology within the Health and Human Services (HHS) a organizations and coordinate and monitor the common components required for primary deliverables include technical data interoperability architecture requirer standards identification and data exchange guidance.</li> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</li> </ul>	and processes for data interoperability to age national and international standards and operability with each other and appropriate ne Office of the National Coordinator (ONC) fo ind other national and international standards or health data sharing and interoperability. The	e				
<ul> <li>DMIX has successfully deployed 2 major releases, 1 software patch, conduct team" penetration testing assessment, and delivered five Builds of DoD data m Viewer Patch (December 2014), Release 2 (March 2015), and Release 3 (Sepi o The Viewer Patch blocked DoD users from viewing VA immunization data an and added VA Immunization Terminology Maps. DoD functional community pro feature added for DoD as the VA allows patients to "self-report" immunizations.</li> </ul>	aps. The three releases in FY2015 included: tember 2015): d added a banner to reflect VA data is not con ovided this as a requirement and wanted this	nplete				
<ul> <li>o Release 2 provided end users with the ability to view the remaining data domains with defined standards, blocked users from viewing "blacklisted" patient medical information (patient information that is highly sensitive such as the President or a member of Congress), and integrated Joint Legacy Viewer (JLV) into the AHLTA client menu enabling AHLTA users to access JLV from AHLTA. A future release will incorporate a FCLG approved update to change "JLV" to "Health Information Portal" (HIP) within the AHLTA menu. These accomplishments will support the enterprise wide deployment of JLV.</li> <li>o Release 3 collapsed enterprise viewers (VLER, Bidirectional Health Information Exchange (BHIE)-AHLTA, and BHIE-SHARE) into the single viewer capability, defined the delta between existing functionality and JLV functionality, and added available private sector data for DoD patients into each applicable widget as well as a single community healthcare widget. Release 3 collapsed the VLER and BDA adaptors into the DMIX Data Exchange Services.</li> <li>• Specifically the major releases also added the additional functionality:</li> <li>o Single Sign on- Context Management for AHLTA users to include a link to JLV inside of the AHLTA tree</li> <li>o Patient search by electronic data interchange personal identifier (EDIPI)</li> </ul>						

	ification: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity       R-1 Program Element (Number/N         0130 / 2       PE 0605023DHA / Integrated Elect         Health Record (iEHR)       B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)								<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 444A I Integrated Electronic Health Record Inc 1/ Defense Medical Informati Exchange (DMIX)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	grams (\$ in I	<u>Millions)</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
o Added 4 new clinical data domain o Collapsed multiple viewer key fun o Complied with ICD-10 mandate o Enhanced patient search to allow o Enhanced "break the glass" capa o DMIX Viewer Component Milesto	ctionality and a patient to be pility in order t	capabilities i e selected fro o allow the v	nto the singl om a list of r	ecently view	ed patients							
FY 2016 Plans: Small Business Innovation Researc		00012010										
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
				Accom	nplishments	s/Planned P	rograms Su	btotals	28.514	0.248	0.00	
C. Other Program Funding Summ	ary (\$ in Milli	<u>ons)</u>										
			<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	FY 2017				-	Cost To	-	
<u>Line Item</u> • BA-1, PE 0807784DHA: Information Technology Development -	<u>FY 2015</u> 61.901	<u>FY 2016</u> 18.300	<u>Base</u> 17.183	<u>000</u> -	<u>Total</u> 17.183	<u>FY 2018</u> 16.284	<u>FY 2019</u> 16.505	<u>FY 2020</u> 17.958		Complete Continuing		
• BA-3, 0807784DHA: Replacement/Modernization Remarks	3.199	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin	
<u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A												
1 1/7 1												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency											Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0605023DHA I Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR)				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 444B / Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
444B: Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)	4.720	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

DHMSM will acquire and support deployment, and implementation of an electronic health record (EHR) system that replaces the DoD legacy MHS inpatient and outpatient EHR systems. Overarching goal of the program is to enable healthcare teams to deliver high-quality, safe care and preventive services to patients through the use of easily accessible standards-based computerized patient records resulting in: improved accuracy of diagnoses and medication; improved impact on health outcomes; increased patient participation in the healthcare process; improved patient-centered care coordination; and increased practice efficiencies in all settings, including operational environments.

DHMSM replaces DoD legacy healthcare systems with a commercial solution in use in other medical systems that is open, rendered as a modular architecture, using standards-based/non-proprietary interfaces. DHMSM will support the Department's goals of net centricity by providing a framework for full human and technical connectivity and interoperability that allows DoD users and mission partners to share the information they need, when they need it, in a form they can understand and act on with confidence, and protects information from those who should not have it. Once fielded, the EHR will support the following healthcare activities for DoD's 44,000 practitioners and 9.5 million beneficiaries.

1. Clinical workflow and provider clinical decision support;

2. Capture, maintain, use, protect, preserve and share health data and information;

3. Retrieval and presentation of health data and information that is meaningful for EHR users regardless of where the patient's records are physically maintained; and

4. Analysis and management of health information from multiple perspectives to include population health, military medical readiness, clinical quality, disease management, and medical research.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)	0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> DHMSM will be executed to deliver uniform information management options across both garrison and theater environments. DHMSM will focus on replacement of inpatient and outpatient systems, and will encompass deployment of the enterprise EHR to fixed facilities as well as expeditionary components.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	1	Date:	February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity D130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605023DHA <i>I Integrated Electronic</i> <i>Health Record (iEHR)</i>	444B / Information	Project (Number/Name) 44B I Information Technology Develop DoD Healthcare Management System Aodernization (DHMSM)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
No Funding Programmed							
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.							
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.							
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals 0.000	0.000	0.00			
Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A							

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	Defense He	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	oruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0605023DHA / Integrated Electronic 449A /						r <b>t (Number/Name)</b> Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record ) HEALTH			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	7 FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
449A: Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record (VLER) HEALTH	2.558	0.000	0.000	0.000		- 0.00	0 0.00	0 0.000	0.000	0.00	0 Continuing	Continuing		
A. Mission Description and Buc	lget Item J	ustification	<u>l</u>											
The primary goal of the VLER He Federal and private sector partner health information using national engaging patients in their own ca medical errors, paperwork and ha medically ready to deploy; the mi quality; and the total cost of healt	ers which ma standards, ire. The VL andling, and litary benefi	eets Meanir that informa ER Health i overall hea ciary popula	ngful Use (N ation can su nitiative pro althcare cos ation remain	MU) require apport tracki ovides clinic ots. These l ns healthy t	ments to i ing key cli ians with benefits, i hrough fo	improve hea inical condition the most up- n turn, align cused preve	Ithcare qua ons, comm to-date info with the MI ention; patie	lity, safety, a unicating tha ormation, pot IS quadruple	nd efficienc t informatio entially redu aim by ens	y. By elect n to better o ucing redur suring that	tronically sha coordinate c idant diagno the military f	aring are, and stic tests, orce is		
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F۱	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Title: Virtual Lifetime Electronic F	Record (VLE	R) HEALTH	4							0.000	0.000	0.000		
<b>Description:</b> Pursue the primary demographic and clinical data) be requirements to improve healthca	etween DoD	and extern	al Federal a											
No Funding Programmed.														
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.														
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.														
					Accomp	lishments/F	Planned Pr	ograms Sub	ototals	0.000	0.000	0.000		
C. Other Program Funding Sum	imary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>												
Line Item	FY 20	15 FY 2			2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017</u> <u>Total</u>	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	<u>Cost To</u> Complete	Total Cost		
• BA-1, PE 0807784: Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR)	0.0			<u>3ase</u> ).000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		Continuing			
DE 0605023DHA: Integrated Elec	tronic Healt	h Record (if	=4	UN	CI ASS	IFIFD								

PE 0605023DHA: Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEH... Defense Health Agency

Volume 1 - 301

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justif	fication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	lency					Date: February 2016			
0130 / 2 PE 0605023DHA / Integrated Electronic 449A / Vir Health Record (iEHR) (VLER) H								Number/Name) rtual Lifetime Electronic Record IEALTH				
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)												
			FY 2017	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					<u>Cost To</u>		
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	FY 2016	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	FY 2019	FY 2020	<u>FY 2021</u>	<b>Complete</b>	Total Cost	
• BA-3, PE 0807784: Replacement/ Modernization, Integrated Electronic Health Record	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	
<u>Remarks</u>												

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach.

### Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: February 2016 R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E PE 0605025DHA I Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) Prior FY 2017 FY 2017 FY 2017 Cost To Total COST (\$ in Millions) Years FY 2015 FY 2016 Base 000 Total FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 Complete Cost Total Program Element 23.783 21.403 22.100 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Continuing Continuing 445A: Theater Medical 23.783 21.403 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Continuing Continuing \_ Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service) 0.000 Continuing Continuing 445B: Operational Medicine 0.000 0.000 22.100 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Support Program MDAP/MAIS Code: Project MDAP/MAIS Code(s): M07

# UNCLASSIFIED

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) integrates components of the Military Health System sustaining base systems and the Services medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission. TMIP-J enhances the clinical care and information capture at all levels of care in Theater, transmits critical information to the Theater Commander, the evacuation chain for combat and non-combat casualties, and forges the theater links of the longitudinal health record to the sustaining base and the Department of Veterans Affairs. TMIP-J is the medical component of the Global Combat Support System. TMIP-J provides information at the point of care and to the Theater tactical and strategic decision makers through efficient, reliable data capture, and data transmission to a centralized Theater database. This delivers TMIP-J's four pillars of information support through the electronic health record, integrated medical logistics, patient movement and tracking, and medical command and control through data aggregation, reporting and analysis tools for trend analysis and situational awareness. TMIP-J fulfills the premise of "Train as you fight" through the integration of components which are identical or analogous to systems from the sustaining base. TMIP-J adapts and integrates these systems to specific Theater requirements and assures their availability in the no- and low- communications settings of the deployed environment through store and forward capture and transmission technology.

Operational Medicine Support (OpMedSpt):Due to the unique nature of the operational environment, the Military Health System must modernize the following capabilities: medical command and control (MC2); medical situational awareness (MSA) (aggregation of operational medical data at a classified level, denying the enemy access to data which could reveal operational plans); Defense blood management; assemblage management; and data interoperability with the pending EHR solution and operational allies. The clinical needs of the operational community are to be met by the pending EHR solution, but there are functional needs, outside the capture of clinical data, to inform decision making regarding the ability of the MHS to meet the needs of the medically ready force, to support the joint warfighter and share data with line systems. It will support mission delivery and execution through the maximization of information technologies, driving standards compliance to ensure non-EHR capabilities will effectively consume the data created through the use of the pending EHR solution in the operational environment, and to allow the solution to share data with these other capabilities, eliminating the need for one to one interfaces, their limitations and cost. Along with the need to modernize those non-clinical capabilities, this enterprise's risk mitigation strategy also supports ongoing missions and clinical needs in the operational environment until sufficient testing of pending solutions can be accomplished in environments indicative of the operational environments, tactical, mobile and dismounted. TMIP-J (MSAT, TMDS, DCAM, TRAC2ES,

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 D	Defense Health Age	ency		Date:	February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity		R-1 Program El	ement (Number/Name)	)	
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		PE 0605025DHA	A I Theater Medical Info	rmation Program - Joint	t (TMIP-J)
AHLTA-T, MCC (formerly AHLTA-Mobile), Single Sign On, I support and achieves Full Operational Capability (FOC) in F Mobile) and TC2) is planned to take place under the auspice activities. The Operational Medicine project was created to e MSA, Defense blood management and assemblage manage	Y15. While the mo es of the pending E ensure the MHS is	dernization of the HR solution, ther	operational environment e is currently no such pl	nt clinical solutions (AH lan for the non-EHR cap	LTA-T, MCC (AHLTA- pability modernization
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total
Previous President's Budget	22.042	22.100	22.140	-	22.140
Current President's Budget	21.403	22.100	0.000	-	0.000
Total Adjustments	-0.639	0.000	-22.140	-	-22.140
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	-	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.639	-			
<ul> <li>Realignment to new DHP RDT&amp;E PE 0605045-Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS)</li> </ul>	-	-	-22.140	-	-22.140

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0605025-Theater Medical Information Program – Joint (TMIP-J) (-\$0.639 million) to DHP RDT&E, PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$0.639 million).

FY 2016: No change.

FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0605025-Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (-\$22.140 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605045-Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS) (+\$22.140 million).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency D								Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605025DHA <i>I Theater Medical</i> <i>Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J)</i>				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 445A I Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
445A: Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)	23.783	21.403	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
Project MDAP/MAIS Code: M07					1	1	1		1	1	<u> </u>	

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) integrates components of the Military Health System sustaining base systems and the Services' medical information systems to ensure timely interoperable medical support for mobilization, deployment and sustainment of all Theater and deployed forces in support of any mission. TMIP-J enhances the clinical care and information capture at all levels of care in Theater, transmits critical information to the Theater Commander, the evacuation chain for combat and non-combat casualties, and forges the theater links of the longitudinal health record to the sustaining base and the Department of Veterans Affairs. TMIP-J is the medical component of the Global Combat Support System. TMIP-J provides information at the point of care and to the Theater tactical and strategic decision makers through efficient, reliable data capture, and data transmission to a centralized Theater database. This delivers TMIP-J's four pillars of information support through the electronic health record, integrated medical logistics, patient movement and tracking, and medical command and control through data aggregation, reporting and analysis tools for trend analysis and situational awareness. TMIP-J fulfills the premise of "Train as you fight" through the integration of components which are identical or analogous to systems from the sustaining base. TMIP-J adapts and integrates these systems to specific Theater requirements and assures their availability in the no- and low- communications settings of the deployed environment through store and forward capture and transmission technology.

TMIP-J RDT&E is reported under the program element 0605013 through FY 2013 inclusive, but will be reported under new program element 0605023 for FY 2014 and out.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)	21.403	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> Complete Increment 2 Release 2 (I2 R2) and Increment 2 Release 3 (I2 R3) development/integration and conduct operational testing/operational assessment.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: Completed system integration and testing for Increment 2 Release 3 (I2R3) and held a successful I2R3 Test Readiness Review in First Quarter of FY 2015.			
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.			
FY 2017 Plans:			

PE 0605025DHA: *Theater Medical Information Program - Jo...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fe	bruary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)ProjPE 0605025DHA / Theater Medical445A					ject (Number/Name) A I Theater Medical Information Program int (TMIP-J) (Tri-Service)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in N	<u> ////////////////////////////////////</u>							FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
No Funding Programmed.													
				Accon	nplishments	s/Planned P	rograms Sul	ototals	21.403	0.000	0.000		
C. Other Program Funding Summ	ary (\$ in Milli	<u>ons)</u>	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017					<u>Cost To</u>			
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	Total	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 202</u>	20 FY 2021		<b>Total Cost</b>		
BA-1, 0807793DHA: MHS     Tri-Service Information	53.604	62.170	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.000	Continuing	Continuing		
• BA-1, 0807744DHA: Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J)	0.000	0.000	49.857	-	49.857	37.504	32.624	27.69	98 22.552	Continuing	Continuing		
• BA-3, 0807744DHA: Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J)	3.145	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	00 0.000	Continuing	Continuing		

### <u>Remarks</u>

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources. Performance metrics for specific projects may be viewed at the OMB Federal IT Dashboard website.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	efense Hea	Ith Agency	Х <b>у</b>					Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2									ject (Number/Name) B I Operational Medicine Support			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
445B: Operational Medicine Support	0.000	0.000	22.100	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This initiative supports executive directives and legal mandates to ensure "...every Soldier, Sailor, Airman and Marine will have a comprehensive, life-long medical record..." (Source: Special report of the Presidential Advisory Committee on Gulf War Veterans' Illness, 1997) and "The Secretary of Defense shall establish a system to assess the medical condition of members of the Armed Forces...who are deployed" (Source: Title 10; Section 1074f (1997): Medical tracking system for members deployed overseas). It also supports the June 21, 2013 acquisition decision memorandum from the Undersecretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics to "...focus on the goal of acquiring a replacement for the DoD legacy Military Health System (MHS) clinical systems including but not limited to...the EHR component of the Theater Medical Information Program with the objective of fielding a modernized replacement by 2017."

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Operational Medicine Support	0.000	22.100	0.000
<b>Description:</b> It will support mission delivery and execution through the maximization of information technologies, driving standards compliance to ensure non-EHR capabilities will effectively consume the data created through the use of the pending EHR solution in the operational environment, and to allow the solution to share data with these other capabilities, eliminating the need for one to one interfaces, their limitations and cost. Along with the need to modernize those non-clinical capabilities, this enterprise's risk mitigation strategy also supports ongoing missions and clinical needs in the operational environment until sufficient testing of pending solutions can be accomplished in environments indicative of the operational environments, tactical, mobile and dismounted. TMIP-J (MSAT, TMDS, DCAM, TRAC2ES, AHLTA-T, MCC (formerly AHLTA-Mobile), Single Sign On, MMM, SAMS, and TC2) is the "umbrella" system for these solutions and the functional capabilities they support and achieves Full Operational Capability (FOC) in FY15. While the modernization of the operational environment clinical solutions (AHLTA-T, MCC (AHLTA-Mobile) and TC2) is planned to take place under the auspices of the pending EHR solution, there is currently no such plan for the non-EHR capability modernization activities. The Operational Medicine project was created to ensure the MHS is able to meet the needs of the joint warfighter, line and higher level headquarters for MC2, MSA, Defense blood management and assemblage management.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Not applicable. This initiative was previously reported under TMIP-J funding profile but is being pulled out separately for the FY 2016 budget submission for transparency. Funding Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS) begins in FY 2016.			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Funding will be used for Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS).			

PE 0605025DHA: *Theater Medical Information Program - Jo...* Defense Health Agency

	IICALIOII. FD 2	UT Delens	se Health Ag	ency					Date: F	ebruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	ogram Elen 05025DHA / ation Progra	Theater Me	dical		Number/N perational	/ <b>Name)</b> al Medicine Support		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Prog	grams (\$ in M	<u>illions)</u>						F	Y 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
<ul> <li>Continue to support the DMLSS Resolution Software), without compromise in performing the end of the solution will be comprogram and will include the following - Identify of existing operational media - Organize operational medicine requires a comparison of the product explanate the modernized EHR product evaluate the transformer evaluate the modernized EHR product evaluate the transformer evaluate the transforme</li></ul>	erformance and inducted by the org activities: icine requirem uirements utiliz duct capability HS Functional HR related ope by DHA (Healt ments capture ncil approved uthorization-to MIS Releases	d quality. JOMIS Pro ents from a zing Capabil against kno Champion a erational me chcare Oper d in CDD. CDD for ev Proceed (A as part of IC	ogram Manag pproved sou lity Developr own, legacy o and designa dicine requir ations), volving opera ATP) for Rele DC.	gement Offic irces, ment Docum operational r ted represer rements in J ational medic ease I (thru I	e (PMO) in ent (CDD) C nedicine req ntatives, oint Require cine requirer	collaboration apability Ta uirements, ments Overs nents to be ing Capabili	n with the DH xonomy, sight Council addressed in ty (IOC)).					
FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.				Accon	nplishments	/Planned P	rograms Su	btotals	0.000	22.100	0.00	

PE 0605025DHA: *Theater Medical Information Program - Jo...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	,		Date: February 2016
			umber/Name)
0130/2	PE 0605025DHA / Theater Medical	445B / Ope	erational Medicine Support
	Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J)		

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources.

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У		Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
-1 Program Element (Num E 0605026DHA / Information stem Modernization (DHM	n Technology Developmer	nt - DoD Hea	althcare Mar	nagemen
Y 2017 FY 2017 OCO Total FY 20	018 FY 2019 FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
- 298.623 42	.549 10.326 10.07	1 10.743	Continuing	Continui
- 298.623 42	.549 10.326 10.07	1 10.743	Continuing	Continui
· · ·				
013 inclusive, but iEHR, VL ill have its own PE starting i SM will continue to be only i	n FY 2015. initiative reported in PE 06	605026.		
<u>FY 2016</u> <u>FY 2017</u>	<u>' Base</u> <u>FY 2017 C</u>	000	<u>FY 2017 To</u>	otal
	60.501	-	260.	
	98.623	-	298.0	
0.000	38.122	-	38.1	122
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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ency	Date: February 2016
	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605026DHA I Information Technology Development System Modernization (DHMSM)	t - DoD Healthcare Management

#### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0605026-Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) (-\$2.650 million) to DHP RDT&E, PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$2.650 million).

FY 2016: No Change

FY 2017: Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0605026-Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) Investment (+\$38.122 million).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	alth Agency	у					Date: February 2016					
0130/2 PE 0 Deve Mana						R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)Project (Number/Name)PE 0605026DHA I Information Technology483A I Information Technology DevelopmDevelopment - DoD Healthcare- DoD Healthcare Management SystemManagement System ModernizationModernization (DHMSM) at DHA						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
483A: Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) at DHA	0.000	88.744	438.376	298.623	-	298.623	42.549	10.326	10.071	10.743	Continuing	Continuing
Project MDAP/MAIS Code: 496			1	1		1		1		1		

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) Program:

• DHMSM will acquire, deploy, and implement an electronic health record (EHR) system that replaces the DoD legacy MHS inpatient and outpatient EHR systems. The overarching goal of the program is to enable healthcare teams to deliver high-quality, safe, care and preventive services to patients through the use of easily accessible standards-based computerized patient records resulting in: improved accuracy of diagnoses and medication; improved impact on health outcomes; increased patient participation in the healthcare process; improved patient-centered care coordination; and increased practice efficiencies in all settings, including all DoD operational environments.

• DHMSM will be executed to deliver uniform information management options across both garrison and theater environments. DHMSM will focus on the replacement of inpatient and outpatient systems, and will encompass deployment of the enterprise EHR to fixed facilities as well as expeditionary components.

• DHMSM will replace the DoD legacy healthcare management systems with a commercial off-the-shelf capability that is open, modular, and standards-based with non-proprietary interfaces. DHMSM will support the Department's goals of net- centricity by providing a framework for full human and technical connectivity and interoperability that allows DoD users and mission partners to share the information they need, when they need it, in a form they can understand and act on with confidence, and protects information from those who should not have it. Once fielded, the EHR will support the following healthcare activities for DoD's practitioners and beneficiaries:

o Clinical workflow and provider clinical decision support;

o Capture, maintain, use, protect, preserve and share health data and information;

o Retrieval and presentation of health data and information that is meaningful for EHR users regardless of where the patient's records are physically maintained; and o Analysis and management of health information from multiple perspectives to include population health, military medical readiness, clinical quality, disease management, and medical research.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency	Date: F	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605026DHA <i>I Information Technology</i> <i>Development - DoD Healthcare</i> <i>Management System Modernization</i> <i>(DHMSM)</i>	<b>Project (Number/N</b> 483A / Information - DoD Healthcare N Modernization (DH	Technology D Ianagement & MSM) at DHA	System
iEHR RDT&E is reported under the program element (PE) 060501 element 0605023 for FY 2014. In FY 2015, PE 0605023 will report only iEHR and VLER Health si In FY 2016 and out, only iEHR Increment 1 will be reported in PE (	nce DHMSM will have its own PE starting in FY 2015.		orted under ne	ew program
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: DoD Healthcare Mgmt System Modernization (DHMSM) Prog	gram	88.744	438.376	298.623
<b>Description:</b> DHMSM will be executed to deliver uniform informati environments. DHMSM will focus on replacement of inpatient and enterprise EHR to fixed facilities as well as expeditionary compone	outpatient systems, and will encompass deployment of the	e		
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> • Completed the following Acquisition Documentation (Acquisition S Benefit Analysis, Test Strategy, and Deployment and Training Cha Plan [LCSP]) to support Authority to Proceed (ATP) for Contract Av the DHMSM Program Office and favorably adjudicated to ensure th acquisition documents was given the proper consideration in reach acquisition documents that were thoroughly vetted and reviewed in	nge Management Plan (DTCM) and Life Cycle Supportability ward. Approximately 1300 comments were received by that each and every comment received in reference to the hing an agreed upon resolution thereby delivering quality			
• Achieved Authority to Proceed (ATP) for contract award. Several but not limited too; IOC Site Readiness Report to include preparative testing to indicate the sites are ready for Contractor interaction; Re clinical champions, indicating alignment of capabilities with operative with testing; funding confirmation to prepare and process individua infrastructure plans (WAN, LAN, Base Network, Standard Computing)	on activities, change management, training, deployment, a conciliation Report of functional workflow analysis, led by ons; report indicating GAL readiness and ability to proceed I task orders; update Acquisition Documents as required; a	ind l		
<ul> <li>The DHMSM Test &amp; Evaluation (T&amp;E) staff developed and coordi the phases of the DHMSM T&amp;E, along with the approach and activ Contract Award mandate, which DOT&amp;E and DASD(DT&amp;E) approv</li> </ul>	ities to be performed in each. The TEMP constituted a pre			
• Completion of the DHMSM PMO led source selection activities fo (EHR) solution. Solicitation N00039-14-R-0018 was released on 2		als		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agenc	у		Date: F	ebruary 2016	3
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	483A - DoD	Healthcare I	<b>Name)</b> Technology I Management IMSM) at DH <i>i</i>	System	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
were received on 31 October 2014. Proposal evaluations were conducted in Festablished on 18 February 2015 and an award made on 29 July 2015.	FY15 Q1 through Q3. A competitive range was	5			
<ul> <li>Contract N00039-15-D-0044 was awarded on 29 July 2015 with a total order without protest. The total ordering period is up to 10 years if all options are exadelivery, indefinite quantity (IDIQ) contract is for the acquisition of a commercial deployment, and sustainment activities. The contract contains both cost reimbincentive fee structures. This contract will improve current interoperability amorproviders and enable each to access and update health records. Contract is by National Coordinator for Health Information Technology and the DoD/VA interact.</li> <li>Pre-award, the CMIO team was integrally involved, working with DHA, in the scenarios (BPM Phase 1) and 498 enterprise workflows (BPM Phase 2). Five evaluation, while the other four are completely mapped to Cerner and Henry S evaluation. The 498 enterprise workflows have been mapped to the Cerner and configure the model build. The BPM phase 1 and 2 effort was instrumental to a Cerner and Henry Schein workflows, and contributed to a more comprehensive.</li> </ul>	ercised and award terms earned. The indefinite al EHR solution and associated engineering, ter- bursement and fixed price line items with various ong DoD, the VA and private sector health- car ased on protocols established by the Office of agency program office. development and validation of 9 test and evalu- of the 9 scenarios will be used for test and schein workflows that will be used in test and id Henry Schein workflows that will be used to shorten the time to complete the review of over	e esting, us e the uation			
• Pre-award, the Change Management team developed a draft Change Manage Control Process (IRCCP). This effort provided the foundation for the Change Management that is in use today, and continues to provide a roadmap for change management contract.	Management Plan and the Change Control Pro				
• Initiated development and configuration of Government Approved Laboratoria Facility Government-Approved Laboratory (GAL) is sited in a warehouse comp baseline equipment and medical device requirements from both clinical subject to outfit the FF GAL, which included infrastructure upgrades; power, telephone tables, chairs, desks, computers, and various types of test equipment such as pharmacy systems, etc.) and peripheral devices (barcode scanners, wristband (OM) GAL is sited at Fort Detrick, MD and has been set up to include a number Alaska shelters to include the addition of network and telephone system infras Coordinated with DISA and DHA Infrastructure technicians to provision comment	blex owned by GSA in Auburn, WA. Captured et matter experts and the solution providers in c system, wired network, non-infrastructure iter medical devices (physiological monitors, autor and label printers, etc.). The Operational Mec er of powered and environmentally conditioned tructure and additional power handling capabil	ms; mated dicine ity.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health A	Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	Project 483A / - DoD / Moderr	evelopment System			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
<ul> <li>GALS. Directed the activities to ensure the cybersecurity infrastructure i ensure a realistic test and evaluation atmosphere. The OM GAL will be to Systems (JOMIS) Program Office in FY16 and JOMIS will complete the or DHMSM and will support the testing of the DHMSM EHR.</li> <li>Initialized Independent Verification and Validation (IV&amp;V) planning activities following the award of the DHMSM EHR contract. The first major activity and Evaluation Plan (ITEP), which describes all activities included in, or Test and Evaluation (DT&amp;E) program. During DT&amp;E, the IV&amp;V team will the EHR solution suits the needs of DoD, is fully functional in the DoD er products and processes associated with the usage of the EHR.</li> </ul>	ransitioned to the Joint Operati onal Medicine Inform butfitting and equipping process in coordination with rities and team. The IV&V team began staffing up y for the team was development of the Integrated Test required for, the execution of the DHMSM Developm plan, perform, and analyze testing in order to assure	st iental e that			
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Initial Design Review/Final Requirements Review.</li> <li>Formal (or Final) Design Review/Test Readiness Review.</li> <li>System Verification Review/Operational Test Readiness Review.</li> <li>Configuration &amp; Integration Test.</li> <li>Developmental Test &amp; Evaluation.</li> <li>Training for Subject Matter Experts.</li> <li>Limited Fielding Training.</li> <li>Installed at Initial Operational Capability Sites.</li> <li>Continue Configuration and Integration of solution in testing environment</li> <li>Continue Independent Verification and Validation (IV&amp;V).</li> </ul>	nt.				
<ul> <li>FY 2017 Plans:</li> <li>Finalize Operational Test &amp; Evaluation.</li> <li>Finalize Operational Readiness Review.</li> <li>Full Initial Operation Capability (IOC) Fielding Training.</li> <li>Onsite support.</li> <li>IOC Declaration.</li> <li>Full Deployment Decision ATP</li> </ul>					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals	88.744	438.376	298.623

PE 0605026DHA: Information Technology Development - DoD... Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justif	ication: PB	2017 Defens	se Health Ag	jency					Date: Fel	Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 06 Develo Manag	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605026DHA / Information Technology Development - DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM)Project (Number/Nar 483A / Information Technology 483A / Information Technology 483A / Information Technology 483A / Information Technology 483A / Information Technology 						Technology Development lanagement System					
C. Other Program Funding Summa	ry (\$ in Milli	<u>ons)</u>	EV 0047	EV 0047	EV 0047								
			FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2017		EV 0040			Cost To			
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	FY 2016	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021		Total Cost		
• BA-1, PE 0807787: <i>DoD</i>	56.986	89.188	129.969	-	129.969	203.725	246.122	317.228	340.071	Continuing	Continuing		
Healthcare Management Systems													
• BA-3, PE 0807787: Information	0.000	0.000	29.468	-	29.468	499.193	547.160	532.476	474.888	Continuing	Continuing		
Technology Development and													
Sustainment - DoD Healthcare													
Management System Modernization													
<u>Remarks</u>													

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources are also used.

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Iten	n Justificat	ion: PB 20	17 Defense	Health Age	ency					Date: Feb	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I B	BA 2: <i>RDT&amp;</i>	E			-	<b>am Elemen</b> 39DHA <i>I PE</i> bility	•		dical Inform	ation Exch	ange and	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	0.000	0.000	11.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
458A: DoD Medical Information Exchange and Interoperability / Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX)	0.000	0.000	11.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	laet Item .lı	ustification	1									
In March 2008, the MHS embarke (EHRWA).	•			(EHR) mod	ernization p	lanning, est	tablishing th	e initial Ele	ctronic Hea	Ith Records	Way Ahead	ł
	In March 2011, the Program was expanded to include the VA in a joint initiative to implement a new, integrated electronic health record for both Departments, called the Integrated Electronic Health Record (iEHR) program.											
Secretary Hagel's Memorandum	titled "Integ	rated Electr	onic Health	Records," (	dated May 2	2013, provic	led addition	al direction	to the prog	ram:		
DoD shall continue near-term continue priority separately from the longer				•			•	rability. This	s near-term	goal shall b	e pursued a	as a first
DoD shall pursue a full and ope	n competitio	on for a core	e set of cap	abilities for	EHR mode	rnization.						
To fulfill Secretary Hagel's directi for Acquisition, Technology and L and VA Integrated Electronic Hea Healthcare Management System data between the DoD and VA to only the Medical Single Sign-on/0	ogistics (US alth Record Modernizat be called D	SD (AT&L)) (iEHR) prog tion (DHMS Defense Me	Acquisition gram was re M) program dical Inform	Decision M structured and a new ation Excha	lemoranda to pursue tv ly defined il ange (DMIX	(ADM), date vo separate EHR focuse ). The rema	ed June 21, but related d on provid ining iEHR	2013 and J healthcare ing seamles Increment 1	anuary 2, 2 information integrate (iEHR Inc	014, the for technology d sharing of 1) was sigr	mer joint Do efforts, the electronic h	oD DoD nealth
• DMIX established a roadmap of and the Secretary of Defense. The history. The viewer leverages ex- respective, authoritative data stor Departments. By adopting JLV a "an integrated display of data" wh	he roadmap isting inheri res. Of the is a commo	defined a p ited DoD da various exis n viewer be	olan to prov ta-sharing o sting viewer tween DoD	ide a single capabilities, s, VA and E and VA, DI	viewer to b and a VA-p DoD decideo VIX met the	e used by E provided dat d to evolve .	DoD and VA ta service in Joint Legacy	that displated order to co Viewer (Jl	ys an integr llect the pa _V) as the s	ated view o atient's heal single viewe	of a patient's th data from r for use by	medical the both
			<i></i> <b>-</b>	LINI								

	Defense Health Age	ncv		Date:	February 2016
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		R-1 Program El	ement (Number/Name A I PE 0605039HP / Dol		
iEHR RDT&E is reported under the program element (PE) element 0605023 for FY 2014. In FY 2015, PE 0605023 will report only iEHR and VLER H				·	ported under new prog
In FY 2016 and out, only iEHR Increment 1 will be reported 06050039 is established for DMIX for FY 2016 and out. DM	IIX will incorporate t	he previous VLEF	R Health and JEHRI initi	iatives.	
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total
Previous President's Budget	0.000	11.000	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	0.000	11.000	0.000	-	0.000
Total Adjustments	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
Congressional Directed Reductions     Congressional Rescissions	-	-			
Congressional Adds	-	-			
Congressional Directed Transfers	-	_			
Reprogrammings	-	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-	-			
Change Summary Explanation FY 2015: No change.					
Change Summary Explanation					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Da										Date: Febr	uary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						PE 0605039DHA I PE 0605039HP / 458A I Do DoD Medical Information Exchange and and Intero					<b>lumber/Name)</b> D Medical Information Exchange perability / Defense Medical n Exchange (DMIX)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
458A: DoD Medical Information Exchange and Interoperability / Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX)	0.000	0.000	11.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing	

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

DMIX program will acquire the capabilities necessary to securely and reliably exchange standardized, normalized, and correlated health data with all partners through standard data/information exchange mechanisms. This allows users in different places and different organizations to access, use, and supplement health data (technical interoperability) that has a shared meaning so users (assisted by computers) are able to make care decisions (Semantic Interoperability – Level 4). DMIX manages the data exchange capability from legacy data stores in order to prepare for the transition to the modernized Electronic Health Record platform being acquired by DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM). DMIX consists of a family of capability initiatives supporting the seamless exchange of standardized health data among DoD, VA, other Federal agencies, and private providers as well as benefits administrators. The DMIX program provides the capability for health care providers to access and view complete and accurate patient health records from a variety of data sources thereby allowing healthcare providers to make faster and higher quality care decisions. DMIX was established in accordance with the joint memo from USD(C) and USD(AT&L) titled "Joint Memorandum on Major Defense Acquisition Program and Major Automated Information System Program Resource Transparency in Department of Defense Budget Systems" dated June 27, 2013.

In addition, Joint Electronic Health Record Interoperability (JEHRI) and Virtual Lifetime Electronic Record (VLER) Health (to include Exchange) are part of the DMIX program as a direct result of the Acquisition Decision Memorandum (ADM) signed January 2, 2014 by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistic (USD AT&L). Use of the health data may be done via legacy systems, clinical mobile applications and system agnostic viewers such as the Joint Legacy Viewer (JLV). Customers include the MHS, VA, other federal agencies and over 200,000 medical care practitioners.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Defense Medical Information Exchange (DMIX) Program	0.000	11.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> Comprised of the infrastructure and services needed to provide seamless integrated sharing of electronic health data between the DoD, VA, other Federal agencies, and private sector partners that is viewable to DoD and VA providers through a joint viewer.			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No programmed funding under this initiative. FY 2016 Plans:			
		I	

PE 0605039DHA: *PE 0605039HP / DoD Medical Information E...* Defense Health Agency

ision (FDD) IIX Viewer p ary Health S ad radiologic 3. DHMSM) In o support of Exchange p patient medic ) certified da	nitial Operational Capability (IOC) integration and bjective data sharing architecture and DHMSM. partners) and Enhanced Multi-Service Markets ical history. lata maps. , GUI, C32/C62 generation.	nse Medical //X) D16 FY 2017
ision (FDD) IIX Viewer p ary Health S nd radiologic 3. DHMSM) In o support ok Exchange p tatient medic ) certified da e Gateway,	educing the deployed footprint (Hardware and in July 2016 bost Full Deployment Decision (FDD). System Functional Advisory Committee (MHS FAC) c images. nitial Operational Capability (IOC) integration and bjective data sharing architecture and DHMSM. bartners) and Enhanced Multi-Service Markets ical history. ata maps. , GUI, C32/C62 generation.	
ision (FDD) IIX Viewer p ary Health S nd radiologic 3. DHMSM) In o support ok Exchange p tatient medic ) certified da e Gateway,	r in July 2016 post Full Deployment Decision (FDD). System Functional Advisory Committee (MHS FAC) c images. hitial Operational Capability (IOC) integration and bjective data sharing architecture and DHMSM. partners) and Enhanced Multi-Service Markets ical history. lata maps. , GUI, C32/C62 generation.	
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals 0.000 1	1.000 0.00
<b>FY 2017</b> <u>Base</u> 57.268	OCO Total FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 Co	<u>ost To</u> n <u>plete</u> <u>Total Cos</u> inuing Continuin
		act and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016		
0130/2	DoD Medical Information Exchange and	458A I Dol and Interop	umber/Name) D Medical Information Exchange perability / Defense Medical
	Interoperability		n Exchange (DMIX)

DMIX is a collaborative effort between the DoD and VA to share Health Care Resources to improve access to, and quality and cost effectiveness of, health care as mandated by law. This investment is deeply embedded in the MHS Enterprise Roadmap as both Departments have need for modernization/ replacement of existing legacy systems. This investment will use a combination of an open architecture approach, and the purchase (in some instances) of GOTS and COTS products.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach as required for Major Automated Information Systems (MAIS) per DoD Directives and Instructions.

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Ite	m Justificat	ion: PB 20	17 Defense	Health Age	ncy					Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605045DHA I Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS)							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Fotal Program Element	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.140	-	22.140	22.180	22.619	23.071	23.532	Continuing	Continuing
447A: Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.140	-	22.140	22.180	22.619	23.071	23.532	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bu Resources the deployment and echelons of operational medicin information under a joint concep operations in functional areas in manpower/training, and medical legacy operational medical syste	related susta e to combata of operation cluding: con capabilities	ainment of N ant comman ns that assis nmand and assessmen	Aedical Info ders in sup sts the med control, me t and sustai	port of time ical comma dical logistic nability ana	-sensitive d nder/comm cs, patient r Ilysis. Once	ecisions for and surgeor egulation ar fully fieldeo	successful n to maximi nd evacuatio I, JOMIS wi	operations. ze delivery on, medical Il support th	JOMIS inte of combat r /threat intel ne new Elec	egrates the medical care ligence, hea stronic Healt	medical car e with field r althcare deli th Record (E	e nedical very, EHR) and

FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>FY 2017 Base</u>	FY 2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017 Total</u>
0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000
0.000	0.000	22.140	-	22.140
0.000	0.000	22.140	-	22.140
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
-	-			
0.000	0.000	22.140	-	22.140
	0.000 0.000 - - - - - - -	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000         -	0.000 0.000 22.140 0.000 0.000 22.140           	0.000 0.000 22.140 - 0.000 0.000 22.140 -   

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)					
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	PE 0605045DHA I Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS)					

FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0605025-Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (-\$22.140 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605045-Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS) (+\$22.140 million).

	ustification:	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	oruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0605045DHA / Joint Operational 447A /					(Number/Name) oint Operational Medicine ion System (JOMIS)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
447A: Joint Operational Medicine Information System (JOMIS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.140	-	22.140	22.180	22.619	23.071	23.532	2 Continuing	Continuing	
A. Mission Description and But The mission of the Department of	of Defense (E	DoD) Joint (	Operational										
operational medicine systems. I Practitioners need access to up- making and clinical information r expeditionary environments. As provide the electronic health rec	to-date patie management such, USD (	nt health re . The appr AT&L) and	ecords to en oved Conce USD (P&R	sure that re pts of Ope ) have direc	elevant data rations for h cted that the	is accessib ealthcare de DoD Healt	le and inter elivery requ	operable to ires end-to·	support eff end capabi	ective clini	cal decision vers garriso	n and	
B. Accomplishments/Planned I	Programs (\$	in Millions	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Title: Joint Operational Medicine	Information	System ( IC	(SIMC							0 000	0 000		
		Oystern (ot	51010)							0.000	0.000	22.140	
<b>Description:</b> The JOMIS Progra and satisfy capability gaps identi- constructed around the following 1. Operational Medicine Softwar release, based on the results of t components within TMIP-J today 2. New Requirements for Opera operational requirements capture acquisition is currently planned for	im will provid fied in the JC two integrate re Release 1 the Product E  tional Medici ed in an eme	e moderniz DMIS Capal ed efforts: The JOMI Evaluation. ne: The JO	ed capabilit bility Develo S Program The softwa MIS acquisi	pment Doc will develop are release tion of any	the next op will first rep new capabi	D). The ac perational m lace severa	quisition str nedicine sof I of the exis	ategy (AS) tware ting capabi o meet evo	is lity lving	0.000	0.000	22.140	
<b>Description:</b> The JOMIS Progra and satisfy capability gaps identic constructed around the following 1. Operational Medicine Softwar release, based on the results of t components within TMIP-J today 2. New Requirements for Operational requirements capture	im will provid fied in the JC two integrate re Release 1 the Product E 7. tional Medici ed in an eme or FY 2017	e moderniz DMIS Capal ed efforts: The JOMI Evaluation. ne: The JO rging Capa	ed capabilit bility Develo S Program The softwa MIS acquisi bilities Deve	pment Doc will develop are release tion of any elopment D	o the next op will first rep new capabi ocument (C	D). The ac perational m lace severa	quisition str nedicine sof I of the exis	ategy (AS) tware ting capabi o meet evo	is lity lving	0.000	0.000	22.140	
<b>Description:</b> The JOMIS Progra and satisfy capability gaps identi- constructed around the following 1. Operational Medicine Softwar release, based on the results of t components within TMIP-J today 2. New Requirements for Opera operational requirements capture acquisition is currently planned for <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b>	im will provid fied in the JC two integrate re Release 1 the Product E r. tional Medici ed in an eme or FY 2017 t Operational	e moderniz DMIS Capal ed efforts: The JOMI Evaluation. ne: The JO rging Capa	ed capabilit bility Develo S Program The softwa MIS acquisi bilities Deve nformation	pment Doc will develop are release tion of any elopment D System (JC	o the next op will first rep new capabi ocument (C	D). The ac perational m lace severa litites will be DD). Conti	quisition str nedicine sof I of the exis designed t ract award f	ategy (AS) tware ting capabi o meet evo or the JOM	is lity lving IS	0.000	0.000	22.140	

PE 0605045DHA: *Joint Operational Medicine Information S...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2017 Defen	se Health Ag	jency					Date: February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 06	PE 0605045DHA / Joint Operational 447					lame) tional Medicii (JOMIS)	ne	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in I	<u> Millions)</u>						ſ	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
<ul> <li>Initial Fielding ATP to achieve Initi</li> </ul>	al Operational	Capabililty	(IOC) for Re	lease I								
<ul> <li>Contract award ATP for JOMIS full</li> </ul>	ture releases											
				Accor	nplishments	s/Planned P	rograms Su	btotals	0.000	0.000	22.140	
C. Other Program Funding Summ	ary (\$ in Milli	ons)										
			<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>					Cost To	<u>)</u>	
Line Item	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 202</u>	20 FY 202 <sup>-</sup>	1 Complete	Total Cost	
• BA1 0807726DHA: JOMIS	0.000	0.000	11.136	-	11.136	25.428	31.592	37.72	21 44.18	7 Continuing	Continuing	
• BA3 0807726DHA: JOMIS	0.000	0.000	2.413	-	2.413	77.358	75.688	75.15	50 73.60	5 Continuing	Continuing	
<u>Remarks</u>												

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Evaluate and use the most appropriate business, technical, contract and support strategies and acquisition approach to minimize costs, reduce program risks, and remain within schedule while meeting program objectives. Strategy is revised as required as a result of periodic program reviews or major decisions.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Each program establishes performance measurements which are usually included in the MHS IT Annual Performance Plan. Program cost, schedule and performance are measured periodically using a systematic approach. The results of these measurements are presented to management on a regular basis in various as part of the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) process, In Process Reviews (IPRs), or other reviews to determine program effectiveness and provide new direction as needed to ensure the efficient use of resources.

#### Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: February 2016 R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) Appropriation/Budget Activity PE 0605145DHA I Medical Products and Support Systems Development 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E FY 2017 Prior FY 2017 FY 2017 Cost To Total COST (\$ in Millions) Years FY 2015 FY 2016 Base 000 Total FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 Complete Cost Total Program Element 56.728 25.383 16.787 17.954 17.954 15.219 20.295 21.589 22.022 Continuing Continuing 375A: GDF-Medical Products 33.042 11.585 15.051 17.180 17.180 14.464 19.421 20.654 21.068 Continuing Continuing and Support System Development Continuing Continuing 399A: Hyperbaric Oxygen 23.686 1.648 0.855 0.774 0.774 0.755 0.874 0.935 0.954 Therapy Clinical Trial (Army) 500A: CSI - Congressional 0.000 12.150 0.881 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Continuing Continuing -Special Interests

# UNCLASSIFIED

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force – Medical Products and Support Systems Development: This program element (PE) provides funding for system development and demonstration of medical commodities delivered from the various medical advanced development and prototyping DoD Components that are directed at meeting validated requirements prior to full-rate initial production and fielding, including initial operational test and evaluation and clinical trials. These clinical trials are conducted to obtain US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval, a requirement for use of all medical products. Research in this PE is designed to address areas of interest to the Secretary of Defense regarding Wounded Warriors, capabilities identified through the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System, and sustainment of DoD and multi-agency priority investments in science, technology, research, and development. Medical research, development, test, and evaluation priorities for the Defense Health Program are guided by, and will support, the Quadrennial Defense Review, the National Research Action Plan for Improving Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans, Service Members, and Military Families, the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic Resistance, and the National Strategy for Biosurveillance. Research will support efforts such as the Precision Medicine Initiative which seeks to increase the use of big data and interdisciplinary approaches to establish a fundamental understanding of military disease and injury to advance health status assessment, diagnosis, and treatment tailored to individual Service members and beneficiaries, translational research focused on protection against emerging infectious disease threats, the advancement of state of the art regenerative medicine manufacturing technologies consistent with the National Strategic Plan for Advanced Manufacturing, the advancement of global health engagement and capitalization of complementary research and technology capabilities, and the strengthening of the scientific basis for decision-making in patient safety and guality performance in the Military Health System. Program development and execution is peer-reviewed and coordinated with all of the Military Services, appropriate Defense agencies or activities and other federal agencies, to include the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Department of Homeland Security. Coordination occurs through the planning and execution activities of the Joint Program Committees (JPCs), established to manage research, development, test and evaluation for Defense Health Program (DHP) sponsored research. The JPCs supported by this PE include medical simulation and information sciences (JPC-1) and combat casualty care (JPC-6). The work includes development and demonstration of medical modeling and simulation systems for training/education/treatment, and medical system development and demonstration. The funding also supports the clinical evaluation of hyperbaric oxygenation for post-concussion syndrome (PCS). The effort encompasses development, initiation, operation, analysis, and subsequent publication of clinical trials to compare and assess the long-term benefit of hyperbaric oxygen (HBO2) therapy on Service members with PCS. As the research efforts mature, the most promising will transition to production and deployment or to industry.

xhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defer	te: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 130: Defense Health Program / BA 2: RDT&E			ement (Number/Name)		evelopment	
The Army Medical Command received DHP Congressional Spece annual structure, out-year funding is not programmed.	cial Interest (CS	I) research fundi	ing to Restore Core Res	search Funding Reduc	tion. Because	of the CSI
3. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017</u>	Total
Previous President's Budget	14.499	15.906	20.094	-	2	0.094
Current President's Budget	25.383	16.787	17.954	-	1	7.954
Total Adjustments	10.884	0.881	-2.140	-	-	2.140
Congressional General Reductions	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-				
Congressional Adds	12.150	0.881				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-				
Reprogrammings	-	-				
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-1.266	-				
<ul> <li>Rebalance Joint Program Committees</li> </ul>	-	-	-0.913	-	-	0.913
<ul> <li>Restore USUHS Breast, GYN, and Prostate</li> </ul>	-	-	-0.633	-	-	-0.633
Cancer Centers of Excellence						
<ul> <li>Realignment to DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget</li> </ul>	-	-	-0.594	-	-	-0.594
Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care						
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	General Redu	<u>uctions)</u>		ſ	FY 2015	FY 2016
Project: 500A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests					L	
Congressional Add: 465A – Program Increase: Restor	re Core Resear	ch Funding Redu	uction (GDF)	-	5.000	0.80
Congressional Add: 475A – Program Increase: Restor		-	. ,	-	7.150	0.08
		Co	ongressional Add Subtol	als for Project: 500A	12.150	0.88
			Congressional Add	Totals for all Projects	12.150	0.88

#### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0605145-Medical Products and Support Systems Development (-\$1.266 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+\$1.266 million).

FY 2015: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) Additions to DHP RDT&E, PE 0605145-Medical Products and Support Systems Development (+\$12.150 million).

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605145DHA / Medical Products and Support System	ms Development

FY 2016: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) Additions to DHP RDT&E, PE 0605145-Medical Products and Support Systems Development (+\$0.881 million).

FY 2017: Realignment from DHP RDTE PE 0605145 (-\$0.913 million) to DHP RDTE PE 0603115 for rebalancing JPC portfolios (+\$0.913 million).

FY 2017: Realignment from DHP RDTE PE 0605145 (-\$0.633 million) to DHP RDTE PE 0603115 for Breast, GYN and Prostate Cancer Centers of Excellence (+ \$0.633 million).

FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) 0605145-Medical Products and Support Systems Development (+\$0.594 million) to DHP O&M Account, Budget Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care (+\$0.594 million).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	r				1		ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 060514	<b>am Elemen</b> 45DHA / Me ystems Deve	dical Produ		Project (N 375A / GD System De	F-Medical	Products and	d Support
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
375A: GDF-Medical Products and Support System Development	33.042	11.585	15.051	17.180	-	17.180	14.464	19.421	20.654	21.068	Continuing	Continuir
continuity, cost effectiveness, qua and evaluation of real-time physic approval of methods, drugs and o the areas of hemorrhage, shock, therapeutics and testing new imag	blogical stat levices thro and coagulo ging technic	us monitorin ugh human opathy of tra ques, battle	ng in order clinical tria auma. In ad field devices	to provide a ls. Within Jł dition, the t	actionable p PC-6, advar rraumatic br	atient inforn nced produc ain injury (T	nation. 3- C ct developm BI) neurotra	ombat Cas ent to impro auma and b	ualty Care ( ove the qual rain dysfund ogic assess	JPC-6). Th ity of care ction area ment tools	is JPC seek is ongoing w s validating for mild TBI	ks FDA vithin TBI
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	• •		-	00514000					FY			FY 2017
<i>Title:</i> GDF - Medical Products and <i>Description:</i> GDF-Medical Product support system development and from 0604110HP (Medical Product be conducted in the following area for fresh whole blood, and Spray I	cts and Sup demonstrat cts Support as: medical	port Syster tion prior to and Advand modeling a	ms Develop initial full ra ced Concep nd simulatio	ment (GDF te productio t Developm	-MPSSD): / on and field nent). Devel	ing of medic lopment and	cal commod I demonstra	ities deliver tion activitie	ed es will	11.585	15.051	17.18
tor fresh whole blood, and Spray i	Dried Plasm	na and TBI I	biomarker p	oint of care	devices.			più scieeni	ng			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: February 2016							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		Project 375A / 0 System	nd Support				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
Within JPC-6, related to hemorrhage, clinical trials were initiated in support of a dosing studies and studies assessing safety and effectiveness. In addition, doe approval process. Within the Neurotrauma area, development continued on the Neurotrauma Diagnosis and Improved Triage System (BANDITS), a portable d In addition, advanced development continued on two platforms for measuring b	cumentation was prepared to begin the FDA lightweight Biomarker Assessment for evice to diagnose mild, moderate and severe T						
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Within JPC-1, the Medical Simulation task is continuing evaluations of the effect prototype simulation systems and currently used live tissue training models. Th technologies to reduce and refine the use of live tissue for training. In addition, refine and re-evaluate commercially available simulator products.	is work supports the advanced development o	f					
Within JPC-6, related to hemorrhage, the Spray Dried Plasma product is sched Plasma product and planning will begin on clinical trials to confirm safety and e Within the Neurotrauma area, the BrainScope clinical sites will complete final c Advanced development will continue on two platforms for measuring biomarker	effectiveness of the product in diverse population lose-out activities and perform data analysis.						
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Within JPC-1, the Medical Simulation task will perform functional, specification curricula processes through anatomically correct and responsive simulation systemanufacturing stage.							
Within JPC-5, military operational medicine will sponsor end-user field testing to physiologic status monitoring system that integrates refined algorithms into acti information.							
Within JPC-6, clinical trials confirm safety and effectiveness in diverse population In addition, Neurotrauma will prepare for Milestone C decision, and FDA approvious for TBI.							
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals	11.585	15.051	17.180		
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>							

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/		Date: February 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 375A I GDF-Medical Products and Support		
010072		System De		

### D. Acquisition Strategy

Test and evaluate medical procedures and prototype devices in government-managed Phase 2 and Phase 3 clinical trials in order to gather data to meet military and regulatory (e.g., FDA, Environmental Protection Agency) requirements for production and fielding.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Research is evaluated through in-progress reviews, DHP-sponsored review and analysis meetings, and quarterly and annual status reports and is subject to Program Office or Program Sponsor Representatives progress reviews to ensure that milestones are met and deliverables are transitioned on schedule. In addition, Integrated Product Teams, if established for a therapy or device, will monitor progress in accordance with DoD Instruction 5000 series on the Operation of the Defense Acquisition System. The benchmark performance metric for transition of research supported in this PE will be the attainment of a maturity level that is typical of Technology Readiness Level 8 and/or the achievement of established Key Performance Parameters.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2Prior YearsFY 2015FY 2016COST (\$ in Millions)Prior YearsFY 2015FY 2016399A: Hyperbaric Oxygen23.6861.6480.855				PE 0605145DHA / Medical Products and 399A /				e <b>ct (Number/Name)</b> A I Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy Clinical (Army)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	-	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
399A: Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy Clinical Trial (Army)	23.686	1.648	0.855	0.774	-	0.774	0.755	0.874	0.935	0.954	Continuing	Continuing
For the Army, the Hyperbaric Oxy concussion syndrome (PCS) afte experienced one or more concus within the Military Health System evaluation of the subjects, and a	r mild TBI. I sions, and v . Each of the	HBO2 huma who are syn e research s	an clinical tr nptomatic a sites consis	ials are des t, or after, t	signed to ev he time of p	aluate the e ost-deployn	effectiveness nent health	s of HBO2 t reassessm	reatments f ents. Four F	or Service IBO2 study	members w v sites are es	ho have stablished
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned P</b>	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Hyperbaric Oxygen Therap	y Clinical Tr	ial (Army)								1.648	0.855	0.774
<b>Description:</b> HBO2 clinical trials experienced one or more concuse <b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Prepared final clinical report on st radiologic and physiological biom on-going HBO2 clinical trials in va	sions, and w tudy which o arker techno	vho are sym described in ology, and t	nptomatic af itial findings began 6 mo	t, or after, th s related to nth and 12	ne time of po the HBO2 t month subjo	ost-deploym herapy. Cor ect follow-uj	nent health r ntinued eval ps. Complet	eassessme uation of ed one of tl	hree			
of HBO2 treatment on normal hea HBO2 subjects, and began analys	althy particip	oants. Comp	pleted recru									

#### FY 2016 Plans:

Complete two on-going HBO2 clinical trials. Submit final reports and manuscripts. Complete enrollment, begin data analysis, and establish a database to document the effects of HBO2 treatment on normal healthy participants. Complete evaluation of radiologic and physiological biomarker technology, and on-line 6 month and 12 month subject follow-ups.

#### FY 2017 Plans:

Will prepare final reports on two clinical trials. Will consolidate and format HBO2 data from three different HBO2 studies for inclusion into the Federal Interagency Traumatic Brain Injury Research (FITBIR) informatics system.

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

PE 0605145DHA: *Medical Products and Support Systems Dev...* Defense Health Agency

1.648

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

Volume 1 - 335

0.774

0.855

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016		
	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605145DHA <i>I Medical Products and</i> <i>Support Systems Development</i>		<b>umber/Name)</b> perbaric Oxygen Therapy Clinical )

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Off-label use of an existing technology. The product is a knowledge product, with initial results to affect TBI treatment policy/reimbursement policy. Decision to pursue FDA registration will be made as part of a formal acquisition decision after the initial results are reviewed.

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

The HBO2 Program Management Office Integrated Product Team monitors performance of contracts through review of monthly, yearly and final progress reports to ensure that milestones are being met, deliverables will be transitioned on schedule and within budget and in accordance with DOD Instruction 5000.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2017 E	Defense He	alth Agency	y					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 06051	a <mark>m Elemen</mark> 45DHA / <i>Me</i> ystems Dev	dical Produ			umber/Nar I - Congres	<b>ne)</b> sional Spec	ial
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
500A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	12.150	0.881	0.000	) -	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuin
A. Mission Description and Bud	dget Item Ju	ustification	1									
The FY 2015 DHP Congressiona Support Systems Development.								ogram Elem	ent (PE) 06	05145 - Me	dical Produ	cts and
B. Accomplishments/Planned F	Programs (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>					FY 2015	FY 2016	]		
Congressional Add: 465A – Pro	ogram Increa	ase: Restore	e Core Res	earch Fund	ling Reducti	on (GDF)		5.000	0.800			
FY 2015 Accomplishments: FY item directed toward the restoral combat casualty care (Project 37 FY 2016 Plans: FY 2016 Plans: I	of core rese 5A). FY 2015 DH	arch initiativ	ves in PE 0 sional Spec	605145. Fu	inds suppor (CSI) spend	ted product ding item dir	testing for ected					
toward the restoral of core resear casualty care (Project 375A).	rch initiative	s in PE 060	5145. Fund	s supported	d product te	sting for cor	nbat					
Congressional Add: 475A – Pro	ogram Increa	ase: Restore	e Core Res	earch Fund	ling Reducti	on (Army)		7.150	0.081			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY the restoral of core research initia Therapy Clinical Trials (Project 39)	atives in PE	•	•	•	, <b>.</b>	•						
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Co of core research initiatives in PE Trials (Project 399A).												
					Congress	ional Adds	Subtotals	12.150	0.881			
C. Other Program Funding Sum	nmary (\$ in	Millions)										
N/A		-										
<u>Remarks</u>												
<b>D. Acquisition Strategy</b> N/A												
	to and Orac			1 1 1								

hibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency			
<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605145DHA <i>I Medical Products and</i> <i>Support Systems Development</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 500A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests		
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605145DHA / Medical Products and		

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency						Date: February 2016						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605502DHA I Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	111.229	57.108	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
470A: Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) (Army)	111.229	50.186	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
470B: Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program	-	6.922	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program was established in the Defense Health Program (DHP), Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) appropriation during FY 2001, and is funded in the year of execution. The objective of the DHP SBIR Program includes stimulating technological innovation, strengthening the role of small business in meeting DoD research and development needs, fostering and encouraging participation by minority and disadvantaged persons in technological innovation, and increasing the commercial application of DoD-supported research and development results. The program funds small business proposals chosen to enhance military medical research and information technology research.

The Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) program was established in the Defense Health Program (DHP), Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) appropriation during FY 2015, and is funded in the year of execution. The STTR Program, although modeled substantially on the SBIR Program, is a separate program and is separately financed. Central to the program is expansion of the public/private sector partnership to include the joint venture opportunities for small businesses and nonprofit research institutions. The unique feature of the STTR program is the requirement for the small business to formally collaborate with a research institution in Phase I and Phase II. STTR's most important role is to bridge the gap between performance of basic science and commercialization of resulting innovations. The mission of the STTR program is to support scientific excellence and technological innovation through the investment of Federal research funds in critical American priorities to build a strong national economy. The programs' goals are to stimulate technological innovation, foster technology transfer through cooperative research and development between small businesses and research institutions, and increase private sector commercialization of innovations derived from federal research and development.

Both the SBIR and STTR programs address the President's multi-agency science and technology priority of innovation in life sciences, biology, and neuroscience through coordination with the Joint Program Committees, which manage multi-Service DHP-sponsored research.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 [	Defense Health Ag	ency		Date:	February 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605502DHA / Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program						
3. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total			
Previous President's Budget	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000			
Current President's Budget	57.108	0.000	0.000	-	0.000			
Total Adjustments	57.108	0.000	0.000	-	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	-	-						
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-						
Reprogrammings	-	-						
SBIR/STTR Transfer	57.108	-						

#### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2015: Realignment to DHP RDT&E, PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program (+ \$57.108 million) from the following DHP PEs:

DHP RDT&E, PE 0601101-In-House Laboratory Independent Research (-\$0.247 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0601117-Basic Operational Medical Research Sciences (-\$0.654 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0602115-Applied Biomedical Technology (-\$4.179 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0602787-Medical Technology (AFRRI) (-\$0.096 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0603002-Advanced Technology (AFRRI) (-\$0.024 million)

DHP RDT&E, PE 0603115-Medical Technology Development (-\$19.731 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0604110-Medical Products Support and Advanced Concept Development (-\$8.523 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0605013-Information Technology Development (-\$1.409 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0605023-Integrated Electronic Record (iEHR) (-\$13.054 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0605025-Theater Medical Information Program - Joint (TMIP-J) (-\$0.639 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0605026-DoD Healthcare Management System Modernization (DHMSM) (-\$2.650 million)

DHP RDT&E, PE 0605145-Medical Products and Support Systems Development (-\$1.266 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0606105-Medical Program-Wide Activities (-\$3.322 million);

DHP RDT&E, PE 0607100-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities (-\$1.316 million).

FY 2016: No Change.

FY 2017: No Change.

PE 0605502DHA: *Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	chibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency					
Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)						
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	&E PE 0605502DHA I Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program					

FY 2017: No Change.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2					PE 0605502DHA I Small Business				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 470A I Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) (Army)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
470A: Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) (Army)	111.229	50.186	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The DHP SBIR Program participates in the first (FY.1) of three (FY.1, FY.2, and FY.3) DoD SBIR Solicitations. The process begins with a call for topics to the Joint Program Committees (JPCs), multi-service committees established to manage research, development, test and evaluation for Defense Health Program (DHP) sponsored research. DHP SBIR topics are submitted directly to the US Army Medical Research and Materiel Command (USAMRMC) and then forwarded to the JPCs for review and internal ranking. Topic Authors brief their topics at a Topic Review Meeting attended by the Defense Health Agency (DHA) Research, Development, and Acquisition (RDA) Directorate SBIR Program Manager (PM) and personnel from the supporting USAMRMC offices . Approved DHP SBIR topics are published in the FY.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation. Small businesses submit proposals against topics which are then evaluated by a Technical Evaluation Team (TET) made up of a Team Chief and Technical Evaluators. TETs recommend proposals for selection. All recommended proposals are reviewed by the JPCs and the DHA RDA Directorate SBIR PM. Phase I proposal selections are announced and contract negotiations begin. Phase I contracts are awarded up to \$150K for 6 months. Follow-on Phase II projects can be awarded up to \$11M for 24 months. This process ensures the SBIR program addresses the multi-agency science and technology priority of innovation in life sciences, biology, and neuroscience.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program	50.186	0.000	0.00
<b>Description:</b> The program funds small business proposals chosen to enhance military medical research and information technology research. The following reflects the FY15 research area topics sought for proposals.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> For FY 2015, sixteen DHP SBIR topics were developed for the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation. Funding for each topic was based on the technical merits of the proposals submitted. Topics included:			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-001 - Lateral Canthotomy and Cantholysis Training System. This DHP SBIR initiative funded research to develop a simulation-based system to provide psychomotor skills training to advanced health care providers in the performance of a Lateral Canthotomy and Cantholysis (LCC) procedure, a method of preserving eyesight. This effort solicited a total of nine SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December 2014. Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I proposal selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awards will be made by May 2016.			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Hea	alth Agency	Date	February 201	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605502DHA <i>I Small Business</i> <i>Innovation Research (SBIR) Program</i>	Project (Numbe 470A I Small Bu (SBIR) (Army)	,	on Research
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-002 - Mobile Virtual Interactive Pre- initiative funded research to develop and demonstrate video overlay as VIPAAR, on a mobile Android Smart device (also known as an Er- medic at the point of injury will use the built-in EUD camera to transm Facility (MTF), like a Battalion Aid Station (BAS). The mobile VIPAA on his EUD or capable computer exactly what a medic sees at the p hands into the virtual field. This effort solicited a total of thirteen SBII through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I prop Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awards will be marked	capability of virtual augmented reality technology, also nd User Device (EUD)) over a military tactical network. mit the image of the casualty to a forward Medical Treat AR technology will allow a Medical Officer, at the MTF to oint of injury, and then the Medical Officer can introduce R Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accep r 2014. Proposals were received in February 2015 follow posal selections were announced in May 2015. A total of	known A ment see his ted ved by		
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-003 - Virtual Medical Concierge Ap demonstrate a prototype medical concierge application that will impr Military Health System Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). Pilot the (WRNMMC). This effort solicited a total of twenty-seven SBIR Phas the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December 2014. F Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I prop Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awards will be ma	ove patient, employee, and visitor engagement with prototype at Walter Reed National Military Medical Cer e I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted thr Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by posal selections were announced in May 2015. A total or	bugh		
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-004 - Methodologies and Tools for Environments (ICE). This DHP SBIR initiative funded research to de interconnected medical devices in an Integrated Clinical Environmer proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Technical Ev selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Phase I pro by September 2015.	evelop a toolset for analyzing the security properties of ht (ICE). This effort solicited a total of eight SBIR Phase DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December 2014 valuation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I prop	l osal		
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-005 - Methodologies and Techniqu an Integrated Clinical Environment. This DHP SBIR initiative funded in an integrated clinical environment from malicious threats, which m promotes patient safety using a model-based approach. This effort s proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations i May 2015. A total of two Phase I proposals were selected under this	research to Research and develop new controls for sec ninimizes impacts on clinical workflows and usability, an solicited a total of six SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY 201 pre-released in December 2014. Proposals were receiv n March 2015. Phase I proposal selections were annound	euring d 5, ed in		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense He	ealth Agency		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605502DHA <i>I Small Business</i> <i>Innovation Research (SBIR) Program</i>	470Ă /	Project (Number/Name) 470A I Small Business Innovation Rese (SBIR) (Army)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)           PE 0605502DHA / Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program           mplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)           DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-006 - Rapid Detection of Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme disease) from Ticks. This DHP SBIR Borrelia burgdorferi bacterium, the causative agent for Lyme disease. This effort solicited a total of twenty-five SBI proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in Decem oposals were received in February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phas selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awar by September 2015.           VHP SBIR Topic DHP15-007 - Small Molecule to Combat Multidrug-Resistant Bacteria. This DHP SBIR initiative fu to develop a small molecule to target at least one of the, but preferably multiple, multidrug-resistant bacteria that greatest threat to military populations, specifically methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA), Acinetoba nii, Enterobacter species (Escherichia coli and Klebsiella pneumoniae), and Pseudomonas aeruginosa (1). The sn e may be (a) an antibiotic that is bacteriostatic or bactericidal in nature but not susceptible to currently known antib exemechanisms or (b) a molecule that, when given in combination, improves the effectiveness of an existing antibia roposals. In FY 2015. DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December 2014. Proposals were recei v 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I proposals user ercei v 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I proposals selections were anno 5. A total of three Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awards will be made by September 2015.           DHP SBIR Topic		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017		
funded research to a sensitive, specific, rapid, portable, field friend with the Borrelia burgdorferi bacterium, the causative agent for Lyr Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through 2014. Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Tech	Ily assay to determine whether a tick or pool of ticks is informe disease. This effort solicited a total of twenty-five SBIF the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in Decembranical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase	ected R ber I					
research to develop a small molecule to target at least one of the, pose the greatest threat to military populations, specifically methic baumannii, Enterobacter species (Escherichia coli and Klebsiella p molecule may be (a) an antibiotic that is bacteriostatic or bactericic resistance mechanisms or (b) a molecule that, when given in comb by preventing the antibiotic from being inactivated. Such a small n wound dressing material, or other delivery system. This effort solic proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitatio February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations	but preferably multiple, multidrug-resistant bacteria that illin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA), Acinetobac oneumoniae), and Pseudomonas aeruginosa (1). The sma dal in nature but not susceptible to currently known antibio bination, improves the effectiveness of an existing antibio nolecule would ideally be amenable to incorporation into a sited a total of nineteen SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY 20 on pre-released in December 2014. Proposals were receiv s in March 2015. Phase I proposal selections were annou	eter all otic ic(s) a 15, ed in					
demonstrate a prototype system that will successfully predict the in is defined as approaches aiming to anticipate the likelihood that a	ncidence of human infectious disease. In this context, "pre specific infectious disease threat will emerge in the huma oject the likely progression of, and impact of specific mitig effort solicited a total of six SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY in pre-released in December 2014. Proposals were receive in March 2015. Phase I proposal selections were annou	edict" n ation 2015, ed in					
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-009 - Ultimate Passive Dosimeter invasive, wearable passive dosimeter that can be stored indefinite measure chronic exposures (several days to weeks) of exposure to military environments. The intent is to provide a broad screening p	ly until analysis is required. The ideal product would be all o sub-acute levels of hazardous chemicals in the spectru	ole to n of					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/		Date: F	ebruary 2016	6
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605502DHA <i>I Small Business</i> <i>Innovation Research (SBIR) Program</i>	470Ă /	t (Number/I Small Busin (Army)	<b>lame)</b> ess Innovatio	on Research
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
to gases, volatile and semi-volatile organics, as well as to substances that may of different mechanisms such as respirable aerosols. This effort solicited a tota proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-release February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 20 May 2015. A total of three Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. A	I of eight SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY 2015 ed in December 2014. Proposals were receive 015. Phase I proposal selections were annour	s, ed in			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-010 - Oxygen Separation from Air to Provide 3 DHP SBIR initiative funded research to develop and demonstrate new technique minimal power to provide supplemental oxygen for injured soldiers under field of SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 207 December 2014. Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Techn Phase I proposal selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Pha Awards will be made by May 2016.	ues to separate/enrich oxygen from air using conditions. This effort solicited a total of sever 15.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in lical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 20	nteen 015.			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-011 - Modeling and Simulation of the Blood P funded research to demonstrate that a kinetic pathway model of blood platelet simulate the deleterious effects of storage upon isolated platelets within 5-7 da commercially viable software product for improved blood product storage. This proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIF Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Te selections were announced in May 2015. A total of one Phase I proposals were September 2015.	physiology and biochemistry can be used to ys, and to develop a prototype program or a effort solicited a total of one SBIR Phase I & Solicitation pre-released in December 2014. eam evaluations in March 2015. Phase I prop	osal			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-012 - Real-Time Small-Volume Blood Samplir Analytes. This DHP SBIR initiative funded research to develop a biosensor tech blood, continuously, in real-time. The biosensor must be able to measure multi trauma and related phenomenon (e.g. therapeutic agents and protein biomarker Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 D 2014. Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Technical Evalua proposal selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Phase I prop be made by September 2015.	hnology capable of measuring specific analyte ple analytes that are relevant to coagulopathy ers). This effort solicited a total of eighteen SE oD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in Decemb tion Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase	of BIR Per			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-013 - Optimization of Cryoprotectants, Cryoth of Large Tissue Systems. This DHP SBIR initiative funded research for develop					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	/	I	Date: Fe	ebruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605502DHA / Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program	470A I Small Business Innovation Res (SBIR) (Army) FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2			n Research
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
and cryopreservation protocols that will permit clinically effective banking of lar as vital organs and limbs. This effort solicited a total of fifteen SBIR Phase I pro through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December 2014. Pro Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I proposal select Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awards will be made by Sep	pposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted pposals were received in February 2015 follow tions were announced in May 2015. A total of	l red by			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-014 - Optimal Rewarming Solutions for Cryop funded research to develop a capability to solve one of the remaining barriers to composite tissues – optimal rewarming methods of large cryopreserved tissues I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SB Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Technical Evaluation Te selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Phase I proposals we by September 2015.	towards true banking of organs and vasculariz s. This effort solicited a total of eight SBIR Pha IR Solicitation pre-released in December 2014 eam evaluations in March 2015. Phase I prop	ed ase I. osal			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-015 - Objective Measurement Tool For Detect This DHP SBIR initiative funded research to develop an objective measurement loss and a smart algorithm for monitoring. This effort solicited a total of eight SI accepted through the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-released in December followed by Technical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 2015. Phase I pro- total of two Phase I proposals were selected under this topic. Awards will be n	nt tool for the detection of noise-induced hearing BIR Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals 2014. Proposals were received in February 2 pposal selections were announced in May 201	ng were 015			
2015.1 DHP SBIR Topic DHP15-016 - Novel Intraocular Visualization Tool. Th a novel intraocular visualization tool to improve surgical outcomes following co of four SBIR Phase I proposals. In FY 2015, proposals were accepted through December 2014. Proposals were received in February 2015 followed by Techr Phase I proposal selections were announced in May 2015. A total of three Pha Awards will be made by September 2015.	mplex ocular trauma. This effort solicited a tot the 2015.1 DoD SBIR Solicitation pre-release iical Evaluation Team evaluations in March 20	al <sup>`</sup> d in			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> No funding programmed. The DHP SBIR program is funded in the year of exec	cution.				
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No funding programmed. The DHP SBIR program is funded in the year of exec	cution.				
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals	50.186	0.000	0.000

PE 0605502DHA: *Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016	
0130/2	PE 0605502DHA I Small Business	 umber/Name) all Business Innovation Research my)
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Test and evaluate commercially developed prototypes funded by the SBIR program to ensure military and regulatory requirements are met prior to production and fielding, to include FDA licensure and Environmental Protection Agency registration.

### E. Performance Metrics

The number of Phase I awards supporting innovative technology development. The number of Phase II and III awards leading to technology transition.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency									Date: February 2016			
0130/2				<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605502DHA <i>I Small Business</i> <i>Innovation Research (SBIR) Program</i>				<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 470B / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
470B: Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program	-	6.922	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) is a program that expands funding opportunities in the federal innovation research and development arena. Central to the program is expansion of the public/private sector partnership to include the joint venture opportunities for small businesses and nonprofit research institutions. The unique feature of the STTR program is the requirement for the small business to formally collaborate with a research institution in Phase I and Phase II. STTR's most important role is to bridge the gap between performance of basic science and commercialization of resulting innovations. The program funds small business proposals that partner with a research institution, are technically meritorious, and enhance Joint Program Committee (JPC) research and development efforts. The DHP STTR Program can participate in any of the three (FY.A, FY.B, and FY.C) DoD STTR Solicitations. The process begins with a call for topics to the JPCs. DHP STTR topics are submitted directly to USAMRMC and then forwarded to the JPCs for review and internal ranking. Topic Authors brief their topics at a Topic Review Meeting attended by the Defense Health Agency (DHA) Research, Development, and Acquisition (RDA) Directorate STTR PM and personnel from the supporting USAMRMC offices. Approved DHP STTR topics are published in the DoD STTR Solicitation. Small businesses submit proposals against topics which are then evaluated by a Technical Evaluation Team (TET) made up of a Team Chief and Technical Evaluators. TETs recommend proposals for selection. All recommended proposals are reviewed by the JPCs and the DHA RDA Directorate STTR PM. Phase I proposal selections are announced and contract negotiations begin. Phase I contracts are awarded up to \$150K for 6 months. Follow-on Phase II projects can be awarded up to \$11M for 24 months. This process ensures the STTR program addresses the multi-agency science and technology priority of innovation in life sciences, biology, and neuroscience.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program	6.922	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> STTR Program offers funding opportunities in federal research and development to small businesses. The program aims to stimulate technological innovation in DoD research and development, strengthen the role of small business in meeting DoD research and development needs, foster and encourage participation by minority and disadvantaged persons in technological innovation, and increase the commercial application of DoD-supported research or research and development results.			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> For FY 2015 (DHP STTR 15.B), two topics were developed for the 2015.B DoD STTR Solicitation. Funding for each topic was based on the merits of responses to solicitations. Topics included: (1) Develop and/or evaluate a simple and efficient blood purification/extraction technology to selectively remove anti-A / anti-B antibodies from donor plasma resulting in the production of universal plasma; and			

PE 0605502DHA: *Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Hea	Ith Agency		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0605502DHA <i>I Small Business</i> <i>Innovation Research (SBIR) Program</i>	e) Project (Number/Name) 470B I Small Business Technology Trans (STTR) Program				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		[	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
(2) Investigate and validate alternative approaches for wound healing	g such as laser and lightwave treatments.					
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No funding programmed. The DHP STTR program is funded in the y	rear of execution.					
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> No funding programmed. The DHP STTR program is funded in the y	rear of execution.					
	ubtotals	6.922	0.000	0.00		
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>						
<b>D. Acquisition Strategy</b> Test and evaluate commercially developed prototypes funded by the fielding, to include FDA licensure and Environmental Protection Age		irements	are met prior	to productior	n and	
<b>E. Performance Metrics</b> The number of Phase I awards supporting innovative technology de	velopment. The number of Phase II and III awards lead	ding to te	chnology tran	sition.		

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	n Justificat	ion: PB 20 <sup>-</sup>	17 Defense	Health Age	ncy					Date: Febr	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program / E	3A 2: RDT&	E			•	am Element 5DHA / Me	•	,	tivities			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	155.364	38.052	57.807	58.410	-	58.410	69.191	63.755	67.219	68.563	Continuing	Continuing
305T: USAMRIID IO&T (Army)	66.576	7.328	20.027	2.915	-	2.915	13.708	0.455	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
368A: Pacific-Based Joint Information Technology Center - Maui (JITC-Maui) (HIT)	18.869	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
397T: USAMRICD IO&T (Army)	31.031	4.567	0.103	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
401A: CONUS Laboratory Support Clinical Infrastructure (Army)	14.777	4.460	4.975	5.064	-	5.064	5.155	5.253	5.358	5.465	Continuing	Continuing
432A: OCONUS Laboratory Infrastructure Support (Army)	16.870	10.791	12.487	11.502	-	11.502	11.419	13.218	14.144	14.427	Continuing	Continuing
433A: NMRC Biological Defense Research Directorate (BDRD) (Navy)	7.055	3.273	3.975	2.148	-	2.148	2.968	3.109	5.163	5.266	Continuing	Continuing
442A: USARIEM Pike's Peak IO&T (Army)	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.234	-	0.234	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
600A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	5.967	16.240	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
494A: Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)	0.000	0.000	0.000	36.547	-	36.547	35.941	41.720	42.554	43.405	Continuing	Continuing
376A: <i>GDF - Medical Program-</i> <i>Wide Activities</i>	0.000	1.666	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

## A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Army Medical Command receives funding for research infrastructure management support at select continental United States (CONUS) and outside the continental US (OCONUS) laboratories and clinical trial sites; work is done in collaboration with DoD Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). This project does not fund research. It funds the infrastructure support staff enabling research scientists to conduct bio-surveillance and early-to-late-stage clinical investigations into biologics, drugs, protectants, device technologies, and knowledge products. Areas of research interest are closely aligned with the Army Medical Research and Materiel Command's Program Area Directorates. The funding provides for the sustainment of technical subject matter expertise, independent of the number of assigned projects, and the costs related to the initial outfitting and transition (IO&T) of research, development, test and evaluation (RDT&E) medical laboratories funded under multi-year military construction (MILCON) projects. These IO&T funds are designated as appropriations other than MILCON.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Age	ency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0130: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	PE 0606105DHA I Medical Program-Wide Activities	

The Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (Force Health Protection & Readiness) receives funds to provide management support for research projects at Pacific Joint Information Technology Center (P-JITC).

For the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, this program element includes facility operational funding for the Medical Biological Defense research sub-function of the Naval Medical Research Center (NMRC) Biological Defense Research Directorate (BDRD). The program mission is mandated by the Joint Requirements Office for Chemical, Biological, and Nuclear Defense (JRO-CBRND) baseline capabilities assessment of chemical and biological passive defense. The primary function is research on countermeasures to biological threat agents, development of assays to detect biological threat agents, and bioforensic analysis of biological threat agents.

Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	<u>FY 2017</u>	' Total
Previous President's Budget	38.075	41.567	25.156	-	2	25.156
Current President's Budget	38.052	57.807	58.410	-	5	58.410
Total Adjustments	-0.023	16.240	33.254	-	3	33.254
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	5.967	16.240				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-				
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	-2.668	-				
<ul> <li>SBIR/STTR Transfer</li> </ul>	-3.322	-				
<ul> <li>Realignment of the Medical Development</li> </ul>	-	-	38.211	-	3	38.211
Laboratory Support Program						
<ul> <li>Realignment to DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget</li> </ul>	-	-	-5.191	-		-5.191
Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care						
<ul> <li>Initial Outfitting and Transition (IO&amp;T) Pike's</li> </ul>	-	-	0.234	-		0.234
Peak						
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes	General Redu	<u>ctions)</u>		[	FY 2015	FY 2016
Project: 600A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests						
Congressional Add: 476A – Program Increase: Restor	e Core Researd	ch Funding Redu	iction (Army)		5.071	1.476
Congressional Add: 466A - GDF-Restore Core Medica	al Program-Wide	e Activities (Arm	y)		0.000	11.100
Congressional Add: 476C – Program Increase: Restor	e Core Resear	ch Funding Redu	uction (Navy)		0.896	3.664
		Co	ngressional Add Subtotals f	or Project: 600A	5.967	16.240

chibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2017 De	efense Health Agency	Date: Fel	bruary 201	6
opropriation/Budget Activity 30: Defense Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E	nse Health Program I BA 2: RDT&E PE 0606105DHA I Medical Program-Wide Activities  pressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions) Congressional Add Totals for all Projects 5.967  ange Summary Explanation 2015: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0606105-Medical Program-Wide ivities (-\$3.332 million) to DHP RDT&E PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program			
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Inclu	ides General Reductions)	F	Y 2015	FY 2016
	Congressional Add Totals for all	Projects	5.967	16.24
FY 2015: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) Addition	ons to DHP RDT&E, PE 0606105-Medical Program-Wide Activities (+\$	5.967 million).		
FY 2016: Congressional Special Interest (CSI) Addition	ons to DHP RDT&E, PE 0606105-Medical Program-Wide Activities (+\$	16.240 million)	).	
	, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Prograr RDT&E, PE 0606105-Medical Program-Wide Activities (+\$38.211 million		) 0603115-	Medical
FY 2017: Realignment from Defense Health Program, Program-Wide Activities (-\$5.191 million) to DHP O&I	, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Prograr M, BAG 3 - Private Sector Care (+\$5.191 million).	n Element (PE	) PE 06061	105-Medica
FY 2017: Pike's Peak Investment, PE 0606105-Medic	cal Program-Wide Activities (+\$0.234 million).			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency								Date: Febr	uary 2016			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				,				Project (Number/Name) 305T / USAMRIID IO&T (Army)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
305T: USAMRIID IO&T (Army)	66.576	7.328	20.027	2.915	-	2.915	13.708	0.455	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Funding supports the initial outfitting and transition (IO&T) costs associated with military construction (MILCON) for the US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID), Fort Detrick, Maryland.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: USAMRIID IO&T (Army)	7.328	20.027	2.915
<b>Description:</b> US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases in Fort Detrick, Maryland, initial outfitting and transition (IO&T) costs associated with military construction.			
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> The FY 2015 USAMRIID IO&T program reflected the phased requirements based on construction progress as the building is turned over in two Beneficial Occupancy Date (BOD) phases. IO equipment purchased for FY 2015 fiscal year were equipment listings based on delivery lead time, building placement, installation, and bona-fide need criteria. FY 2015 transition costs were the incremental fiscal year requirements for operations that supported this multi-year MILCON project. Funds provided personnel, travel, planning and acquisition support, research operations planning, and equipment planning.			
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> The FY 2016 USAMRIID IO&T program reflects the phased requirements based on construction progress as the building is scheduled to reach Phase 1 BOD for safety and Center for Disease Control certifications. Remaining IO equipment are purchased from equipment listings based on delivery lead time, building placement, installation, and bona-fide need criteria. FY 2016 transition costs are the incremental fiscal year requirements for operations that support this multi-year MILCON project. Funds provide for personnel, travel, planning and acquisition support, any remaining movement support for materiel from the old to new or intermediate facility sites, increased phased dual occupancy costs of old and new sites, hazardous material movement, medical cleaning, etc.			
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> The FY 2017 USAMRIID IO&T program will reflect the phased requirements based on construction progress as the building is scheduled to reach BOD and will initiate inspection to receive safety and Center for Disease Control certifications. Funds will also be used to support initial relocation of personnel, equipment, and research products to the USAMRIID Replacement Facility.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	7.328	20.027	2.915

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 D	Defense Health Agency Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)Project (Number/Name)PE 0606105DHA / Medical Program-Wide305T / USAMRIID IO&T (Army)ActivitiesActivities
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)	
N/A	
Remarks	
D. Acquisition Strategy	
N/A	
E. Performance Metrics	
	the performer reflecting program execution and completion dates based on approved phasing.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						5105DHA I Medical Program-Wide 368A I Pacific			<b>Number/Name)</b> acific-Based Joint Information gy Center - Maui (JITC-Maui) (HIT)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
368A: Pacific-Based Joint Information Technology Center - Maui (JITC-Maui) (HIT)	18.869	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
<b>A. Mission Description and Bud</b> Pacific Joint Information Technolo products, through pilot projects of the Department of Veterans Affair	ogy Center	(Pacific JIT	C) (DHA HI									
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	<u>rograms (</u> \$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Description:       Privation         Title:       Pacific-Based Joint Information Technology Center - Maui (JITC-Maui) (HIT)       0.000         Description:       Management support for research projects at Pacific Joint Information Technology Center (JITC).       0.000         FY 2015 Accomplishments:       Pacific JITC will maintain, utilize, and promote use of the Pacific JITC Integrated Test and Evaluation Center (ITEC) (IV & V) by government entities including the testing and integration of Department Warfighter projects within the SCIF laboratory. The Pacific JITC will continue to work with functional end users and Defense Health Agency sponsors to map proposals and initiatives critical to the Warfighter, address Joint Service capability gaps, and Department requirements.         Future funding for operations and support will be Operations & Maintenance as a result of re-organization within Defense Health Agency.         FY 2016 Plans:         No Funding Programmed.         FY 2017 Plans:         No Funding Programmed.							0.000	0.000				
<u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>	mary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>			Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Sub	totais	0.000	0.000	0.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Date: February 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0606105DHA <i>I Medical Program-Wide</i> <i>Activities</i>	368A / Pa	iumber/Name) cific-Based Joint Information y Center - Maui (JITC-Maui) (HIT)

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

## E. Performance Metrics

Metric includes completed and documented analysis by the performer reflecting program execution and completion dates based on approved phasing.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency         D							Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0606105DHA / Medical Program-Wide ActivitiesProject (Number/Name) 397T / USAMRICD IO&T (Army 				,						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
397T: USAMRICD IO&T (Army)	31.031	4.567	0.103	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Funding supports the IO&T costs associated with MILCON for the US Army Medical Research Institute of Chemical Defense (USAMRICD), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
4.567	0.103	0.000
4.567	0.103	0.000
	4.567	4.567 0.103

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016		
0130/2	,		umber/Name) AMRICD IO&T (Army)	

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

#### E. Performance Metrics

Metrics include completed and documented analysis by the performer reflecting program execution and completion dates based on approved phasing. Successful establishment of a sufficient infrastructure will result in close coordination and cooperation between the RDT&E community, Clinical Investigation Program, Military Treatment Facilities, and Defense Centers of Excellence communities with the initiation of new collaborative clinical studies and trials.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 [	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> )5DHA <i>I Me</i>			401A / CO	(Number/Name) CONUS Laboratory Support Cli cture (Army)		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
401A: CONUS Laboratory Support Clinical Infrastructure (Army)	14.777	4.460	4.975	5.064	-	5.064	5.155	5.253	5.358	5.465	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Buc CONUS Laboratory Infrastructure stage clinical investigations on m access to the patient populations subject matter expertise, indeper support, statistical support, grant infrastructure support enabling M	e Support fu edical produ who will be ident of the writing assi	Inding provi Licts through Inefit the mo number of stance, and	des infrastr n collaborat ost from the assigned pr I other esse	ive efforts v medical pr ojects. The ential function	vith the Milit oducts and infrastructuons for main	ary Health S capabilities ire funds als	System's (M being deve so support I	IHS) Militar loped. The nstitutional	y Treatmen funds supp Review Boa	t Facilities ( ort the reten ard function	MTFs). MTF ntion of tech s, research	<sup>-</sup> s provide inical technical
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	C		•						FY	2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: CONUS Laboratory Suppor	t Clinical In	frastructure	(Army)							4.460	4.975	5.064
<b>Description:</b> Management suppor late-stage clinical research and er polytrauma (multiple traumatic inj	valuation of	investigatio	onal product	ts, such as	biologics, d							
FY 2015 Accomplishments: Supported staff engaged in multip development and review of resea the clinical research specialties su protection scientist, budget analys biologist, statistician, database m research coordinator. Unique out than 25 external funding application research support services, formed a funding opportunities database competitiveness, and replaced research research research research research research research research services and replaced research r	rch protoco upported by st, compute anager, bios comes asso ons, establi d a group to to match fu	Is, and the of the progra r informatio statistics/bio ociated with shed a Clin o solicit colla nding oppo	creation, an m were: clir n technolog binformatics the funding ical Investig aborative re- rtunities to I	alysis and, nical resear y and mana analyst, bi : supportec jation Comi search part MTF investi	communica ch associate agement sp obank mana l over 60 clii mittee to rev merships wi gators and	ition of resea e, study coo ecialist, bior ager, resear nical investig view researc th non-feder identify way	arch data. E rdinator, hu nedical scie ch assistan gations, sul ch protocols ral organiza s to improve	Examples or iman subject entist/molect it, and clinic pmitted mor and provid tions, creat	cts cular cal e e ed			
FY 2016 Plans: Continue to provide support effort investigations and performing crit												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agen	Date	Date: February 2016					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		Project (Number/Name) 401A / CONUS Laboratory Support Clin Infrastructure (Army)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017			
and the creation, analysis and, communication of research data. Examples of the program are: clinical research associate, study coordinator, human subject information technology and management specialist, biomedical scientist/mole biostatistics/bioinformatics analyst, biobank manager, research assistant, and funding include: support for clinical investigations, submission for external fur Investigation Committee to review research protocols and provide research s partnerships with non-federal organizations, utilization of funding opportunitie identification of ways to improve submission competitiveness.	cts protection scientist, budget analyst, computed cular biologist, statistician, database manager, d clinical research coordinator. Efforts with the biding applications, sustainment of a Clinical upport services, solicitation of collaborative rese						
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Will continue to provide support efforts for military research. These efforts will investigations and performing critical roles in research subject engagement, or and the creation, analysis, and communication of research data. Examples of program will be: clinical research associate, study coordinator, human subject information technology and management specialist, biomedical scientist/mole biostatistics/bioinformatics analyst, biobank manager, research assistant, and funding will include: support for clinical investigations, submission for externa Investigation Committee to review research protocols and provide research s partnerships with non-federal organizations, utilization of funding opportunitie identification of ways to improve submission competitiveness.	evelopment and review of research protocols, the clinical research specialties supported by the ts protection scientist, budget analyst, computer ecular biologist, statistician, database manager, d clinical research coordinator. Efforts with the l funding applications, sustainment of a Clinical upport services, solicitation of collaborative rese	e					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals 4.46	0 4.975	5.064			
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics Metrics include completed and documented analysis by the performer reflect			•				

Metrics include completed and documented analysis by the performer reflecting program execution and completion dates based on approved phasing. Successful establishment of a sufficient infrastructure will result in close coordination and cooperation between the RDT&E community, Clinical Investigation Program, Military Treatment Facilities, and Defense Centers of Excellence communities with the initiation of new collaborative clinical studies and trials.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency	,					Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0606105DHA / Medical Program-Wide ActivitiesProject (Number/Name) 432A / OCONUS Laboratory Infra 				,	structure					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
432A: OCONUS Laboratory Infrastructure Support (Army)	16.870	10.791	12.487	11.502	-	11.502	11.419	13.218	14.144	14.427	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Outside of the Continental United States (OCONUS) Laboratory Infrastructure Support provides management support for research infrastructure at selected overseas laboratories and research sites that conduct biosurveillance and basic to late-stage clinical research and evaluation of investigational products, such as biologics, drugs, protectants, technologies, and knowledge products to treat/prevent infectious diseases for the purpose of protecting the Warfighter; this is accomplished through collaborative efforts with the respective host nation governments. These sites are the US Army Medical Research Unit-Kenya (USAMRU-K) in Nairobi, Kenya, the US Army Medical Research Unit-Georgia (USAMRU-G) in Tbilisi, Georgia, and the US Army Medical Component-Armed Forces Research Institute of Medical Sciences (USAMC-AFRIMS) in Bangkok, Thailand. USAMRU-G is the newest laboratory, and is being established to provide support in the Caucasus region, similar to that provided by the laboratories in Kenya and Thailand to East Africa and Southeast Asia regions.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: OCONUS Laboratory Infrastructure Support (Army)	10.791	12.487	11.502
<b>Description:</b> Management support for research infrastructure at selected overseas laboratories and research sites is integral to support the development and testing of improved means of predicting, detecting, preventing, and treating infectious disease threats to the US military, as well as support for surveillance, training, research, and response activities for emerging infectious disease threats that could affect Service Members in those regions. Supported OCONUS laboratories are the Armed Forces Research Institute of Medical Sciences (AFRIMS) in Bangkok, Thailand; the US Army Research Unit-Kenya (USAMRU-K) in Nairobi, Kenya; and the US Army Medical Research Unit-Georgia (USAMRU-G) in Tbilisi, Georgia.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Infrastructure funding costs for AFRIMS and USAMRU-K laboratories consisted of administration and infrastructure support, which supported medical research and development of products such as biologics, drugs, and protectants, technologies, and knowledge products to treat/prevent military-relevant endemic diseases. Infrastructure funding for the Republic of Georgia laboratory further facilitated the establishment of this unit, as directed by the DEPSECDEF. The Concept Plan (CONPLAN) and Table of Distribution and Allowances (TDA) for USAMRU-G are approved. Permanent military personnel began to phase in to the unit as well as hiring of local national personnel.			
FY 2016 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agend	y .		Date: Fe	ebruary 2016	;
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0606105DHA <i>I Medical Program-Wide</i> <i>Activities</i>	Project 432A / C Support	rastructure		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Infrastructure funding costs for AFRIMS, USAMRU-K, and USAMRU-G labora support, which sustain medical research platforms for surveillance, testing, an of interventions for military-relevant endemic diseases.					
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> Infrastructure funding costs for AFRIMS, USAMRU-K, and USAMRU-G labora support, which will sustain medical research platforms for surveillance, testing development of interventions for military-relevant endemic diseases. Sustain safety, information technology activities, salaries, utilities, maintenance, transgenerator fuel.	, and evaluation of products to inform the tent costs include resource management, logis				
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals	10.791	12.487	11.502

## C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

#### E. Performance Metrics

Metrics include documented analysis reflecting program execution of sustainment and modernization of the administration and infrastructure support required for general research, test, and evaluation at the laboratories in Kenya and Thailand, and a time-phased effort for establishment of the same in the Republic of Georgia.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	stification:	PB 2017 L	Jerense Hea	aith Agency	R-1 Progra	am Elemen )5DHA / <i>Me</i>			433A I NN	lumber/Na	ical Defense	Research
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
433A: NMRC Biological Defense Research Directorate (BDRD) (Navy)	7.055	3.273	3.975	2.148	-	2.148	2.968	3.109	5.163	5.26	6 Continuing	Continuin
Research Center (NMRC) Biologi Commission 2005. Operational o utilities to all buildings on NIBC ar costs are distributed amongst the Entry Control Points (ECP). The	costs are si re provided partners ba	gnificant by by a Centra ased on squ	virtue of be al Utility Plan uare feet an	ing at Fort nt (CUP) wl d number o	Detrick, a h hose capac of occupants	ighly secure ity all partne s of the build	National In ers on the N ling. Furthe	teragency l IBC are req er, the NIBC	Biodefense juired to bu campus is	e Campus ( iy into. Th	NIBC). Unin e annual proj	terrupted ected
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						F	( 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: NMRC Biological Defense F	Research Di	irectorate (E	BDRD) (Nav	y)						3.273	3.975	2.14
<b>Description:</b> Biological Defense F acquisition of research funding. Th reimbursable nature of the program	ne research	dollars car	nnot pay for	the increas	sed operatio	nal costs of	the program		plete			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Funding covered costs related to t			e support fu	nctions ena	abled BDRD		mission to	protect the				
maintenance, refuse, and custodia Warfighter from biological threat a	gents throu	igh the deve	•		•	•	arfare) ager	nt detection				
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Provide funding for the Central Utimission critical functions of BW ag	gents throu alysis, and c ility Plant, E	igh the deve operation of Entry Contro	deployable	BW agent	detection la	ibs. tional costs						
maintenance, refuse, and custodia Warfighter from biological threat a assays, therapeutics, forensic ana <i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> Provide funding for the Central Uti	gents throu alysis, and c ility Plant, E gent detection ility Plant, E	igh the deve operation of Entry Contro on, analysis Entry Contro	deployable I Points Sec , and deplo	BW agent curity Force yable BW c curity Force	detection la and operat diagnostic la and operat	tional costs ab service. tional costs	necessary t	o achieve t	he			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense	e Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0606105DHA <i>I Medical Program-Wide</i> <i>Activities</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 433A / NMRC Biological Defense Research Directorate (BDRD) (Navy)
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A		
<u>Remarks</u>		
<u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A		
<b>E. Performance Metrics</b> Metrics include timely delivery of targeted funding support for B analysis, and BW diagnostic lab services in response to science		d deploying BW assays, therapeutics, forensic

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1						bruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2							t (Number/ dical Progra		Project (N 442A / US		a <b>me)</b> ke's Peak IOo	&T (Army)
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 202 <sup>4</sup>	Cost To Complete	
442A: USARIEM Pike's Peak IO&T (Army)	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.234	-	0.234	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0 Continuing	Continuin
A. Mission Description and Bud	daet Item Ju	ustification	1									
Funding supports the initial outfit	ting and trar	nsition (IO&	T) research			d evaluatior	n (RDT&E) d	costs associ	ated with M	IILCON fo	r the US Arm	У
Research Institute of Environmen	ntal Medicin	e (USARIEI	M) at Pike's	Peak, Colo	orado.							
<b>B. Accomplishments/Planned F</b>	<u> Programs (</u> \$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: USARIEM Pike's Peak IO&	T (Army)									0.000	0.000	0.23
<ul> <li>FY 2015 Accomplishments: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Programmed.</li> <li>FY 2017 Plans: Will support the initial outfitting an MILCON for the US Army Research</li> </ul>								associated v	vith			
-				•	•		anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.23
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics Metric includes completed and d												

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Feb	ruary 2016		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2						<b>am Elemen</b> 05DHA <i>I Me</i>				umber/Nar I - Congres	<b>ne)</b> sional Speci	al	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Years         FY 2015         FY 2016         B           CSI - Congressional         0.000         5.967         16.240				FY 2017 OCO		FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
600A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	5.967	16.240	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuir	
A. Mission Description and Bud The FY15 DHP Congressional Sp Activities. Because of the CSI an	ecial Intere	est (CSI) fur	nding is dire			arch initiative	es in Progra	ım Element	(PE) 06061	105 - Medic	al Program-	Wide	
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Million	s <u>)</u>					FY 2015	FY 2016	]			
Congressional Add: 476A – Prog	gram Increa	se: Restore	e Core Rese	earch Fundi	ing Reduction	on (Army)		5.071	1.476	-			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2 the restoral of core initiatives in PB (Project 401A) and the OCONUS	E 0606105.	Funds sup	ported the C										
FY 2016 Plans: FY 2016 DHP Co of core initiatives in PE 0606105.							e restoral						
Congressional Add: 466A - GDF	-Restore C	ore Medica	l Program-V	Vide Activit	ies (Army)			0.000	11.100				
FY 2015 Accomplishments: No t	funding Pro	grammed.											
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Co of core research initiatives in PE 0 466A).													
Congressional Add: 476C – Prog	gram Increa	ase: Restore	e Core Rese	earch Fund	ing Reducti	on (Navy)		0.896	3.664				
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> FY 2 the restoral of core research initial Directorate (Project 433A).													
	naressiona	l Special In	terest (CSI)	spending i	tem directed	d toward the	e restoral						
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> FY 2016 DHP Co of core research initiatives in PE 0 (Project 433A) and Medical Devel	)606105. Fi	unds suppo			cal Defense								

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense H	ealth Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0606105DHA <i>I Medical Program-Wide</i> <i>Activities</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 600A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A		
E. Performance Metrics		
N/A		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2							Number/Name) edical Development (Lab Support)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
494A: Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)	0.000	0.000	0.000	36.547	-	36.547	35.941	41.720	42.554	43.405	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

For the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, this program element (PE) includes costs related to laboratory management and support salaries of government employees that are not paid from science/research competitively awarded funding. The Outside Continental U.S. (OCONUS) laboratories conduct focused medical research on vaccine development for Malaria, Diarrhea Diseases, and Dengue Fever. In addition to entomology, the labs focus on HIV studies, surveillance and outbreak response under the Global Emerging Infections Surveillance (GEIS) program, and risk assessment studies on a number of other infectious diseases that are present in the geographical regions where the laboratories are located. The CONUS laboratories conduct research on Military Operational Medicine, Combat Casualty Care, Diving and Submarine Medicine, Infectious Diseases, Environmental and Occupational Health, Directed Energy, and Aviation Medicine and Human Performance.

<i>itle:</i> Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)	0.000		FY 2017
	0.000	0.000	36.547
<b>escription:</b> Funding in this project code covers operating and miscellaneous support costs at RDT&E laboratories, including acility, equipment and civilian personnel costs that are not directly chargeable to RDT&E projects. Excluded costs include military annower and related costs, non-RDT&E base operating costs, and military construction costs, which are included in other ppropriate programs.			
<b>Y 2015 Accomplishments:</b> o Funding Programmed.			
<b>Y 2016 Plans:</b> o Funding Programmed.			
<b>Y 2017 Plans:</b> er Memorandum of Agreement signed 7 AUG 2015, funding realigned from PE 0603115 to PE 0606105.			
ontinue to provide operating support for eight medical RDT&E labs across 15 research focus areas with the goal of developing roducts and strategies that protect, treat, rehabilitate and enhance the performance of the Warfighter. Requested funding will nable the labs to meet or exceed science performance metric objectives.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	0.000	0.000	36.547

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defens	e Health Agency	Date: February 2016
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0606105DHA <i>I Medical Program-Wide</i> <i>Activities</i>	Project (Number/Name) 494A / Medical Development (Lab Support) (Navy)
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
<u>Remarks</u>		
<u>D. Acquisition Strategy</u> N/A		
<b>E. Performance Metrics</b> Metrics include timely and proportionate distribution of funds to protect, treat, rehabilitate and enhance the performance of the		development and evaluation of products that

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 D	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0606105DHA / Medical Program-Wide 376A / G								t <b>(Number/Name)</b> GDF - Medical Program-Wide es			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
376A: GDF - Medical Program- Wide Activities	0.000	1.666	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The goal of the Medical Program-Wide Activities is to provide funding for research infrastructure management support at select continental United States (CONUS) and outside the continental US (OCONUS) laboratories and clinical trial sites; work is done in collaboration with DoD Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). This project does not fund research. It funds the infrastructure support staff enabling research scientists to conduct bio-surveillance and early-to-late-stage clinical investigations into biologics, drugs, protectants, device technologies, and knowledge products. The funding provides for the sustainment of technical subject matter expertise, independent of the number of assigned projects, and the costs related to the initial outfitting and transition (IO&T) of research, development, test and evaluation (RDT&E) medical laboratories funded under multi-year military construction (MILCON) projects. These IO&T funds are designated as appropriations other than MILCON.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: 376A: GDF – Medical Program-Wide Activities	1.666	0.000	0.000
<i>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</i> Funding provides for research infrastructure management support, sustainment of technical subject matter expertise, and the costs related to the initial outfitting and transition (IO&T) of research, development, test and evaluation (RDT&E) medical laboratories funded under multi-year military construction (MILCON) projects. These IO&T funds are designated as appropriations other than MILCON.			
<i>FY 2016 Plans:</i> No Funding Programmed.			
FY 2017 Plans: No Funding Programmed.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	1.666	0.000	0.000
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			

xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 De	efense Health Agency	Date: February 2016
ppropriation/Budget Activity 130 / 2	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0606105DHA <i>I Medical Program-Wide</i> <i>Activities</i>	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 376A / GDF - Medical Program-Wide Activities
Performance Metrics		
/A		

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item	ion: PB 20 <sup>-</sup>	Health Age	ency					Date: February 2016				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130: Defense Health Program I E		<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0607100DHA / Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities										
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	37.420	16.413	17.356	14.998	-	14.998	14.938	18.214	19.819	20.215	Continuing	Continuing
377A: GDF-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities	36.084	14.031	17.356	14.998	-	14.998	14.938	18.214	19.819	20.215	Continuing	Continuing
457A: AF Advanced Technology Development – Rapid Technology Transition	1.336	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
700A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	2.382	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Guidance for Development of the Force-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities: Funds will support (1) developmental upgrades to medical systems and products that have been fielded, are routinely used in a fixed facility, or that have been approved for full-rate production and for which procurement funding is anticipated in the current fiscal year or subsequent fiscal years, (2) testing and evaluation supporting the enhancement of fielded or procured medical systems/products and medically-related information technology systems, (3) assessment of fielded medical products or medical practices in order to identify the need/opportunity for changes, and (4) analyses of clinical intervention outcomes to enhance and improve military unique Clinical Practice Guidelines. Efforts address the Military Health System Concept of Operations documents and follow-on Capabilities Based Assessments/Joint Capability Documents, appropriate Component requirements, legislative and Executive directives (e.g., National Research Action Plan, Precision Medicine Initiative, Office of Management and Budget Combat Casualty Care Assessment, National Defense Authorization Acts, etc.), and others as appropriate.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total
Previous President's Budget	17.474	17.356	17.647	-	17.647
Current President's Budget	16.413	17.356	14.998	-	14.998
Total Adjustments	-1.061	0.000	-2.649	-	-2.649
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	2.382	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-			
Reprogrammings	-2.127	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-1.316	-			
<ul> <li>Realignment to DHP O&amp;M Account, Budget</li> </ul>	-	-	-2.291	-	-2.291
Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Care					
PE 0607100DHA: Medical Products and Capabilities Enhanc					

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)		6
PE 0607100DHA / Medical Products and Capabilities Enhance	ment Activities	5
0.358 -		0.358
ral Reductions)	FY 2015	FY 2016
e Research Funding Reduction (GDF)	2.382	0.00
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 700A	2.382	0.00
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	2.382	0.00
PRDT&E, PE 0607100-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancemen	t Activities (+\$	2.382
n, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0607100-Media HP RDT&E PE 0603115 Breast, GYN and Prostate Cancer Centers of E		
	eral Reductions)         e Research Funding Reduction (GDF)         Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 700A         Congressional Add Totals for all Projects         h, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0607100-Media         DT&E PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small         P RDT&E, PE 0607100-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancemen         h, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (on) to DHP 0&M Account, Budget Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sectors         h, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0607100-Media	aral Reductions)       FY 2015         a Research Funding Reduction (GDF)       2.382         Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 700A       2.382         Congressional Add Totals for all Projects       2.382         h, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0607100-Medical Products a         DT&E PE 0605502-Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) / Small Business Tech         P RDT&E, PE 0607100-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities (+\$         h, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), Program Element (PE) PE 0607         on) to DHP O&M Account, Budget Activity Group (BAG) 3 - Private Sector Caree (+\$2         h, Development, Test and Evaluation (DHP RDT&E), PE 0607100-Medical Products a

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2017 C	efense Hea	alth Agency						Date: Febr	uary 2016	
0130 / 2 PE 0607100DHA / Medical Products and 377A / GD					Number/Name) DF-Medical Products and es Enhancement Activities							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
377A: GDF-Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities	36.084	14.031	17.356	14.998	-	14.998	14.938	18.214	19.819	20.215	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The goal of the Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement is to test, evaluate, and support enhancement of existing medical products and medically-related IT systems within the areas of medical simulation, infectious disease, tactical combat casualty care, military operational medicine, and clinical and rehabilitative medicine. Additionally, funding supports the investigation of clinical intervention outcomes to support, enhance, and improve militarily unique Clinical Practice Guidelines. Program Element 6.7 efforts are short-term, high-impact projects. It is an intramural research program focused on the evaluation of new commercial medical capabilities suitable for theater, the testing of a fielded capability to function in an expanded or altered operationally-relevant environment, and investigating the potential to incorporate emerging medical or non-medical technologies into fielded medical systems. The program structure provides a flexible and responsive mechanism to accomplish these objectives. A solicitation is released annually with two submission deadlines. Civilian and military intramural investigators are eligible to apply. Submitted proposals undergo a two-level review – one technical and one programmatic. A technical assessment of the proposals is solicited from the respective subject matter experts within the Joint Program Committees and the advanced development community. Following this, a programmatic review is performed by senior Service experts representing the science and technology base and advanced development. After the programmatic review, funding recommendations are forwarded to the Director, Research, Development and Acquisition, Defense Health Agency for final approval.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: 377A: GDF – Medical Products and Capabilities Enhancement Activities	14.031	17.356	14.998
<b>Description:</b> Provide support for developmental efforts to upgrade medical products and capabilities that have been fielded or have received approval for full rate production and anticipate production funding in the current or subsequent fiscal year.			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> One hundred and four (104) proposals were received in response to the FY 2015 solicitation. Of these, 20 were selected for funding. For ongoing Joint Trauma Analysis and Prevention of Injury in Combat (JTAPIC) managed efforts: Analyzed sensor characterization data of fielded blast sensor system; incorporated the results of mobility studies into an Operational Requirements- based Casualty Assessment model; implemented IT-system enhancements to the JTAPIC environment. For other funded efforts: Analyzed test data assessing the ability of Army Combat Uniforms treated with the insecticide permethrin to serve as a barrier to ticks and mosquitoes after extended periods of use; started project to determine the population prevalence of a form of CYP2D6, a drug-metabolizing enzyme which has been linked to malaria relapse following treatment with primaquine (a drug to treat malaria); began planning for a study to assess whether a current method of monitoring traumatic brain injury (TBI) patients may worsen clinical outcomes; initiated a study to retrospectively evaluate the effectiveness of the Defense and Veterans Brain Injury Center (DVBIC) Progressive Return to Activity Clinical Recommendation Tool for Service members following concussion/mild TBI;			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency Date: February 2016							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2	PE 0607100DHA / Medical Products and	377A I GDF-Medic	oject (Number/Name) 7A I GDF-Medical Products and pabilities Enhancement Activities					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017					
investigated improved methods to detect acute kidney injury by comparing a co specific biomarkers against the current standard of practice; began assessmen Gunfighting Gym as a potential tool/metric to measure neurocognitive status/m junctional and extremity tourniquets to stop excessive bleeding.								
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Solicit, review, and make awards for intramural proposals consistent with the in Analyze data on the population prevalence of a form of CYP2D6, a drug-metal relapse following treatment with primaquine, and recommendations on primaqu enrollment in study to assess whether a current method of monitoring TBI patien patient enrollment on the effectiveness of the Defense and Veterans Brain Inju Recommendation Tool for Service members following concussion/mild TBI; con comparison of a commercially available device measuring injury specific bioma standard of practice; complete assessment on the use of a marksmanship train potential tool/metric to measure neurocognitive status/mental performance; eva ear pieces for hearing protection; collect retrospective data and begin a prospen nerve block to correct heterotopic ossification, which can occur after battlefield amputation; continue evaluations of junctional and extremity tourniquets to stop	polizing enzyme which has been linked to malar uine use to treat malarial relapse; begin patient ents may worsen clinical outcomes; continue ry Center Progressive Return to Activity Clinica mplete data collection and data analysis on arkers of acute kidney injury versus the current her, the Conflict Kinetics Gunfighting Gym, as a aluate technologies designed to fabricate custor active study evaluating the efficacy of a peripher injuries, severe burn injuries and following	n						
<i>FY 2017 Plans:</i> Will solicit, review, and make awards for intramural proposals consistent with the will continue patient recruitment and begin data analysis for a study assessing patients may worsen clinical outcomes; will complete patient enrollment and begin and the Brain Injury Center Progressive Return to Activity Clinical Recommendation To mild TBI; will provide recommendations on the use of a marksmanship trainer, a potential tool/metric to measure neurocognitive status/mental performance are for the larger CK platform to smaller platforms; will continue data collection on the corrective surgery for heterotopic ossification, a condition which can occur after following amputation.	whether a current method of monitoring TBI egin data analysis on the Defense and Veterans of for Service members following concussion/ the Conflict Kinetics (CK) Gunfighting Gym, as nd provide a plan to translate the tests designed the efficacy of a peripheral nerve block during r battlefield injuries, severe burn injuries, and	I						
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals 14.031	17.356	14.998				
<u>C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u>								

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016	
	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0607100DHA <i>I Medical Products and</i> <i>Capabilities Enhancement Activities</i>	377A I GD	umber/Name) F-Medical Products and s Enhancement Activities

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

Integrate product improvements and enhancements resulting from funded efforts. Use post marketing studies and surveillance to survey impact.

#### E. Performance Metrics

Principal Investigators will provide quarterly reports and a final report. Performance is measured based on the number of products for which testing either certifies use in a given environment (e.g., sufficiently ruggedized, airworthiness testing) and/or results in a recommendation of a specific product, and delivery of an enhanced product or knowledge product. The benchmark performance metric for research supported in this PE will be the enhancement of a maturity level that is typical of TRL 9.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	PB 2017 D	Defense Hea	alth Agency	/					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
0130 / 2 PE 0607100DHA / Medical Products and 4				457A I AF	<b>roject (Number/Name)</b> 57A I AF Advanced Technology evelopment – Rapid Technology Transiti							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
457A: AF Advanced Technology Development – Rapid Technology Transition	1.336	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud	get Item Ju	ustification	<u>l</u>									
Air Force - Medical Products and procurement funding is anticipate				es: Funds s	support a de	evelopmenta	al upgrade to	o a medical	product the	at has been	fielded and	I for which
B. Accomplishments/Planned P	rograms (\$	in Million	<u>s)</u>						FY	2015 I	FY 2016	FY 2017
Title: AF Advanced Technology D	Developmen	it – Rapid T	echnology T	ransition						0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>Description:</b> Provide support for have received approval for full rat									or			
<b>FY 2015 Accomplishments:</b> Acquisition strategy approved and Compressible Hemorrhage Contro			the enhance	ement of the	e XSTAT-30	) Advanced	Junctional	Non-				
<b>FY 2016 Plans:</b> Complete enhancements and morproduct, submit data package to t military operational use.												
<b>FY 2017 Plans:</b> No Funding Programmed.												
					Accomplis	shments/Pla	anned Prog	grams Sub	totals	0.000	0.000	0.000
<u>C. Other Program Funding Sum</u> N/A <u>Remarks</u> \$1.1M FY15/17 Defense Health F			ocurement f	unds								
D. Acquisition Strategy												
Cost-plus Fixed Fee contract awa	ard to perfor	mer via the	Army-Natic	k Soldier S	Systems Res	search Deve	elopment ar	id Executio	n Center co	ntracting a	ctivity.	

PE 0607100DHA: *Medical Products and Capabilities Enhanc...* Defense Health Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2017 Defense Health Agency		Date: February 2016	
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)		umber/Name)
0130 / 2	PE 0607100DHA I Medical Products and	457A I AF	Advanced Technology
	Capabilities Enhancement Activities	Developme	ent – Rapid Technology Transition

## E. Performance Metrics

N/A

# UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification:	: PB 2017 [	Defense Hea	alth Agency	1					Date: Feb	ruary 2016	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0130 / 2				PE 0607100DHA / Medical Products and 7			<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> 700A / CSI - Congressional Special Interests					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017 Base	FY 2017 OCO	FY 2017 Total	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
700A: CSI - Congressional Special Interests	0.000	2.382	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Bud The FY15 DHP Congressional S Capabilities Enhancement Activit B. Accomplishments/Planned F	pecial Intere ties. Becaus	est (CSI) fur se of the CS	nding is dire SI annual st					m Element	(PE) 0607 <sup>-</sup> <b>FY 2016</b>	100 - Medic	al Products	and
Congressional Add: 467A – Pro	•		•	earch Fund	ing Reduction	on (GDF)		2.382	0.000	-		
<b>FY 2015</b> Accomplishments: FY 2015 DHP Congressional Special Interest (CSI) spending item directed toward the restoral of core research initiatives in PE 0607100. Funds supported development of product enhancements within the core program (Project 377A).												
FY 2016 Plans: No Funding Prog	grammed.									_		
					Congress	ional Adds	Subtotals	2.382	0.000			
C. Other Program Funding Sum N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A	nmary (\$ in	<u>Millions)</u>										

### Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance OCO Summary of Operations

Major Category: Operations

Sub-Activity				
Group	Sub-Activity Group Name	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Request	FY 2017 Request
1	In House Care	111,856	65,149	95,366
2	Private Sector Care	214,259	192,210	233,073
3	Consolidated Health Support	12,993	9,460	3,325
4	Information Management	421		
5	Management Activities	2		
6	Education and Training	5,114	5,885	
7	Base Operations/Communications			
		344,645	272,704	331,764

Note:

Exhibit O-1 OCO - Summary of Operations DHP-609

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Budget Activity 1, Operation and Maintenance

#### Detail by Subactivity Group

Description of Operations Supported: Provides resources needed to fund the I. incremental (above baseline) costs to support Operation FREEDOM'S SENTINEL (OFS) in Afghanistan, Operation INHERENT RESOLVE (OIR) in Iraq and the Levant, increasing efforts to support European allies and deter aggression (European Reassurance Initiative), and supporting a partnership-focused approach to counterterrorism. The resource amounts provided are consistent with the Department's force level budgetary assumptions. These incremental funds provide medical and dental services to active forces, mobilized Reserve Components (RC), and their family members in support of these operations. The Defense Health Program (DHP) baseline budget request does not fund the medical and dental support requirements within the Area of Responsibility (AOR). Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO) funds the incremental costs associated with the treatment of combat casualties at Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs). Combat casualties require more resource intensive healthcare (e.g. amputees, burn and rehabilitative care) than routine peacetime patients require. Other DHP operational requirements in support of these operations include: Pre/Post deployment processing for personnel, aeromedical transportation of casualties from Germany to the U.S., and contracted/civilian medical personnel to backfill deployed permanent MTF staff. Additionally, support requirements include telemedicine for theater care, public health support, material management control, and bioenvironmental health support costs above the baseline budget. The DHP also performs post deployment health assessments (between 3-6 months after deployment), evaluations, and treatment for all mobilized RC.

Exhibit OP-5, OCO Operation and Maintenance Detail DHP-611

#### • In House Care:

- Incremental costs for health care for casualties above the baseline budget
- Incremental costs for deployment related prophylactic pharmaceuticals
- Medical and dental care for mobilized RC personnel
- Backfill of deployed permanent medical personnel.

#### • Private Sector Care

- Healthcare for mobilized RC and their family members

#### • Consolidated Health Support

- Aeromedical transportation of casualties from Germany to the US
- Military Public Health manpower, supplies, support equipment, and associated requirements specifically identified for the management, direction, and operation of disease prevention and control
- Incremental support for epidemiology, medical entomology, safe drinking water, monitoring hazardous waste disposal, food and facility sanitation, deployment health promotion and education, health surveillance, medical intelligence, disease and climate illness training to deploying troops, disease surveillance and control, and injury/high risk mitigation surveillance
- Medical laboratories processing and storage of blood samples collected during the pre/post deployment process

	(\$ in Thousands)						
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017				
II. Financial Summary	Actuals	Request	Estimate				
Total DHP OCO	344,645	272,704	331,764				
	(	; in Thousands)					
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017				
A. Subactivity Group - In-House Care	Actuals	Request	Estimate				
	111,856	65,149	95,366				

Narrative Justification: Funding in this budget activity group directly supports pre-post deployment activities such as medical records reviews, hearing and vision exams, medical evaluations, immunizations and behavioral health screening for all deploying and returning soldiers. Funding also supports backfill of deployed personnel with medical staff to sustain the delivery of patient care in Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs).

Combat casualties require more resource intensive care and treatment than garrison healthcare patients. Although these patients are considered "dual eligible" who are eligible to receive care at MTFs or VA facilities, they return to the MTFs for continued care. Funding supports prosthetics and socket replacements, and advances in prosthesis technologies to enhance the capabilities of wounded service members with amputations. DHP funds additional requirements needed for treatment of casualties at amputee centers at San Antonio Military Medical Center, San Antonio,

Exhibit OP-5, OCO Operation and Maintenance Detail DHP-613

TX; Walter Reed National Military Medical Center, Bethesda, MD; and Naval Medical Center, San Diego, CA.

Impact if not funded: The Military Treatment Facilities' (MTFs') primary mission is to provide healthcare to uniformed service personnel (active and mobilized Reserve Component members). Funding is required to provide the additional medical and dental care for the mobilized forces not funded in the baseline budget. Without this funding, MTF services and access to care will be adversely impacted. MTFs would have to reduce access to care for non-active duty beneficiaries (retirees and family members) resulting in disengagement of these beneficiaries to the private sector for healthcare services. If funding is not provided to backfill the healthcare positions vacated in the MTFs by deployed medical personnel, components will have to redirect funding from other direct care system requirements to sustain the continuity of healthcare to patients.

		(\$	in Thousands)	
A.	Subactivity Group - Private Sector Care	FY 2015 Actuals	FY 2016 Request	FY 2017 <u>Estimate</u>
		214,259	192,210	233,073

Narrative Justification: Funding provides Reserve Component (RC) personnel and their family members with healthcare, pharmacy and dental benefits. Mobilized RC personnel and their family members are eligible for medical and dental similar to active duty personnel, including access to private sector care providers through the TRICARE Managed Care Support Contract (MCSC) provider networks. This access to MCSC provider networks also support those beneficiaries living in remote locations outside the established network areas. TRICARE Reserve Select program, offered to RC members who enroll and share premiums with the government, is not included in this requirement. Healthcare coverage includes costs for medical care pharmaceuticals and associated managed care contract administration fees and dental care when military dental treatment facilities are not available.

**Impact if not funded:** Providing healthcare to mobilized RC personnel and their families is congressionally mandated. This is a must-pay bill and the cost will be incurred regardless of the availability of funding. If funding is not provided, lower priority healthcare requirements will be delayed so that funding can be shifted to pay for the healthcare services.

		)	
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
A. Subactivity Group Consolidated Health	Actuals	Request	<u>Estimate</u>
Support	12,993	9,460	3,325

Narrative Justification: Requirements in this budget activity group cover costs associated with pre-deployment individual equipment items (e.g. eyewear and protective mask eyewear inserts), military public health manpower, supplies and support equipment for disease prevention and control, incremental support for operations in epidemiology, medical entomology, drinking water safety, monitoring hazardous waste disposal, food and facility sanitation, deployment health promotion and education, health surveillance, medical intelligence, and disease and climate illness training to deploying troops. Funding also supports the cost to transport wounded warriors by aircraft from outside the theater of operations to the United States and costs to resupply medical evacuation equipment and ground transportation costs for patients outside of the theater.

Smaller projections for deployed active and reserve component forces in FY 2017 contribute to a reduction in the overall requirement.

Impact if not funded: Lack of funding for collection, documentation, analysis, feedback, and storage of critical patient medical surveillance data sets would cause medical data integrity issues similar to the Vietnam Conflict Agent Orange exposure tracking and follow-up medical care issues. In addition, the optical fabrication and aeromedical transport missions would require additional internal funding offsets such as delays in infrastructure improvements and equipment or supply procurement.

		(\$ in			
		FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	
Α.	Subactivity Group Education and Training	Actuals	Request	Estimate	
		5,114	5,885	0	

Narrative Justification: Ongoing trauma training to maintain critical medical wartime skills has been developed into the Defense Health Program training program. The current pre-deployment training programs meet the level of training required for current operations.

Impact if not funded: None

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## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance OCO Summary of Price and Program Growth

		Change				Ch		
		FY 2015 FY 2015/FY 2016 FY 2016		FY 2016	FY 2016	5/FY 2017	FY 2017	
		<u>Actual</u>	<b>Price</b>	<b>Program</b>	<u>Estimate</u>	<b>Price</b>	<b>Program</b>	<u>Estimate</u>
101	Executive, General and Spec. Schedules	10,997	134	-11,131	0	0	0	0
199	Total CIV Compensation	10,997	134	-11,131	0	0	0	0
308.1	Travel of Persons	1,807	31	894	2,732	52	-2,065	719
399	Total Travel	1,807	31	894	2,732	52	-2,065	719
401	DLA Energy (Fuel Products)	1	0	-1	0	0	0	0
416	GSA Managed Supplies & Materials Locally Purchased Managed Supplies and	5	0	-5	0	0	0	0
417	Materials	0	0	126	126	2	-128	0
499	Total Supplies and Material	6	0	120	126	2	-128	0
706	AMC Channel Passenger	1487	30	-768	749	14	-14	749
771	Commercial Transportation	251	4	-90	165	3	-168	0
799	Total Transportation	1,738	34	-858	914	17	-182	749
914	Purchased Communications (Non-Fund)	20	0	18	38	1	-39	0
915	Rents (Non-GSA)	29	0	-29	0	0	0	0
920.1	Supplies & Materials (Non-Fund)	5,489	94	-1,172	4,411	83	1,092	5,586
921	Printing & Reproduction	21	0	18	39	1	-2	38
922	Equipment Maintenance By Contract	236	4	-10	230	4	-234	0
	Facility Sustainment, Restoration, and							
923	Modernization By Contract	0	0	183	183	3	-186	0
924	Pharmaceutical Drugs	34,338	1,271	-10,061	25,548	971	-35	26,484
925	Equipment Purchases (Non-Fund)	647	11	-172	486	9	-495	0
955	Other Costs (Medical Care)	29,341	1086	-29,661	766	36	-802	0
960	Interest and Dividends	3	0	-3	0	0	0	0

Exhibit OP-32, OCO Summary of Price and Program Growth DHP-619

## Defense Health Program Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance OCO Summary of Price and Program Growth

		Change			Ch			
		FY 2015	2015 FY 2015/FY 2016		FY 2016	FY 2016/FY 2017		FY 2017
		<u>Actual</u>	<b>Price</b>	<u>Program</u>	<b>Estimate</b>	<b>Price</b>	<b>Program</b>	<b>Estimate</b>
964	Subsistence and Support of Persons	12	0	-12	0	0	0	0
986	Medical Care Contracts	253,862	9,394	-28,865	234,391	8,854	53,918	297,163
987.1	Other Intra-Government Purchases	4,151	70	-3,758	463	32	-495	0
989.1	Other Services	1,131	19	1,227	2,377	45	-1,397	1,025
990	IT Contracts Support Services	817	14	-831	0	0	0	0
999	Total Purchases	330,097	11,963	-73,128	268,932	10,039	51,325	330,296
9999	Total	344,645	12,162	-84,223	272,704	10,108	49,078	331,764

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